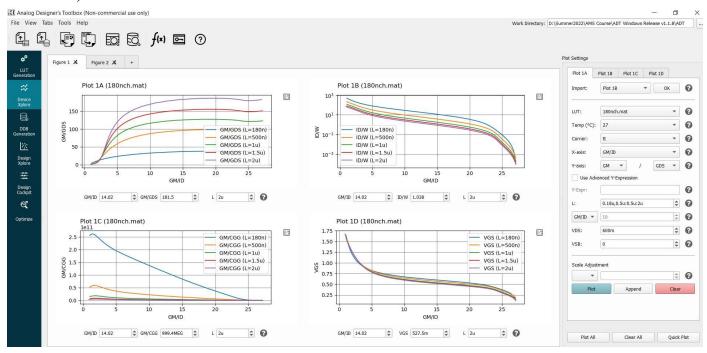
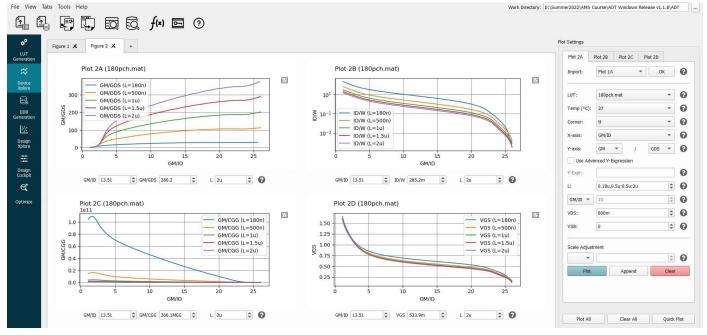
## Lab 04: Analog Design Automation

# Part 1: (index 1)

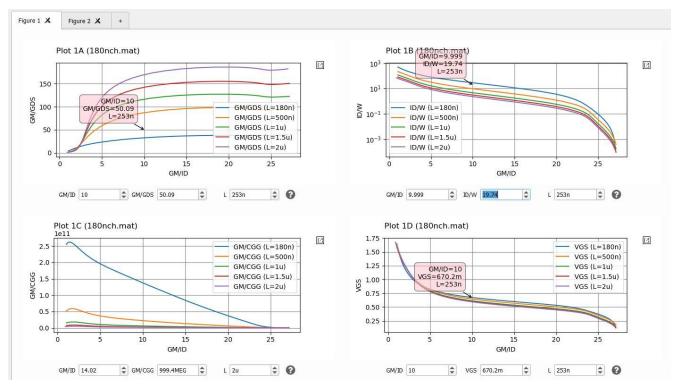
For nmos,



For pmos,

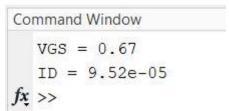


(index 2)



L = 253 nm  

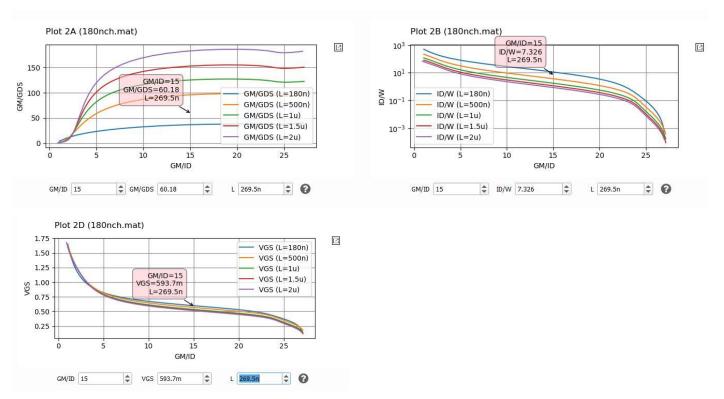
$$V_GS = 670.2 \text{ mV}$$
  
 $I_D/W = 19.74 \text{ A/m}$   
 $I_D = 19.74* (5u) = 98.7 \text{ uA}$   
(index 3)



