Questions	Answer
Refer the incomplete code given below: application propperties ====================================	server.port,spring-boot-starter-web,@SpringBootApplication, SpringApplication
Refer the incomplete code given below: application properties ===================================	server.port,spring-boot-starter-web,@SpringBootApplication, SpringApplication

It is required by jack to fetch eemployee details by salary, such that salary greater than equal to certain value, and result should be ordered in descending order ofEmployeeld. Refer the incomplete code and help jack to complete the requiremen: application.properties ===================================	spring.datasource.url, spring-boot-starter-data-jpa,repositorydefination,findBySalaryGreater ThanEqualByDescEmployeeId
refer the incomplete spring security configuration given below Assume that the HTTP element is configured properly <line1> <_Line2_> <_Line3_> <</line1>	authentication-manager, authentication-provider,user-sevices

Refer the incomplete code given below: application.propperties ====================================	
#Assume other properties are configured #Database url Line1=jdbc.mysql://localhost:3306/springbootdb pom.xml ==== Assume other dependencies are configured <dependenc> <dependenc> <groupld>org.springframework.boot</groupld> <artifactld>Line2<!--Dependency for web application--> DAO ======= Line3(domainClass = Employeeentity.class.idClass=integer.class) @transactional public interface EmployeedAO{Line4("select k from EmployeeEntity k where k salary.=?") List,EmployeeEntity>getAllEmployeesBySalary(Double salary)class Application{ public static void main(String [] args){ _Line 4run(Application.class,args); Controller,Starter Class is coded appropriately required to deploy the application on port 8080 choose valide option from below to complete the code</artifactld></dependenc></dependenc>	spring.datasouce url.spring-boot-starter data-jpa,@RepositoryDefinition,@Query @pathVariable
Given Below com.accenture.lkm.applicationApplication { public static void main(String[] args){ Application.run(Application.class, args); accenture.lkm.web.controller; MessageController { String(value = "/sayHi/{message}",	Error while deployment as primary

```
Line1
public class Application {
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                                         @SpringBootApplication, SpringApplication.run(Application.class, args)
  Line2
(!) A spring MVC application can have multiple child content
(!!) Child content belongs to DispatcherServlet
                                                                                                         Both are true
Which of the above statements are true?
                                                                                                        Highly cohesive
identify the characteristics of Microservices [choose 2]
                                                                                                        Independently deployable
Refer the below incomplete code for a Spring rEST based application
@RequestMapping(value = "/students/updateStudent",
method = Line1 PUT,
consumes = Line2 .APPLICATION JSON VALUE)
public Line3 <StudentBean>updatedStudent( Line4 StudentBean student) {
                                                                                                         RequestMethod, Media Type, Response Entity, @RequestBody
StudentBean updateStudent = null;
//code goes here
return new Line3 <studentBean>(updateStudent, HttpStatus.OK);
Choose from below a valid option, in the order as it appears, to complete the above code
Which of the following is correct with respect to Spring MVC?
1) Root context belongs to dispatcher servlet.
                                                                                                         Only (ii)
2) Common configuration is configured in root context and presentation layer
configuration is configured in child context
Refer the incomplete code given below for a Spring REST based application:
@RestController
Public Class CstController{
-----Line 1-----
       public ResponseEntity<CstBean> CreateCstMember(@RequestBody CstBean cstBean)
        CstBean bean1=null;
         //Logic goes here
                                                                                                         @RequestMapping(value = "/cst/controller/createCst", method = RequestMethod.POST.
         return new ResponseEntity<CstBean>(bean1,Httpstatus.OK);
                                                                                                         consumes = MediaType.APPLICATION JSON VALUE.
                                                                                                         produces = MediaType.APPLICATION JSON VALUE)
Assume application is deployed on port 8090 and following URL is hit to access the
application using "POST MAN CLIENT" with POST verb and valid request body
with header application/json.
URL: http://localhost:8090/App/cst/controller/createCst
Choose from a valid option to complete above code so that JSON response is
returned in response to request
Which of the following feature(s) is/are included in myWizard DevOps?
                                                                                                        All of the above
Choose a valid option from below that helps to auto the database correction and...
                                                                                                         @EnableAutoConfiguration
in Springboot
```

