# NetSDK\_Python

# **Programming Manual**



## **Foreword**

## **Purpose**

Welcome to use NetSDK (hereinafter referred to be "SDK") programming manual (hereinafter referred to be "the manual").

The manual describes the main function modules, interfaces and calling relationships, and provides example codes.

The example codes provided in the manual are only for demonstrating the procedure and not assured to copy for use.

#### Readers

- SDK software development engineers
- Project managers
- Product managers

## Safety Instructions

The following categorized signal words with defined meaning might appear in the manual.

| Signal Words     | Meaning   |  |
|------------------|---|--|
| DANGER           | Indicates a high potential hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.  |  |
| warning warning  | Indicates a medium or low potential hazard which, if not avoided, could result in slight or moderate injury.                              |  |
| <b>A</b> CAUTION | Indicates a potential risk which, if not avoided, could result in property damage, data loss, lower performance, or unpredictable result. |  |
| OT TIPS          | Provides methods to help you solve a problem or save you time.  |  |
| NOTE             | Provides additional information as the emphasis and supplement to the text.   |  |

#### **Revision History**

| Version | Revision Content   | Release Time  |  |
|---------|--|---------------|--|
| V1.0.4  | Added sections 2.11, 2.12, 2.13, 2.14,                       | July 2024     |  |
| V1.0.4  | 3.11, 3.12, 3.13, 4.11, and Appendix 4.                      | July 2024     |  |
| V1.0.3  | Add Appendix 2 Intelligent Events.                           | December 2023 |  |
| V1.0.2  | Updated some descriptions.                                   | February 2023 |  |
| V1.0.1  | Change the packing method of package library to whl package. | October 2020  |  |
| V1.0.0  | First release.   | May 2020      |  |

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# **Glossary**

This chapter provides the definitions to some of the terms that appear in the manual to help you understand the function of each module.

| Term             | Definition  |
|------------------|---|
| Main Stroam      | A type of video stream that usually has better resolution and clarity and   |
| Main Stream      | provides a better experience if the network resource is not restricted.     |
|                  | A type of video stream that usually has lower resolution and clarity than   |
| Sub Stream       | the main stream but demands less network resources. The user can            |
|                  | choose the stream type according to the particular scenes.                  |
|                  | Resolution is consisted of display resolution and image resolution. Display |
| Resolution       | resolution refers to the quantity of pixels in unit area, and the image     |
| Resolution       | resolution refers to information quantity (the quantity of pixels per inch) |
|                  | stored in the image.  |
|                  | An abstract concept of the communication and video stream                   |
|                  | transmission between NetSDK and devices. For example, if a number of        |
| Video Channel    | cameras (SD, IPC) are mounted on a storage device (NVR), the storage        |
| video Channei    | device manages the cameras as video channels which are numbered from        |
|                  | 0. If NetSDK connects to the camera directly, the video channel is usually  |
|                  | numbered as 0.  |
| Motion Detection | When detecting a moving object on the image, an motion detection            |
| Alarm            | alarm will be uploaded.   |

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## 1 Overview

#### 1.1 General

The following are the main functions:

Device login, live view, record playback, record download, remote snapshot, alarm upload, device search, intelligent event upload and snapshot, device restart, device timing and more.

Table 1-1 Files of NetSDK library

| Library Type                  | Library File Name   | Library File Description                     |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Function library              | dhnetsdk.dll        | Library file                                 |
| runction library              | avnetsdk.dll        | Library file                                 |
| Configuration library         | dhconfigsdk.dll     | Library file                                 |
| Play (coding and              | dhplay.dll          | Play library                                 |
| decoding auxiliary<br>library | field avec all      | Fish average as we still be                  |
|                               | fisheye.dll         | Fishereye correction                         |
|                               | Infra.dll           | Base library                                 |
| Dependent library of          | json.dll            | Json library                                 |
| "avnetsdk.dll"                | NetFramework.dll    | Network base library                         |
| avnetsuk.dii                  | Stream.dll          | Media transmission structure package library |
|                               | StreamSvr.dll       | Stream service                               |
| Auxiliary library of "        | IvsDrawer.dll       | Image display library                        |
| dhnetsdk "                    | StreamConvertor.dll | Transcoding database                         |

Table 1-2 Files of package project

| File Name       | File Description   |  |
|-----------------|--|--|
| NotCDK nv       | Call NetSDK library to package the interfaces as Python interfaces |  |
| NetSDK.py       | which can be used by users.  |  |
| SDK_Callback.py | Store the callbacks used by the NetSDK library.                    |  |
| SDK_Enum.py     | Store the enumerations used by the NetSDK library.                 |  |
| SDK_Struct.py   | Store the structures used by the NetSDK library.                   |  |

#### $\square$

- The function library and configuration library are necessary libraries.
- The function library is the main body of SDK, which is used for interaction between client and products, remotely controls device, queries device data, configures device data information, and gets and handles the streams.
- NetSDK library is the base of the Python package project. In project, file NetSDK.py file defines
  the reference path of the NetSDK library, and you need to put the NetSDK library under the
  corresponding path when using it. Users can customize the reference path.
- All the externally used interfaces are defined in the NetClient class. Before using, you need to
  define an object of the NetClient class, and then call the interfaces in the class by the object.

## 1.2 Applicability

- Recommended memory: No less than 512 M
- Python version: 3.7 version and later
- Operating system:
  - ♦ Windows: Windows 10/Windows 8.1/Windows 7/2000 and Windows Server 2008/2003.
  - Linux: General Linux systems such as Red Hat/SUSE.

## 1.3 Demo Running

- Download and unzip the Python version of NetSDK development kit, then find the .whl file in the dist folder. The corresponding name might vary slightly with the system, such as "NetSDK-2.0.0.1-py3-none-win amd64.whl" or "NetSDK-2.0.0.1-py3-none-linux\_i686.whl".
- This file is the python installation package of the NetSDK package library. After installing this file, Demo can directly "import NetSDK" and use its content for easier development.

## 1.3.1 Installing whl File

- <u>Step 1</u> Install python3.7, and add the installation directory to the system environment variables.
- <u>Step 2</u> Start instruction terminal to run the following command to install pyqt5 and pyqt5-tools.

pip install pyqt5

pip install pyqt5-tools

<u>Step 3</u> Open the command terminal in the directory where the whl file is saved, and then run the following command to install the plug-in.

pip install NetSDK-2.0.0.1-py3-none-win\_amd64.whl

#### **Notes**

- In Windows, the installation file is installed in the "NetSDK" folder in the "\Lib\site-packages" directory of the Python installation directory. In Linux, the installation file is installed in the "NetSDK" folder in the "site-packages" directory of the Python installation directory. If you need to refer to or change the content, refer to the files in the directory. Plug-ins installed by users are stored in the "site-packages" directory. The above mentioned PyQt is also in this directory.
- If you need to uninstall the plug-in, use the command "pip uninstall NetSDK".
- If both python2 and python3 exist in the system, replace "pip" in the command with "pip3".
- After installing whl, you can import NetSDK to develop relevant functions of SDK. Programs developed by customers do not rely on PyQt.
- If the Internet does not work, the installation cannot be successful through running the above command. Go to pypi module of python official website (<a href="https://pypi.org/">https://pypi.org/</a>) to download the following plug-ins, install correct versions of plug-ins according to versions of the system and python. The installation sequence is: python\_dotenv, click, PyQt5-sip, PyQt5, pyqt5-tools, PyQt5Designer.
- When installing plug-ins offline, open the command terminal in the plug-in directory, and then

run the command pip install xxx. When demonstrating locally, the commands used are as follows.(Names of Linux plug-ins might be different, there are no difference from Windows.

```
pip install python_dotenv-0.10.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl
pip install Click-7.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl
pip install PyQt5_sip-4.19.13-cp37-none-win_amd64.whl
pip install PyQt5-5.11.3-5.11.2-cp35.cp36.cp37.cp38-none-win_amd64.whl
pip install pyqt5_tools-5.11.3.1.4-cp37-none-win_amd64.whl
pip install PyQt5Designer-5.10.1-cp37-none-win_amd64.whl
```

## 1.3.2 Running Demo

After the whl packager is installed, you can directly run Demo.

Take live view Demo as an example:

Open the "RealPlayDemo" folder, enable the command terminal, and run the command "python RealPlayDemo.py" to start Demo.

In Windows, if the py file is opened by python, you can also directly double-click the RealPlayDemo.py file to start the program.

#### Notes

- If both python2 and python3 exist in the system, replace the command "python RealPlayDemo.py" with "python3 RealPlayDemo.py".
- In Windows, double-click the file to run Demo, and an additional console window will pop up at the back. If you want to hide the console window when running the program, you can change the suffix of RealPlayDemo.py to ".pyw" ("RealPlayDemo.pyw"), then double-click to run it.
- When using PyCharm for development, you only need to open each Demo directory in the Demo folder, instead of the whole directory.

## 1.4 Project Configuration

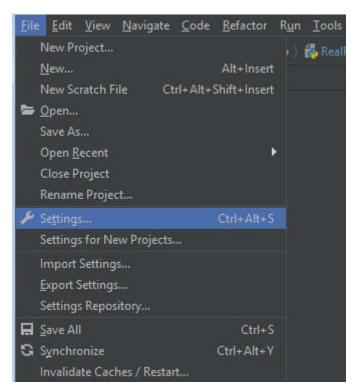
## 1.4.1 Pycharm Configuration

Configure Interpreter, and then run the Demo project by pycharm.

Step 1 Open pycharm.

Step 2 Select File > Settings.

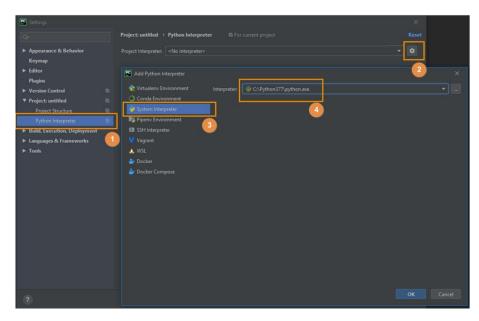
Figure 1-1 Select settings



Step 3 Configure Interpreter.

Information about PyQt5 related software is displayed.

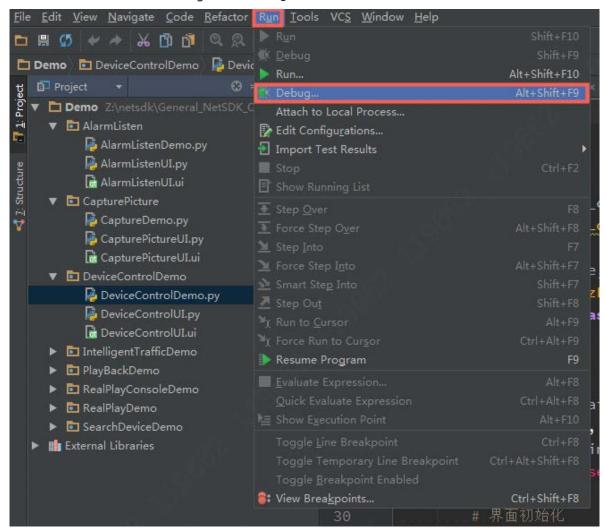
Figure 1-2 Configure interpreter



#### Step 1 Configure Demo.

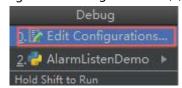
Select Run > Debug.

Figure 1-3 Configure Demo (1)



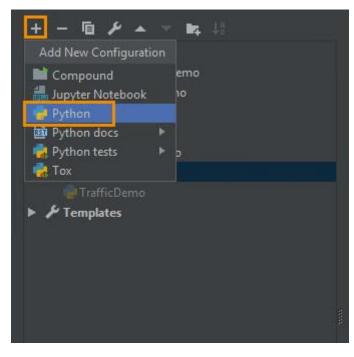
2) Select Edit Configurations.

Figure 1-4 Configure Demo (2)



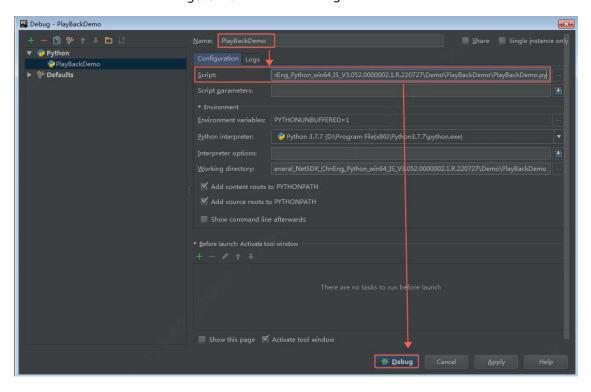
3) Select + > Python.

Figure 1-5 Run Demo (3)



- 4) Set Demo configuration name and path of Demo.py.
  - ♦ Name: Set Demo configuration name.
  - ♦ Script path: Select path of Demo.py. Here takes PlayBackDemo.py as an example.
- 5) Click **Debug** to run Demo.

Figure 1-6 Run Demo configuration



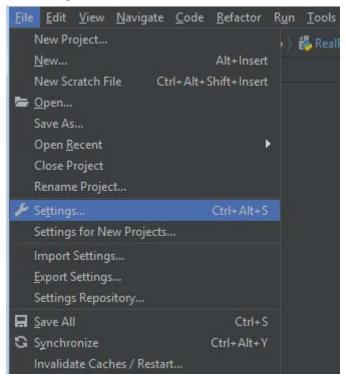
## 1.4.2 Adding Tool to Pycharm

Add pyqt5designer and pyuic5 to pycharm.