	ADT	Matlab
V_GS	670.2 mV	670 mV
I_D	98.7 uA	95.2 uA

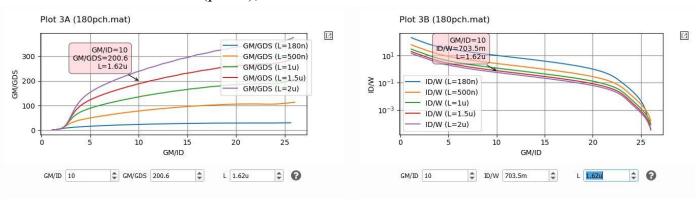
## (index 4)

For the input pair (nmos),



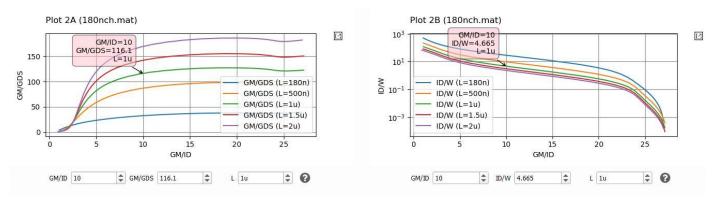
gm1,2 = 314.16 uS, ro1,2 = 191.439 kOhm, (gm1,2)(ro1,2) = 60.14244 L1,2 = 269.5 nm, W1,2 = 2.859 um

For the current mirror load (pmos),



gm3,4 = 209.44 uS, ro3,4 = 5\*(191.439) kOhm, (gm3,4)(ro3,4) = 200.475L3,4 = 1.62 um, W3,4 = 29.77 um

For the tail current source (nmos),



L5 = 1 um, ID/W = 4.665, W5 = 8.979 um

## gm/ID = 15 for the input pair and gm/ID = 10 for the load and the tail bias (why is this reasonable?)

- The input pair is biased in the moderate or weak inversion to maximize efficiency and minimize power consumption.
- The load and tail are biased in the strong inversion to get high output resistance for good mirroring and good gain.

#### ro of the load is five times ro of the input pair (why is this reasonable?)

Because the load are biased in the strong inversion and ro increases as we go deeper into saturation. This improves the output resistance.

## L = 1um for the tail bias (why is this reasonable?)

This is a long-channel device, so ro is large which results in better mirroring. (index 5)

```
%OTA Synthesis Function
     function OTA = designOTA(specs)
       %Additional Specs
4 -
       VDD = 1.8;
5
       %load LUTs
 6
       load 180nch.mat;
8 -
       load 180pch.mat;
       %Input Pair
11 -
       OTA.M1.gm = specs.GBW * specs.CL * 2 * pi;
        % assume ro(load) = 5 * ro(input) --> ro(input) = 6/5 R_total
12
       DC Gain mag = 10^(specs.AVDC / 20); % Convert from dB to mag
13 -
      Rout = DC_Gain_mag / OTA.M1.gm; % Compute the equivalent output resistance of OTA (Rout)
14 -
15
16 -
       OTA.M1.ro = (6/5) *Rout; % Complete the line to compute the ro of M1
17
       OTA.M1.gds = 1 / OTA.M1.ro;
19 -
       OTA.M1.VDS = VDD/3;
20 -
       OTA.M1.gm_gds = OTA.M1.gm / OTA.M1.gds;
       OTA.M1.gm_ID = 15; % assumption
21 -
22
       OTA.M1.ID = OTA.M1.gm/OTA.M1.gm ID; % Complete the line to get the current of M1
23 -
24
       % Search for the minimum L that gives gm / gds > specified value
25
      L vector = nch.L;
       gm_gds_vector = look_up(nch, 'GM_GDS', 'GM_ID', OTA.M1.gm_ID, 'VDS', OTA.M1.VDS, 'L', L_vector);
27 -
28
       OTA.M1.L = min(L_vector(gm_gds_vector >= OTA.M1.qm_gds));%Complete the line to get the minimum L that gives gm/gds >= OTA
29 -
      % Compute ID/W to get the W value
OTA.M1.ID W = look up(nch, 'ID W', 'GM ID', OTA.M1.gm ID, 'VDS', OTA.M1.VDS, 'L', OTA.M1.L);
30
31 -
       OTA.M1.W = OTA.M1.ID / OTA.M1.ID_W;
33
       %CM Load
34
35 -
       OTA.M3.ID = OTA.M1.ID;
36
37 -
       OTA.M3.ro = OTA.M1.ro * 5;%Complete the line to get the ro of the CM load
38
39 -
       OTA.M3.gds = 1 / OTA.M3.ro;
40 -
       OTA.M3.VDS = VDD/3;
41 -
       OTA.M3.gm_ID = 10;
42 -
       OTA.M3.qm = OTA.M3.qm ID * OTA.M3.ID;
43 -
       OTA.M3.gm gds = OTA.M3.gm / OTA.M3.gds;
       orn.M3.Ip_W = look_up(pch, 'GM_GDS', 'GM_ID', OTA.M3.gm_ID, 'VDS', OTA.M3.VDS, 'L', L_vector);

OTA.M3.L = min(L_vector(gm_gds_vector > OTA.M3.gm_gds));

OTA.M3.ID_W = look_up(pch, 'ID_W', 'GM_ID', OTA.M3.gm_ID, 'VDS', OTA.M3.VDS, 'L', OTA.M3.L); %Complete the line to get the
44 -
45 -
46 -
47 -
       OTA.M3.W = OTA.M3.ID / OTA.M3.ID_W;
48
49
        % Tail bias
50 -
       OTA.M5.L = 1; %assumption
51 -
       OTA.M5.ID = 2 * OTA.M1.ID;
       OTA.M5.VDS = VDD/3;
52 -
       OTA.M5.gm ID = 10; %assumption
53 -
        % Get ID/W to compute W
54
55 -
       OTA.M5.ID W = look up(nch, 'ID W', 'GM ID', OTA.M5.gm ID, 'VDS', OTA.M5.VDS, 'L', OTA.M5.L);
       OTA.M5.W = OTA.M5.ID / OTA.M5.ID_W;
56 -
        % get CMIN bias value
59 -
        OTA.M1.VGS = look_upVGS(nch, 'GM_ID', OTA.M1.gm_ID, 'VDS', OTA.M1.VDS, 'L', OTA.M1.L); %Complete the line to get the VGS of
       OTA.M1.VG = OTA.M1.VGS + OTA.M5.VDS; %Complete the line to get the DC CM input of OTA
```

