```
In [1]: import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import seaborn as sns
```

In [2]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

In [3]: df=pd.read_csv("C9 Data csv").dropna()
df

Out[3]:		row_id	user_id	timestamp	gate_id
	0	0	18	2022-07-29 09:08:54	7
	1	1	18	2022-07-29 09:09:54	9
	2	2	18	2022-07-29 09:09:54	9
	3	3	18	2022-07-29 09:10:06	5
	4	4	18	2022-07-29 09:10:08	5
	37513	37513	6	2022-12-31 20:38:56	11
	37514	37514	6	2022-12-31 20:39:22	6
	37515	37515	6	2022-12-31 20:39:23	6
	37516	37516	6	2022-12-31 20:39:31	9
	37517	37517	6	2022-12-31 20:39:31	9

37518 rows × 4 columns

In [4]: df.dropna(inplace=True)

```
In [5]: | df['gate_id'].value_counts()
 Out[5]:
          4
                 8170
          3
                 5351
          10
                 4767
          5
                 4619
          11
                 4090
          9
                 3390
          7
                 3026
          6
                 1800
          13
                 1201
          12
                  698
          15
                  298
                   48
          -1
          8
                   48
                    5
          1
          16
                    4
          0
                    2
          14
                    1
         Name: gate_id, dtype: int64
 In [6]: df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         Int64Index: 37518 entries, 0 to 37517
         Data columns (total 4 columns):
               Column
                          Non-Null Count Dtype
          0
              row id
                          37518 non-null int64
          1
              user id
                          37518 non-null
                                          int64
          2
              timestamp 37518 non-null object
              gate id
                          37518 non-null
                                          int64
         dtypes: int64(3), object(1)
         memory usage: 1.4+ MB
 In [7]: | feature_matrix = df[['row_id', 'user_id']]
         target_vector = df['gate_id']
 In [8]: | feature_matrix.shape
 Out[8]: (37518, 2)
 In [9]: |target_vector.shape
 Out[9]: (37518,)
In [10]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [11]: | fs = StandardScaler().fit_transform(feature_matrix)
```

```
In [12]: logr = LogisticRegression()
         logr.fit(fs,target_vector)
         C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:
         763: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
         STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
         Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
             https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html (https://sciki
         t-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html)
         Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
             https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regres
         sion (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regr
           n iter i = check optimize result(
Out[12]: LogisticRegression()
In [13]: feature_matrix.shape
Out[13]: (37518, 2)
In [14]: |target_vector.shape
Out[14]: (37518,)
In [15]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [16]: | fs = StandardScaler().fit transform(feature matrix)
```

Regression

```
In [17]: logr = LogisticRegression()
logr.fit(fs,target_vector)

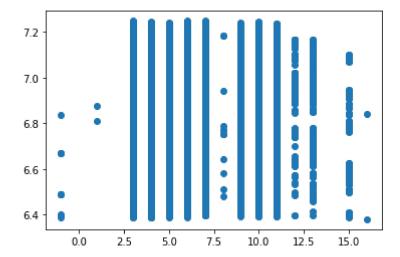
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:
763: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html)
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression)
    n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
Out[17]: LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [18]: | observation=df[['row_id', 'user_id']]
In [19]: | prediction = logr.predict(observation)
         prediction
Out[19]: array([-1, -1, -1, ..., 16, 16, 16], dtype=int64)
In [20]: logr.classes_
Out[20]: array([-1, 0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16],
               dtype=int64)
In [21]: logr.predict_proba(observation)[0][1]
Out[21]: 1.7263815682078809e-09
In [22]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
In [23]: | x = df[['row_id', 'user_id']]
         y = df['gate_id']
In [24]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
In [25]: rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
         rr.fit(x train,y train)
         rr.score(x_test,y_test)
         rr.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[25]: 0.005122582651229557
In [26]: | from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
         lr= LinearRegression()
         lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[26]: LinearRegression()
In [27]: |lr.intercept_
Out[27]: 7.248714067408693
         coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co-efficient'])
In [28]:
         coeff
Out[28]:
                 Co-efficient
           row_id
                   -0.000004
                   -0.012597
          user_id
```

```
In [29]: prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
plt.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[29]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x210d36eebe0>



Random Forest