- After adding pyqt5designer to pycharm, select the corresponding ui file and open qt designer.
   Use the tool to design UI.
- After adding pyuic5 to pycharm, select the corresponding .ui file and create .py file. View the defined variables through the py file.

<u>Step 1</u> Select File > Settings.

Figure 1-7 Select external tools



<u>Step 2</u> Add pyqt5designer. Select **Tool > External Tools**, and click + to configure parameters. Click **OK**.

Figure 1-8 Add pyqt5designer

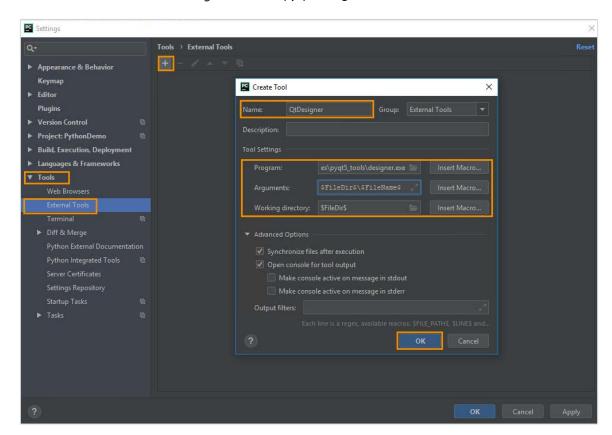


Table 1-3 Parameters of pyqt5designer

| Paramater         | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| Name              | Tool name which can be customized by users, such as QtDesigner.             |
| Program           | Enter the path of pyqt5designer.exe which is in the file folder of Scripts. |
| Arguments         | \$FileDir\$\\$FileName\$  |
| Working directory | \$FileDir\$   |

<u>Step 3</u> Add pyuic5. Click + to configure parameters, and then click **OK**.

Figure 1-9 Add pyuic5

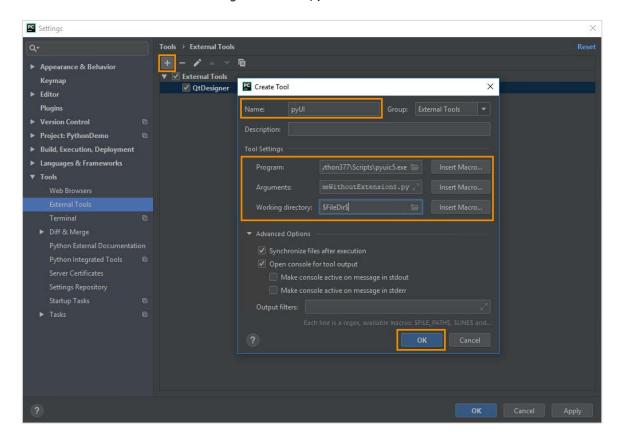


Table 1-4 Parameters of pyuic5

| Paramater         | Description  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Name              | Tool name which can be customized by users, such as PyUI.            |  |
| Program           | Enter the path of pyuic5.exe which is in the file folder of Scripts. |  |
| Arguments         | \$FileName\$ -o \$FileNameWithoutExtension\$.py                      |  |
| Working directory | \$FileDir\$  |  |

Step 4 Use design interface of QtDesigner.

Select the corresponding .ui file, and right-click **External Tools > QtDesigner** to open QtDesigner.

Figure 1-10 Open QtDesigner

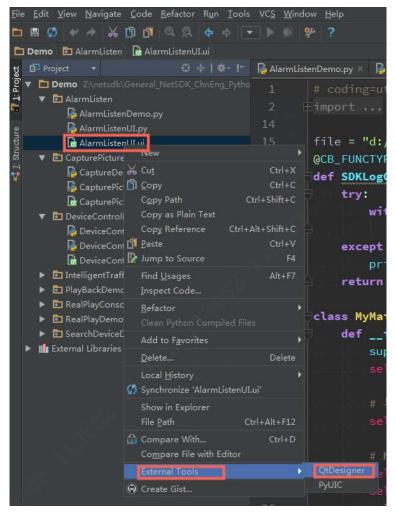
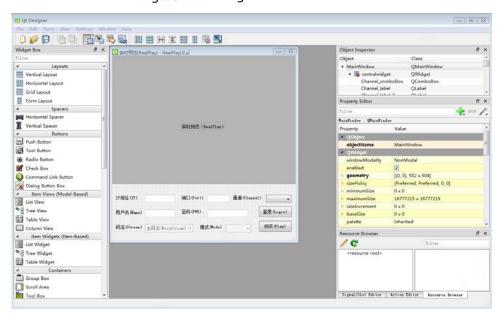


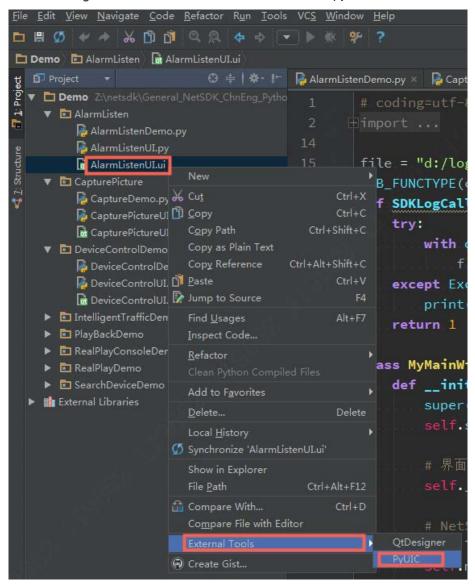
Figure 1-11 Design interface



<u>Step 5</u> Transform file from .ui format to.py format.

Click the corresponding file in .ui format, right click to open menu, and select **External Tools** > **pyuic5** to transform file format.

Figure 1-12 Transform file format from .ui to .py



## **2 Function Modules**

## 2.1 SDK Initialization

#### 2.1.1 Introduction

Initialization is the first step of SDK to conduct all the function modules. It does not have the surveillance function but can set some parameters that affect the SDK overall functions.

- Initialization occupies some memory.
- Only the first initialization is valid within one process.
- After using this function, call cleanup interface to release SDK resource.
- The interfaces between **InitEx** and **Cleanup** are one-to-one corresponding. It is recommended to call it only once when writing codes.

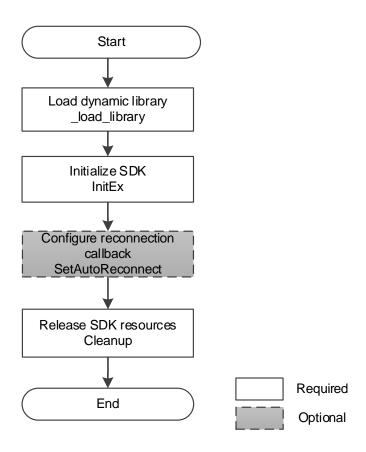
## 2.1.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-1 Interfaces of initialization

| Interface        | Implication                           |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| _load_library    | Load dynamic library.                 |
| InitEx           | Initialize SDK.                       |
| SetAutoReconnect | (Optional) Set reconnection callback. |
| Cleanup          | Release SDK sources.                  |

#### 2.1.3 Process

Figure 2-1 Process of initialization



#### **Notes for Process**

Call **InitEx** only once before using the SDK during the entire Demo running process. And call **Cleanup** once when all SDK-related functions finish, to release SDK resources. These two interfaces do not need to be called with every function.

#### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Call \_load\_library to load dynamic library.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **InitEx** to initialize SDK and set disconnection callback.
- <u>Step 3</u> (Optional) Call **SetAutoReconnect** to set reconnection callback.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources. This function can be called after using NETSDK.

## 2.1.4 Sample Code

```
# state and initialize callback function
self.m_DisConnectCallBack = fDisConnect(self.DisConnectCallBack)
self.m_ReConnectCallBack = fHaveReConnect(self.ReConnectCallBack)
```

```
# get NetSDK object and initialize it

self.sdk = NetClient()

self.sdk.InitEx(self.m_DisConnectCallBack)

self.sdk.SetAutoReconnect(self.m_ReConnectCallBack)

# realize disconnection callback function

def DisConnectCallBack(self, lLoginID, pchDVRIP, nDVRPort, dwUser):
    self.setWindowTitle("live view (RealPlay)-disconnection (OffLine)")

# realize reconnection callback function

def ReConnectCallBack(self, lLoginID, pchDVRIP, nDVRPort, dwUser):
    self.setWindowTitle(' live view (RealPlay)-reconnection(OnLine)')

# release NetSDK resource

self.sdk.Cleanup()
```

### 2.1.5 Note

- InitEx only needed to be called before using NetSDK, which is at the beginning of running Demo. Cleanuponly need to be called after all functions related to NetSDK has been used to release NetSDK resources. These two interfaces do not need to be called each time the functions are used.
- \_load\_library is an internal callback of the NetClient which will be auto called when the NetClient class object is implemented. Here is just to remind users, if you need to change the location of NetSDK library, or to change the method and timing of calling NetSDK library, modify this function.
- Initialization: Call **InitEx** only once before using the SDK.
- Cleaning up: The interface **Cleanup** clears all the opened processes, such as login, live view, and alarm subscription.
- Reconnection: NetSDK can set the reconnection function for the situations such as network disconnection and power off. NetSDK will keep logging until succeeded. Only the live view, playback, smart event subscription and alarm subscription modules will be resumed after the connection is back.
- For callback details of example code, see "3.11 Enabling Live View Transcoding Interface

Table 2-2 RealPlayByDataType

| Item      | Description   |   |
|-----------|---|---|
| Name      | Enable the live view transcoding interface.   |   |
|           | def RealPlayByDataType(cls, lLoginID: int, pstInParam: NET_IN_REALPLAY_BY_DATA_TYPE, pstOutParam: |   |
| Function  |   |   |
|           | NET_OUT_REALPLAY_BY_DATA_TYPE, dwWaitTime: int = 5000) -> C_LLONG                                 |   |
|           | [in] lLoginlD   | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |
| Parameter | [in] pstInParam   | Input parameter structure.                  |
|           | [out] pstOutParam   | Output parameter structure.                 |

| Item         | Description     |               |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
|              | [in] dwWaitTime | Waiting time. |
| Return value | Success: Non-0. |               |
|              | Failure: 0      |               |
| Description  | None.           |               |

## 2.2 Enabling Record Playback Transcoding Interface

Table 2-3 PlayBackByDataType

| 1.           |   | , ,,  |
|--------------|---|---|
| Item         | Description   |   |
| Name         | Enable the record playback transcoding interface.                 |   |
|              | def PlayBackByDataType(cls,  LoginID: int, pstInParam:            |   |
| Function     | NET_IN_PLAYBACK_BY_DATA_TYPE, pstOutParam:                        |   |
|              | NET_OUT_PLAYBACK_BY_DATA_TYPE, dwWaitTime: int = 5000) -> C_LLONG |   |
| Parameter    | [in] lLoginID   | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |
|              | [in] pstInParam   | Input parameter structure.                  |
|              | [out] pstOutParam   | Output parameter structure.                 |
|              | [in] dwWaitTime   | Waiting time.                               |
| Return value | Success: Non-0.   |   |
|              | Failure: 0  |   |
| Description  | None.   |   |

# 2.3 Enabling Record Download Transcoding Interface

Table 2-4 DownloadByDataType

| Item         | Description   |   |
|--------------|---|---|
| Name         | Enable the record download transcoding interface.                 |   |
|              | def Download By Data Type (cls, ILogin ID: int, pst In Param:     |   |
| Function     | NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_BY_DATA_TYPE, pstOutParam:                        |   |
|              | NET_OUT_DOWNLOAD_BY_DATA_TYPE, dwWaitTime: int = 5000) -> C_LLONG |   |
| Parameter    | [in] lLoginID   | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |
|              | [in] pstInParam   | Input parameter structure.                  |
|              | [out] pstOutParam   | Output parameter structure.                 |
|              | [in] dwWaitTime   | Waiting time.                               |
| Return value | Success: Non-0.   |   |
|              | Failure: 0  |   |
| Description  | None.   |   |

## 2.4 Device Search and Initialization

#### 2.4.1 Introduction

Device search is mainly used to help user to get device info from network. Device search can work with login function. Device search interface can find relevant devices and login interface can login these devices.

Device search is classified into the following two types by whether crossing segment or not:

- Async same-segment device search: Search for device info within current segment.
- Sync cross-segment device search: According to user-set segment info, searching for device in corresponding segment.

## 2.4.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-5 Interface of device search and initialization

| Interface            | Implication   |
|----------------------|---|
| InitEx               | Initialize SDK.   |
| Cleanup              | Clean up SDK.   |
| StartSearchDevicesEx | Asynchronously search for devices within the same networksegment.         |
| StopSearchDevices    | Stop asynchronously searching for devices within the same networksegment. |
| SearchDevicesByIPs   | Stop asynchronously searching for devices in cross-segment.               |
| InitDevAccount       | Initialize device.  |
| GetLastError         | Get error codes of interfaces that fail to be called.                     |

#### 2.4.3 Process

### 2.4.3.1 Async Searching within Same Segment

Start Initialize SDK InitEx Async search device StartSearchDevicesEx User async search for device to callback functions fSearchDevicesCBEx , and get and save device info Judge byInitStatus field, Whether the device is untialized? No Yes According to byPwdResetWay field, judge whether the device support password resetting (mobile or email) Stop async search Initialize account StopSearchDevices InitDevAccount Release SDK resource Cleanup End

Figure 2-2 Process of async device searching and initialization

#### **Notes for Process**

Call **InitEx** only once before using the SDK during the entire Demo running process. And call **Cleanup** once when all SDK-related functions finish, to release SDK resources. These two interfaces do not need to be called for every function.