In the distinct on these are how assessed forther addressed by anything December	
In the digital era there are key success factors addressed by mywizard Deveops. Pick the valid success factors.	All of the above
Refer the code given below for the producer, coded using Spring-REST @RestController public class EmployeeController { //Assume that EmployeeServiceImpl is injected appropriately @RequestMapping(value=*/emp/controller/addEmp", method=RequestMethod.POST, consumes=MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE, produces=MediaType.TEXT_HTML_VALUE) public ResponseEntity <string> addEmployee(@RequestBody EmploBean employee) { int count=employeeServiceImpl.addEmployee(employee); return new ResponseEntity<string>("Employee added successfully with id:" +count, HttpStatus, CREATED); } } Refer the incomplete code given below: private static void createEmployee() { RestTemplate restTemplate = new RestTemplate(); EmployeeBean employee = new EmployeeBean(0, "TestMSD", "Manager", new Date(), 1000.0); String str=null;</string></string>	restTemplate.postForObject(REST_SERVICE_URL + "addEmp", employee, String.class
What are the features are possible to be availed through the provisioning of Intelligent using myWizard DevOps?	Highly Scalable, Manual Healing
package com.accenture.lkm.application; @SpringBootApplication public class Application { public static void main(String [] args) { SpringApplication.run(Application.class, args); } } // package com.accenture.lkm.web.controller; @RestController public class MessageController { @RequestMapping(value= "/sayHi / {message}", producer={ "application/json"}, method= RequestMethod.GET) public ResponseEntity <string> getEmployeeById(@pathvariable("message") String messageVar) { return new ResponseEntity<string>("Message From Controller": messageVar.Httpstatus.ok);</string></string>	Error while deployment as Primary configuration is not in

```
Refer the incomplete code given below
stater class
-----I ine 1-----
public class Application {
                                                                                                           @SpringBootApplication, SpringApplication, @RestController,
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                                           @RequestMapping, TEXT HTML VALUE
 /* code goes here */
----Line 2----
public class EmployeeController {
It is required to secure the Spring MVC based application using the following matrix by using
Spring Security 4.x
*/saveStudent*** -should be accessible to ADMIN,
*/getStudentDetails*** -should be accessible to ADMIN. DBA and USER
Refer below the incomplete spring security coniguration
                                                                                                           <intercept-url pattern=*/saveStudent*** access="ROLE_ADMIN"/>
<a href="http://www.expression="false">
                                                                                                           <intercept-url pattern=*/getStudentDetails***
 -----Line1-----
<!--- Other related configuration goes here--->
                                                                                                                      access="ROLE ADMIN, ROLE DBA, ROLE USER"/>
</http>
Assume ADMIN(ROLE ADMIN).DBA(ROLE DBA) and USER(ROLE USER)
configurated property within the AuthenticationManager tag
Choose from below a valid option to complete the above code
Refer the incomplete code given below
-----Line 1-----
public class EmployeeController {
   @Autowired
 private EmployeeServiceImpl employeeService:
-----Line 2----- (value="emp/controller
/getDetails",.method=RequestMethod, GET, produces=MediaType,APPLICATION JSON VAL
                                                                                                           @RestController, @RequestMapping, ResponseEntity
public-----Line 3-----<List<EmployeeBean>> getEmployeeDetails() {
return ---Line3---- employeeServices.getAllEmployees();
Choose from below a valid option to complete the above code, in the order as it appears.
                                                                                                           <a href="http://www.eighauto-config="false">
Refer the below Requirement to be implented using Spring Security,
                                                                                                           <intercept-url pattern="/LoadReport" access="Role CST ADMIN" />
1) LoadSave should be accessible to CST ADMIN, CST DBA
                                                                                                           <intercept-url pattern="/LoadSave" access="Role_CST_ADMIN.Role CST_DBA" />
2) LoadReport should be accessible to CST ADMIN only
                                                                                                           <! rest code goes here-->
Choose from below valid option to complete the above requirement
                                                                                                           </http>
```

Refer the below requirement to be implemented using spring security. 1) LoadSave should be accessible by CST_ADMIN,CST_DBA. 2)LoadReport should be accessible to CST_ADMIN only.	<pre><http auto-config="false"></http></pre>
Which of the components are connected to myWizard DevOps.	All of the above
When maven dependecy is used to create a spring boot web application?	<dependency> <groupid>org.springframework.boot</groupid> <artifactid>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactid> </dependency>
Refer the incomplete code given below: @Controller public class EmployeeController{ Assume appropriate DAO injected by using appropriate annotation Line1 public Map <integer,string> getEmployeeDetails(){ Map<integer,string> map= new HashLinkedMap<>(); return map; } DAO Layer @Repository @Transactional public class EmployeeDao{ Line2 private EntityManager entityManager; List<employeebean> getEmployeeDetails(){ Query query = entityManager("Select E from Employee E"), List<employeeentity> entities=query.getResultList(); return beans;</employeeentity></employeebean></integer,string></integer,string>	@ModelAttribute,@PersistenceContext,createQuery
consider the code given below @SpringBootApplication //line1 public class Application { public static void main(String [] args) { SpringApplication.run(Application.class, args); } }	@ComponentScan, @Configuration, @EnableAutoConfiguration
choose from below a valid option representing the proper nme of the default properties files in springboot (i)application.properties (ii)web.xml (iii)appliction.xml	only(1)

