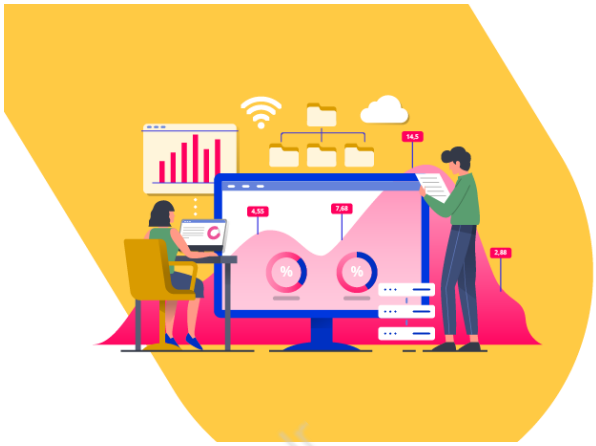
Content Based Filtering



What is our GOAL for this MODULE?

The goal of this module is to understand how content based filtering is done and then perform it.

What did we ACHIEVE in the class TODAY?

- Understood how content based filtering is done
- Learned about Cosine Similarity
- Performed content based filtering

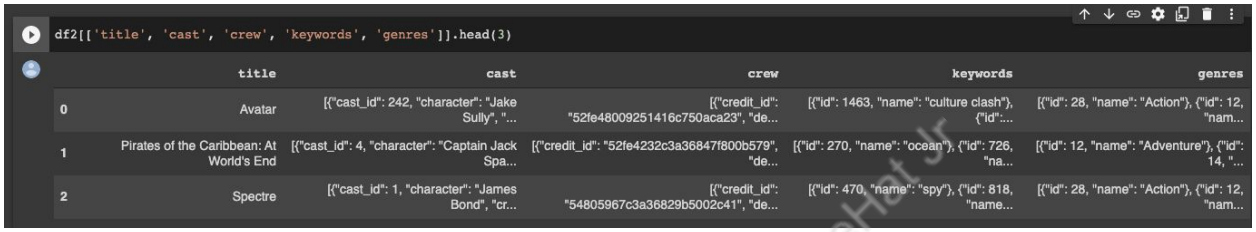
Which CONCEPTS/CODING BLOCKS did we cover today?

- Content Based Filtering
- Cosine Similarity
- Pandas DataFrame

How did we DO the activities?

1. We will work with the following features for our content based filtering:
    - **Cast**
    - **Crew**
    - **Keywords**
    - **Genres**

```
df2[['title', 'cast', 'crew', 'keywords', 'genres']].head(3)
```



	title	cast	crew	keywords	genres
0	Avatar	[{"cast_id": 242, "character": "Jake Sully", "...	[{"credit_id": "52fe48009251416c750aca23", "de...	[{"id": 1463, "name": "culture clash"}, {"id":...	[{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...
1	Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End	[{"cast_id": 4, "character": "Captain Jack Spa...	[{"credit_id": "52fe4232c3a36847f800b579", "de...	[{"id": 270, "name": "ocean"}, {"id": 726, "na...	[{"id": 12, "name": "Adventure"}, {"id": 14, "...
2	Spectre	[{"cast_id": 1, "character": "James Bond", "cr...	[{"credit_id": "54805967c3a36829b5002c41", "de...	[{"id": 470, "name": "spy"}, {"id": 818, "name...	[{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...

2. We observe the data is supposed to be in the form of a list of dictionaries. There might be some data that is a list of dictionaries too, but in a string. Convert all the rows into a list of dictionaries.

```
from ast import literal_eval

features = ['cast', 'crew', 'keywords', 'genres']
for feature in features:
    df2[feature] = df2[feature].apply(literal_eval)

df2.dtypes
```

3. Create a new column “director” and in this column, find the name of the director from the “crew” data:

```
def get_director(x):
    for i in x:
        if i['job'] == 'Director':
            return i['name']
    return np.nan

df2['director'] = df2['crew'].apply(get_director)
```

4. Convert the list of dictionaries into simple lists in columns **cast, keywords and genres:**

```
def get_list(x):
    if isinstance(x, list):
        names = [i['name'] for i in x]
        return names
    return []

features = ['cast', 'keywords', 'genres']
for feature in features:
    df2[feature] = df2[feature].apply(get_list)
```

5. To perform content based filtering, we will create a string of metadata (info about keywords, actors, director and genres) and we will compare these strings to find similarity between them. Now to create these strings, we want to make sure our data is clean. This means that all things should be converted to lowercase and spaces between these elements should be removed.

```
def clean_data(x):
    if isinstance(x, list):
        return [str.lower(i.replace(" ", "")) for i in x]
    else:
        if isinstance(x, str):
            return str.lower(x.replace(" ", ""))
        else:
            return ''

features = ['cast', 'keywords', 'director', 'genres']
for feature in features:
    df2[feature] = df2[feature].apply(clean_data)
```

6. Create the metadata string with keywords, cast, genres and director columns and save this string into a new column named “soup”.

```
def create_soup(x):
    return ' '.join(x['keywords']) + ' ' + ' '.join(x['cast']) + ' '
+ x['director'] + ' ' + ' '.join(x['genres'])
df2['soup'] = df2.apply(create_soup, axis=1)
```

7. Remove stop words from this metadata string (words like **and, but, the, etc.**) and count the number of occurrences of each of the word in the string (use count vectorizer from sklearn library).

```
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
count = CountVectorizer(stop_words='english')
count_matrix = count.fit_transform(df2['soup'])
```

8. Import cosine similarity function from sklearn library and create a classifier.

```
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
cosine_sim2 = cosine_similarity(count_matrix, count_matrix)
```

9. Next, change the index of our movie data to the name of the movies.

```
df2 = df2.reset_index()
indices = pd.Series(df2.index, index=df2['title'])
```

10. Finally, create the function to get top 10 most recommended movies based on similarity scores stored in our classifier:

```
def get_recommendations(title, cosine_sim):
    idx = indices[title]
    sim_scores = list(enumerate(cosine_sim[idx]))
    sim_scores = sorted(sim_scores, key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
    sim_scores = sim_scores[1:11]
    movie_indices = [i[0] for i in sim_scores]
    return df2['title'].iloc[movie_indices]
```

11. Test your code:

```
get_recommendations('Fight Club', cosine_sim2)
get_recommendations('The Shawshank Redemption', cosine_sim2)
get_recommendations('The Godfather', cosine_sim2)
```

```
[32] get_recommendations('Fight Club', cosine_sim2)

1553                      Se7en
946                     The Game
421                       Zodiac
4564    Straight Out of Brooklyn
45                     World War Z
4462          The Young Unknowns
3863                       August
3043           End of the Spear
1010                 Panic Room
4101                Full Frontal
Name: title, dtype: object
```

```
[30] get_recommendations('The Shawshank Redemption', cosine_sim2)

4638    Amidst the Devil's Wings
690                The Green Mile
4408               Jimmy and Judy
1247             City By The Sea
4502               Water & Power
4529           Hurricane Streets
559                 The Majestic
1752              Kiss the Girls
2818                    Witness
4564    Straight Out of Brooklyn
Name: title, dtype: object
```

```
get_recommendations('The Godfather', cosine_sim2)

2731      The Godfather: Part II
867      The Godfather: Part III
4638    Amidst the Devil's Wings
4209           The Conversation
3293                 10th & Wolf
2255                   The Yards
1394               Donnie Brasco
3012               The Outsiders
4124          This Thing of Ours
```

What's NEXT?

In the next class, we will begin the cap-stone project where we will be using all these analysis and create a mobile app that can recommend great movies to our users based on their preferences!