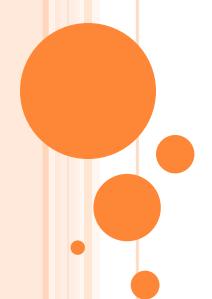
SENTIMENT ANALYSIS: TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES









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SENTIMENT ANALYSIS WHAT PEOPLE THINK?

What others think has always been an important piece of information

"Which car should I buy?"

"Which schools should I apply to?

"Which company to work for?"

"Whom should I vote for?"



SO WHOM SHALL I ASK?

Pre Web

- Friends and relatives
- Acquaintances
- Consumer Reports

Post Web



"...I don't know who..but apparently it's a good phone. It has good battery life and..."

- Blogs (google blogs, livejournal)
- E-commerce sites (amazon, ebay)
- Review sites (CNET, PC Magazine)
- Discussion forums (forums.craigslist.org, forums.macrumors.com)
- Friends and Relatives (occasionally)



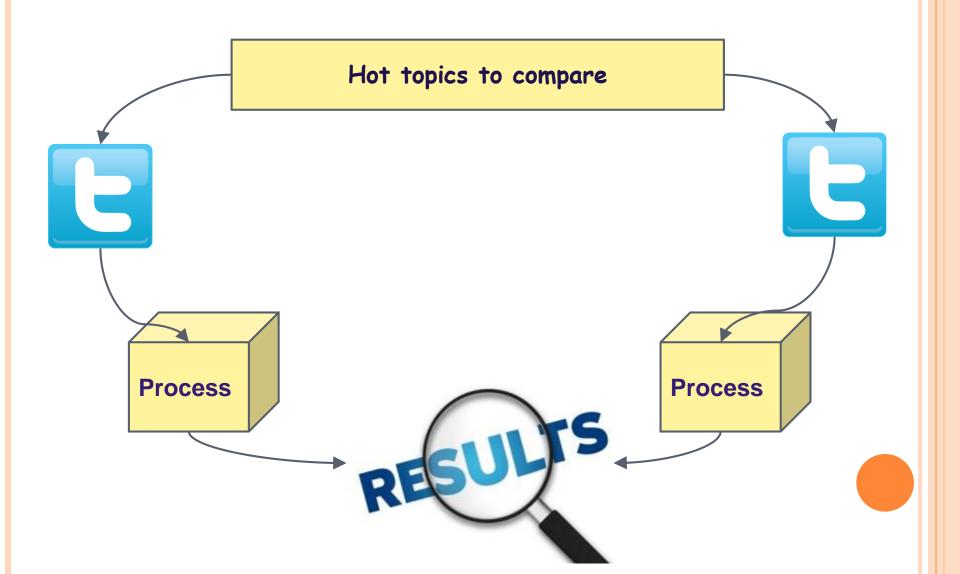
WHAT NEXT?

"Whoala! I have the reviews I need"

But now I have too much of information!! What to do with that?



OUR PROJECT



RESEARCH WORK

Classifiers:

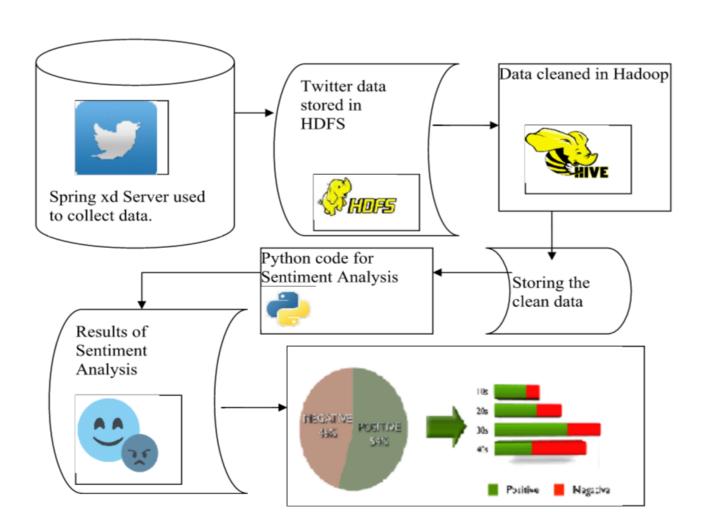
Classification	Adv	Disadv
1. Naive Bayes Classifier	Simple, Intuitive	Assumes conditional independence
2. SVM	Universal learners	Moderate results
3. Neural networks	Superior results	Slow learners
4. Decision tree classifier	Fast and scalable	Instability
5. Rule Based Classifier	Highly Expressive	Comparatively less accurate
6. Maximum Entropy Classifier	Suitable for text classification	Optimizing is comparatively slow
7. Lexicon Based Approach	Saves time	Need to maintain separate dictionary