refer the below incomplted code for a spring Rest based appliction @RequestMapping(value ="/students/updateStudent", method=line1PUT, consumes=line2APPLICTION_json_value publicLine3 <studentbean>updateStudent(Line4StudentBean student){ }</studentbean>	RequestMethod,MediaType,ResponsesEntity,@RequestBody
Refer the below Requirement to be imported using Spring Security 1)LoadSave should be accessible to CST_ADMIN,CST_DBA 2)LoadReport should be accessible to CST_ADMIN only Choose form the below valid option to complete the above requirement	a) <a false"="" href="http-use-expressions=">
Refer the incomplete code given below: @Controller public class CstController { (value = "/registration", method =) public ModelAndView register(@ModelAttribute("empBean") EmployeeBean employeeBean) { ModelAndView modelAndView = new ModelAndView(); // Business logic goes here return modelAndView; } } Assume that a view exists that submits the Request for action "/registration" using Spring form's default request submission method.	
Choose from below a valid option in the order as it appears to complete above code:	@RequestMapping , RequestMethod.GET
Choose from below a valid option representing the proper name of the default properties files in SpringBoot i) application.properties ii) web.xml iii) application xml	i) only (i)

```
Refer the code given below
                                                                                                         restTemplate.delete("http://localhost:8089/App/
                                                                                                                  cst/controller/deleteCstBean/1002");
@RestController public class CstController {
    @RequestMapping(value = "/rest/controller/deleteCstBean/{id}",
method = RequestMethod.DELETE,
    produces = MediaTyper.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)
    public ResponseEntity<CstBean>
deleteCstBean(@PathVariable("id") int myld) {
    CstBean cstBean=null'
    // Code goes here to initialize the CST bean
    return new ResponseEntity<CstBean>(cstBean.
HttpStatus.OK);
Assume Application is deployed on port number 8089 and is accessible using the URL:
http//localhost:8089/App
Assume the restTemplate is holding the instance to the
org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate
Choose from below a valid RestTemplate call to invoke the above method
                                                                                                         POST
Which one of the HTTP verbs given is not idempotent and not safe.
```

```
Refer the incomplete code below:
                                                                                                        @ExceptionHandler(value=InvalidNameException.class),
@Controller
                                                                                                        $(ErrorMessage)
public class CstController {
    //Assume Request mapping code is written here
    public ModelAndView register(@ModelAttribute("custBean")
CustomerBean bean) throws InvalidNameException {
    //code goes here..
    throw new InvalidNameException();
    return modelAndView;
             // LineX
    public ModelAndView handleException(InvalidNameException
exception) {
    ModelAndView modelAndView = new ModelAndView();
    modelAndView.setViewName("DisplayMessage"): //Logical
Name of the view to Navigate in case of error
    modelAndView.addObject("ErrorMessage",exception);
    return modelAndView;
DisplayMessage.jsp
_____
<center>
<h2>Exception Handler Page</h2>
Details of Exception: <br/>
                                       <!-- LineY - Code to print exception details -->
</center>
Choose from below a valid option to fill in LineX and LineY in the order as it appears to
complete the above code so that DisplayMessage.jsp displays the error message when
InvalidNameException is thrown
Refer the incomplete configuration for Spring Security given below:
                                                                                                        <user-name="cst dba" password="cst dba"
<authentication-manager>
                                                                                                                    authorities="ROLE CST DBA"/>
                                                                                                        <user-name="cst admin" password="cst admin"
<authentication-provider>
<user-service>
                                                                                                                   authorities="ROLE CST ADMIN"/>
<!-- Line1 -->
</user-service>
</authentication-provider>
</authentication-manager>
Assume CST ADMIN Credentials are :username:cst admin password:cst admin
Assume CST DBA Credentials are :username:cst dba password:cst dba
Choose from below a valid option to complete the above configuration to configure users using
in-memory service
```

```
Refer the incomplete spring boot code given below:
                                                                                                          @SpringBootApplication, @RestController, @PathVariable
package com.accenture.lkm;
public class Application{
    public static void main (String args[]){
    SpringApplication.run(Application.class,args);
package com.accenture.lkm.web.controller;
public class MessageController{
    @Requestmapping(value="/sayHi/{message}",
    produces={"application/json"},
    method=RequestMethod.GET)
    public ResponseEntity<String>
getemployeeById(
                                    ("message")string messagevar) {
    return new ResponseEntity<String>("Message From
Controller:"+messagevar.Httpstatus.OK):
Choose from below a valid combination of annotations which is equivalent to
                                                                                                         All 1,2 and 3
@SpringBootApplication
1)@Configuration
2)@EnableAutoConfiguration
3)@ComponentScan
package com.accenture.lkm.application;
                                                                                                          Move the Primary configuration to the root
@SpringBootApplication
                                                                                                          package "com.accenture.lkm"
public class Application{
public static void main (String args[]){
SpringApplication.run(Application.class,args);}}
package com.accenture.lkm.web.controller;
@RestController
public class MessageController{@Requestmapping(value="/sayHi/{messege}",
produces={"application/json"},
method=Requestmethod.GET)
public ResponseEntity<string>
getemployeebyid(@pathvariable("message")string messagevar){return new
       responseEntity<string>("message from controller:"+messagevar,httpstatus,OK);
```