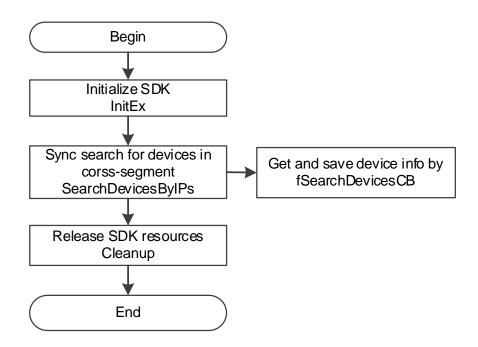
## **Process Description**

- Step 1 Call InitEx to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call **StartSearchDevicesEx** to search for devices.
- <u>Step 3</u> Find the uninitialized devices by search callback **fSearchDevicesCBEx**. Check that the device is uninitialized according to byInitStatus filed. Check that the password can be reset by cellphone or email according to byPwdResetWay field which is also required in interface initialization.

- Step 4 Call **InitDevAccount** to initialize device.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **StopSearchDevices** to stop searching.
- <u>Step 6</u> Call **Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

## 2.4.3.2 Sync Searching in Cross-segment

Figure 2-3 Process of sync search and initialization



#### **Notes for Process**

Call **InitEx** only once before using the SDK during the entire Demo running process. And call **Cleanup** once when all SDK-related functions finish, to release SDK resources. These two interfaces do not need to be called with every function.

#### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Call **InitEx** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **SearchDevicesByIPs** to search for devices. Get device info by **fSearchDevicesCB**.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

## 2.4.4 Sample Code

### 2.4.4.1 Async Searching within Same Segment and Device Initialization

#### Code Path

Demo\SearchDeviceDemo\ SearchDeviceDemo.py

#### Sample Code

```
# multicast and broadcast search
    def start search device(self):
         # get local IP, search under taking multiple NIC
         # call searching interfaces for the number of NICs times
         IPList = self.getIPAddrs()
         nSuccess = 0
         for i in range(IPList.__len__()):
              startsearch_in = NET_IN_STARTSERACH_DEVICE()
              startsearch_in.dwSize = sizeof(NET_IN_STARTSERACH_DEVICE)
              startsearch_in.emSendType
EM_SEND_SEARCH_TYPE.MULTICAST_AND_BROADCAST
              startsearch_in.cbSearchDevices = search_device_callback
              startsearch_in.szLocallp = IPList[i].encode()
              startsearch_out = NET_OUT_STARTSERACH_DEVICE()
              startsearch_out.dwSize = sizeof(NET_OUT_STARTSERACH_DEVICE)
              ISearchHandle = self.sdk.StartSearchDevicesEx(startsearch_in, startsearch_out)
              if ISearchHandle!= 0:
                  nSuccess += 1
                  self.ISearchHandle_list.append(ISearchHandle)
         if(IPList.__len__() > 0):
              del IPList
         if(nSuccess > 0):
              return True
         else:
              return False
    # stop searching. Use with start_search_device
    def stop_search_device(self):
         for i in range(self.lSearchHandle_list.__len__()):
              result = self.sdk.StopSearchDevices(self.ISearchHandle_list[i])
```

```
nUpdateNum = 0
         self.ISearchHandle_list.clear()
         self.device_info_list.clear()
         self.device_mac_list.clear()
         self.tableWidget.clear()
         self.row = 0
         self.column = 0
         device_queue.queue.clear()
         if(not device_queue.empty()):
              device_queue.task_done()
         self.tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(['(No.)', '(Status)', 'IP(IP Version)', '(IP Address)',
(Port)', ' (Subnet Mask)', ' (Gateway)', ' (Mac Address)', '(Device Type)', '(Detail Type)', 'Http(Http)'])
         return
    def Init_Btn(self):
         # get selected ip and initialization info
         currentRow = self.tableWidget.currentRow()
         if((len(self.device_info_list) ==0)or((self.device_info_list[currentRow][0]&3) != 1)):
              QMessageBox.about(self, '(prompt)', " (Please select not initialized device)")
         else:
              result = self.init_device_accout(self.device_info_list[currentRow])
              if result == True:
                    QMessageBox.about(self, '(prompt)', "(Initialize Success)")
                    item = QTableWidgetItem("(Initialize)")
                    self.device_info_list[currentRow][0] = 2
                    self.tableWidget.setItem(currentRow, 1, item)
                    self.tableWidget.update()
                    self.tableWidget.viewport().update()
    # initialize account
    def init_device_accout(self, device_info:list):
         child = QDialog()
         child_ui = Ui_InitDevAccount()
         child_ui.setupUi(child)
         if (1 == (device_info[3] \& 1)):
              # mobile phone
              child_ui.way_lineEdit.setText('(Phone)')
         elif (1 == (device_info[3] >> 1 & 1)):
              # email
```

```
child_ui.way_lineEdit.setText('Mail)')
         value = child.exec()
         if (value == 0):
              return False
         init_Account_In = NET_IN_INIT_DEVICE_ACCOUNT()
         init_Account_In.dwSize = sizeof(init_Account_In)
         init_Account_In.szMac = device_info[2]
         username = child_ui.username_lineEdit.text()
         password = child_ui.password_lineEdit.text()
         confirm\_password = child\_ui.confirm\_password\_lineEdit.text()
         if(password != confirm_password):
              QMessageBox.about(self, '(prompt)', "(Confirm password is wrong, please input
again)")
              return
         init_Account_In.szUserName = username.encode()
         init_Account_In.szPwd = password.encode()
         init_Account_In.szCellPhone = child_ui.reset_way_lineEdit.text().encode()
         if (1 == (device_info[3] \& 1)):
              # mobile phone
              init_Account_In.szCellPhone = child_ui.reset_way_lineEdit.text().encode()
         elif(1 == (device_info[3] >> 1 & 1)):
              # email
              init_Account_In.szMail = child_ui.reset_way_lineEdit.text().encode()
         init_Account_In.byPwdResetWay = device_info[3]
         init_Account_Out = NET_OUT_INIT_DEVICE_ACCOUNT()
         init_Account_Out.dwSize = sizeof(init_Account_Out)
         result = self.sdk.InitDevAccount(init_Account_In, init_Account_Out, 5000, device_info[4])
         if result:
              return True
         else:
              QMessageBox.about(self, '(prompt)', 'error:' + str(self.sdk.GetLastError()))
              return False
```

## 2.4.4.2 Sync Searching in Cross-segment

#### Code Path

Demo\SearchDeviceDemo\ SearchDeviceDemo.py

## Sample Code

```
# unicast search
     def start_search_device_byIP(self, start_IP, end_IP): #pay attention to validity of each IP address
         startsearchbylp_in = DEVICE_IP_SEARCH_INFO()
         startsearchbylp_in.dwSize = sizeof(DEVICE_IP_SEARCH_INFO)
         start = struct.unpack("!I", socket.inet_aton(start_IP))[0] # network sequence transformed
to byte-order
         end = struct.unpack("!I", socket.inet_aton(end_IP))[0]
         if (end - start > 255):
              QMessageBox.about(self, '(prompt)', "256(Number of IP addresses exceeds the upper
limit 256.)")
              return False
         startsearchbylp_in.nlpNum = end - start + 1
         for i in range(startsearchbylp_in.nlpNum):
              ip = DEVICE_IP_SEARCH_INFO_IP()
              ip.IP = socket.inet_ntoa(struct.pack("!I", start + i)).encode()
              startsearchbylp_in.szlP[i] = ip
         wait time = int(wnd.Searchtime lineEdit.text())
         # get local IP, search under multiple NICs
         # Call searching interface according the number of NICs
         IPList = self.getIPAddrs()
         nSuccessNum = 0
         for i in range(IPList.__len__()):
              result = self.sdk.SearchDevicesBylPs(startsearchbylp in, search devie bylp callback, 0,
IPList[i].encode(), wait_time)
              if result:
                   nSuccessNum =+ 1
         if (IPList.__len__() > 0):
              del IPList
         if(nSuccessNum > 0):
              return True
         else:
              return False
```

## 2.5 Device Login

## 2.5.1 Introduction

Device login, also called user authentication, is the precondition of all the other function modules. You will obtain a unique login ID upon log in to the device and should introduce login ID before using other SDK interfaces. The login ID becomes invalid once logged out.

## 2.5.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-6 Interfaces of device login

| Interface                  | Implication                      |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| InitEx                     | Initialize SDK.                  |
| SetAutoReconnect           | Set reconnection callback.       |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.                    |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security. |
| Logout                     | Log out.                         |

#### 2.5.3 Process

Figure 2-4 Process of login Start Initialize SDK InitEx Set reconnectioncallback SetAutoReconnect Log in to device LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Particular function module Log out of the device Logout Release SDK resources Cleanup Required End Optional

#### **Notes for Process**

Call **InitEx** only once before using the SDK during the entire Demo running process. And call **Cleanup** once when all SDK-related functions finish, to release SDK resources. These two interfaces do not need to be called with every function.

## **Process Description**

- Step 1 Call **InitEx** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call **SetAutoReconnect** to set reconnection callback.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- Step 4 Implement the required function modules.
- Step 5 Call **Logout** to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 6</u> Call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources.

## 2.5.4 Sample Code

```
# log in to the device to get login handle and device info. If failed, error info will be displayed
stuInParam = NET_IN_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY()
stuInParam.dwSize = sizeof(NET IN LOGIN WITH HIGHLEVEL SECURITY)
stuInParam.szIP = ip.encode()
stulnParam.nPort = port
stuInParam.szUserName = username.encode()
stuInParam.szPassword = password.encode()
stuInParam.emSpecCap = EM_LOGIN_SPAC_CAP_TYPE.TCP
stuInParam.pCapParam = None
stuOutParam = NET_OUT_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY()
stuOutParam.dwSize = sizeof(NET_OUT_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY)
self.loginID, device_info, error_msg = self.sdk.LoginWithHighLevelSecurity(stuInParam, stuOutParam)
if self.loginID!= 0:
         for i in range(int(device_info.nChanNum)):
             self.Channel_comboBox.addItem(str(i)) # display channels of the device
    else:
         QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', error_msg, QMessageBox.Ok, QMessageBox.No) #
display error info of the login interface
# log out
result = self.sdk.Logout(self.loginID)
    if result:
         self.loginID = 0
```

#### 2.5.5 Note

- Login handle: When the login is successful, the returned value is not 0 (even the handle is smaller than 0, the login is also successful). One device can login multiple times with different handles at each login. If there is no special function module, it is suggested to login only once. The login handle can be repeatedly used on other function modules.
- Duplicate handles: It is normal that the login handle is the same as the existed handle. For example, log in to device A and get handle loginIDA. However, if you log out of loginIDA and then log in, you may get LoginIDA again. But the duplicate handles do not occur throughout the lifetime of the handle.
- Logout: The interface will release the opened functions internally, but it is not suggested to rely
  on the cleaning up function of lougout. For example, if you opened the live view function, you
  should call the interface that stops the live viewg function when it is no longer required.

- Use login and logout in pairs: The login consumes some memory and socket information and release sources once logout.
- Login failure: It is suggested to check the failure through return parameter error\_msg. for more details, see the error code list in **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity**.
- After reconnection, the original login ID will be invalid. After the device is auto reconnected, the login ID will take effect again.

### 2.6 Live View

#### 2.6.1 Introduction

Live view obtains the real-time stream from the storage device or front-end device, which is an important part of the surveillance system.

SDK can get the main stream and sub stream from the device once it logged.

- Supports calling the window handle for SDK to directly decode and play the stream (Windows system only).
- Supports calling the real-time stream to you to perform independent treatment.
- Supports saving the real-time record to the specific file though saving the callback stream or calling the SDK interface.

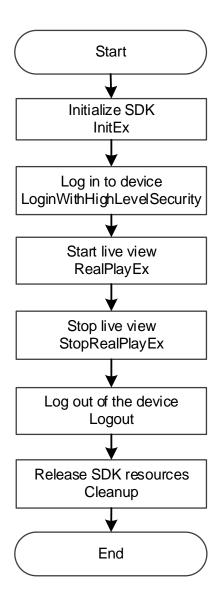
### 2.6.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-7 Interfaces of live view

| Interface                  | Implication   |
|----------------------------|---|
| InitEx                     | Initialize SDK.                                       |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.   |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security.                      |
| Logout                     | Log out.  |
| RealPlayEx                 | Start live view extension interface.                  |
| StopRealPlayEx             | Stop live view extension interface.                   |
| GetLastError               | Get error codes of interfaces that fail to be called. |
| GetLastErrorMessage        | Get error info of interfaces that fail to be called.  |

#### 2.6.3 Process

Figure 2-5 Process of live view



#### **Notes for Process**

Call **InitEx** only once before using the SDK during the entire Demo running process. And call **Cleanup** once when all SDK-related functions finish, to release SDK resources. These two interfaces do not need to be called with every function.

#### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Call **InitEx** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- Step 3 Call **RealPlayEx** to start live view.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **StopRealPlayEx** to stop live view.

<u>Step 5</u> Call **Logout** to log out of the device.

<u>Step 6</u> Call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources.

