

REST API Design

HTTP & REST Principles

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Outline

HTTP

HTTP Features

Web services

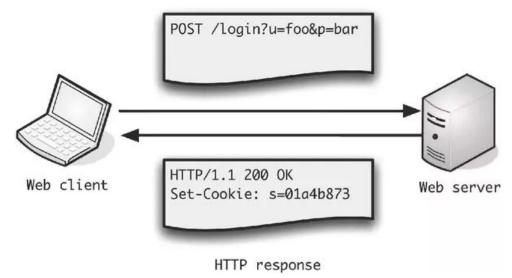
REST

Demos

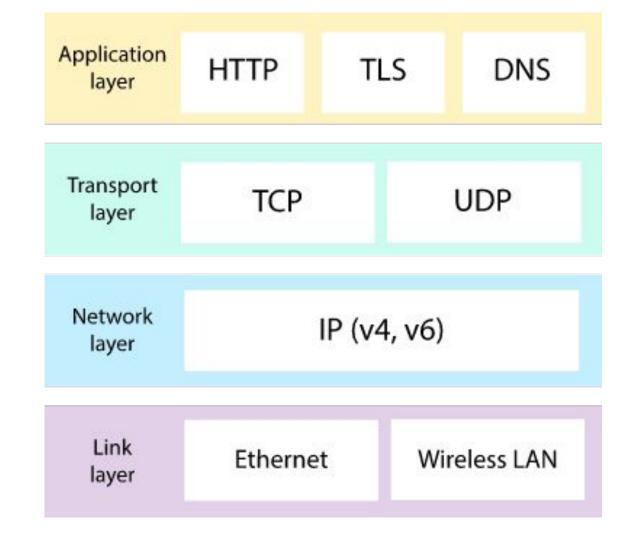
HTTP Protocol

HTTP

Application-level Communication protocol



Internet protocols



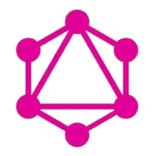
Where is HTTP?







