

[Dashboard](#) / [My courses](#) / [CD19411-PPD-2022](#) / [WEEK 06-Strings](#) / [WEEK-06_CODING](#)

Started on Friday, 5 April 2024, 12:15 PM

State Finished

Completed on Friday, 5 April 2024, 1:05 PM

Time taken 49 mins 14 secs

Marks 5.00/5.00

Grade **50.00** out of 50.00 (**100%**)

Name [SHEEBA SHARON A 2022-CSD-A](#)

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given a string, determine if it is a palindrome, considering only alphanumeric characters and ignoring cases.

Note: For the purpose of this problem, we define empty string as valid palindrome.

Example 1:**Input:**

A man, a plan, a canal: Panama

Output:

1

Example 2:**Input:**

race a car

Output:

0

Constraints:

- `s` consists only of printable ASCII characters.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 string= input()
2 str=""
3 for i in range(len(string)):
4     if(string[i].isalnum()):
5         str+=string[i]
6
7
8 if str.lower()==str[::-1].lower():
9     print(1)
10 else:
11     print(0)

```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | A man, a plan, a canal: Panama | 1 | 1 | ✓ |
| ✓ | race a car | 0 | 0 | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a code to reverse the case of a character input

Input Format:

Single character Input

Output Format:

Reversed character

Example Input:

R

Output:

r

Example Input:

a

Output:

A

For example:

| Input | Result |
|-------|--------|
| R | r |
| a | A |

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 letter=input()
2 if(letter.isupper()):
3     print(letter.lower())
4 else:
5     print(letter.upper())
```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | R | r | r | ✓ |

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | a | A | A | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Consider the below words as key words and check the given input is key word or not.

keywords: {break, case, continue, default, defer, else, for, func, goto, if, map, range, return, struct, type, var}

Input format:

Take string as an input from stdin.

Output format:

Print the word is key word or not.

Example Input:

break

Output:

break is a keyword

Example Input:

IF

Output:

IF is not a keyword

For example:

| Input | Result |
|-------|---------------------|
| break | break is a keyword |
| IF | IF is not a keyword |

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 keyword={"break", "case", "continue", "default", "defer", "else", "for", "func", "goto", "if", "map", "range", "re
2 word=input()
3 print(word,"is",end=" ")
4 if word not in keyword:
5     print("not",end=" ")
6 print("a keyword")

```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|-------|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| ✓ | break | break is a keyword | break is a keyword | ✓ |

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---|
| ✓ | IF | IF is not a keyword | IF is not a keyword | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question **4**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given a string *s* consisting of some words separated by some number of spaces, return the length of the last word in the string.

A word is a maximal substring consisting of non-space characters only.

For example:

| Input | Result |
|--------------------|--------|
| Hello World | 5 |
| fly me to the moon | 4 |

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 |str=input()
2 |str=str.split(" ")
3 |print(len(str[-1]))

```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|-------------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | Hello World | 5 | 5 | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program to get 3 strings as input.

In the 1st string, replace the vowels with "

In the 2nd string, replace the consonants with *

In the third string, convert the lowercase letters to upper case.

Input Format:

Take 3 Strings from stdin

Output Format:

- In the 1st string, replace the vowels with "
- In the 2nd string, replace the consonants with *
- In the third string, convert the lowercase letters to upper case.

Example Input:

Hello

Hi

GoodMorning

Output:

H"ll"

*j

GOODMORNING

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 str1=input()
2 str2=input()
3 str3=input()
4 vowel=["a","e","i","o","u"]
5 for i in range(len(vowel)):
6     #print(vowel[i])
7     str1=str1.replace(vowel[i],"")
8 for j in range(len(str2)):
9     if str2[j] not in vowel:
10        str2=str2.replace(str2[j],"*")
11 print(str1)
12 print(str2)
13 print(str3.upper())
```


| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| ✓ | Hello Hi GoodMorning | H"ll" *i GOODMORNING | H"ll" *i GOODMORNING | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[◀ Week-06_MCQ](#)

Jump to...

[WEEK-06-Extra ▶](#)