

Lab 4 K8s

1. How many ConfigMaps exist in the cluster?

```
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl get configmaps --all-namespaces
```

NAMESPACE	NAME	DATA	AGE
default	kube-root-ca.crt	1	2m8s
kube-node-lease	kube-root-ca.crt	1	2m8s
kube-public	cluster-info	2	2m14s
kube-public	kube-root-ca.crt	1	2m8s
kube-system	coredns	1	2m13s
kube-system	extension-apiserver-authentication	6	2m16s
kube-system	kube-apiserver-legacy-service-account-token-tracking	1	2m16s
kube-system	kube-proxy	2	2m13s
kube-system	kube-root-ca.crt	1	2m8s
kube-system	kubeadm-config	1	2m14s
kube-system	kubelet-config	1	2m14s

2. Create a new ConfigMap Use the spec given below.

→ ConfigName Name: webapp-config-map

→ Data: APP_COLOR=darkblue

```
lab4 > ! web-configmap.yml > {} data > APP_COLOR
```

```
io.k8s.api.core.v1.ConfigMap (v1@configmap.json)
```

```
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: ConfigMap
3  metadata:
4    name: webapp-config-map
5  data:
6    APP_COLOR: darkblue
```

```
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl apply -f web-configmap.yml
configmap/webapp-config-map created
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl get configmaps
```

NAME	DATA	AGE
kube-root-ca.crt	1	10m
webapp-config-map	1	5s

```
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$
```

3. Create a webapp-color POD with nginx image and use the created ConfigMap

```
lab4 > ! webapp-pod.yml > {} spec > [ ] containers > {} 0 > [ ]
```

```
io.k8s.api.core.v1.Pod (v1@pod.json)
```

```
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: webapp-color
5  spec:
6    containers:
7      - name: nginx
8        image: nginx
9        command:
10         - sh
11         - -c
12       args:
13         - echo my color is $APP_COLOR
14       envFrom:
15         - configMapRef:
16           name: webapp-config-map
```

```

shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl logs webapp-color
my color is darkblue
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$

```

4. How many Secrets exist in the cluster?

```

shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl get secrets --all-namespaces
NAMESPACE   NAME                               TYPE                                DATA   AGE
kube-system  bootstrap-token-4xawix             bootstrap.kubernetes.io/token        6       24m
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$

```

5. How many secrets are defined in the default-token secret?

```

controlplane $ kubectl get secrets
No resources found in default namespace.
controlplane $

```

Neither minikube nor killrconda have default-token secret

6. create a POD called db-pod with the image mysql:5.7 then check the POD status

```

1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: db-pod
5  spec:
6    containers:
7    - name: mysql
8      image: mysql:5.7

```

```

shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl apply -f db-pod.yml
pod/db-pod created
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl get pods
NAME          READY   STATUS             RESTARTS   AGE
db-pod        0/1     ContainerCreating   0           5s
webapp-color  0/1     CrashLoopBackOff    6 (71s ago) 7m7s
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$

```

7. why is the db-pod status not ready?

Because MySQL image need its enviroment variable (MySql_root_password) to be set before starting.

8. Create a new secret named db-secret with the data given below:

- Secret Name: db-secret
- Secret 1: MYSQL_DATABASE=sql01
- Secret 2: MYSQL_USER=user1
- Secret 3: MYSQL_PASSWORD=password
- Secret 4: MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=password123

```
lab4 > ! db-secret.yml > {} data
      io.k8s.api.core.v1.Secret (v1@secret.json)
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Secret
3  metadata:
4    name: db-secret
5  type: Opaque
6  data:
7    MYSQL_DATABASE: c3FsMDE=
8    MYSQL_USER: dXNlcjE=
9    MYSQL_PASSWORD: cGFzc3dvcmQ=
10   MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD: cGFzc3dvcmQxMjM=
```

```
• shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ echo sql01 | base64
c3FsMDEK
• shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ echo user1 | base64
dXNlcjEK
• shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ echo password | base64
cGFzc3dvcmQK
• shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ echo password123 | base64
cGFzc3dvcmQxMjMK
○ shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$
```

9. Configure db-pod to load environment variables from the newly created secret.
Delete and recreate the pod if required.

```
lab4 > ! db-pod.yml > {} spec > [ ] containers
      io.k8s.api.core.v1.Pod (v1@pod.json)
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: db-pod
5  spec:
6    containers:
7      - name: mysql
8        image: mysql:5.7
9        envFrom:
10       - secretRef:
11         name: db-secret
12
```

```
• shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl apply -f db-pod.y
pod/db-pod created
• shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl get pods
NAME      READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
db-pod    1/1     Running   0           24s
```

10. Create a multi-container pod with 2 containers.

- Name: yellow
- Container 1 Name: lemon
- Container 1 Image: busybox
- Container 2 Name: gold
- Container 2 Image: redis

```
io.k8s.api.core.v1.Pod (v1@pod.json)
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: yellow
5  spec:
6    containers:
7      - name: lemon
8        image: busybox
9        command: ["sleep", "3600"]
10     - name: gold
11       image: redis
```

```
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl get pods
NAME      READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
db-pod    1/1     Running   0           63m
yellow    2/2     Running   0           31s
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$
```

without command: ["sleep", "3600"], kubernetes will keep starting lemon container as it sees it as completed so gold container wouldn't be able to run.