Refer the incomplete code given below for a Spring REST based application: @Controller Public Class CstController{ @RequestMapping(value="/cst/controller/createCst",	@ResponseBody , @RequestBody
}	
Choose from a valid option in order as it appears to complete above code.	
Which of the following is/are the valid Content Negotiation strategies in Spring Boot?	both (i) and (ii)
i) URL Extension Based ii) URL Parameter Based Choose the most appropriate option	
The annotation @RestController is equivalent to a) annotation @Controller b) annotation @ResponseBody c) annotation @RequestMapping d) Both 1 & 2	Both 1 & 2
refer the incomplete code given below for spring Security CustomsecurityLoginPage.jsp <form action="<c;url value=" catsecurelogin,="" name="loginform"></form> 'method=Line1> User; <input submit"="" type="submit" value="submit"/>	post,dispCstLogin.html,cstSecureLogin,
Configure in Sprig Security http element	
<.form-login login page="/line3" username -parameter='uname123' password-parameter="pwd123" authentication -failure-	

//Code to invoke the DAO addEmployee(employeeBean) } DAO Layer ======	@controller@Repository@Transectional
@Repositoryline3 pulic class EmployeeDAO{Line4 private EntityManager entity manager; //Assume addEmployee(EmployeeBean employeeBean) is already coded } view ===== <form:formline5="empobj"method="get"action =""saveemployee.html"=""> <icode details="" employee="" enter="" goes="" here="" the="" to=""> <input type="submit" value="Register"/> </icode></form:formline5="empobj"method="get"action>	
refer the incomplete given below for a spring Rest based application: @restcontroller public class_cstcontroller{ // line -1 public responseEntity <list<cstbean>> getDetails(@pathvariable(*p1*)double data){ list<cstbean>list=cstServiceimp1.getcstDetails(data);//logic goes here return new ResponseEntity<list<csrbean>>(list,httpStatus.OK);}} Assume application is deployed on port 8080 and following URL is hit to access the application using a web BROWSER URL: http://localhost:8090//app/cst/controller/getDetailsinrange/120 choose from below a valid option to be placed at 'line1' to complete the above code so that json response to the req.</list<csrbean></cstbean></list<cstbean>	@requestmapping(values="cst/controller/getdetailsInRange/{p1}", method = requestmethod.GET, produces = media Type.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)

refer the incomplete code given below:class	@springbootapplication, @import,contentNegotiationManagerFactoryBean, content-negotiation-manager
which maven dependency is used to create a spring boot web application	<dependency> <groupid>org.springframework.boot</groupid> <artifactid>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactid> </dependency>
package com.accenture.lkm.application; @SpringBootApplication public class application{ public ctatic void main (String args[]){ springapplication.run(application.class,args);}} //	error while deployment as primary configuration is not in root packages
package com.accenture.lkm.web.controller; @restController public class messagecontroller{@requestmapping(value="/sayHi/{messege}", produces={"application/json"}, method=requestmethod.GET) public responseEntity <string> getemployeebyid(@pathvariable("message")string messagevar){return new responseEntity<string>("message from controller:"+messagevar,httpstatus,OK); }</string></string>	
where is devops heading towards in technology-specific	
in spring rest which of the following triggers httpmessageconverter to convert the java object to json. xml, other MME type based on configuration? choose most appropritae options	@responsebody

refer thr incomplete spring security configuration given below httplevel1>	@use-expressions="false",intercept-url, <form-login></form-login>
choose from below the beans that are not inherited from the spring MVC's parent context	beanpostprocessors and beanfactorypostprocessors
refer the incomplete code given below Controller	@ModelAttribute,@Valid,BindingResult,hasBindErrors, ReloadableResourceBundleMessage
<pre>@Controller public class EmployeeController{ //Assume methos to display the view and do model binding already exists @RequestMapping (value= "registration", method= RequesrMethodPOST) Public ModelAndView register(line1("employeeBean")line2 EmployeeBean employeebeanline3result){ ModelAndView modelAndView = new ModelAndView(); //your code goes here return modelAndView;}} View</pre>	
<pre><form action="registration.htm" form="" method="post" modelattribute+"employeebean"=""> employee name<form.input path="name"></form.input> password <form password="" path="password"></form>>br/> <input type="submt" value="register"/> <springline4name="employeebeans"> <h3>ALL errors</h3> <form.error cssclass="error" path=" "></form.error> configuration file</springline4name="employeebeans"></form></pre>	
<pre></pre>	
refer the incomplete code given below: private static void deleteMovie(){ restTemplate resttemplate = new RestTemple(); Line1(new ResponceErrorHandler(){	restTemplate,setErrorHandler, public boolean hasError, public void handle error

```
starter class
                                                                                                           @SpringBootApplication,@RestController,
                                                                                                           @RequestMapping,TEXT HTML Value
=========
 line1__
pulic class Application{
    public static void main(string[] args)
         /*code given here*/
controller
=======
 line2
public class employeeController
Refer the incomplete code given below for a Spring REST based Application:
@RestController
public class CstController {
//Line-1
public ResponseEntityslist<CstBean>>
getDetails(@PathVariable("p1") double data)
    List<CstBeans list - cstService Impl.getCstDetails(data);
    //Logic goes here....
    return new ResponseEntity<List<CstBean>>(list, HttpStatus.OK);
Assume application is deployed on port 8090 and following URL is hit to access the application
using a web BROWSER".
URL: http://localhost:8090/App/cst/controller/getDetailsInRange/120
Choose from below a valid option to be placed at "Line-1" to complete the above code
that Json response is returned in response to the request:
What are the features to be possible that can be availed through the provisioning of Intellegent
                                                                                                           1- Easy to adapt
Automation using MyWizard DevOps
                                                                                                           2- Highly Scalable
                                                                                                           3- Looks Tremendous Buiness Value
                                                                                                           4- Manual Healing
```