#### (index 6)

```
% OTA Design Script
1
2
      % Write the SPECS
3 -
     clear all;
4 –
5 –
      clc;
     AVDC = 34; % complete the line to add the gain SPEC
6 -
     GBW = 100e+6; % complete the line to add the GBW SPEC
7 -
      CL = 500e-15; % complete the line to add the CL SPEC
      specs = struct('AVDC', AVDC,...
8 -
      'CL', CL,...
9
10
      'GBW', GBW);
11
      % struct('AVDC', 50.1187,'CL', 500e-15,'GBW', 100e+6)
12 -
      OTA = designOTA(specs);
13
      % Print the solution
      fprintf('**** OTA Design ****\n\n');
14 -
15 -
      fprintf('Input Pair:\n');
16 -
      fprintf(' L = %.2f um\n W=%.2f um\n
                                                ViCM=%.4f V\n\n',OTA.M1.L,OTA.M1.W,OTA.M1.VG);
17 -
      fprintf('CM Load:\n');
18 -
      fprintf(' L = %.2f um\n W=%.2f um\n\n',OTA.M3.L,OTA.M3.W);
19 -
      fprintf('Tail Current Source:\n');
      fprintf(' L = %.2f um\n W=%.2f um\n\n',OTA.M5.L,OTA.M5.W);
20 -
Command Window
  **** OTA Design ****
  Input Pair:
       L = 0.28 \text{ um}
       W=3.01 um
       ViCM=1.1928 V
  CM Load:
       L = 1.70 \text{ um}
       W=31.44 um
  Tail Current Source:
       L = 1.00 \text{ um}
       W=9.06 um
```

## Comparison:

	ADT	Matlab
Input pair		
L	269.5 nm	0.28 um
W	2.859 um	3.01um
ViCM	1.1937	1.1928
CM load		
L	1.62 um	1.70 um
W	29.77 um	31.44 um

Tail current source		
L	1 um	1 um
W	8.979 um	9.06 um

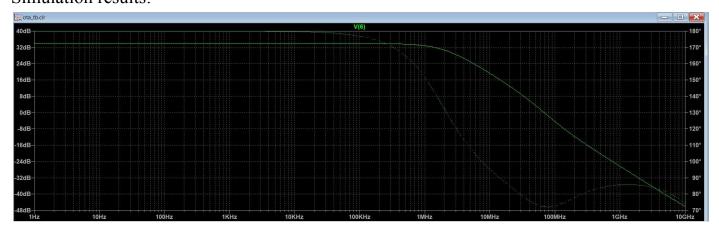
The results are very close to the values obtained from ADT.