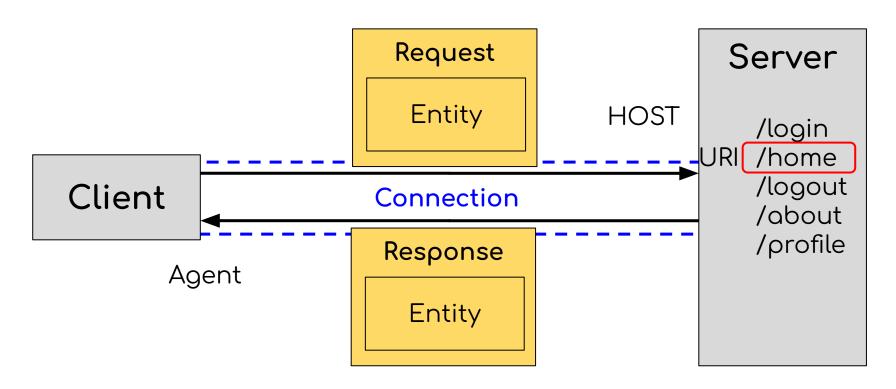




GraphQL



HTTP Terminology



HTTP

Stateless

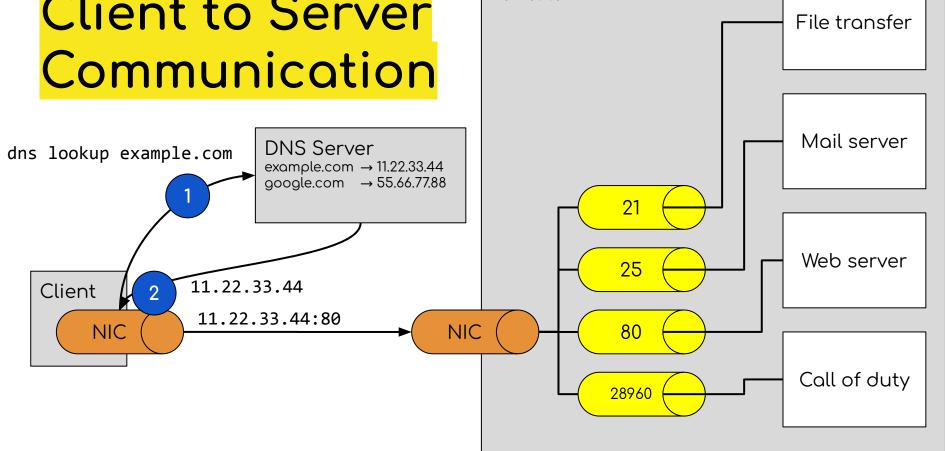
Half-duplex

Client-driven

Verbose

_

Client to Server



Server/Host 11.22.33.44





HTTP Request

```
GET /httpgallery/introduction/
HTTP/1.1
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en-gb
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT
6.3; WOW64; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0)
like Gecko
Host: www.httpwatch.com
Connection: Keep-Alive
```

HTTP Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Microsoft-IIS/8.0
Date: Mon, 04 Jan 2015 12:04:43 GMT
X-Powered-By: ASP.NET
X-AspNet-Version: 4.0.30319
Cache-Control: no-cache, no-store
Expires: -1
Content-Type: text/html;
charset=utf-8
Content-Length: 14990
```

<!DOCTYPE html> <html>...

Status code

Explains the HTTP response status

1xx - Informational

2xx - Successful

3xx - Redirection

4xx - Client Error

5xx - Server Error

2xx - Successful

- 200 OK
- 201 Created
- 202 Accepted
- 204 No content

3xx - Redirection

- 301 Moved permanently
- 302 Moved temporarily
- 303 Not modified → read from local cache

4xx - Client Error

400 Bad request

401 Unauthorized

403 Forbidden

404 Resource not found

405 Method not allowed

415 Unsupported media type

5xx - Server Error

- 500 Internal server error
- **503** Service Unavailable

HTTP Methods

GET HEAD

POST DELETE

PUT PATCH OPTIONS

Safe vs. Idempotent

Safe return a (Cacheable)

Idempotent a=1

[a, b, c] - c

Not safe/idempotent a++

Idempotence









My name



Register





Option A

Option B

My name

Update

Safe

Read only

Doesn't change the representation of the resource

Idempotence

Making multiple identical requests has the same effect as making a single request It's about the effect produced on the representation of the resource and not the response status code received

May lead to side effects



Safe 🗸

Idempotent /

Cacheable 1

GET

```
The same for HEAD, OPTIONS
```

/products/2105 200 OK

Content-Type: application/json

id: 2105,

price: 8500

name: "Lenovo thinkpad",



Safe X

Idempotent X

Cacheable **X**

<u>HTML</u>✓

```
URI
```

```
Hendera
```

```
yby
```

```
Body
```

```
POSTing the same request again would result on /products/12
```

```
POST /products 201 CREATED
```

```
Content-Type: application/json Location: /products/11
```

```
name: "X Box",
price: 5200
```



Safe 🗶

/products/4811

Content-Type: application/json

<u>Idempotent</u>✓

204 No Content

Cacheable X

HTML X

PUT

```
Henders
```

Ĭ

Body

```
name: "X Box special",
price: 5000
}
```

^{*} May result in 201 Created, 200 OK if response has body

PUT vs. PATCH

PUT

=Replace Affects the whole entity

PATCH

=Update

Affects only some

fields

Safe X

Idempotent!

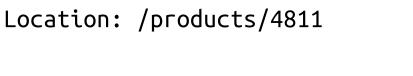
Cacheable X