Refer the incomplete code given below for Spring Security	dispCstLogin.html, cstSecureLogin,uname,pwd
CustomSecurityLoginPage.jsp 1 <form 2="" action="<c:url value='cstSecureLogin/" name="uname" type="text" user:<input=""> 3 Password:<input <a="" href="https://docs.org/recommons.org/leg/bases/bases/bases/" name='pwd" >
 4 <input name="submit" type="submit" value="submit" /> 5 </form></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Configuration in Spring security' s="" type="password"/>Configuration in Spring security's <a and="" below="" code="" code:<="" complete="" given="" help="" href="https://docs.org/recommons.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Management APP: On Page 1 Student will enter details. On clicking submit, details are displayed on Page2 which is review page On clicking submit on Page 2 requests submitted to url /studentsConfirm to pay the Confirmed details on Page 3. Asume details on Pages are stored in StudentBean object " incomplete="" jhon="" refer="" stuobj"="" td="" the="" this="" to=""><td></td></form>	
@ControllerLine1 public class StudentController //Assume request handlers for the other requests are coded properly @RequestMapping (value="/studentConfirm", method = RequestMethod.GET) public ModelAndView confirmStudentDetails(Line2StudentBean studentBean) //Code to get the studentBean object is written here ModelAndView modelAndView = new ModelAndView(); modelAndView setViewName("ConfirmStudentDetails"); modelAndView.addObject("message", "Hi, Welcome" + studentBean.getStudentName()) return modelAndView } Choose from below a valid option, in the order as it appears to complete the above code"	
Spring does not store the data in instead stores in	requestScope,SpringModel
Choose from below valid option.	

Code not visible clearly: Assume that HTML code exists which submits a POST request validatedLogin.html with parameter name: uName and pwd Choose from below valid option in the order as it appears to complete above code	Choose the best option 1- RequestMethod.POST, @RequesParam("uName"), @RequestParam("pwd") 2- RequestMethod.GET, @Param("uName"), @Param("pwd") 3- RequestMethod.GET, @RequestMapping("userName"), @RequestMapping("password") 4- Request Method.POST, @RequestParam("userName"), @RequestParam("password")
In Spring Rest, which of the following triggers HttpMessageConverter to convert the Java to JSON, XML, other MIME type based on configuration? Choose most appropriate option.	@RequestBody
Which of the following statements is/are correct with respect to Spring MVC. 1. A Spring MVC application can have multiple child context. 2. Child context belongs to DispatcherServlet. Choose the most appropriate option.	Both (1) and (2)

Jack is new to Spring MVC and wants to display home.jsp, when ever request for the home.html is placed. Help jack to complete code given below.	prefix, suffix, setViewName("home"), addObject
Configuration file:	
Assume other configuration is done properly <bean class="org.springframework.web.servlet.view.InternalResourceViewResolver"></bean>	
Controller	
<pre>@Controller public class LoginController { @RequestMapping(value="/home.html", method = RequestMethod.GET) public ModelAndView getWelcomeMessage() { ModelAndView mv = new ModelAndView(); mvLine3; mvLine4("obj","Welcome!! "): return mv; } </pre>	
home.jsp	
<html> <h2>\${obj}</h2></html>	
Continuation	
Which of the following is used to translate the logical view name to physical view name.	ViewResolver
In Spring Rest, which of the following triggers HttpMessageConverter to convert the request data in JSON to Java Object type?	@RequestBody
Choose most appropriate option.	

Refer the incomplete code given below Controller	@Autowired,@ModelAttribute, @PersistanceContext,Items,\$(designations)
@Controller public class EmployeeController {	
Line1 private EmployeeDAO employeeDao; }	
DAO Layer	
@Repository public class EmployeeDAO {	
Line2 private EntityManagerFactory entityManagerFactory; }	
Choose from below a valid option to complete the above code in the order as it appears.	

```
Refer the incomplete code given below:
                                                                                                         @ModelAttribute, @Valid, BindingResult, hasBindErrors,
Controller
                                                                                                         ReloadableResourceBundleMessageSource
========
@Controller
public class EmployeeController {
  //Assume method to display the view and do model binding already exists
  @RequestMapping(value = "registration", method = RequestMethod.POST)
  public ModelAndView register( Line1_("employeeBean")_Line2_EmployeeBean
                                    employeeBean, Line3 result) {
     ModelAndView modelAndView = new ModelAndView();
     //Your code goes here
  return modelAndView;
View
<form:form method = "POST" modelAttribute = "employeeBean" action = "registration.html">
  Employee Name : <form:input path = "name" /></br>
  Password : <form:password path = "password" /></br>
   <input type ="submit" value ="Register">
  <spring: __Line4__name="employeeBean">
  <h3>All Errors</h3>
     <form:errors path="*"css Class="error"/>
  </spring: Line4 >
</form:form>
Configuration file
==========
<beans>
Continued.....
Choose from below the beans that are not ingerited from the spring mvc's parent context.
                                                                                                         All bean are not inherited
```