```
In [30]: df['gate_id'].value_counts()
Out[30]:
           4
                 8170
           3
                 5351
                 4767
           10
           5
                 4619
                 4090
           11
           9
                 3390
           7
                 3026
           6
                 1800
           13
                 1201
           12
                   698
           15
                   298
                    48
          -1
           8
                    48
           1
                     5
           16
                     4
           0
                     2
           14
                     1
          Name: gate_id, dtype: int64
In [31]: x=df[['row_id','user_id']]
          y=df['gate_id']
```

```
In [32]: g1={'gate_id':{"4":1, "3":2, "10":3, "5":4, "11":5, "9":6, "7":7, "6":8, "13":
    df=df.replace(g1)
    df
```

Out[32]:		row_id	user_id	timestamp	gate_id
	0	0	18	2022-07-29 09:08:54	7
	1	1	18	2022-07-29 09:09:54	9
	2	2	18	2022-07-29 09:09:54	9
	3	3	18	2022-07-29 09:10:06	5
	4	4	18	2022-07-29 09:10:08	5
	37513	37513	6	2022-12-31 20:38:56	11
	37514	37514	6	2022-12-31 20:39:22	6
	37515	37515	6	2022-12-31 20:39:23	6
	37516	37516	6	2022-12-31 20:39:31	9
	37517	37517	6	2022-12-31 20:39:31	9

37518 rows × 4 columns

```
In [33]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,train_size=0.70)
```

```
In [34]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
    rfc = RandomForestClassifier()
    rfc.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[34]: RandomForestClassifier()

```
In [36]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
    grid_search = GridSearchCV(estimator=rfc,param_grid=parameters,cv=2,scoring="a"
    grid_search.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selection_split.py:
666: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 1 members, which is
less than n_splits=2.

warnings.warn(("The least populated class in y has only %d"

```
In [37]: |grid_search.best_score_
Out[37]: 0.22005178585027796
In [38]: | rfc_best = grid_search.best_estimator_
In [39]: | from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
         plt.figure(figsize = (80,40,))
         plot_tree(rfc_best.estimators_[5],feature_names=x.columns,class_names=['Yes','
Out[39]: [Text(2185.5, 1993.2, 'user_id <= 49.5\ngini = 0.872\nsamples = 16632\nvalu
         e = [37, 1, 2, 3787, 5622, 3257, 1212, 2241, 42, 2410 n 3324, 2779, 485, 80]
         4, 2, 254, 3]\nclass = Yes'),
         Text(1097.4, 1630.8000000000002, 'row id <= 14076.5\ngini = 0.873\nsamples
         = 13840\nvalue = [24, 1, 2, 2717, 4588, 2997, 904, 1888, 42, 2166\n2788, 23
         03, 457, 755, 2, 208, 0]\nclass = Yes'),
         Text(595.2, 1268.4, 'row_id <= 2032.0\ngini = 0.878\nsamples = 5156\nvalue
         = [11, 1, 1, 948, 1666, 1186, 359, 685, 9, 631, 962 \n759, 328, 457, 0, 44,
         01\nclass = Yes'),
         Text(297.6, 906.0, 'row_id <= 1858.0\ngini = 0.864\nsamples = 732\nvalue =
         [4, 0, 0, 132, 290, 151, 29, 93, 0, 73, 147, 139 \land 61, 44, 0, 7, 0] \land class =
          51\nvalue = [4, 0, 0, 123, 221, 142, 22, 89, 0, 67, 142, 113\n61, 43, 0, 7,
         0]\nclass = Yes'),
         Text(74.4, 181.19999999999999, 'gini = 0.873 \nsamples = 348 \nvalue = [0,
         0, 0, 51, 117, 83, 7, 42, 0, 33, 66, 59, 57 \n36, 0, 0, 0] \nclass = Yes'),
         Text(223.2000000000000, 181.1999999999982, 'gini = 0.863\nsamples = 303
         \nvalue = [4, 0, 0, 72, 104, 59, 15, 47, 0, 34, 76, 54, 4 \n7, 0, 7, 0] \ncla
```