```
PATCH /products/4811
```

200 OK



```
Content-Type: application/json
```





```
{ "op": "replace", "path": "/price", "value": 1500 }, 
{ "op": "add", "path": "/tags", "value": ["sale"] }
```

PATCH may have different way of implementation * May return 204

DELETE /products/4811

Cacheable 🗶

HTML X

URL

H

Body

204 No Content

^{*} May result in 200 OK if response has body, 404 when not found

HTTP Headers

Nodes sends them to each other to know more about each others and the sent messages

Request headers

User-Agent

Accept:*/*

Accept-Language: en-gb

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Host: www.abc.com

Response Headers

Cache-Control: no-cache

Content-Length: 2748

Content-Type: image/gif

Date: Wed, 4 Oct 2004

12:00:00 GMT

HTTP Capabilities

HTTP Capabilities

Authentication

Caching

Conditionals

Content negotiation

CORS

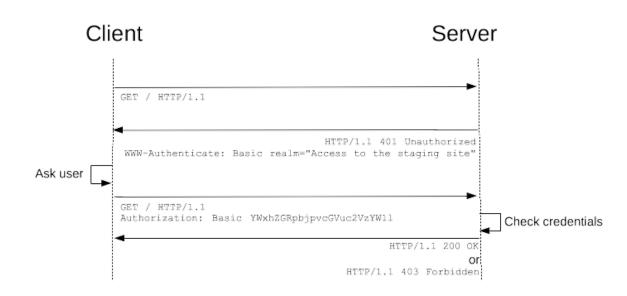
Redirection

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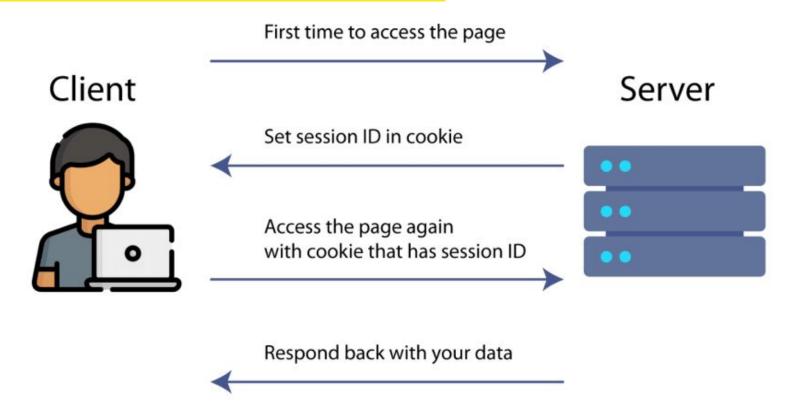
Authentication

WWW-Authenticate

Authorization



Session based auth



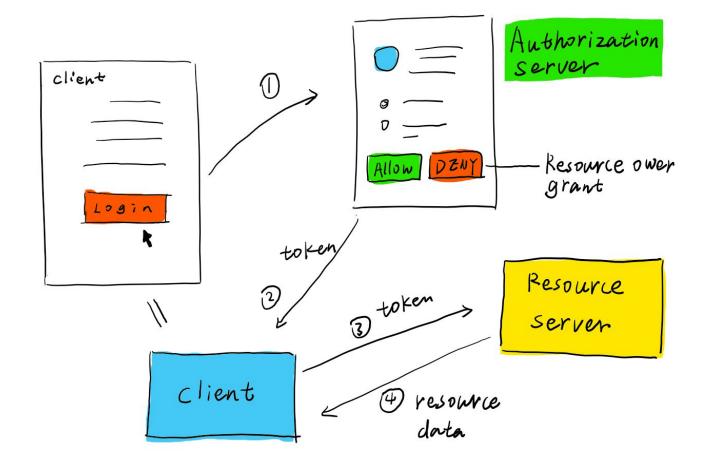
Token based auth PAYLOAD GENERATE JWT SECRET SALT/ 1)User Signin Authentication server PRIVATE KEY returns JWT USER GET /protected-resource Authorization: Bearer < JWT > AUTH SERVER (IDENTITY PROVIDER) Verifies the JWT & gives access to protected data VERIFY SECRET SALT/ PUBLIC KEY JWT

RESOURCE SERVER

JWT