Refer the incomplete code given below for a Spring REST based Application: @RestController public class CstController { //Line-1 public ResponseEntity <list<cstbean>> getDetails(@PathVariable("p1")double data) { List<cstbean> list = cstServiceImpl.getCstDetails(data); //Logic goes here Assume application is deployed on port 8090 and following URL is hit to access the application "using a web BROWSER" URL https://</cstbean></list<cstbean>	@RequestMapping(value="cst/controller/getDetailsin Range/{p1} method=RequestMethod.GET, produces=MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)
Choose from below a valid option to be placed at "Line-1" to complete the above code so that Json response is returned in response to the request.	
It is required to secure the Spring MVC based application using the following matrix by using Spring Security 4.x "/saveStudent**" - should be accessible to ADMIN .	<intercept-url <intercept-url="" access="ROLE_ADMIN ROLE_USER" pattern="/getStudentDetails**"></intercept-url>
Choose from below a valid option to complete the above code	
Refer the below incomplete code for a Spring REST based application @RequestMapping(value="/students/updateStudent", method=_Line1PUT, consumes=_Line2APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)	RequestMethod, MediaType, ResponseEntity, @RequestBody
Refer the incomplete code given below: @Controller public class CstController { Assume that a view exists that submits the Request for action "/registration" using Spring form's default request submission method. Choose from below a valid option in the order as is appears to complete above code:	@RequestMapping, RequestMethod.GET
Which of the following statement(s) is/are CORRECT with respect to Spring MVC?	both(i)and(ii)
(i) In an application there can be more than one web context (ii) Web context belongs to whole application	
Choose the most appropriate option.	
Spring does not store the data ininstead stores in Choose from below a valid option	request scope, SpringModel

Which of the following statement(s) is/are CORRECT with respect to Spring MVC? (i) A Spring MVC application can have multiple child context (ii) Child context belongs to DispatcherServlet Choose the most appropriate option.	both(i)and(ii)
Which maven dependency is used to create a spring boot web application?	<dependency> <groupid>org.springframework.boot</groupid> <artifactid>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactid> </dependency>
myWizard DevOps is build on which tool?	Kubernetes
<assume are="" configured="" dependencies="" other=""> <dependency> <groupid>Line2<!--Dependency for web application--> </groupid></dependency> starter Class ======Line3 public class application{ public static void main(string[] args){ /*code goes here*/ } } controller ==========Line4 public class Eemployeecontroller{ //code goes here }</assume>	A)server port,spring-boot-starter-web,@SpringBootApplication C)server port,spring-boot-starter-web,@springbootapp
The Http verb which is Idempotent ans safe is	Get
What is the correct syntax to generate a drop down box	All the above
A valid option representing the proper name of the default properties files in springboot (1) application properties (2) web.xml (3)application.xml	only(i)
Refer the below incompleted code for a spring rest based application @RequestMapping(value="/students/updatestudent" ,method=Line1put, consumes=line2APPLICATION_json_value)	RequuestMethod, MediaType, ResponsesEntity, @RequestBody
Which of the Following statement is/are CORRECT with respect to Spring MVC? (1)In an application there can be more than one web context (2) web context belongs to whole application	only(i)
refer the incomplete code given below Controller ======= @controller John is creating a custom beam validation for spring MVC application.	
He created an annotation and a validation class. Which has the actual validation logic .help john to complete the code	

Refer the incomplete code given below for the "spring Form" <form.formline1 "loginbean"="" "validatelogn.html"="" line2=""></form.formline1>	BeanPostProcessors and BeanFactoryPostProcessors Request scope, SpringModel <form:input path="firstName" size="30"></form:input> <form:errors \="" path="firstName"></form:errors> TRUE
Refer to the following statements:- Statement 1: A Command Class is called a FormBacking Bean. Statement 2: This class also returns a ModelAndView Object. Choose the most appropriate option:- 1)Statement 1 is True and Statement 2 is False 2)Statement 2 is True and Statement 1 is False 3)Both the statements are True 4)Both the statements are False Identify the right syntax to add data to a ModelAndView object and send to the Controller. Choose two most appropriate options. ModelAndView mv = new ModelAndView(); mv.addObject("data",new SomeData());	Statement 1 is True and Statement 2 is False ModelAndView mv = new ModelAndView(); mv.addObject("data",new SomeData());
new ModelAndView("data",new SomeData()); new ModelAndView(new SomeData(),"data"); The annotation is used to inject dataobjects before a jsp page loads in order to ensure that the jsppage has all the data required to display itself. Choose the most appropriate option: @ModelAttribute @Model @ModelMap @ModelData	@ModelAttribute
Assume the below code is written in a Controller class 1@modelAttribute("countryList"); 2public List <string> populateCountry(){ List<string> myList=new ArrayList<string>(); myList.add("India"); myList.add("US"); return myList; }</string></string></string>	<pre><form:radiobuttons items="\${countryList}" path="country"></form:radiobuttons></pre>