## 2.6.4 Sample Code

```
#Start live view
channel = self.Channel_comboBox.currentIndex() # channel No.
if self.StreamTyp_comboBox.currentIndex() == 0:
     stream_type = SDK_RealPlayType.Realplay # main streaam
else:
     stream_type = SDK_RealPlayType.Realplay_1 # sun stream
self.playID = self.sdk.RealPlayEx(self.loginID, channel, self.PlayWnd.winId(), stream_type)
if self.playID != 0:
     self.play_btn.setText("(Stop)")
     self.StreamTyp_comboBox.setEnabled(False)
else:
     QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.No)
# Stop live view
result = self.sdk.StopRealPlayEx(self.playID)
if result:
     self.playID = 0
     self.PlayWnd.repaint()
```

#### 2.6.5 Notes for Process

- **GetLastError** is the interface used to get the error codes when failed to call NetSDK interfaces. **GetLastErrorMessage** is the interface to get error information.
- It is recommended to call **GetLastErrorMessage** to get error information to identify the cause of the error.

## 2.7 Record Playback

#### 2.7.1 Introduction

Record playback function plays the videos of a particular period in some channels to find the target videos for check.

The playback includes the following functions: Start playback, pause Playback, resume playback, and stop playback.

# 2.7.2 Interface Overview

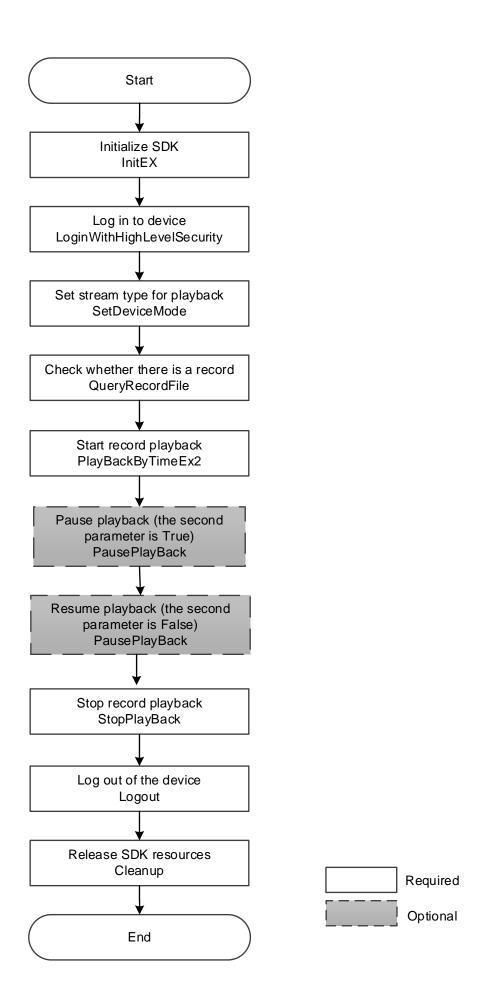
Table 2-8 Interfaces of record playback

| Interface                  | Implication                                     |
|----------------------------|---|
| InitEx                     | Initialize SDK.                                 |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.                                   |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security.                |
| Logout                     | Log out.  |
| PlayBackByTimeEx2          | Extension interface of playback by time.        |
| StopPlayBack               | Stop playback.                                  |
| PausePlayBack              | Stop or resume playback.                        |
| SetDeviceMode              | Set device mode.                                |
| QueryRecordFile            | Query for all the record files within a period. |

## 2.7.3 Process

After SDK initialization, you need to input channel number, start time, stop time, and valid window handle to realize the playback of the required record.

| Figure 2-6 Process of record playback |
|---------------------------------------|
|                                       |
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|                                       |



#### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Call InitEx to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- Step 3 Call **SetDeviceMode** to set the stream type.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **QueryRecordFile** to check whether there is a record in the selected period.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **PlayBackByTimeEx2** to start playback.
- <u>Step 6</u> (Optional) Call **PausePlayBack**. The playback will pause when the second parameter is True.
- <u>Step 7</u> (Optional) Call **PausePlayBack**. The playback will resume when the second parameter is False.
- <u>Step 8</u> Call **StopPlayBack** to stop playback.
- <u>Step 9</u> Call **Logout** to log out of the device.
- Step 10 Call Cleanup to release SDK resources.

## 2.7.4 Sample Code

```
# configure stream type for playback. Main stream is configured here.
stream_type = c_int(0)
result = self.sdk.SetDeviceMode(self.loginID, int(EM_USEDEV_MODE.RECORD_STREAM_TYPE),
stream_type)
if not result:
    QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.No)
# query record file
result, fileCount, infos = self.sdk.QueryRecordFile(self.loginID, 0, int(EM_QUERY_RECORD_TYPE.ALL),
startTime, endTime, None, 5000, False)
# Enable video playback
inParam = NET IN PLAY BACK BY TIME INFO()
inParam.hWnd = self.PlayBackWnd.winId()
inParam.cbDownLoadPos = DownLoadPosCallBack
inParam.dwPosUser = 0
inParam.fDownLoadDataCallBack = DownLoadDataCallBack
inParam.dwDataUser = 0
inParam.nPlayDirection = 0
inParam.nWaittime = 5000
inParam.stStartTime.dwYear = start_time.dwYear
inParam.stStartTime.dwMonth = start time.dwMonth
inParam.stStartTime.dwDay = start_time.dwDay
inParam.stStartTime.dwHour = start\_time.dwHour
inParam.stStartTime.dwMinute = start_time.dwMinute
```

```
inParam.stStartTime.dwSecond = start\_time.dwSecond
inParam.stStopTime.dwYear = end\_time.dwYear
inParam.stStopTime.dwMonth = end_time.dwMonth
inParam.stStopTime.dwDay = end_time.dwDay
inParam.stStopTime.dwHour = end\_time.dwHour
inParam.stStopTime.dwMinute = end_time.dwMinute
inParam.stStopTime.dwSecond = end_time.dwSecond
outParam = NET_OUT_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO()
nchannel = self.Channel_comboBox.currentIndex()
self.playbackID = self.sdk.PlayBackByTimeEx2(self.loginID, nchannel, inParam, outParam)
if self.playbackID != 0:
    self.PlayBack_pushbutton.setText("(Stop)")
    self.Pause_pushbutton.setEnabled(True)
    self.Channel_comboBox.setEnabled(False)
    self.StreamTyp_comboBox.setEnabled(False)
    self.Channel_comboBox.repaint()
    self.StreamTyp_comboBox.repaint()
    self.PlayBackWnd.repaint()
else:
    QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.No)
# Pause video playback
result = self.sdk.PausePlayBack(self.playbackID, True)
# resume video playback
result = self.sdk.PausePlayBack(self.playbackID, False)
# stop playback
result = self.sdk.StopPlayBack(self.playbackID)
if result:
    self.playbackID = 0
if not result:
    QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.No)
```

## 2.8 Record Download

#### 2.8.1 Introduction

The record download function helps you obtain the records saved on the device through SDK and save into the local. It allows you to download from the selected channels and export to the local disk or external USB flash drive. The downloaded files are in the format of Dahua which requires Dahua player or integrated Dahua playsdk to play.

#### 2.8.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-9 Interfaces of record download

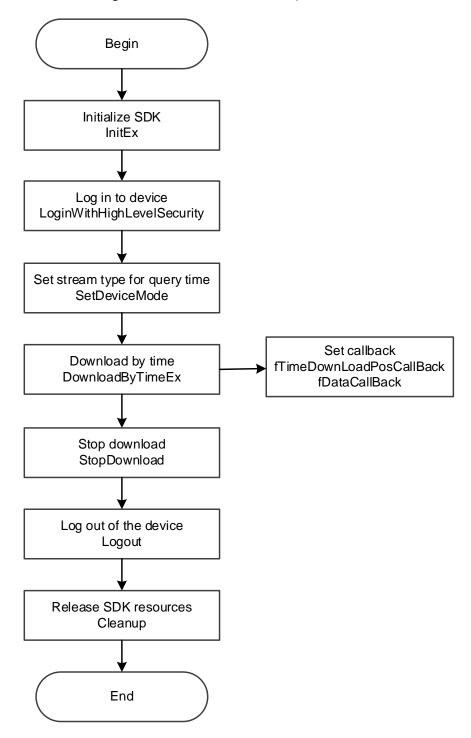
| Interface                  | Implication                      |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| InitEx                     | Initialize SDK.                  |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.                    |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security. |
| Logout                     | Log out.                         |
| SetDeviceMode              | Set device mode.                 |
| DownloadByTimeEx           | Download by time.                |
| StopDownload               | Stop record download.            |

#### 2.8.3 Process

You can import the start time and end time of download. SDK can download the specified record file and save it to the required place.

You can also provide a callback pointer to SDK which calls back the specified record file to you.

Figure 2-7 Process of download by time



### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Call **InitEx** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **SetDeviceMode** to set the download stream type.
- Step 4 Call **DownloadByTimeEx** to start downloading by time.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **StopDownload** to stop download.
- <u>Step 6</u> (Optional) Call **fTimeDownLoadPosCallBack** to update the download progress.
- Step 7 Call **Logout** to log out of the device.

## 2.8.4 Example Code

```
# configure stream type for download. Main stream is configured here.
stream_type = c_int(0)
result = self.sdk.SetDeviceMode(self.loginID, int(EM_USEDEV_MODE.RECORD_STREAM_TYPE),
stream_type)
if not result:
    QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.No)
# enable video download
start_date = self.Start_dateTimeEdit.date()
start_time = self.Start_dateTimeEdit.time()
startDateTime = NET TIME()
startDateTime.dwYear = start_date.year()
startDateTime.dwMonth = start_date.month()
startDateTime.dwDay = start_date.day()
startDateTime.dwHour = start_time.hour()
startDateTime.dwMinute = start_time.minute()
startDateTime.dwSecond = start_time.second()
end_date = self.End_dateTimeEdit.date()
end_time = self.End_dateTimeEdit.time()
enddateTime = NET_TIME()
enddateTime.dwYear = end_date.year()
enddateTime.dwMonth = end_date.month()
enddateTime.dwDay = end_date.day()
enddateTime.dwHour = end time.hour()
enddateTime.dwMinute = end_time.minute()
enddateTime.dwSecond = end_time.second()
save_file_name = 'D:\savedata.dav'# folder path and name of files saved
nchannel = self.Channel_comboBox.currentIndex()
self.downloadID = self.sdk.DownloadByTimeEx(self.loginID, nchannel,
int(EM_QUERY_RECORD_TYPE.ALL), startDateTime, enddateTime, save_file_name,
TimeDownLoadPosCallBack, 0, DownLoadDataCallBack, 0)
if self.downloadID:
    self.Download_pushButton.setText("(Stop)")
else:
```

```
QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.No)
# Stop video download
result = self.sdk.StopDownload(self.downloadID)
if result:
    self.downloadID = 0
#callback function
@WINFUNCTYPE(None, c_longlong, c_ulong, POINTER(c_ubyte), c_ulong, c_longlong)
def DownLoadDataCallBack(IPlayHandle, dwDataType, pBuffer, dwBufSize, dwUser):
    pass
@WINFUNCTYPE(None, c_longlong, c_ulong, c_ulong, c_int, POINTER(NET_RECORDFILE_INFO),
c_ulong)
def TimeDownLoadPosCallBack(IPlayHandle, total_size, download_size, index, recordfileinfo,
dwUser):
    try:
         # display progress
         if download size == 0xffffffff:
             self.downloadID = 0
             self.Download_progressBar.setValue(0)
             self.sdk.StopDownload(self.downloadID)
             self. Download\_push Button. set Text ("download)")
             self.Message_label.setText("Download End!")
         elif download size == 0xffffffe:
             self.downloadID = 0
             self.Download_progressBar.setValue(0)
             self.Download_pushButton.setText(" (download)")
             self.Message_label.setText("Download Failed!")
         else:
             if download_size >= total_size:
                  self.Download_progressBar.setValue(100)
              else:
                  percentage = int(download_size * 100 / total_size)
                  self.Download_progressBar.setValue(percentage)
    except Exception as e:
         print(e)
    except Exception as e:
         print(e)
```

## 2.9 Device Control

### 2.9.1 Introduction

Get and set device time, and restart device remotely.

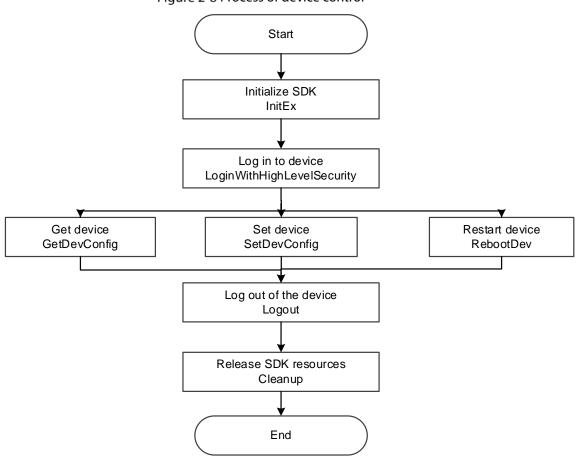
## 2.9.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-10 Interfaces of device control

| Interface                  | Implication                      |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| InitEx                     | Initialize SDK.                  |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.                    |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security. |
| Logout                     | Log out.                         |
| GetDevConfig               | Query configuration info.        |
| SetDevConfig               | Set configuration info.          |
| RebootDev                  | Restart device.                  |

## 2.9.3 Process

Figure 2-8 Process of device control



#### **Process Description**

Step 1 Call InitEx to initialize SDK.
 Step 2 Call LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to log in to the device.
 Step 3 (Optional) Call GetDevConfig to get device time.
 Step 4 (Optional) Call SetDevConfig to set device time.
 Step 5 (Optional) Call RebootDev to restart device.
 Step 6 Call Logout to log out of the device.
 Step 7 Call Cleanup to release SDK resources.