```
HEADER
                                    PAYLOAD
                                                         SIGNATURE
                                                               Base64URLSafe(
                               "sub": "1234567890",
"alg":"HS246",
                                                               HMACSHA256(<header>.
                               "name": "George White",
                               "admin": true,
                                                               <payload>, <secret key>
"typ":"JWT"
                               "iat": 1516239022
```

OAuth



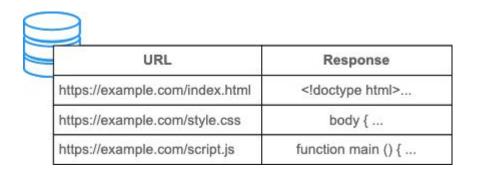
Cookies

Set-Cookie

Cookie



Caching



Cache-Control: max-age=31536000

Cache-Control: no-cache

Expires: Tue, 28 Feb 2022 22:22:22 GMT

Conditionals

Last-Modified

If-Modified-Since

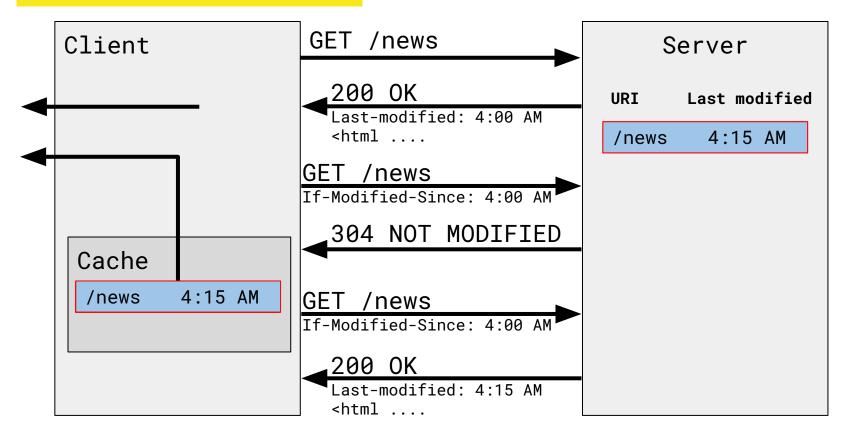
If-Unmodified-Since

If-Match

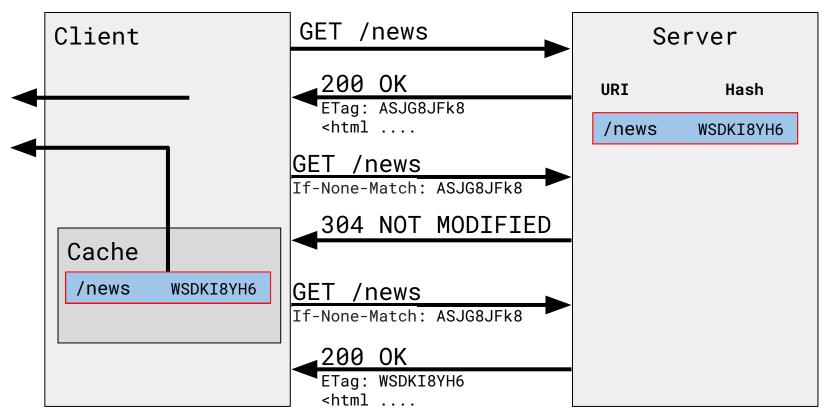
If-None-Match

ETag

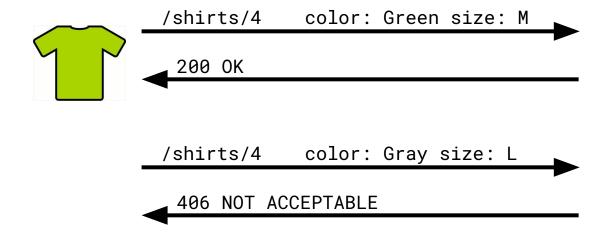
Last-modified



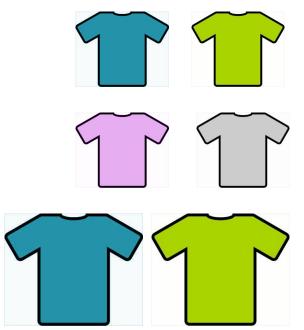
ETag



Content negotiation



Resource representations



Content negotiation headers

Accept

Content-Type

Accept-Charset

Accept-Encoding

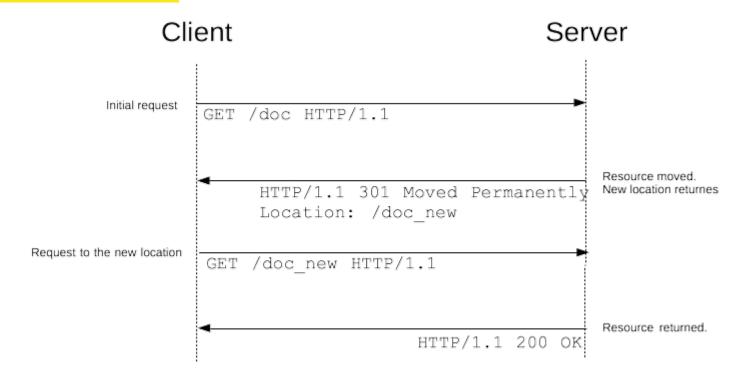
Content-Encoding

Content-Language

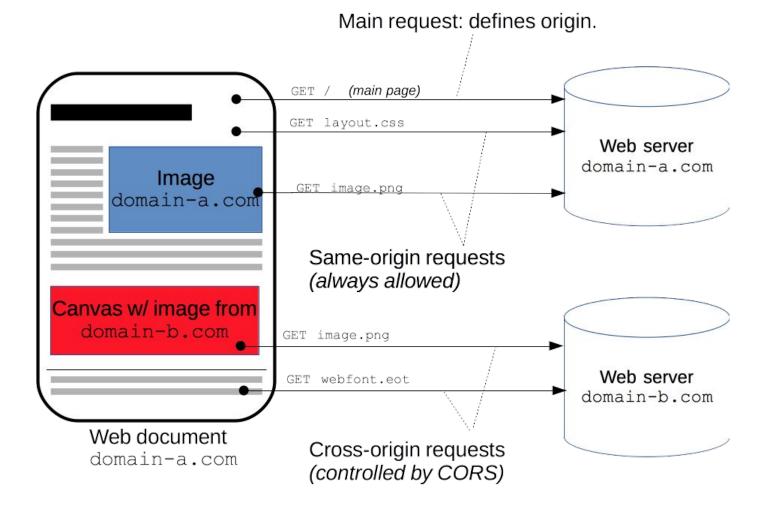
Accept-Language

Content-Length

Redirection







CORS

Origin

Access-Control-Allow-Origin

Access-Control-Allow-Credentials

Access-Control-Allow-Methods

Access-Control-Allow-Headers

CORS Simple requests

Client Server