11. Create a pod red with redis image and use an initContainer that uses the busybox image and sleeps for 20 seconds

```
io.k8s.api.core.v1.Pod (v1@pod.json)
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: red
5  spec:
6    initContainers:
7      - name: init-container
8        image: busybox
9        command: ["sleep", "20"]
10   containers:
11     - name: redis
12       image: redis
```

```
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl get pods | grep red
red       1/1     Running   0           6m45s
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$
```


12. Create a pod named print-envvars-greeting, Configure spec as, the container name should be print-env-container and use bash image, Create three environment variables:
→ GREETING and its value should be "Welcome to"
→ COMPANY and its value should be "DevOps"
→ GROUP and its value should be "Industries"
Use command to echo ["\$(GREETING) \$(COMPANY) \$(GROUP)"] message and sleep the container 3600.

```
io.k8s.api.core.v1.Pod (v1@pod.json)
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: print-envvars-greeting
5  spec:
6    containers:
7      - name: print-env-container
8        image: bash
9        command:
10         - bash
11         - -c
12         - "echo $GREETING $COMPANY $GROUP && sleep 3600"
13        env:
14         - name: GREETING
15           value: "Welcome to"
16         - name: COMPANY
17           value: "DevOps"
18         - name: GROUP
19           value: "Industries"
```

```
● shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl get pods
NAME          READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
db-pod        1/1     Running   0           124m
print-envvars-greeting 1/1     Running   0           63s
red           1/1     Running   0           54m
yellow        2/2     Running   1 (95s ago) 61m
○ shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$
```

13. You can check the output using <kubectl logs -f [pod-name]> command.

```
● shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl logs -f print-envvars-greeting
Welcome to DevOps Industries
○ shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$
```

14. Create a pod with a container running the nginx image.

- Configure a startupProbe that checks if Nginx is ready using curl.
- Set the probe to check every 5 seconds with a failure threshold of 3.
- What happens if the container takes longer to start than expected?

```
io.k8s.api.core.v1.Pod (v1@pod.json)
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: nginx-startup
5  spec:
6    containers:
7    - name: nginx
8      image: nginx
9      startupProbe:
10     httpGet:
11       path: /
12       port: 80
13     periodSeconds: 5
14     failureThreshold: 3
15
```

```
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl describe pod nginx-startup | grep Restart
Restart Count: 0
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$
```

if the container takes longer to start than expected, then the startupProbe will fail then it will try for 2 more times and if it still fails then the pod will be stopped and restarted.

15. Deploy an Nginx pod with a livenessProbe that checks /

```
io.k8s.api.core.v1.Pod (v1@pod.json)
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: nginx-live
5  spec:
6    containers:
7    - name: nginx
8      image: nginx
9      livenessProbe:
10     httpGet:
11       path: /
12       port: 80
13     periodSeconds: 5
14     failureThreshold: 3
```

```
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl describe pod nginx-live | grep Restart
Restart Count: 0
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$
```

16. What happens to the pod?

LivenessProbe will always keep checking the container every 5 seconds and if at any point it fails then it will try for 2 more times and if it still fails then the pod will be stopped and restarted.

17. Edit the livenessProbe inside the pod to /test.html.

```
io.k8s.api.core.v1.Pod (v1@pod.json)
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: nginx-live
5  spec:
6    containers:
7    - name: nginx
8      image: nginx
9      livenessProbe:
10     httpGet:
11       path: /test.html
12       port: 80
13     periodSeconds: 5
14     failureThreshold: 3
```

18. What happens to the pod after the edit?

```
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl describe pod nginx-live | grep Restart
Restart Count: 3
shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$
```

Since test.html doesn't exist, then livenessProbe keeps failing and the pod gets restarted continuously.

19. Create a pod running a simple Node.js web server.

20. Use a readinessProbe to check the HTTP endpoint (/health).

```
io.k8s.api.core.v1.Pod (v1@pod.json)
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    name: nginx-ready
5  spec:
6    containers:
7    - name: nginx
8      image: nginx
9      readinessProbe:
10     httpGet:
11       path: /
12       port: 80
13     periodSeconds: 5
14     failureThreshold: 3
15
```

```

● shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$ kubectl get pods
NAME          READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
db-pod        1/1     Running   0           3h33m
nginx-ready   1/1     Running   0           5s
nginx-startup 1/1     Running   0           85m
print-envvars-greeting 1/1     Running   1 (29m ago) 89m
red           1/1     Running   0           143m
yellow        2/2     Running   2 (30m ago) 150m
○ shehab-gamal@shehab-gamal-Lenovo-ideapad-520-15IKB:~/Kubernetes-labs/lab4$

```

Note: I used nginx image instead of node because it kept crashing when configuring it as a web server.

21. Test what happens when the application is not ready.

If ReadinessProbe was checking an incorrect path for example The pod will start but will never become ready so ReadinessProbe will keep failing and if you try to access the pod from a service, it won't receive any traffic because it's not ready.