## 2.9.4 Sample Code

```
# get device time
time = NET_TIME()
result = self.sdk.GetDevConfig(self.loginID, int(EM_DEV_CFG_TYPE.TIMECFG), -1, time,
sizeof(NET TIME))
if not result:
    QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.Ok,
QMessageBox.No)
else:
    get_time = QDateTime(time.dwYear, time.dwMonth, time.dwDay, time.dwHour, time.dwMinute,
time.dwSecond)
    self.Time_dateTimeEdit.setDateTime(get_time)
#configure device time
device_date = self.Time_dateTimeEdit.date()
device_time = self.Time_dateTimeEdit.time()
deviceDateTime = NET_TIME()
deviceDateTime.dwYear = device_date.year()
deviceDateTime.dwMonth = device_date.month()
deviceDateTime.dwDay = device_date.day()
deviceDateTime.dwHour = device_time.hour()
deviceDateTime.dwMinute = device_time.minute()
deviceDateTime.dwSecond = device_time.second()
result = self.sdk.SetDevConfig(self.loginID, int(EM_DEV_CFG_TYPE.TIMECFG), -1, deviceDateTime,
sizeof(NET TIME))
if not result:
    QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.Ok,
QMessageBox.No)
```

# restart the device

result = self.sdk.RebootDev(self.loginID)

if not result:

QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.Ok, QMessageBox.No)

# 2.10 Remote Snapshot

## 2.10.1 Introduction

Call NetSDK interface to send snapshot command. Device will capture images from live view and send them to NetSDK, and then NetSDK will return the image data to you.

## 2.10.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-11 Interfaces of remote snapshot

| Interface                  | Implication   |
|----------------------------|---|
| InitEx                     | Initialize SDK.   |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.   |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security.                        |
| SetSnapRevCallBack         | Set remote snapshot callback.                           |
| SnapPictureEx              | Snapshot extension interface.                           |
| Logout                     | Log out.  |
| GetLastError               | Get error codes of interfaces that failed to be called. |

#### **2.10.3 Process**

Begin Initialize SDK InitEx Log in to device LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Get and save snapshot info Set video snapshot callback by fSnapRev which is the SetSnapRevCallBack video snapshot data callback Send snapshot command to device SnapPictureEx Log out of device Logout Release SDK resources Cleanup End

Figure 2-9 Process of remote snapshot

#### **Notes for Process**

- Call InitEx only once before using the SDK during the entire Demo running process. And call
   Cleanup once when all SDK-related functions finish to release SDK resources. These two interfaces do not need to be called with every function.
- The time interval for snapshot should be more than 1 second. 3 seconds are recommended.

### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Call InitEx to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **SetSnapRevCallBack** to set snapshot callback. When NetSDK receives image data sent from device, NetSDK will call fSnapRev to send image info and image data to you.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **SnapPictureEx** to send snapshot command. Wait for the returned image info in fSnapRev.
- Step 5 Call **Logout** to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 6</u> Call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources.

## 2.10.4 Sample Code

#### Code Path

Demo\CapturePicture\CaptureDemo.py

## Sample Code

```
def capture_btn_onclick(self):
    # configure snapshot callback
    dwUser = 0
    self.sdk.SetSnapRevCallBack(CaptureCallBack, dwUser)
    channel = self.Channel_comboBox.currentIndex()
    snap = SNAP_PARAMS()
    snap.Channel = channel
    snap.Quality = 1
    snap.mode = 0
    # snapshot
    self.sdk.SnapPictureEx(self.loginID, snap)
```

# 2.11 Alarm Upload

## 2.11.1 Introduction

Alarm upload, that is, the device sends an alarm to the platform to inform when the events to be set have occurred. The platform can receive information such as external alarms, video signal loss alarms, privacy masking alarms, and motion detection alarms,

Alarm upload can be realized by NetSDK active login device and subscription of the alarm function to the device, which will send the detected alarm event to NetSDK.

## 2.11.2 Interface Overview

| Table 2-12 I | nterfaces of | alarm upload |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|--------------|--------------|--------------|

| Interface                  | Implication   |
|----------------------------|---|
| InitEx                     | Initialize SDK.                                       |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.   |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security.                      |
| SetDVRMessCallBackEx1      | Set alarm callback.                                   |
| StartListenEx              | Alarm susbscribtion extension interface.              |
| StopListen                 | Stop alarm susbscribtion.                             |
| Logout                     | Log out.  |
| GetLastError               | Get error codes of interfaces that fail to be called. |

#### **2.11.3 Process**

Start Initialize SDK InitEx Log in to device LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Set alarm callback Alarm callback SetDVRMessCallBackEx1 fMessCallBackEx1 Subscribe alarm to device StartListenEx Stop subscribtion StopListen Log out of the device Logout Release SDK resources Cleanup End

Figure 2-10 Process of alarm upload

#### **Notes for Process**

Call **InitEx** only once before using the SDK during the entire Demo running process. And call **Cleanup** once when all SDK-related functions finish, to release SDK resources. These two interfaces do not need to be called with every function.

## **Process Description**

- Step 1 Call **InitEx** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **SetDVRMessCallBackEx1** to set alarm callback before alarm subscription.

- <u>Step 4</u> Call **StartListenEx** to subscribe to alarm from device. Then the uploaded event will be sent to you by **fMessCallBackEx1**.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **StopListen** to stop subscribtion.
- Step 6 Call **Logout** to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> Call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources.

## 2.11.4 Sample Code

### Code path

Demo\AlarmListen\ AlarmListenDemo.py

## Sample Code

```
def __init__(self):
     super(StartListenWnd, self).__init__()
     self.setupUi(self)
     # interface initialization
     self.init_ui()
     # NetSDK variables and callbacks used
     self.loginID = C_LLONG()
     self.m_DisConnectCallBack = fDisConnect(self.DisConnectCallBack)
     self.m_ReConnectCallBack = fHaveReConnect(self.ReConnectCallBack)
     #get NetSDK object and initialize it
     self.sdk = NetClient()
     self.sdk.InitEx(self.m_DisConnectCallBack)
     self.sdk.SetAutoReconnect(self.m_ReConnectCallBack)
     #Configure alarm callback function
     self.sdk.SetDVRMessCallBackEx1(MessCallback,0)
def attach_btn_onclick(self):
     self.row = 0
     self.column = 0
     self.Alarmlisten_tableWidget.clear()
     self.Alarmlisten_tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(['(No.);(Time)', '(Channel)', '(Alarm Type)',
     result = self.sdk.StartListenEx(self.loginID)
     if result:
         QMessageBox.about(self, '(prompt)', "(Subscribe alarm success)")
         self.Stopalarmlisten_pushButton.setEnabled(True)
         self.Alarmlisten_pushButton.setEnabled(False)
     else:
         QMessageBox.about(self, '(prompt)', 'error:' + str(self.sdk.GetLastError()))
```

```
def detach_btn_onclick(self):
    if (self.loginID > 0):
        self.sdk.StopListen(self.loginID)
    self.Stopalarmlisten_pushButton.setEnabled(False)
    self.Alarmlisten_pushButton.setEnabled(True)
```

# 2.12 Intelligent Traffic Event Upload

## 2.12.1 Introduction

Intelligent traffic event upload is the function to analyze real-time stream from intelligent traffic devices. According to the pre-defined rules, SDK will check whether to upload events and carry images.

## 2.12.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-13 Interfaces of intelligent traffic event upload

| Interface                  | Implication   |
|----------------------------|---|
| InitEx                     | Initialize SDK.                                       |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.   |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security.                      |
| RealLoadPictureEx          | Intelligent image alarm subscribtion interface.       |
| StopLoadPic                | Stop uploading intelligent analysis data-image.       |
| Logout                     | Log out.  |
| GetLastError               | Get error codes of interfaces that fail to be called. |

#### 2.12.3 Process

Begin Initialize SDK InitEx Log in to device LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Subscribe to intelligent Get and save alarm info and image alarm image by fAnalyzerDataCallBack RealLoadPictureEx Stop subscribtion StopLoadPic Log out of the device Logout Release SDK resources Cleanup End

Figure 2-11 Process of intelligent traffic event upload

#### **Notes for Process**

Call **InitEx** only once before using the SDK during the entire Demo running process. And call **Cleanup** once when all SDK-related functions finish, to release SDK resources. These two interfaces do not need to be called with every function.

### **Process Description**

Step 1 Call **InitEx** to initialize SDK.

- Step 2 Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- Step 3 Call **RealLoadpictureEx** to subscribe to alarm from device, and the dwAlarmType should correspond to the enumeration values of EM\_EVENT\_IVS\_TYPE. After the subscription, the uploaded event will be sent to you by callback which is be set in fAnalyzerDataCallBack. The main use of callback is to display and save events.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **StopLoadPic** to stop subscription of intelligent traffic event.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **Logout** to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 6</u> Call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources.

## 2.12.4 Sample Code

### 2.12.4.1 Intelligent Traffic Junction

#### Code Path

\Demo\IntelligentTrafficDemo

### Sample Code

```
# Intelligent traffic checkpoint event subscription
def attach_btn_onclick(self):
     self.Attach_tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(['(Time)', '(Event)', '(Plate No.)', '(Plate Color)', '
(Vehicle Type)', '(Vehicle Color)'])
     channel = self.Channel comboBox.currentIndex()
     bNeedPicFile = 1
     dwUser = 0
                                           self.sdk.RealLoadPictureEx(self.loginID,
     self.attachID
                                                                                              channel,
EM_EVENT_IVS_TYPE.TRAFFICJUNCTION, bNeedPicFile, AnalyzerDataCallBack, dwUser, None)
     if not self.attachID:
          QMessageBox.about(self, '(prompt)', 'error:' + str(self.sdk.GetLastError()))
     else:
          self.Attach_pushButton.setEnabled(False)
          self.Detach_pushButton.setEnabled(True)
          QMessageBox.about(self, '(prompt)', " (Subscribe success)")
# cancel subscrpption
def detach_btn_onclick(self):
     if (self.attachID == 0):
          return
     self.sdk.StopLoadPic(self.attachID)
     self.attachID = 0
     self.Attach_pushButton.setEnabled(True)
     self.Detach_pushButton.setEnabled(False)
     self.Attach_tableWidget.clear()
     self.row = 0
     self.column = 0
```

```
self.Attach_tableWidget.viewport().update()
self.Attach_tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels([(Time)', '(Event)', '(Plate No.)', '(Plate Color)', '
(Vehicle Type)', '(Vehicle Color)'])
```

### 2.12.4.2 Target Recognition Event

#### Code Path

Demo\TargetRecognitionDemo\TargetRecognitionDemo.py

### Sample Code

```
def listenevent_btn_onclick(self):
    if not self.realloadID:
         channel = self.Channel_comboBox.currentIndex()
         self.realloadID = self.sdk.RealLoadPictureEx(self.loginID, channel, EM_EVENT_IVS_TYPE.ALL,
True, self.m_AnalyzerDataCallBack)
         if self.realloadID!= 0:
              self.ListenEvent_pushButton.setText(" (Detach Listen)")
         else:
              QMessageBox.critical(self,
                                                    (prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(),
QMessageBox.No)
    else:
         result = self.sdk.StopLoadPic(self.realloadID)
              self.ListenEvent_pushButton.setText("(Listen Event)")
              self.realloadID = 0
         else:
              QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.No)
def AnalyzerDataCallBack(self, IAnalyzerHandle, dwAlarmType, pAlarmInfo, pBuffer, dwBufSize,
dwUser, nSequence, reserved):
    if IAnalyzerHandle == self.realloadID:
         if dwAlarmType == EM_EVENT_IVS_TYPE.FACERECOGNITION:
              alarm info
                                                                                  cast(pAlarmInfo,
POINTER(DEV_EVENT_FACERECOGNITION_INFO)).contents
              self.show_recognition_info(alarm_info, pBuffer, dwBufSize)
```

## 2.12.4.3 Target Detection Event

#### Code Path

Demo\TargetRecognitionDemo\TargetRecognitionDemo.py

### Sample Code

```
def listenevent_btn_onclick(self):
    if not self.realloadID:
         channel = self.Channel_comboBox.currentIndex()
         self.realloadID = self.sdk.RealLoadPictureEx(self.loginID, channel, EM_EVENT_IVS_TYPE.ALL,
True, self.m_AnalyzerDataCallBack)
         if self.realloadID!= 0:
              self.ListenEvent_pushButton.setText(" (Detach Listen)")
         else:
              QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.No)
    else:
         result = self.sdk.StopLoadPic(self.realloadID)
              self.ListenEvent_pushButton.setText("(Listen Event)")
              self.realloadID = 0
         else:
              QMessageBox.critical(self, '(prompt)', self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage(), QMessageBox.No)
def AnalyzerDataCallBack(self, IAnalyzerHandle, dwAlarmType, pAlarmInfo, pBuffer, dwBufSize,
dwUser, nSequence, reserved):
    if IAnalyzerHandle == self.realloadID:
         if dwAlarmType == EM_EVENT_IVS_TYPE.FACEDETECT:
              alarm info = cast(pAlarmInfo, POINTER(DEV_EVENT_FACEDETECT_INFO)).contents
              self.show_detect_info(alarm_info, pBuffer, dwBufSize)
```

# 2.13 Live View Transcoding

#### 2.13.1 Introduction

Live view transcoding involves getting live videos from storage devices or front-end devices and transcoding the videos into the stream type that you need. The supported stream types include:

- GB program stream.
- Transport streams.
- MP4 format.
- H.264 and H.265.
- Program streams.
- RTP streams.