```
Simple request

GET /doc HTTP/1.1
Origin: Server-b.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *
```

CORS Preflighted requests

Access-Control-Max-Age: 86400

1. Preflight request

2. Main Request

```
OPTIONS /doc HTTP/1.1
Origin: Server-b.com
Access-Control-Request-Method: POST
Access-Control-Request-Headers: X-PINGOTHER, Content-Type

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: http://foo.example
Access-Control-Allow-Methods: POST, GET, OPTIONS
Access-Control-Allow-Headers: X-PINGOTHER, Content-Type
```

```
POST /doc HTTP/1.1
X-PINGOTHER: pingpong
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=UTF-8
Origin: Server-b.com
Access-Control-Request-Method: POST
Access-Control-Request-Headers: X-PINGOTHER, Content-Type

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: http://foo.example
```

Requests with credentials

Requests that are aware of HTTP cookies and HTTP Authentication information

```
GET /doc HTTP/1.1
Origin: Server-b.com
Cookie: pageAccess=2

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: http://server-b.com
Access-Control-Allow-Credentials: true
```

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User-Agent

Referer

Host

Date

Forwarded

X-Forwarded-For

Location

Date

Web services

Web service

Machine to machine communication over a network.



Data transfer protocol + Standard data exchange format

Web service





Web service

Loosely coupled

Interoperable

Platform / OS /

Language

independent

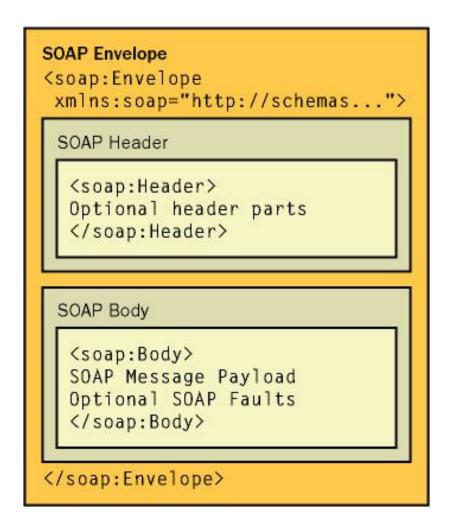
SOAP

A protocol.

Message oriented.

Message Envelope is XML.

WSDL as definition language.



Sample SOAP Request

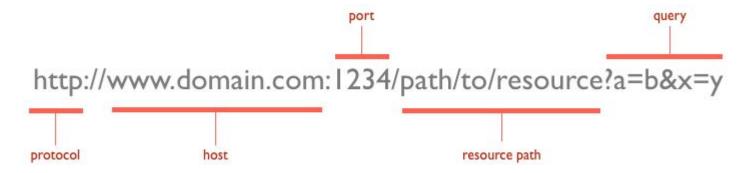
```
POST /InStock HTTP/1.1
Host: www.example.org
Content-Type: application/soap+xml; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: nnn
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<soap:Envelope</pre>
xmlns:soap="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope/"
soap:encodingStyle="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-encoding">
     <soap:Body xmlns:m="http://www.example.org/stock">
       <m:GetStockPrice>
          <m:StockName>IBM</m:StockName>
       </m:GetStockPrice>
     </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

REST

Architectural style.

Make use of HTTP protocol features:

URI, Methods, Headers



SOAP

REST

Protocol

HTTP POST only

Message oriented

XML Envelope

WSDI definition

Architectural style

HTTP GET, POST, ...

Resource oriented

No Envelope

OpenApi definition

REST

HTTP Representation

- Entity
 - Payload information of a request or response
- Content negotiation
 - The mechanism for selecting the appropriate representation when servicing a request
- Representation
 - An entity included with a response that is subject to content negotiation

REST Terminology

Resource: an object or representation of something

Collections: set of resources

Media/Content type: the way a resource can be represented

REST Maturity Levels

```
#0 Single URL
```

#1 Resources

#2 HTTP verbs

#3 HATEOAS

Level 0 Single URL

Single URL for all requests

Much like SOAP

```
POST /api
{ "code":"updateUser", "data": { ... } }
```

Level 1 Resources

Identify your application resources

Resources may be mapped but not limited to Entities

End point	Entity	<u>Table</u>
/users/add	User	user
/products	Product	product

Level 2 HTTP Verbs

GET /users /11 → Retrieve

POST /users → Create

PUT /users/11 → Update (Replace)

PATCH /users/11 → Update (Partial)

DELETE /users/11 → Delete

Data-oriented Approach

SOAP → functions

REST → Domain entities

Standard way to access HTTP resources, like the standard way you access DB data

Designing representation

Resource Representation

Users can view the representation of a resource in different formats, called **media types**.