#### (index 7)

#### Netlist:

```
* Add lines here to add the input (voltage) sources
V1 4 0 1.1937 AC 0.5
V2 3 0 1.1937 AC -0.5
* circuit
* 5T OTA
M1 6 4 2 0 nch L=269.5n W=2.859u
M2 5 3 2 0 nch L=269.5n W=2.859u
M3 6 5 7 7 pch L=1.62u W=29.77u
M4 5 5 7 7 pch L=1.62u W=29.77u
M5 2 1 0 0 nch L=1u W=8.979u
CL 6 0 500f
* Current Mirror
M6 1 1 0 0 nch L=1u W=8.979u
Iref 7 1 41.888u
** Analysis Requests **
.op
.ac dec 10 1 10e9
.MEAS AC dc gain max mag(V(6))
.MEAS AC BW WHEN mag(V(6)) = dc gain/sqrt(2)
** Outputs Requests **
*.PROBE
.END
```

#### Simulation results:



```
dc_gain: MAX(mag(v(6)))=(33.8855dB,0°) FROM 1 TO 1e+010
bw: mag(v(6))=dc_gain/sqrt(2) AT 1.90255e+006
```

## Comparison table:

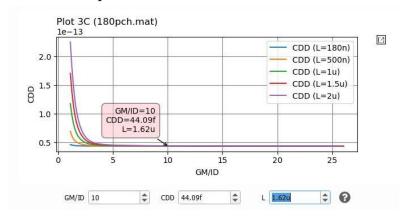
	Specification	ADT
AVDC	34 dB	33.8855 dB
GBW	100 MHz	94.105 MHz

Comment: the GBW spec is not met due to neglecting the parasitic capacitances during the design.

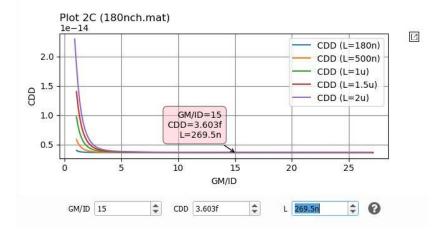
#### Part (2):

## (index 1)

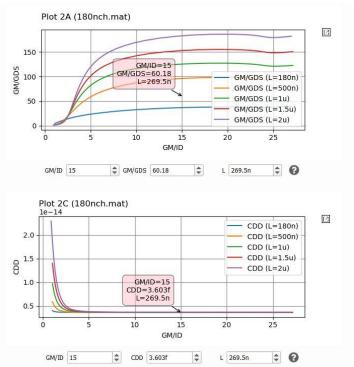
## CDD of the pmos load

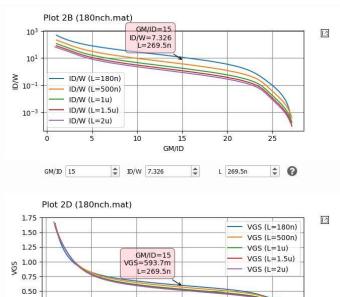


#### CDD of the nmos load

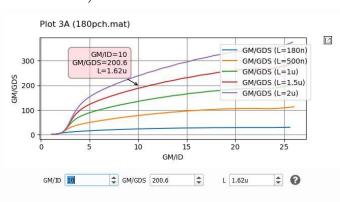


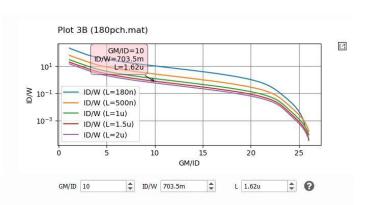
 $C_{tot} = 500f + 44.09f + 3.603f = 547.693 \text{ fF}$ For the input pair,