#### 2.13.2 Interface Overview

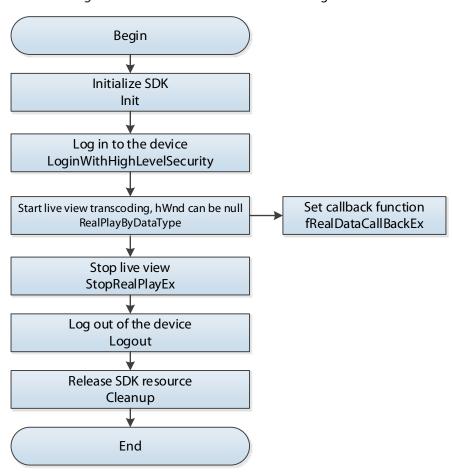
Table 2-14 Interfaces of live view transcoding

| Interface | Implication     |
|-----------|-----------------|
| Init      | Initialize SDK. |

| Interface                  | Implication   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.   |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security.                      |
| RealPlayByDataType         | Start live view transcoding interface.                |
| StopRealPlayEx             | Stop live view extension interface.                   |
| Logout                     | Log out.  |
| GetLastError               | Get error codes of interfaces that fail to be called. |

#### **2.13.3 Process**

Figure 2-12 Process of live view transcoding



### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to log in to the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **RealPlayByDataType** to start live view. The parameter hWnd can be set to null.
- <u>Step 4</u> Set the real-time data callback function fRealDataCallBackEx to save the transcoded data.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the live view transcoding, call **StopRealPlayEx** to stop it.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the service, call **Logout** to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources.

## 2.13.4 Sample Code

```
# Start live view
def realplay(self):
         print("(Please input live view info)")
         self.channel = int(input('(channel):'))
         self.streamtype = int(input('(stream type(0:Main Stream; 1:Extra Stream)):'))
         if not self.playID:
              if self.streamtype == 0:
                  stream_type = SDK_RealPlayType.Realplay
              else:
                  stream_type = SDK_RealPlayType.Realplay_1
              inParam = NET_IN_REALPLAY_BY_DATA_TYPE()
              inParam.dwSize = sizeof(NET_IN_REALPLAY_BY_DATA_TYPE)
              inParam.nChannelID = self.channel
              inParam.hWnd = 0
              inParam.rType = stream_type
              inParam.cbRealData = self.m_RealDataCallBack
              inParam.emDataType = EM_REAL_DATA_TYPE.MP4
              inParam.dwUser = 0
              inParam.szSaveFileName = b'realplay.mp4'
              inParam.cbRealDataEx = self.m_RealDataCallBack
              inParam.emAudioType = EM_AUDIO_DATA_TYPE.DEFAULT
              outParam = NET_OUT_REALPLAY_BY_DATA_TYPE()
              outParam.dwSize = sizeof(NET_OUT_REALPLAY_BY_DATA_TYPE)
              self.playID = self.sdk.RealPlayByDataType(self.loginID, inParam, outParam, 5000)
              if self.playID != 0:
                  print("(Live view succeed).")
                  return True
              else:
                  print("(Live view fail). " + self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage())
                  return False
         else:
              print("(Now playing, please close the play window first)")
```

```
# Stop live view

def stop_realplay(self):
    if self.playID:
        self.sdk.StopRealPlayEx(self.playID)
        self.playID = 0
        print("(Stop live view succeed).")

# Stream pulling callback function
    def RealDataCallBack(self, IRealHandle, dwDataType, pBuffer, dwBufSize, param, dwUser):
        pass
```

# 2.14 Record Playback Transcoding

#### 2.14.1 Introduction

Record playback transcoding refers to remotely playing videos from a specific time period on the client, searching for the needed videos, and transcoding them into the stream type that you need. The supported stream types include:

- GB program stream.
- Transport streams.
- MP4 format.
- H.264 and H.265.
- Program streams.
- RTP streams.

## 2.14.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-15 Information publish description

| Interface                  | Implication   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Init                       | Initialize SDK.                                       |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.   |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security.                      |
| PlayBackByDataType         | Start record playback transcoding interface.          |
| StopPlayBack               | Stop record playback interface.                       |
| Logout                     | Log out.  |
| GetLastError               | Get error codes of interfaces that fail to be called. |

#### **2.14.3 Process**

Begin Initialize SDK Init Log in to the device LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Set callback function fDataCallBack Start record playback transcoding, hWnd can be null PlayBackByDataType fDataCallBackEx fDownLoadPosCallBack Stop record playback StopPlayBack Log out of the device Logout Release SDK resource Cleanup End

Figure 2-13 Process of record playback transcoding

#### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **PlayBackByDataType** to start downloading videos. The parameter hWnd can be set to null.
- Step 4 Set the video playback data callback functions fDataCallBackEx and fDataCallBack, and the video playback process callback function fDownLoadPosCallBack to save the transcoded data.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the record playback transcoding, call **StopPlayBack** to stop it.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the service, call **Logout** to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources.

## 2.14.4 Sample Code

```
# Start playback

def playback(self):

inParam = NET_IN_PLAYBACK_BY_DATA_TYPE()
```

```
inParam.dwSize = sizeof(NET_IN_PLAYBACK_BY_DATA_TYPE)
        inParam.nChannelID = 3 # channel
        inParam.stStartTime = NET TIME()
        inParam.stStartTime.dwYear = 2022
        inParam.stStartTime.dwMonth = 1
        inParam.stStartTime.dwDay = 11
        inParam.stStartTime.dwHour = 0
        inParam.stStartTime.dwMinute = 0
        inParam.stStartTime.dwSecond = 0
        inParam.stStopTime = NET_TIME()
        inParam.stStopTime.dwYear = 2022
        inParam.stStopTime.dwMonth = 1
        inParam.stStopTime.dwDay = 12
        inParam.stStopTime.dwHour = 0
        inParam.stStopTime.dwMinute = 0
        inParam.stStopTime.dwSecond = 0
        inParam.hWnd = 0
        inParam.cbDownLoadPos = self.m_DownLoadPosCallBack
        inParam.fDownLoadDataCallBack = self.m_DataCallBack
        inParam.emDataType = 4
        inParam.nPlayDirection = 0
        inParam.emAudioType = 0
        in Param.f Down Load Data Call Back Ex = self.m\_Data Call Back Ex
         outParam = NET OUT PLAYBACK BY DATA TYPE()
         outParam.dwSize = sizeof(NET_OUT_PLAYBACK_BY_DATA_TYPE)
         self.playbackID = self.sdk.PlayBackByDataType(self.loginID, inParam, outParam, 5000)
        if self.playbackID != 0:
             print("(PlayBack succeed).")
             return True
         else:
             print("(PlayBack fail). " + self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage())
             return False
# Callback function
def DownLoadPosCallBack(self, IPlayHandle, dwTotalSize, dwDownLoadSize, dwUser):
         pass
def DataCallBack(self, IRealHandle, dwDataType, pBuffer, dwBufSize, dwUser):
         return 0
```

# 2.15 Record Download Transcoding

## 2.15.1 Introduction

The record download function helps you obtain the records saved on the storage device through SDK and save into the local. It allows you to download records of different stream types from the selected channels and export to the local disk or external USB flash drive. The supported stream types include:

- GB program stream.
- Transport streams.
- MP4 format.
- H.264 and H.265.
- Program streams.
- RTP streams.

## 2.15.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-16 Interfaces of record download transcoding

| Interface                  | Implication   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Init                       | Initialize SDK.                                       |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.   |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security.                      |
| DownloadByDataType         | Start record download transcoding interface.          |
| StopDownload               | Stop record download interface.                       |
| Logout                     | Log out.  |
| GetLastError               | Get error codes of interfaces that fail to be called. |

#### **2.15.3 Process**

Begin Initialize SDK Init Log in to the device LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Set callback function Start record download transcoding fTimeDownloadPosCallBack DownloadByDataType fDataCallBack Stop record download StopDownload Log out of the device Logout Release SDK resource Cleanup End

Figure 2-14 Process of record download transcoding

#### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **DownloadByDataType** to start record download transcoding. The parameter hWnd can be set to null.
- <u>Step 4</u> Set the video download process callback function fTimeDownloadPosCallBack, and the video download data callback function fDataCallBackEx to save the transcoded data.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the record download transcoding, call **StopDownload** to stop it.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the service, call **Logout** to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources.

## 2.15.4 Sample Code

# Download videos

def download(self):

```
inParam = NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_BY_DATA_TYPE()
        inParam.dwSize = sizeof(NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_BY_DATA_TYPE)
        inParam.nChannelID = 3 # channel
        inParam.emRecordType = 0
        inParam.szSavedFileName = b'download.mp4'
        inParam.stStartTime = NET_TIME()
        inParam.stStartTime.dwYear = 2022
        inParam.stStartTime.dwMonth = 1
        inParam.stStartTime.dwDay = 11
        inParam.stStartTime.dwHour = 0
        inParam.stStartTime.dwMinute = 0
        inParam.stStartTime.dwSecond = 0
        inParam.stStopTime = NET_TIME()
        inParam.stStopTime.dwYear = 2022
        inParam.stStopTime.dwMonth = 1
        inParam.stStopTime.dwDay = 12
        inParam.stStopTime.dwHour = 0
        inParam.stStopTime.dwMinute = 0
        inParam.stStopTime.dwSecond = 0
        inParam.cbDownLoadPos = self.m TimeDownLoadPosCallBack
        inParam.fDownLoadDataCallBack = self.m_DataCallBack
        inParam.emDataType = 4
        inParam.emAudioType = 0
         outParam = NET_OUT_DOWNLOAD_BY_DATA_TYPE()
         outParam.dwSize = sizeof(NET_OUT_DOWNLOAD_BY_DATA_TYPE)
         self.downloadID = self.sdk.DownloadByDataType(self.loginID, inParam, outParam, 5000)
        if self.downloadID != 0:
             print("(download succeed).")
             return True
         else:
             print("(download fail). " + self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage())
             return False
# Callback function
def DataCallBack(self, IRealHandle, dwDataType, pBuffer, dwBufSize, dwUser):
         return 0
def TimeDownLoadPosCallBack(self, IPlayHandle, dwTotalSize, dwDownLoadSize, index,
recordfileinfo, dwUser):
```

## 2.16 PTZ Control

#### 2.16.1 Introduction

PTZ control is an important part of the surveillance system. In different scenarios, users have different needs for live view. For example, in a regular scenario, users want to track the target in the image. Through SDK, you can control PTZ devices and perform operations such as moving up, down, left, and right, focusing, zooming in and out, tours, and 3-dimensional positioning.

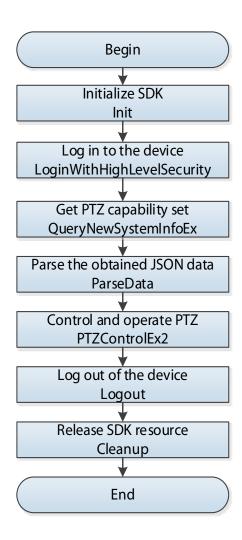
## 2.16.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-17 Interfaces of PTZ control

| Interface                  | Implication   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Init                       | Initialize SDK.                                       |
| Cleanup                    | Clean up SDK.   |
| LoginWithHighLevelSecurity | Log in with high level security.                      |
| ParseData                  | Parse the searched configuration information.         |
| PTZControlEx2              | Extension interface for PTZ control.                  |
| QueryNewSystemInfoEx       | Query the capability of the new system.               |
| Logout                     | Log out.  |
| GetLastError               | Get error codes of interfaces that fail to be called. |

## **2.16.3 Process**

Figure 2-15 Process of PTZ control



#### **Process Description**

- Step 1 Initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call **LoginWithHighLevelSecurity** to log in to the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **QueryNewSystemInfoEx** and use the CFG\_CAP\_CMD\_TYPE. PTZ command to get the capability set of the PTZ. Call **ParseData** and use the CFG\_CAP\_CMD\_TYPE. PTZ command to parse the obtained capability set.
- Step 4 According to your needs, call **PTZControlEx2** to operate the PTZ. Different PTZ commands might require different parameters. For certain operation commands, you might need to call the corresponding stop command, such as left or right movement. Refer to the sample code for more details.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the service, call **Logout** to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using all SDK functions, call **Cleanup** to release SDK resources.