JSON

2 Data structures: Object, Array Limited data types: Null, Boolean, Number, String

No standard way to represent date shorter than XML and faster in parsing

Relations in JSON

Links Example

```
"id": 1.
"url": "https://api.github.com/repos/octocat/Hello/issues/1347",
"repository url": "https://api.github.com/repos/octocat/Hello",
"comments_url": "https://api.github.com/repos/octocat/Hello/issues/1347/comments"
"user": {
 "login": "octocat",
 "id": 1.
 "avatar url": "https://github.com/images/error/octocat_happy.gif",
 "url": "https://api.github.com/users/octocat",
 "repos url": "https://api.github.com/users/octocat/repos",
 "gists_url": "https://api.github.com/users/octocat/gists{/gist_id}"
```

Resource Common properties

Type/Kind

Self link/URL

Navigation links: next, previous, first, last

Envelope

Use it when needed only

May be needed to

Represent errors

wrap a paginated response

not able to use some headers

Designing Resources URLs

Naming convention

Noun

products

Plural (collections)

products/1/buyer

kebab-case:

Lowercase

action-items

hyphen-separated

Query parameters

```
Filtering
GET /products?state=active&category=tv
Sorting
GET /products?sort=-price,created_at
Paging
GET /products?offset=10&limit=10 //Facebook
                                  //Twitter
             ?page=2&rpp=10
             ?offset=10&limit=10 //Linkedin
```

Subresources

Path parameter

/users/11/products

Matrix parameter

/users;11/products

/users;id=11/products

/users;name=ali/products

* Each path segment represents one relationship traversal

Actions

A service that calculate, translate, convert

```
POST /translate?value=cat&from=en&to=ar

GET /translations?value=cat&from=en&to=ar

POST /products/:id/star / unstar

POST /products/:id/star

DELETE /products/:id/star
```

Partial response

Get exactly what you need in the response

```
Linked In
/people:(id,first-name,last-name,industry)
```

```
Facebook (And Google)
/joe.smith/friends?fields=id,name,picture
```

Idempotency

You can make idempotent calls any number of times without concern that the server creates or completes an action on a resource more than once

You can retry idempotent calls

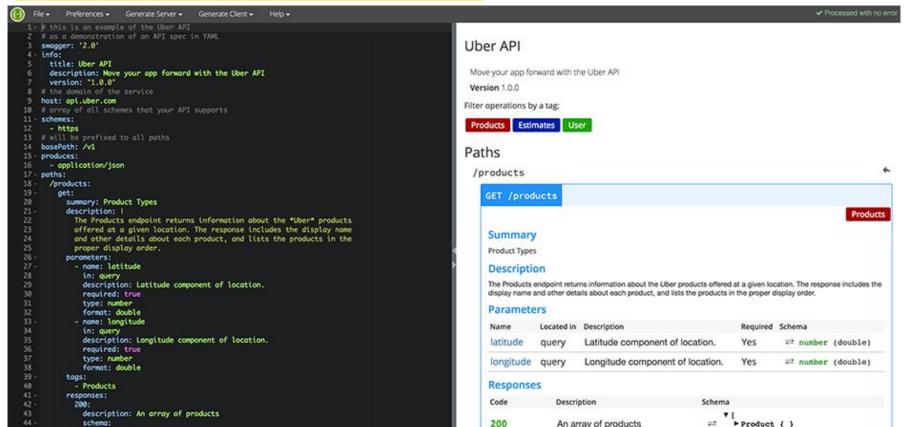
Idempotency on POST request

On Paypal
To enforce idempotency on REST API
POST calls, use the PayPal-Request-Id
request header

a unique user-generated ID that the server stores for a period of time.

