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Started on Thursday, 14 March 2024, 8:52 PM

State Finished

Completed on Thursday, 14 March 2024, 9:03 PM

Time taken 11 mins 7 secs

Marks 5.00/5.00

Grade **50.00** out of 50.00 (**100%**)

Name [SHEEBA SHARON A 2022-CSD-A](#)

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program to check whether a given number is a perfect number or not.

Perfect number is a positive number which sum of all positive divisors excluding that number is equal to that number.

For example, 6 is perfect number since divisor of 6 are 1, 2 and 3.

Sum of its divisor is $1 + 2 + 3 = 6$

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

6

Output

YES

Test Case 2

45

Output

NO

For example:

Input	Result
6	YES

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 n=int(input())
2 sum=0
3 for i in range(1,n):
4     if(n%i==0):
5         sum+=i
6 if(sum==n):
7     print("YES")
8 else:
9     print("NO")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	6	YES	YES	✓
✓	45	NO	NO	✓
✓	496	YES	YES	✓
✓	123	NO	NO	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a [program](#) to return the nth number in the fibonacci series.

The value of N will be passed to the [program](#) as input.

NOTE: Fibonacci series looks like –

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, . . . and so on.

i.e. Fibonacci series starts with 0 and 1, and continues generating the next number as the sum of the previous two numbers.

- first Fibonacci number is 0,
- second Fibonacci number is 1,
- third Fibonacci number is 1,
- fourth Fibonacci number is 2,
- fifth Fibonacci number is 3,
- sixth Fibonacci number is 5,
- seventh Fibonacci number is 8, and so on.

For example:

Input:

7

Output

8

For example:

Input	Result
8	13

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 n=int(input())
2 a=0
3 b=1
4 c=a+b
5 for i in range(1,n):
6     c=a+b
7     a=b
8     b=c
9 print(a)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	2	2	✓
✓	8	13	13	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question **3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a program that reads a positive integer, n , from the user and then displays the sum of all of the integers from 1 to n .

Sample Input

10

Sample Output

The sum of the first 10 positive integers is 55.0

For example:

Input	Result
10	The sum of the first 10 positive integers is 55.0

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 n=int(input())
2 print("The sum of the first {} positive integers is {}".format(n,(n*(n+1)/2)))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	10	The sum of the first 10 positive integers is 55.0	The sum of the first 10 positive integers is 55.0	✓
✓	20	The sum of the first 20 positive integers is 210.0	The sum of the first 20 positive integers is 210.0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question **4**
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In this exercise you will create a program that computes the average of a collection of values entered by the user. The user will enter 0 as a sentinel value to indicate that no further values will be provided. Your program should display an appropriate error message if the first value entered by the user is 0.

Hint: Because the 0 marks the end of the input it should not be included in the average.

Sample Input

1
2
3
4
5
0

The average is 3.0.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 num=int(input())
2 sum=0
3 count=0
4 while(num!=0):
5     count+=1
6     sum+=num
7     num=int(input())
8     print("The average is {}".format(sum/count))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1 2 3 4 5 0	The average is 3.0.	The average is 3.0.	✓
✓	11 22 33 44 55 0	The average is 33.0.	The average is 33.0.	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a [program](#) to find the count of ALL digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the [program](#) as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number ≥ 1 and ≤ 25000 .

For e.g.

If the given number is 292, the function should return 3 because there are 3 digits in this number

If the given number is 1015, the function should return 4 because there are 4 digits in this number

For example:

InputResult

292 3

1015 4

For example:

Input	Result
293	3

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 n=int(input())
2 count=0
3 while(n>0):
4     count+=1
5     n=n//10
6 print(count)

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	293	3	3	✓
✓	6788	4	4	✓
✓	52321	5	5	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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