## 2.16.4 Sample Code

```
def ptz_control(self):

channel = 3

# Confirm the preset number first
```

```
# Preset position control

param2 = 9  # preset position number

print("Step 1: set preset position")

result = self.sdk.PTZControlEx2(self.loginID, channel,

SDK_PTZ_ControlType.POINT_SET_CONTROL, 0, param2,

0, False, None)

if result:

print("set preset position succeed.")

else:

print("set preset position fail. " + self.sdk.GetLastErrorMessage())

return False
```

# **3 Interface Definition**

# 3.1 SDK Initialization

## **3.1.1 InitEx**

Table 3-1 Initialize SDK

| Item         | Description   |   |
|--------------|---|---|
| Name         | Initialize SDK.   |   |
|              | def InitEx(cls,   |   |
|              | call_back: fDisConnect =  | None,                                     |
| Function     | user_data: C_LDWORD =   | 0,  |
|              | init_param: NETSDK_INI7   | Γ_PARAM = NETSDK_INIT_PARAM()             |
|              | ) -> int  |   |
|              | [in] call_back  | Disconnection callback.                   |
| Parameter    | [in] user_data  | User parameter of disconnection callback. |
|              | [in] init_param   | Initialzie parameters.                    |
| Return value | • Success: 1.   |   |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.   |   |
|              | It is the precondition for calling other function modules.                          |   |
|              | If the callback is set as None, the callback will not be sent to the user after the |   |
| Note         | device is disconnected.   |   |
|              | The parameter user_data passed in by InitEx will be returned in the same field      |   |
|              | user_data of fDisConnect. User_data is not processed inside NetSDK, and is only     |   |
|              | used to carry user data into the callback.  |   |

# 3.1.2 Cleanup

Table 3-2 Clean up SDK

| Item         | Description   |
|--------------|---|
| Name         | Clean up SDK.   |
| Function     | def Cleanup(cls)  |
| Parameter    | None.   |
| Return value | None.   |
| Note         | Call the SDK cleanup interface before the process ends. |

## 3.1.3 SetAutoReconnect

Table 3-3 Set reconnection callback

| Item | Description                     |  |
|------|---------------------------------|--|
| Name | Set auto reconnection callback. |  |

| Item         | Description  |   |
|--------------|--|---|
|              | def SetAutoReconnect(cls,  |   |
| Function     | call_back: fHaveReConne  | ect,                                      |
| runction     | user_data: C_LDWORD =  | None                                      |
|              | )  |   |
| Daramatar    | [in] call_back   | Reconnection callback.                    |
| Parameter    | [in] user_data   | User parameter of disconnection callback. |
| Return value | None.  |   |
| Nata         | Set the reconnection callback interface. If the callback is set as None, it will not |   |
| Note         | connect automatically.   |   |

# 3.2 Device Search and Device Initialization

## 3.2.1 StartSearchDevicesEx

Table 3-4 Async device search

| Item         | Description  |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| Name         | Async device search.   |  |
|              | def StartSearchDevicesEx   | x(cls,                                   |
| Function     | pInBuf: NET_IN_STARTSE   | RACH_DEVICE,                             |
| Function     | pOutBuf: NET_OUT_STAF  | RTSERACH_DEVICE                          |
|              | )->C_LLONG   |  |
| Daramatar    | [in] plnBuf  | Async device searching input structure.  |
| Parameter    | [out] pOutBuf  | Async device searching output structure. |
|              | Success: Search handle.  |  |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.  |  |
|              | Call GetLastError to get error codes.  |  |
|              | Only support searching for devices within the same network segment. The            |  |
|              | number of calls to the search interface is the same as the number of network       |  |
| Note         | cards. After the device searching is successful, bind the search handle to the IP. |  |
| Note         | After the callback search result is returned, find the corresponding local IP      |  |
|              | through the search handle, and pass in the local IP when initializing the device   |  |
|              | account.   |  |

# 3.2.2 SearchDevicesByIPs

Table 3-5 Search for device in cross-segment

| Item     | Description                           |  |
|----------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Name     | Search for device IP in cross-segemt. |  |
|          | def SearchDevicesByIPs(cls,           |  |
|          | plpSearchInfo: DEVICE_IP_SEARCH_INFO, |  |
| Function | cbSearchDevices: fSearchDevicesCB,    |  |
|          | dwUserData: C_LDWORD,                 |  |
|          | szLocallp: c_char_p = None,           |  |

| Item          | Description   |  |
|---------------|---|--|
|               | dwWaitTime: C_DWORD = 5000  |  |
|               | ) -> c_int:   |  |
|               | [in] plpSearchInfo  | Search device info.                                  |
|               |   | Search device callback. When a device response       |
|               |   | packet returns, NetSDK parses the response packet    |
|               | [in] cbSearchDevices  | into valid information and notifies users by the     |
|               |   | callback. For details, see the description of        |
|               |   | fSearchDevicesCB. Callback cannot be null.           |
| Parameter     | [in] dwUserData   | User data. NetSDK returns the data to users by       |
| raiailletei   | [III] GWOSEIData  | fSearchDevicesCB whichis the device search callback. |
|               | [in] szLocallp  | Local IP. The default value is None. And no value    |
|               |   | enrtered is allowed.                                 |
|               | [in] dwWaitTime   | Search time expected by users.                       |
|               |   | Se the parameters as nedded. This interfacre is a    |
|               |   | synchronous interface, so it only returns when the   |
|               |   | waiting time of search is finished.                  |
| Return value  | • Success: 1.   |  |
| netuiii value | • Failure: 0.   |  |
|               | This interfacre is a synchronous interface, so it only returns when the waiting |  |
| Note          | time of search is finished. Enter the search time according to own network      |  |
|               | situations.   |  |

# 3.2.3 StopSearchDevices

Table 3-6 Stop async searching

| Item         | Description   |   |
|--------------|---|---|
| Name         | Stop searching for devices with the same network segment, such as IPC and |   |
| Name         | NVS.  |   |
|              | def StopSearchDevices(c   | ls,   |
| Function     | ISearchHandle: C_LLONG  |   |
|              | ) -> c_int  |   |
| Parameter    | [in] [Coonabilionallo   | Async search for device ID. Return value of async |
| rarameter    | [in] ISearchHandle  | search interfaces, such as StartSearchDevicesEx.  |
| Return value | Success: 1.   |   |
| Return value | Failure: 0.   |   |
| Note         | Use with StartSearchDevicesEx in pairs.                                   |   |

## 3.2.4 InitDevAccount

Table 3-7 Initialize device

| Item | Description                |
|------|----------------------------|
| Name | Initialize device account. |

| Item         | Description  |  |
|--------------|--|--|
|              | def InitDevAccount(cls,  |  |
|              | plnitAccountln: NET_IN_  | INIT_DEVICE_ACCOUNT,                                 |
| Function     | plnitAccountOut: NET_O   | UT_INIT_DEVICE_ACCOUNT,                              |
| Function     | dwWaitTime: int = 5000,  |  |
|              | szLocallp: c_char_p = No   | ne   |
|              | ) -> c_int   |  |
|              | [in] plnitAccountIn  | Input structure of decive initialization.            |
|              | [out]plnitAccountOut   | Output structure of decive initialization.           |
| Parameter    | [in] dwWaitTime  | Waiting time. The unit is ms.                        |
|              | [in] szLocallp   | Local IP. Should be the same with szLocallp filed of |
|              |  | plnBuf of StartSearchDevicesEx.                      |
| Return value | Success: 1.  |  |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.  |  |
|              | If the PC has several network cards, you need to call StartSearchDevicesEx for       |  |
| Note         | several times. After the search is successful, the search handle is bound to the IP. |  |
| Note         | When searching for callback information, find the corresponding local IP by the      |  |
|              | search handle. During initialization, szLocallp should be the local IP.              |  |

# 3.3 Device Login

# 3.3.1 LoginWithHighLevelSecurity

Table 3-8 Log in

| Item         | Description  |                                |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Name         | Log in to the device.                              |                                |
|              | def LoginWithHighLevelSecurity(cls,                |                                |
| Function     | stulnParam: NET_IN_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY,  |                                |
| runction     | stuOutParam: NET_OUT_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY |                                |
|              | ) -> tuple   |                                |
|              | [in] stulnParam                                    | Input parameter structure.     |
| Parameter    | [out] stuOutParam                                  | Output parameter structure.    |
| Parameter    | [out] device_info                                  | Device info.                   |
|              | [out] error_message                                | Error info of login interfece. |
| B            | Success: Non-0.                                    |                                |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.                                      |                                |
| Note         | None.  |                                |

# **3.3.2 Logout**

Table 3-9 Log out

| Item | Description            |
|------|------------------------|
| Name | Log out of the device. |

| Item         | Description     |   |
|--------------|-----------------|---|
|              | def Logout(cls, |   |
| Function     | login_id: int   |   |
|              | ) -> int        |   |
| Parameter    | [in]login_id    | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |
| Datum valua  | Success: 1.     |   |
| Return value | Failure: 0.     |   |
| Note         | None.           |   |

## 3.4 Live View

# 3.4.1 RealPlayEx

Table 3-10 Start preview live ivew

| Item         | Description  |  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Name         | Start live view.   |  |  |  |
|              | def RealPlayEx(cls,  |  |  |  |
|              | login_id: int,   | login_id: int,                                     |  |  |
| Function     | channel: int,  |  |  |  |
| Function     | hwnd: int,   |  |  |  |
|              | play_type=SDK_RealPlayType.Realplay                                  |  |  |  |
|              | ) -> C_LLONG   |  |  |  |
|              | [in] login_id  | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.        |  |  |
| Parameter    | [in] channel   | Video channel No. is a round No., starting from 0. |  |  |
| Parameter    | [in] hwnd  | Window handle valid only under Windows system.     |  |  |
|              | [in] play_type   | Live type.   |  |  |
| Dotum value  | Success: Non-0.  |  |  |  |
| Return value | • Failure: 0   |  |  |  |
|              | Windows system:  |  |  |  |
| Nata         | When hWnd is valid, the corresponding window displays picture.       |  |  |  |
| Note         | When hWnd is None, get the video data through setting a callback and |  |  |  |
|              | send to user for har   | ndle.  |  |  |

Table 3-11 Live type and meaning

| Live type   | Meaning                                       |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| Realplay    | Real-time live                                |  |
| Multiplay   | Multi-picture live                            |  |
| Realplay_0  | Live view—main stream, equivalent to Realplay |  |
| Realplay_1  | Live view—sub stream 1                        |  |
| Realplay_2  | Live view—sub stream 2                        |  |
| Realplay_3  | Live view—sub stream 3                        |  |
| Multiplay_1 | Multi-picture live—1 picture                  |  |
| Multiplay_4 | Multi-picture live—4 pictures                 |  |
| Multiplay_8 | Multi-picture live—8 pictures                 |  |

| Live type    | Meaning                        |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Multiplay_9  | Multi-picture live—9 pictures  |  |
| Multiplay_16 | Multi-picture live—16 pictures |  |
| Multiplay_6  | Multi-picture live—6 pictures  |  |
| Multiplay_12 | Multi-picture live—12 pictures |  |
| Multiplay_25 | Multi-picture live—25 pictures |  |
| Multiplay_36 | Multi-picture live—36 pictures |  |

## 3.4.2 StopRealPlayEx

Table 3-12 Stop live view

| Item         | Description             |                             |
|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Name         | Stop the live view.     |                             |
|              | def StopRealPlayEx(cls, |                             |
| Function     | realplay_id: int        |                             |
|              | ) -> int                |                             |
| Parameter    | [in] realplay_id        | Return value of RealPlayEx. |
| Return value | Success: 1.             |                             |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.           |                             |
| Note         | None.                   |                             |

# 3.5 Record Playback

#### 3.5.1 SetDeviceMode

Table 3-13 Set working mode

| Item         | Description            |   |
|--------------|------------------------|---|
| Name         | Set working mode.      |   |
|              | def SetDeviceMode(cls, |   |
|              | login_id: int,         |   |
| Function     | emType: int,           |   |
|              | value: c_void_p        |   |
|              | ) -> c_int             |   |
|              | [in] login_id          | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |
| Parameter    | [in] emType            | Working mode enumeration.                   |
|              | [in] value             | Structure correspondes to working mode.     |
| Return value | • Success: 1.          |   |
|              | • Failure: 0.          |   |
| Note         | None.                  | ·   |

Table 3-14 Working mode and corresponding structure

| emType Enumeration | Meaning                             | Structure |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
|                    | Set the record stream type to query |           |
| RECORD_STREAM_TYPE | and playback by time.               | None      |
|                    | 0: Main and sub stream              |           |

| emType Enumeration | Meaning                              | Structure       |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                    | • 1: Main stream                     |                 |
|                    | • 2: Sub stream                      |                 |
| DECORD TYPE        | Set the record file type to playback | EM RECORD TYPE  |
| RECORD_TYPE        | and download by time.                | EWI_RECORD_ITPE |

## 3.5.2 QueryRecordFile

Table 3-15 Query for all the record files within a period

| Item          | Description  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Name          | Query for all the record files within a period.                                  |  |  |  |
|               | def QueryRecordFile(cls,   |  |  |  |
|               | login_id: int,   |  |  |  |
|               | channel_id: int,   |  |  |  |
|               | recordfile_type: int,  | recordfile_type: int,                                    |  |  |
| Function      | start_time: NET_TIME,  |  |  |  |
| Function      | end_time: NET_TIME,  |  |  |  |
|               | card_id: str,  |  |  |  |
|               | wait_time:int,   |  |  |  |
|               | is_querybytime:bool  |  |  |  |
|               | ) -> tuple   |  |  |  |
|               | [in] login_id  | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.              |  |  |
|               | [in] channel_id  | Device channel.  |  |  |
|               | [in] recordfile_type   | Query type. Refer to EM_QUERY_RECORD_TYPE.               |  |  |
|               | [in] start_time  | Start time.  |  |  |
|               | [in] end_time  | End time.  |  |  |
| Parameter     | [in] card_id   | Card ID.   |  |  |
|               | [in] wait_time   | Waiting time.  |  |  |
|               | [in] is_querybytime  | Whether to query by time.                                |  |  |
|               | [out] file_count   | Returned file number.                                    |  |  |
|               | [out] recordfile infos   | File info of returned records. The strcture group of     |  |  |
|               | [out] recordine_inios  | NET_RECORDFILE_INFO.                                     |  |  |
| Return value  | • Success: 1.  |  |  |  |
| neturii value | • Failure: 0.  |  |  |  |
|               | Before playback, call this   | s interface to query the video records. When the info of |  |  |
| Note          | searched record within the entered time is greater than the defined buffer size, |  |  |  |
| NOCE          | SDK only returns the records that can be stored in the buffer. You can continue  |  |  |  |
|               | to query as needed.  |  |  |  |

