The survey report from the second week of September, conducted through a digital survey, shows the following results:

- Anura Kumara Dissanayake received 88% of the votes.
- Ranil Wickremesinghe came in second with 6.2%.
- Sajith Premadasa followed in third place with 3.4%.
- **Dilith Jayaweera** was in fourth place with **0.9**%.
- Namal Rajapaksa secured fifth place with 0.7%.

The survey included 36,885 smartphone users across Sri Lanka from September 8 to September 14. Of these participants:

- 97.8% were from the Sinhalese ethnic group.
- 84.9% were male.
- **88.5**% were between the ages of 18-45.

The report highlights that a significant portion of the young Sinhala male demographic showed a preference for Anura Kumara Dissanayake.

English Detailed Analysis

This digital survey report provides significant insights into voter preferences for upcoming elections, especially reflecting the opinions of young voters. Conducted over a week, it reveals a clear lead by Anura Kumara Dissanayake, who has garnered overwhelming support with 88% of the vote, primarily from younger Sinhala males.

The breakdown of results shows a huge disparity between Dissanayake and other prominent candidates. While Ranil Wickremesinghe received only 6.2%, Sajith Premadasa, another notable candidate, secured 3.4%. This indicates a general trend of dissatisfaction or lower support for traditional political figures among younger voters.

The data set includes a majority of young participants aged 18 to 45, which further suggests that this demographic is leaning towards new or alternative political figures, with Dissanayake standing out as a favorite. Additionally, the report reflects how digital means, such as smartphones, have become a popular medium for political surveys, especially among youth, giving insight into how election campaigns might be shaped in the future.

However, the survey's demographic limitations, with nearly 85% male participants and over 97% Sinhala ethnicity representation, indicate that it may not fully reflect the views of the broader population, including women, minorities, and older generations. Thus, while the survey is indicative of current trends among a certain segment, it doesn't capture the entire electorate's stance.