Automated Document Scanning System

Shayan Shahrabi

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Abstract

This report presents an automated document scanning system that captures, rectifies, and enhances document images using computer vision techniques. A companion video demonstrates the complete workflow and real-world results. The pipeline includes edge detection, perspective correction, and optional binarization to produce scanner-like results from smartphone photos. The full source code and implementation details are publicly accessible in the project repository.

1 Introduction

Mobile document scanning has emerged as a ubiquitous capability, with commercial applications such as Cam-Scanner, Adobe Scan, and Microsoft Lens providing robust solutions for perspective correction and document enhancement. This project implements a complete document scanning pipeline that replicates the core functionality of these commercial offerings through three primary stages:

- Edge Detection: Equivalent to CamScanner's automatic border detection capability
- Perspective Correction: Analogous to Adobe Scan's quadrilateral transformation
- Image Thresholding: Comparable to Microsoft Lens's document binarization approach

2 Processing Pipeline

The system implements the following standardized processing stages:

1. Border Detection

The edge detection process employs a multi-stage pipeline to identify document boundaries:

(a) Image Preprocessing:

- Input image loading and resizing to 20% of original dimensions
- \bullet Color space conversion to grayscale
- Noise reduction via Gaussian blur (5×5 kernel)

(b) Canny Edge Detection:

• Gradient calculation using Sobel operators

- Non-maximum suppression
- Hysteresis thresholding (50/200 thresholds)



The output demonstrates boundary detection through Canny's algorithm, with white pixels indicating strong edges and black representing background.

2. Contour Processing

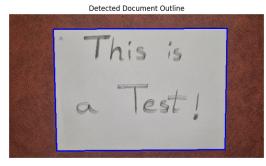
The system identifies and visualizes document boundaries through:

(a) Contour Rendering:

- Creates an image copy to preserve original data
- Draws detected quadrilateral contour in blue (BGR: (225, 0, 0))
- Uses 2px line thickness for optimal visibility

(b) Result Display:

- Converts color space from BGR to RGB for proper visualization
- Renders output using Matplotlib for inline display
- Removes axes and adds descriptive title for clarity



The visualization confirms boundary detection, with the blue contour representing the document's quadrilateral shape.

3. Perspective Correction

The perspective transformation process converts detected document corners into a rectified image through:

(a) Point Organization:

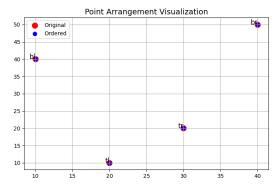
- Orders corners as (top-left, top-right, bottom-right, bottom-left)
- Calculates edge lengths using Euclidean distance

(b) **Dimension Calculation**:

- Determines output height from vertical edges
- Computes width from horizontal edges
- Preserves original aspect ratio

(c) Homography Transformation:

- Computes 3×3 perspective matrix
- Solves plane-to-plane projection
- Applies warp transformation



The output demonstrates successful rectification, transforming the detected quadrilateral into a rectangular document while maintaining original proportions.

3 Results and Output

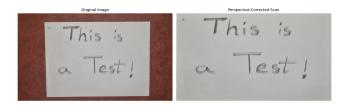


Figure 1: Comparative visualization of original (left) and perspective-corrected (right) document images

The system produces two types of output:

3.1 Standard Output

- Full-color corrected document
- Maintains original image quality
- Suitable for archiving and further processing

3.2 Enhanced Output

- Optional binarization for improved readability
- $\bullet\,$ Adaptive thresholding with:

- 11×11 pixel neighborhood
- Gaussian weighting method
- 10-unit intensity offset
- Ideal for OCR processing

4 Future Work

4.1 Text Recognition Enhancement

Integration of OCR capabilities would bridge the largest gap with commercial solutions:

- Tesseract OCR: Open-source engine for offline text extraction
- Layout analysis: Paragraph and column detection
- Searchable PDF: Generate output with text layers

4.2 Multi-Page Processing

Essential for practical document scanning:

- Page stitching: Combine multiple images into single document
- Batch processing: Automatic detection of document sets
- Table of contents: Generate from detected headings

4.3 User Experience Features

Quality-of-life improvements matching commercial apps:

- Cloud sync: Google Drive/Dropbox integration
- Annotations: Add text/markup to scanned documents
- Quality presets: Optimize for text/photo/mixed content

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