

SESSION12PROGRAMS(String/TypeCasting/Wrapper Classes/MultiThreading)

Program 1 String Example

```
1. public class StringExample{
2. public static void main(String args[]){
3. String s1="java";//creating string by Java string literal
4. char ch[]={'s','t','r','i','n','g','s'};
5. String s2=new String(ch);//converting char array to string
6. String s3=new String("example");//creating Java string by new keyword
7. System.out.println(s1);
8. System.out.println(s2);
9. System.out.println(s3);
10.}}
```

Program2 Test immutable string

```
1. class Testimmutablestring1{
2. public static void main(String args[]){
3. String s="Sachin";
4. s.concat(" Tendulkar");
5. System.out.println(s);
6. }
7. }
```

Program3 StringComparison

```
1. class Teststringcomparison1{
2.     public static void main(String args[]){
3.         String s1="Sachin";
4.         String s2="Sachin";
5.         String s3=new String("Sachin");
6.         String s4="Saurav";
7.         System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));//true
8.         System.out.println(s1.equals(s3));//true
9.         System.out.println(s1.equals(s4));//false
10.    }
11. }
```

Program4 StringConcatenation

```
1. class TestStringConcatenation1{
2.     public static void main(String args[]){
3.         String s="Sachin"+" Tendulkar";
4.         System.out.println(s);//Sachin Tendulkar
5.         String s1=50+30+"Sachin"+40+40;
6.         System.out.println(s1);//80Sachin4040
7.         String s3=s.concat(s1);
8.         System.out.println(s3);//Sachin Tendulkar80Sachin4040
9.
10.    }
11. }
```

Type Casting(Primitive Data Types)

- **Widening Casting** (automatically) - converting a smaller type to a larger type size
byte -> short -> char -> int -> long -> float -> double
- **Narrowing Casting** (manually) - converting a larger type to a smaller size type
double -> float -> long -> int -> char -> short -> byte

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int myInt = 9;  
        double myDouble = myInt; // Automatic casting: int to double  
  
        System.out.println(myInt);    // Outputs 9  
        System.out.println(myDouble); // Outputs 9.0  
    }  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        double myDouble = 9.78d;  
        int myInt = (int) myDouble; // Manual casting: double to int  
  
        System.out.println(myDouble); // Outputs 9.78  
        System.out.println(myInt);    // Outputs 9  
    }  
}
```

Class Type Casting(Parent/Child Classes)

Typecasting is the assignment of the value of one class type to another class type.

1. **Upcasting** is casting a subtype to a super type in an upward direction to the inheritance tree.

Parent p = Child c (Implicit casting)

2. **Downcasting** refers to the procedure when subclass type refers to the object of the parent class is known as downcasting.

Child c=(Child) Parent p
(Explicit casting)

Upcasting Program

```
// Importing input output classes
import java.io.*;

// Class 1
// Parent class
class Parent
{
    // Function
    void show()
    {
        // Print message for this class
        System.out.println("Parent show method is called");
    }
}
```

Core Java Training

```
// Class 2
// Child class
class Child extends Parent
{

    // Overriding existing method of Parent class
    @Override

    // Same Function which will override
    // existing Parent class function
    void show()
    {

        // Print message for this class
        System.out.println("Child show method is called");
    }

}

// Class3
// Main class
class GFG
{

    // Main driver method
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        // Creating a Parent class object
        // but referencing it to a Child class
        Parent obj = new Child();

        // Calling the show() method to execute
        obj.show();
    }
}
```

Downcasting Program

```
// Java Program to illustrate Downcasting
// Importing input output classes
import java.io.*;

// Class 1
// Parent class
class Vehicles {
}

// Class 2
// Child class
class Car extends Vehicles {
    static void method(Vehicles v)
    {
        //
        if (v instanceof Car) {

            // Downcasting
            Car c = (Car)v;

            // Display message
            System.out.println("Downcasting performed");
        }
    }
}

// Main driver method
public static void main(String[] args)
{
    // Creating an object of Vehicle class
    // and referring it to Car class
    Vehicles v = new Car();
    Car.method(v);
}
}
```

SESSION 12 ASSIGNMENTS

1. Write a Java program to convert float to int , double to int ,long to int.
2. Write a Java program to create parent class Bank , child class SBI & Main class. In the main class create objects of Bank & SBI class by upcasting .Write method displayBankdetails in Bank class . Override this method in SBI class with appropriate message. Call displayBankdetails in main method by objects of Bank & SBI class . Run the application . Observe the Output/Exception
3. Write a program to compare 2 strings , concat 3 strings.