API Design Guidelines

API First approach



Evolving APIs

Two versions running concurrently

Embed version in the url

/api/v2/trips

Robustness principle

Tolerate Unrelated Changes (minor changes)



Permalink

use UUID if name is changeable

Real life Examples

GitHub Repository

PayPal Payment

JIRA Issue

FaceBook Photo

YouTube Video

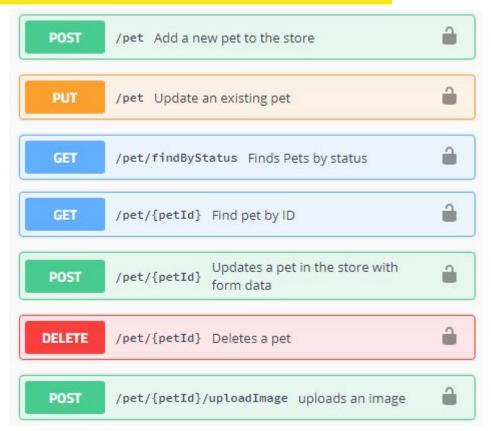
_

GitHub Repositories resource

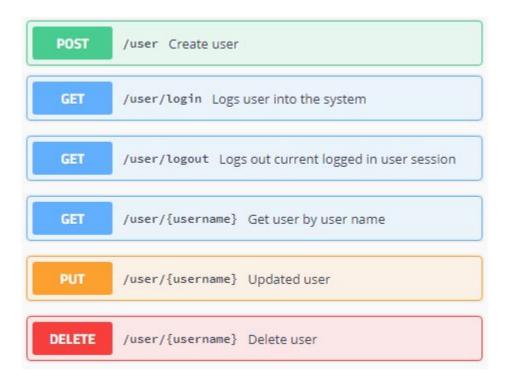
GET /user/repos POST /user/repos GET /repos/:owner/:repo/contributors DELETE /repos/:owner/:repo

POST /repos/:owner/:repo/transfer

PetStore Pet Resource



PetStore User Resource



PayPal Payment Resource

```
POST /v1/payments/payment

GET /v1/payments/payment

GET /v1/payments/sale/{sale_id}

POST /v1/payments/sale/{sale_id}/refund
```

JIRA Issue Resource

```
POST /rest/api/2/issue
GET /rest/api/2/issue/{issueIdOrKey}
PUT /rest/api/2/issue/{issueIdOrKey}
DELETE /rest/api/2/issue/{issueIdOrKey}
PUT /rest/api/2/issue/{issueIdOrKey}/assignee
GET /rest/api/2/issue/{issueIdOrKey}/comment
```

Facebook Photo Resource

```
POST /v2.12/{page_id}/photos
GET /v2.12/{photo-id}
GET /v2.12/{photo-id}/likes
GET /v2.12/{object-id}/comments
POST /v2.12/{photo-id}
DELETE /v2.12/{photo_id}
```

GMail Message Resource

```
GET /userId/messages
GET /userId/messages/id
POST /userId/messages/id/modify
DELETE /userId/messages/id
POST /userId/messages/send
POST /userId/messages/id/trash
```

YouTube Video Resource

GET /videos?id=#

POST /videos

DELETE /videos?id=#

PUT /videos?id=#

POST /videos/rate?id=#

Woocommerce Product Resource

```
GET /v2/products
POST /v2/products
GET /v2/products/<id>
PUT /v2/products/<id>
DELETE /v2/products/<id>
GET /v2/products//reviews
```

WordPress Post Resource

GET /wp/v2/posts

POST /wp/v2/posts

GET /wp/v2/posts/<id>

POST /wp/v2/posts/<id>

DELETE /wp/v2/posts/<id>

Main references

- Web API Design: The Missing Link, apigee.com
- https://developer.mozilla.org/kab/docs/Web/HTTP
- https://www.vinaysahni.com/best-practices-for-a-pragmatic-restful-api
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Representational_state_transfer
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/best-practices/api-design
- https://restfulapi.net/