#### For the load,





15

\$

♦ VGS 593.7m

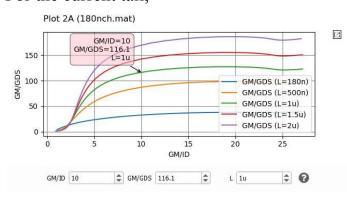
20

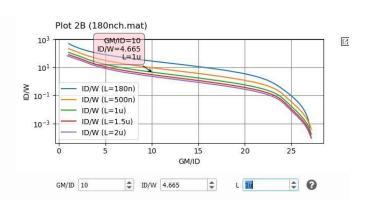
L 269.5n

25

÷ 0

### For the current tail,





0.25

GM/ID 15

Input pair			
L	269.5 nm	269.5 nm	
W	2.859 um	3.1315um	
ViCM	1.1937	1.1928	
CM load			
L	1.62 um	1.62 um	
W	29.77 um	32.61 um	
Tail current source			
L	1 um	1 um	
W	8.979 um	9.836 um	

## (index 2)

\*\*\*\* OTA Design \*\*\*\*

Input Pair:
 L = 0.28 um
 W=3.30 um
 ViCM=1.1928 V

CM Load:
 L = 1.70 um
 W=34.44 um

Tail Current Source:
 L = 1.00 um
 W=9.93 um

Compare the results to the results obtained in Part 1.

	part2	part1
Input pair		
L	0.28 um	0.28 um
W	3.3 um	3.01um
ViCM	1.1928	1.1928

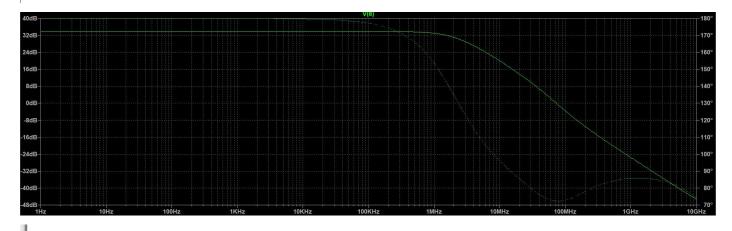
CM load			
L	1.70 um	1.70 um	
W	34.44 um	31.44 um	
Tail current source			
L	1 um	1 um	
W	9.93 um	9.06 um	

Compare the results to the results obtained by ADT Device Xplore.

	ADT	Matlab
Input pair		
L	269.5 nm	0.28 um
W	3.1315um	3.3 um
ViCM	1.1928	1.1928
CM load		
L	1.62 um	1.70 um
W	32.61 um	34.44 um
Tail current source		
L	1 um	1 um
W	9.836 um	9.93 um

(index 3)

```
5T OTA
* Include external file that contains MOSFET Model
.INCLUDE ee214b_hspice.sp
** Circuit Description **
* power supply
VDD 7 0 DC 1.8
* input
* Add lines here to add the input (voltage) sources
V1 4 0 1.1937 AC 0.5
V2 3 0 1.1937 AC -0.5
* circuit
* 5T OTA
M1 6 4 2 0 nch L=269.5n W=3.1315u
M2 5 3 2 0 nch L=269.5n W=3.1315u
M3 6 5 7 7 pch L=1.62u W=32.61u
M4 5 5 7 7 pch L=1.62u W=32.61u
M5 2 1 0 0 nch L=1u W=9.836u
CL 6 0 500f
* Current Mirror
M6 1 1 0 0 nch L=1u W=9.836u
Iref 7 1 45.8834u
** Analysis Requests **
.ac dec 10 1 10e9
.MEAS AC dc_gain max mag(V(6))
.MEAS AC BW WHEN mag(V(6)) = dc gain/sqrt(2)
** Outputs Requests **
* . PROBE
.END
```



dc\_gain: MAX(mag(v(6)))=(33.8989dB,0°) FROM 1 TO 1e+010 bw: mag(v(6))=dc\_gain/sqrt(2) AT 2.0669e+006

## Comparison table:

	Specification	ADT
AVDC	34 dB	33.8989 dB
GBW	100 MHz	102.39 MHz

Comment: the GBW spec is met after considering the parasitic capacitances.