```
In [1]:
          import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import seaborn as sns
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
In [2]:
          df = pd.read_csv("Fitness.csv")
          # .dropna(axis="columns")
            Row Labels Sum of Jan Sum of Feb Sum of Mar Sum of Total Sales
Out[2]:
         0
                     Α
                             5.62%
                                        7.73%
                                                     6.16%
                                                                          75
         1
                     В
                             4.21%
                                        17.27%
                                                    19.21%
                                                                         160
         2
                     C
                             9.83%
                                                     5.17%
                                                                         101
                                        11.60%
         3
                     D
                             2.81%
                                        21.91%
                                                     7.88%
                                                                         127
                     Ε
                            25.28%
                                        10.57%
                                                    11.82%
                                                                         179
         5
                     F
                             8.15%
                                                                         167
                                        16.24%
                                                    18.47%
         6
                     G
                            18.54%
                                        8.76%
                                                                         171
                                                    17.49%
         7
                     Н
                            25.56%
                                         5.93%
                                                    13.79%
                                                                         170
            Grand Total
                           100.00%
                                       100.00%
                                                   100.00%
                                                                        1150
In [3]:
          df.head()
Out[3]:
            Row Labels Sum of Jan Sum of Feb Sum of Mar Sum of Total Sales
         0
                                                                          75
                             5.62%
                                        7.73%
                                                     6.16%
                     В
                             4.21%
                                        17.27%
                                                    19.21%
                                                                         160
         2
                     C
                             9.83%
                                        11.60%
                                                     5.17%
                                                                         101
         3
                     D
                                                                         127
                             2.81%
                                        21.91%
                                                     7.88%
                     Ε
                            25.28%
                                        10.57%
                                                    11.82%
                                                                         179
```

Data cleaning and pre processing

```
2 Sum of Feb 9 non-null object
3 Sum of Mar 9 non-null object
4 Sum of Total Sales 9 non-null int64
```

dtypes: int64(1), object(4)
memory usage: 488.0+ bytes

```
In [5]: df.describe()
```

Out[5]:		Sum of Total Sales
	count	9.000000
	mean	255.555556
	std	337.332963
	min	75.000000
	25%	127.000000
	50%	167.000000
	75 %	171.000000

max

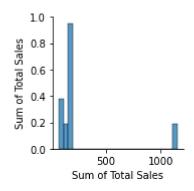
EDA and VISUALIZATION

```
In [7]: sns.pairplot(df)
```

Out[7]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x10614cc5490>

1150.000000

dtype='object')



```
In [8]: sns.distplot(df["Sum of Total Sales"])
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning:
 distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adap
 t your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) o
 r `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
 warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

```
Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Sum of Total Sales', ylabel='Density'>
```

```
0.012 - 0.010 - 2 0.008 - 0.004 - 0.002 - 0.000 - 0.000 1500 Sum of Total Sales
```

```
In [10]: sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[10]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [11]:
    x = df1[['Sum of Total Sales','Sum of Total Sales']]
    y = df1['Sum of Total Sales']
```

split the data into training and test data

```
LinearRegression()
Out[13]:
In [14]:
           lr.intercept_
          -5.684341886080802e-14
Out[14]:
In [15]:
           coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_, x.columns, columns =['Co-efficient'])
           coeff
                            Co-efficient
Out[15]:
                                   0.5
          Sum of Total Sales
          Sum of Total Sales
                                   0.5
In [16]:
           prediction = lr.predict(x test)
           plt.scatter(y_test, prediction)
          <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x10615718580>
Out[16]:
          1200
          1000
           800
           600
           400
           200
                      200
                              400
                                       600
                                               800
                                                        1000
                                                                1200
```

```
In [17]: lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[17]: 1.0

ACURACY

```
In [18]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
In [19]: rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
    rr.fit(x_train,y_train)
    rr.score(x_test,y_test)
    rr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[19]: 0.9999989452496941

In [20]: rr.score(x_test,y_test)

Out[20]: 0.9999985218354555

In [21]: la = Lasso(alpha=10) la.fit(x_train,y_train)

Out[21]: Lasso(alpha=10)

In [22]: la.score(x_test,y_test)

Out[22]: 0.9997867064211223
```