

# Hospitality Revenue Domain Insights

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- Background / Context
- Getting familiar with Atliq's Business Hotels and their Markets and Product lines
- Getting familiar with the input data
- Mockup Dashboard Design
- Understanding Business Jargons
- **Data Modeling**
- Expected Results/Outcomes

## Background/Context

#### **Our Company**

AtliQ Grands owns multiple five-star hotels across India. They have been in the hospitality industry for the past 20 years.

#### Background

Due to strategic moves from other competitors and ineffective decision-making in management, AtliQ Grands are losing its market share and revenue in the luxury/business hotels category.

#### Problem

There are number of problems identified by Revenue teams for which the company needs insights.

#### Approach

Run a SQL query to answer the problems. Convert it into visualizations and present the Insights to the revenue management.

## **AtLiQ Hotels Product Line**







Atliq Bay
Atliq Blu
Atliq City
Atliq Exotica
Atliq Grands
Atliq Palace



#### Mumbai

Atliq Bay
Atliq Blu
Atliq City
Atliq Exotica
Atliq Grands
Atliq Palace
Atliq Seasons



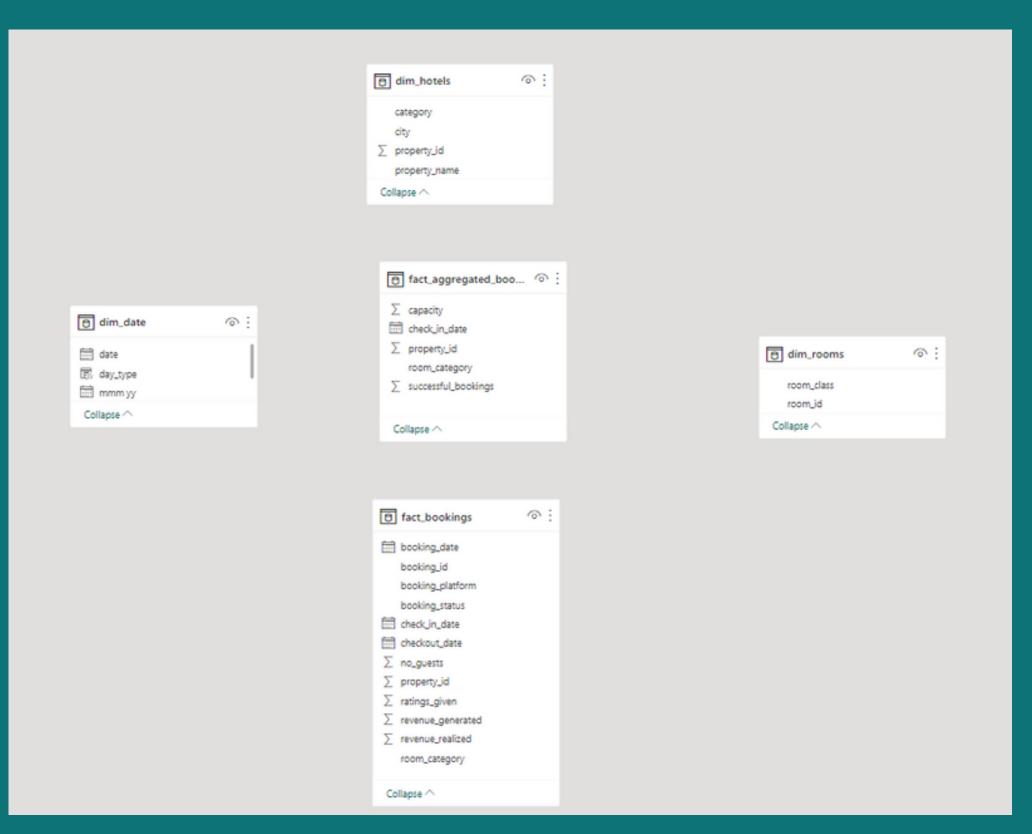
Atliq Bay
Atliq Blu
Atliq City
Atliq Exotica
Atliq Grands
Atliq Palace

## Delhi

Atliq Bay
Atliq Blu
Atliq City
Atliq Grands
Atliq Palace

## Getting familiar with the input data

We are provided 3 moths booking details data of all the atliq hotels. along with different other tables like Dim\_date, Dim\_hotels Dim\_rooms etc



## Mockup Dashboard Design



## **Business Jargons**

#### RevPar (Revenue Per Available Room) Metrics:

- Calculated as Total Revenue / Total Rooms Available to sell
- Another formula is ADR x Occupancy
- Occupancy is calculated as Total Rooms Occupied / Total Rooms Available

## ADR (Average Daily Rate) Metrics:

- Calculated as Total Rooms Revenue / Number of Rooms Sold
- If Occupancy is 100%, ADR and RevPar will be equal

## **Business Jargons**

## DSRN (Daily Sellable Room Night) Metrics:

- Total Available Rooms in the hospitality industry are referred to as SRN or DSRN
- DSRN helps to look at specific issues, room blocking, or maintenance problems
- For example, a 100-room hotel with 30 days in June would have 100 rooms to sell each day and 3,000 rooms to sell for the entire month (30 \* 100).
- DSRN would be calculated as 3,000 / 30 = 100

#### Realization Metrics:

- URN (Utilized Room Nights) Example: 50 rooms of 100 were booked and stayed on Sunday
- BRN (Booked Room Nights) Example: 60 customers made bookings and 50 stayed, 10 cancelled or were no-shows.
- Realization is calculated as URN / BRN and helps understand the actual Revenue realized from bookings.