Tools: Meltwater, Google analytics, Social mention

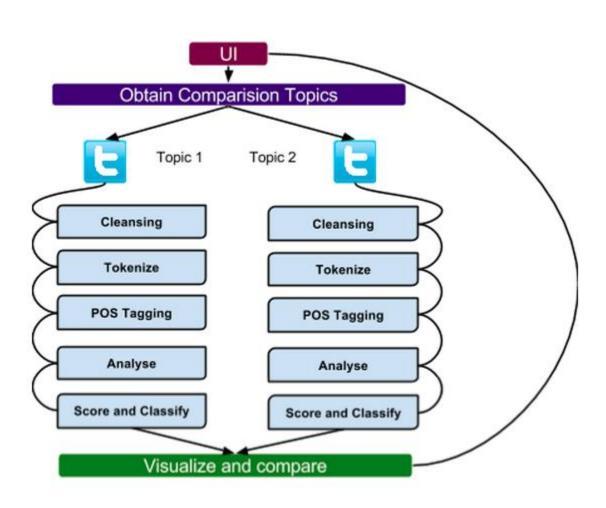
RELATED FIELDS TO SENTIMENTAL ANALYSIS

- Emotion Detection:
 - SA task
 - More into finding exact emotion
- Building Resources
 - Creating Dictionaries
 - Not exactly SA but can be used to improve SA and ED
- Transfer Learning
 - Extracting information from auxiliary domain to improvise learning in target domain

HIGH LEVEL ARCHITECTURE



DATA FLOW



DECIDING ON STRUCTURE OF OUR TEXT

Lexicon based sentiment analysis--- with the help of dictionaries. NLTK Library used for -- split tweets into sentences, tokenization and POS tagging

- Each tweet is a list of sentences.
- Each sentence is a list of tokens
- Each token is a tuple of three elements: a word form (the exact word

that anneared in the text) a word lemma (a generalized version of the			
Sentence segmentation	Frank met the president. He	Sentence 1: Frank met the president.	
Identify sentence boundaries	said: "Hi! What's up - Mr.	Sentence 2: He said: "Hi What's up -	
	President?"	Mr. President?"	
Tokenization Identify word boundaries	My phone tries to change 'eating' to 'dating'. #hateautocorrect	[My] [phone] [tries] [to] [change] ['] [eating] ['] [to] ['] [dating] ['] [.] [#hateautocorrect]	
Stemming/lemmatization	eating, ate, eat	eat, eat	
Part-of-Speech tagging	If you build it, he will come	If you build it , he will come	

IN PRP VBP PRP , PRP MD

Our Sentence cmpe 239 is very interesting



['cmpe', '239', 'is', 'very', 'interesting']



['cmpe', '239', 'is', 'very', 'interesting']

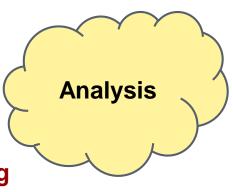
[('cmpe', 'cmpe', ['NN']), ('239', '239', ['NN']), ('is', 'is', ['VBZ']), ('very', 'very', ['RB']), ('interesting', 'interesting', 'Interesti



['cmpe', '239', 'is', 'very', 'interesting']

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[('cmpe', 'cmpe', ['NN']), ('239', '239', ['NN']), ('is', 'is', ['VBZ']), ('very', 'very', ['RB']), ('interesting', 'interesting', 'Interesti
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[('cmpe', 'cmpe', ['NN']), ('239', '239', ['NN']), ('is', 'is', ['VBZ']), ('very', 'very', ['inc', 'RB']), ('interesting', 'interesting', ['positive', 'JJ'])]



['cmpe', '239', 'is', 'very', 'interesting']

[('cmpe', 'cmpe', ['NN']), ('239', '239', ['NN']), ('is', 'is', ['VBZ']), ('very', 'very', ['RB']), ('interesting', 'interesting', 'Interesti

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analyzing sentiment...



['cmpe', '239', 'is', 'very', 'interesting']

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analyzing sentiment...

Positive

DEMO HTTP://SENTITWEETS.APPSPOT.COM

THANK YOU