the annotation is used to inject data objects before a jsp page loads in	@ModelAttribute
oder to ensure that jsp page has all data required to display itself	Wivida Milliputo
the tag in sprng view page will help users view validation related errors	<form:errors></form:errors>
Assumingly we are using Spring's Validation framework. In order to display a text field along with its error message(s), which of the following options will you use to accomplish this?	<pre><form:input path="firstName" size="30"></form:input> <form:errors \="" path="firstName"></form:errors></pre>
the valid implementations of view resolver in spring MVC are:	option 1 and 2
in spring mvc the front controller uses handlerMapping implementaton to fgure out which controller class should process request.	option 1
consider the below code: <servlet> <servlet-name>myadmin </servlet-name> <servlet-class>org.sprngframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet</servlet-class> </servlet>	optionA:myadmin-servlet.xml
which spring mvc component maps logical view to actual view.	ViewResolver
indentify component of spring mvc	all of above
A handler method annotated with @RequestMapping supports String as its return type. State True or False 1. TRUE 2. FALSE	TRUE
Refer to the following statements:- Statement 1: A Command Class is called a FormBacking Bean. Statement 2: This class also returns a ModelAndView Object. Choose the most appropriate option:- 1)Statement 1 is True and Statement 2 is False 2)Statement 2 is True and Statement 1 is False 3)Both the statements are True 4)Both the statements are False	Statement 1 is True and Statement 2 is False
Identify the right syntax to add data to a ModelAndView object and send to the Controller. Choose two most appropriate options. ModelAndView mv = new ModelAndView(); mv.addObject("data",new SomeData()); new ModelAndView("data",new SomeData()); new ModelAndView(new SomeData(),"data");	option 1 and 2
@ModelAttribute(countrylist") public list <string>populatecountry(){ List<string>myList=new ArrayList<string>(); myList.add("india"); myList.add("Us"); return myLst }</string></string></string>	<pre><form:radiobuttons items="\${countryList}" path="country"></form:radiobuttons></pre>

Refer the below incomplete code: @RestController public class StudentController { @RequestMapping(value = "/deleteStudentByld/{id}", method = RequestMethod.DELETE, produces = MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE) publicLine1 <studentbean> deleteStudent(@PathVariable("id") int myld) { if (studentService.getStudentDetailsByld(myld) == null) { StudentBean studentBean1= null; return new ResponseEntity<studentbean>(studentBean1,Line2); } StudentBean studentBean2= studentService.deleteStudent(myld); return new ResponseEntity<studentbean>(studentBean2,Line3); }</studentbean></studentbean></studentbean>	ResponseEntity,HttpStatus.INTERNAL_SERVER_ERROR, HttpStatus.OK
Choose from below a valid option, in the order as it appears, so that it returns the status 200 when employee is deleted successfully else it return 500, Assume service and DAO alreday implemented	
Refer the incomplete code given below to exclude the tomcat embedded container and include jetty pom.xml	exclusions, exclusion, spring-boot-starter-jetty
<pre><dependency> <groupid>org.springframework.boot</groupid> <artifactid>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactid> <!-- Excluding Tomcat--> < Line1> < Line2> <groupid>org.springframework.boot</groupid> <artifactid>spring-boot-starter-tomcat</artifactid> <!--_ Line2--> <!--_ Line1--> <!--_ Line1--> </dependency> <!-- Including Jetty--> <dependency> <groupid>org.springframework.boot</groupid> <artifactid> Line3</artifactid> </dependency> <groupid>org.springframework.boot</groupid> <artifactid> Line3</artifactid> Choose from below a valid option to complete the above code, in the order as it appears.</pre>	
Refer the incomplete code given below for Spring MVC controllerLine1 public class GreetController {Line2 (Line3 ="/home") public ModelAndView homePage(){ } } Choose from below a valid option, in the order as it appears, to complete the above code	@Controller, @RequestMapping,value