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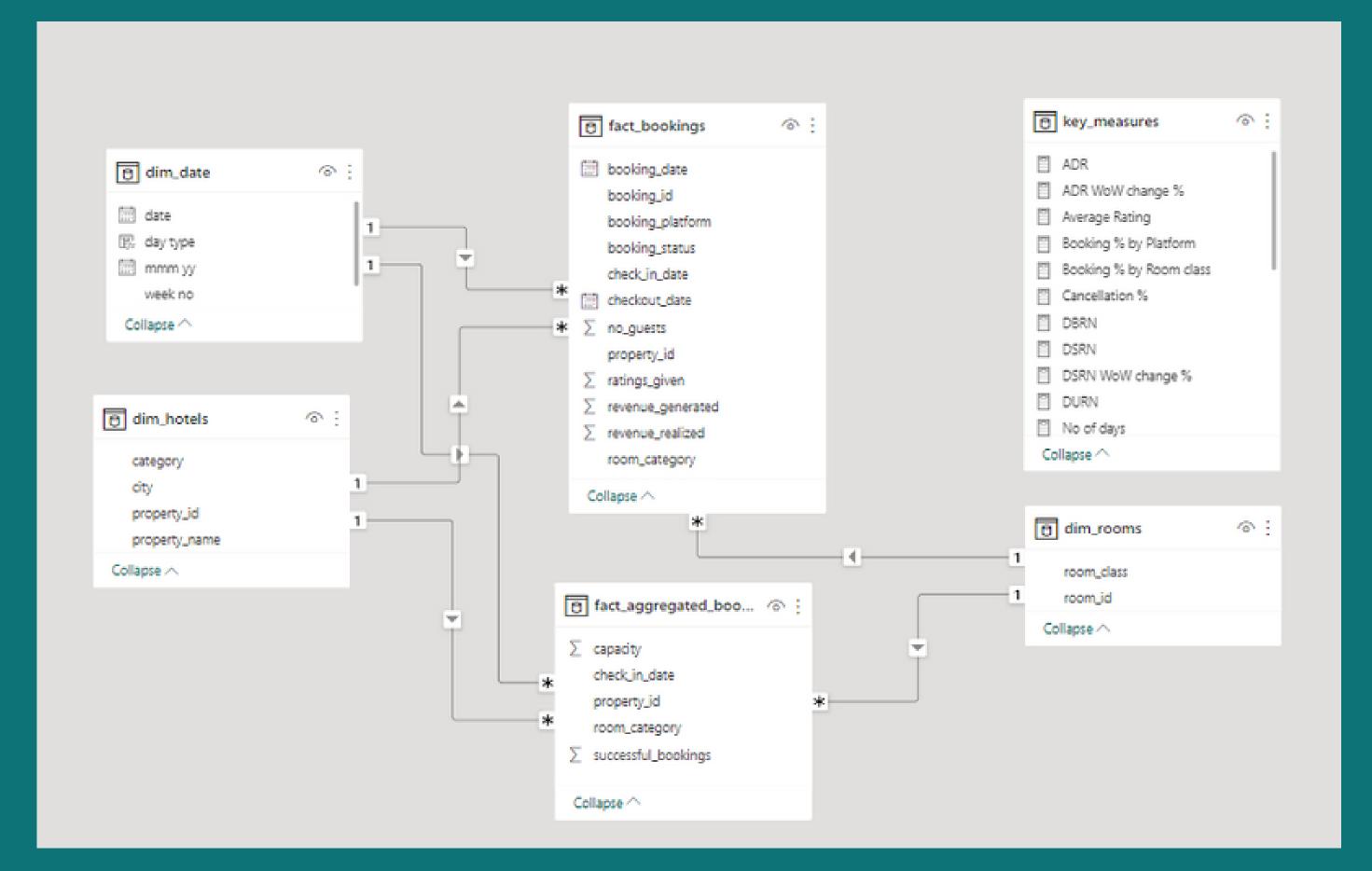
# Expected outcome after this analysis?

Regain their market share in the luxury/business hotels category.

Understanding the revenue trend by week/month/day

To get insights where business is failing and what can be done to tackle them

## Data Modeling



## Dashboard Design







 Mumbai generates the highest revenue (669 M) followed by Bangalore, Hyderabad and Delhi.



 AtliQ Exotica performs better compared to all 7 type of properties with 320 Million revenue, rating 3.62, occupancy percentage 57 and cancellation rate as 24.4%.



 AtliQ Bay has the highest occupancy of 66%



 Week 24 recorded the highest revenue among all, which is 139.6 Million.





 Delhi tops both in occupancy and rating followed by Hyderabad, Mumbai, Bangalore



• AtliQ lost around 298 millions in cancellation



• Elite type rooms has the most booking and as well higher cancellation rate

