

Angeles City Science High School  
Science 10

Name: Paul Gerald D. Pare

Section: 10-Hawking

**Activity 7. Solve Me!**

**Objective:** Apply the concept of the relationship between volume and temperature through worded problems. Facilitate mastery of concepts on the volume-pressure relationship:

**Direction** Answer the following Charles' Law problem

A. Solve the following Boyle's Law worded problem. Identify the following a) given b) Unknown c) Formula d) Solution e) Answer

1. A cylinder with a movable piston contains 250 cm<sup>3</sup> air at 10C. If the pressure is kept constant, at what temperature would you expect the volume to be 150 cm<sup>3</sup>?

**Given:**  $V_1 = 0.25L, T_1 = 283K, V_2 = 0.15L$

**Unknown:**  $T_2 = ?$

**Formula:**  $T_2 = \frac{T_1 V_2}{V_1}$

**Solution:**  $T_2 = \frac{283 \times 0.15}{0.25} = 169.8K$

**Answer:** 169.8K

2. A tank (not rigid) contains 2.3L of helium gas at 25C. What will be the volume of the tank after heating it and its content to 40C temperature at constant pressure?

**Given:**  $V_1 = 2.3L, T_1 = 298, T_2 = 313$

**Unknown:**  $V_2 = ?$

**Formula:**  $V_2 = \frac{V_1 T_2}{T_1}$

**Solution:**  $V_2 = \frac{2.3 \times 313}{298} = 2.42L$

**Answer:** 2.42L

3. At 20C, the volume of chlorine gas is 15dm<sup>3</sup>. Compute for the resulting volume if the temperature is adjusted to 318K provided that the pressure remains the same.

**Given:**  $V_1 = 15L, T_1 = 293K, T_2 = 318K$

**Unknown:**  $V_2 = ?$

**Formula:**  $V_2 = \frac{V_1 T_2}{T_1}$

**Solution:**  $V_2 = \frac{15 \cdot 318K}{293K} = 16.28L$

**Answer:** 16.28L