Refer the below incomplete code of Spring MVC application: BackEndControllerLine1 public class LoginController { @RequestMapping(value= "/greet.html", method = RequestMethod.GET) public ModelAndView getWelcomeMessage() { ModelAndView mv = new ModelAndView(); mvLine2 ("Line3"); mvLine4 ("modelObj","Hi, Welcome!!") return mv; } } welcome.jsp:	@Controller,setViewName,welcome.jsp, addObject, \${modelObj}
<a authorities-by-username-query="_Line3" href="https://www.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe.ncbe</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Refer the below security data base schema: msd_users (username (P.K.),password ,enabled); msd_user_roles (user_role_id (P.K.), username (F.K. REFERENCES msd_users (username)),role); Refer the below incomplete security configuration <authentication-manager> <authentication-provider> <jdbc-user-service data-source-ref=" line1"="" users-by-username-query="Line2"> Choose from below a valid option, in the order as it appears where the queries will retrieve the security credentails from the database schema. Assume security data source is already made available and resolved in the configuration file with name "securityDataSource".	securityDataSource, select username,password, enabled from msd_users where username=?, select username, role from msd_user_roles where username =?
Refer below the incomplete spring security configuration Line2"pattern="/GetDetails**" access="ROLE_MSD_ADMIN,ROLE_MSD_DBA,ROLE_MSD_USER" />Line3 Choose from below a valid option, in the order as it appears, to complete the above code	use-expressions="false", intercept-url, <formlogin></formlogin>

```
Refer the incomplete code given below:
                                                                                                     @Autowired,@ModelAttribute,
                                                                                                     @Valid,BindingResult,
Controller
========
                                                                                                     @PersistenceContext,hasBindErrors
@Controller
public class EmployeeController {
  Line1
private EmployeeDAO employeeDAO;
//Assume required annotation already exists
public ModelAndView saveEmployee( Line2 ("employeeBean") Line3 EmployeeBean
employeeBean, Line4 result) {
//Code to invoke the DAO addEmployee(employeeBean)
DAO Layer
=======
@Repository
//Assume required annotation already exists
public class EmployeeDAO{
  Line5
private EntityManager entityManager;
//Assume addEmployee(EmployeeBean employeeBean) is already coded
View
====
<form:form modelAttribute="employeeBean" action="saveEmployee.html">
<!--Code goes here to enter the employee details-->
<input type="submit" value="Register"/>
<spring: Line6 name="employeeBean">
<h3>All Errors</h3>
<form:errors path="*" cssClass="error" />
</spring: Line6 >
</form:form>
Note: Assume EmployeeBean, EmployeeEntity are coded, and messages.properties, configuration are configure
Choose from below a valid option to complete the above code, in the order as it appears.
```

Refer the incomplete code given below: application.properties	spring.datasource.url,spring-boot-starter-datajpa, @RepositoryDefinition,@Param,
	@PathVariable
#Assume other properties are configured	O Company of the comp
#Database url	
Line1 = jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/springbootdb	
pom.xml	
======	
Assume other dependencies are configured	
<dependency></dependency>	
<pre><groupid>org.springframework.boot</groupid></pre>	
<pre><artifactid>Line2</artifactid><!-- Dependency for DB--></pre>	
DAO	
===	
Line3(domainClass=EmployeeEntity.class,idClass=Integer.class)	
public interface EmployeeDAO{	
@Query("select k from EmployeeEntity k where k.salary>=:salary")	
List <employeeentity> getAllEmployeesBySalary(Line4Double salary);</employeeentity>	
}	
Controller	
@RestController	
public class EmployeeController {	
//Assume required DAO is injected by using appropriate annotation	
@RequestMapping(value="getDetailsBySalary/{salary}",method=RequestMethod.GET,	
produces=MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)	
public ResponseEntity <list<employeebean>> getEmployeeDetailsBySalary(Line5_</list<employeebean>	
("salary")Double salary){	
//Code to call dao.getAllEmployeesBySalary(salary) goes here	
Assume the Starter Class is coded appropriately.	
Choose from below a valid option to complete the above code, in the order as it appears.	
In myWizard DevOps, the following practices are used such as	Operational Improvements
1. Continuous Integration	
2. Continuous Delivery	
3. Process Automation	
4. Cloud	
These process usage leads with a focus on which of the following improvements?	

It is required by Jack to fetch employee details, such that salary is greater than and equal to certain value, and role of employee should be equal to certian value. Refer the incomplete code given below and help Jack to complete the requirment: application.properties	spring.datasource.url,spring-boot-starter-datajpa, @RepositoryDefinition,findBySalaryGreaterThanEqualAndRole, @PathVariable
#Assume other properties are configured properly	
#Database url	
Line1= jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/springbootdb	
pom.xml	
======	
Assume other dependencies are configured	
<pre><dependency></dependency></pre>	
<pre><groupid>org.springframework.boot</groupid> <artifactid> Line2 </artifactid><!-- Dependency for DB--></pre>	
	
DAO	
===	
Line3(domainClass=EmployeeEntity.class,idClass=Integer.class)	
public interface EmployeeDAO{	
List <employeeentity>Line4(Double salary,String role);</employeeentity>	
}	
Controller	
======================================	
@RestController	
public class EmployeeController { //Assume required DAO is injected by using appropriate annotation	
@RequestMapping(value="emp/controller/getEmployeeDetailsBySalaryAndRole/{salary}	
{role}",method=RequestMethod.GET,produces=MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)	
public ResponseEntity <list<employeebean>> getEmployeeDetailsBySalaryAndRole(Line5</list<employeebean>	
("salary")Double	
salary,Line4String role){	
//Code to call dao method goes here	
}	
}	
Assume the Starter Class is coded appropriately.	
Choose from below a valid option to complete the above code, in the order as it appears.	