# 3.5.3 PlayBackByTimeEx2

Table 3-16 Playback by time

| Item | Description       |
|------|-------------------|
| Name | Playback by time. |

| Item         | Description   |   |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|
|              | def PlayBackByTimeEx2(cls,  |   |  |
|              | login_id: int,  |   |  |
| Function     | channel_id: int,  |   |  |
| Function     | in_param: NET_IN_PLAY   | _BACK_BY_TIME_INFO,                         |  |
|              | out_param: NET_OUT_P  | LAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO                       |  |
|              | ) -> int:   |   |  |
|              | [in] login_id   | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |  |
| Daramatar    | [in] channel_id   | Device channel No                           |  |
| Parameter    | [in] in_param   | Query input condition.                      |  |
|              | [out] out_param   | Query output information.                   |  |
| Return value | Success: Non-0.   |   |  |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.   |   |  |
|              | For the callback declaration cbDownLoadPos and fDownLoadDataCallBack in     |   |  |
| Nata         | NET_IN_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO, see "3.11 错误!表格结果无效。"                        |   |  |
| Note         | The parameters hWnd and fDownLoadDataCallBack in pstNetIn cannot be None    |   |  |
|              | at the same time; otherwise, the interface calling will be failed returned. |   |  |

# 3.5.4 StopPlayBack

Table 3-17 Stop playback

| Item         | Description           |   |
|--------------|-----------------------|---|
| Name         | Stop playback.        |   |
|              | def StopPlayBack(cls, |   |
| Function     | playback_id: int      |   |
|              | ) -> int              |   |
| Parameter    | [in] playback_id      | Playback handle. Return value of PlayBackByTimeEx2. |
| Return value | Success: 1.           |   |
|              | • Failure: 0.         |   |
| Note         | None.                 |   |

# 3.5.5 PausePlayBack

Table 3-18 Pause or resume playback

| Item         | Description             |   |  |
|--------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| Name         | Pause or resume playbac | Pause or resume playback.                           |  |
|              | def PausePlayBack(cls,  |   |  |
| Function     | playback_id: int,       |   |  |
| Function     | is_pause: bool          |   |  |
|              | ) -> int:               |   |  |
| Parameter    | [in] playback_id        | Playback handle. Return value of PlayBackByTimeEx2. |  |
| Parameter    | [in] is_pause           | Pause or resume. True: pause; False: resume.        |  |
| Return value | Success: 1.             |   |  |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.           |   |  |
| Note         | None.                   |   |  |

## 3.6 Record Download

# 3.6.1 DownloadByTimeEx

Table 3-19 Download by time

| Item         | Description   | ,   |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| Name         | Download by time.   |   |  |
|              | def DownloadByTimeEx(cls,   |   |  |
|              | login_id: int,  |   |  |
|              | channel_id: int,  |   |  |
|              | recordfile_type: int,   |   |  |
|              | start_time: NET_TIME,   |   |  |
|              | end_time: NET_TIME,   |   |  |
| Function     | save_filename: str,   |   |  |
|              | callback_timedownloadpos: fTime   | Down Load Pos Call Back,                    |  |
|              | time_UserData: C_LDWORD,  |   |  |
|              | callback_timedownloaddata: fData  | CallBack,                                   |  |
|              | data_UserData: C_LDWORD,  |   |  |
|              | pReserved: int = 0  |   |  |
|              | ) -> int  |   |  |
|              | [in] login_id   | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |  |
|              | [in] channel_id   | Device channel No., starting from 0.        |  |
|              | [in] recordfile_type  | Record file type.                           |  |
|              | [in] start_time   | Start time.                                 |  |
|              | [in] end_time   | End time.                                   |  |
| Parameter    | [in] save_filename  | Record file name to be save. Full path.     |  |
| Tarameter    | [in] callback_timedownloadpos   | Download progress callback.                 |  |
|              | [in] time_UserData  | Customized data of download progress        |  |
|              |   | callback.                                   |  |
|              | [in] callback_timedownloaddata  | Download data callback.                     |  |
|              | [in] data_UserData  | Customized data of download data callback.  |  |
|              | [in] pReserved  | Reserved parameter.                         |  |
| Return value | Success: Non-0.   |   |  |
| Return value | Failure: 0.   |   |  |
|              | For callback declaration of callback_timedownloadpos and                    |   |  |
|              | callback_timedownloaddata, see "3.11 错误!表格结果无效。."                           |   |  |
| Note         | sSavedFileName is not blank, and the record data is input into the file     |   |  |
| 11010        | corresponding with the path.  |   |  |
|              | fDownLoadDataCallBack is not blank, and the record data is returned through |   |  |
|              | callback.   |   |  |

# 3.6.2 StopDownload

Table 3-20 Stop record download

| Item         | Description  |   |
|--------------|--|---|
| Name         | Stop record download.                              |   |
|              | def StopDownload(cls,                              |   |
| Function     | download_id: int                                   |   |
|              | ) -> int   |   |
| Parameter    | [in] download_id Return value of DownloadByTimeEx. |   |
| Return value | Success: 1.  |   |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.                                      |   |
| Note         | Stop downloading after                             | r it is completed or partially completed according to |
| Note         | particular situation.                              |   |

## 3.7 Device Control

## 3.7.1 GetDevConfig

Table 3-21 Get device configuration info

| Item         | Description                    |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Name         | Get device configuration info. |  |
|              | def GetDevConfig(cls,          |  |
|              | login_id: C_LLONG,             |  |
|              | cfg_type: C_DWORD,             |  |
| Function     | channel_id: C_LONG,            |  |
| runction     | out_buffer: C_LLONG,           |  |
|              | outbuffer_size: C_DWORD,       |  |
|              | wait_time: int = 5000          |  |
|              | ) -> int                       |  |
|              | [in] login_id                  | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.      |
|              | [in] cfg_type                  | Query time. For details, see the EM_DEV_CFG_TYPE |
|              |                                | enumeration in the SDK_Enum.py file.             |
| Parameter    | [in] channel_id                | Quey channel No                                  |
|              | [out] out_buffer               | Obtained strcture data.                          |
|              | [in] outbuffer_size            | Data length of out_buffer.                       |
|              | [in] wait_time                 | Timeout.   |
| Datamanalara | • Success: 1.                  |  |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.                  |  |
| Note         | None.                          |  |

Table 3-22 Configuration type enumeration

| emType Enumeration | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| TIMECFG            | Time configuration. GetDevConfig and SetDevConfig are used |
| TIMECEG            | together.  |

## 3.7.2 SetDevConfig

Table 3-23 Set device configuration info

| Item         | Description                    |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Name         | Set device configuration info. |  |
|              | def SetDevConfig(cls,          |  |
|              | login_id: C_LLONG,             |  |
|              | cfg_type: C_DWORD,             |  |
| Function     | channel_id: C_LONG,            |  |
|              | in_buffer: C_LLONG,            |  |
|              | inbuffer_size: C_DWORD,        |  |
|              | wait_time: int = 5000) -> int  |  |
|              | [in] login_id                  | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.      |
|              | [in] cfg_type                  | Query type. For details, see the EM_DEV_CFG_TYPE |
|              |                                | enumeration in the SDK_Enum.py file.             |
| Parameter    | [in] channel_id                | Quey channel No                                  |
|              | [in] in_buffer                 | Imported strcture data.                          |
|              | [in] inbuffer_size             | Data length of in_buffer.                        |
|              | [in] wait_time                 | Timeout.   |
| D            | Success: 1.                    |  |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.                  |  |
| Note         | None.                          |  |

#### 3.7.3 RebootDev

Table 3-24 Restart device

| Item         | Description        |   |
|--------------|--------------------|---|
| Name         | Restart device.    |   |
|              | def RebootDev(cls, |   |
| Function     | login_id: int      |   |
|              | ) -> int:          |   |
| Parameter    | [in] login_id      | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |
| Return value | Success: 1.        |   |
| Return value | • Failure: 0.      |   |
| Note         | None.              |   |

# 3.8 Remote Snapshot

## 3.8.1 SetSnapRevCallBack

Table 3-25 Set remote snapshot callback

| Item         | Description   |   |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| Name         | Set snapshot callback.                                |   |  |
|              | def SetSnapRevCallBack(cls,                           |   |  |
| Function     | OnSnapRevMessage: fSnapRev,                           |   |  |
| runction     | dwUser: C_LDWORD                                      |   |  |
|              | ) -> None   |   |  |
|              | [in] OnSnapRevMessage                                 | Remote snapshot callback.                   |  |
| Parameter    | [in] dwUser   | User data. SDK will return data to users by |  |
|              |   | fSnapRev.                                   |  |
| Return value | None.   |   |  |
| Note         | Call SetSnapRevCallBack before calling SnapPictureEx. |   |  |

## 3.8.2 SnapPictureEx

Table 3-26 Snapshot command intension interface

| Item         | Description                           |   |  |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Name         | Snapshot command intension interface. |   |  |
|              | def SnapPictureEx(cls,                |   |  |
|              | lLoginID:C_LLONG,                     |   |  |
| Function     | par:SNAP_PARAMS,                      |   |  |
|              | reserved=0                            |   |  |
|              | )->c_int                              |   |  |
|              | [in] lLoginID                         | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |  |
| Daramatar    | [in] par                              | Snapshot parameters. For detalis, see       |  |
| Parameter    |                                       | SNAP_PARAMS structure.                      |  |
|              | [in] reserved                         | Picture format.                             |  |
| Return value | • Success: 1.                         |   |  |
|              | • Failure: 0.                         |   |  |
| Note         | None.                                 |   |  |

# 3.9 Alarm Upload

#### 3.9.1 SetDVRMessCallBackEx1

Table 3-27 Set alarm callback

| Item      | Description                    |  |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|
| Name      | Set alarm callback.            |  |
| Function  | def SetDVRMessCallBackEx1(cls, |  |
|           | cbMessage:fMessCallBackEx1,    |  |
|           | dwUser:C_LDWORD                |  |
|           | )->None                        |  |
| Parameter | [in] cbMessage                 | Alarm callback. For details, see fMessCallBackEx1. |

| Item         | Description  |   |
|--------------|--|---|
|              | [in] dud loor  | User data. SDK will return data to users by |
|              | [in] dwUser  | fMessCallBackEx1.                           |
| Return value | None.  |   |
| Note         | Call StartListenEx before calling SetDVRMessCallBackEx1. |   |

#### 3.9.2 StartListenEx

Table 3-28 Start alarm subscription

| Item         | Description   |  |  |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| Name         | Extension interface of de                                   | Extension interface of device alarm subscribtion.          |  |
|              | def StartListenEx(cls,                                      |  |  |
| Function     | lLoginID:C_LLONG  |  |  |
|              | )->c_int  |  |  |
| Parameter    | [in] lLoginID   | [in]   Login D Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |  |
| Return value | Success: 1.   |  |  |
| Return value | Failure: 0.   |  |  |
| Note         | All alarm evnets of devices are fed back by callback set in |  |  |
| Note         | SetDVRMessCallBackEx1                                       |  |  |

## 3.9.3 StopListen

Table 3-29 Stop alarm subscription

| Item         | Description              |   |  |
|--------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| Name         | Stop alarm subscribtion. | Stop alarm subscribtion.                    |  |
|              | def StopListen(cls,      |   |  |
| Function     | ILoginID:C_LLONG         |   |  |
|              | )->c_int                 |   |  |
| Parameter    | [in] lLoginID            | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |  |
| Return value | Success: 1.              |   |  |
|              | • Failure: 0.            |   |  |
| Note         | None.                    |   |  |

# 3.10 Intelligent Traffic Event Upload

#### 3.10.1 RealLoadPictureEx

Table 3-30 Intelligent image alarm subscription

| Item | Description                           |
|------|---------------------------------------|
| Name | Intelligent image alarm subscription. |

| Item          | Description   |  |  |
|---------------|---|--|--|
|               | def RealLoadPictureEx(cls,  |  |  |
|               | ILoginID: C_LLONG,  |  |  |
|               | nChannelID: c_int,  |  |  |
|               | dwAlarmType: c_ulong,   |  |  |
| Function      | bNeedPicFile: c_int,  |  |  |
|               | cbAnalyzerData: fAnalyz   | erDataCallBack,  |  |
|               | dwUser: C_LDWORD = 0  | ,  |  |
|               | reserved: c_void_p = No   | ne   |  |
|               | ) -> C_LLONG  |  |  |
|               | [in] lLoginID   | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.              |  |
|               | [in] nChannallD   | Channel No. of intelligent image alarm subscribtion,     |  |
|               | [in] nChannelID   | starting from 0.   |  |
|               | Fire I alou A la macTone a  | Alarm event type expected to subscribe. Refer to         |  |
|               | [in] dwAlarmType  | EM_EVENT_IVS_TYPE.                                       |  |
|               |   | Subscribe to image file or not?                          |  |
| Parameter     | [in] bNeedPicFile   | 1: Subscribe to image.                                   |  |
| Parameter     |   | 0: Not subscribe to image.                               |  |
|               | [in]cbAnalyzerData  | Callback of intelligent event. When there is intelligent |  |
|               |   | image alarm be uploaded, NetSDK will returns data to     |  |
|               |   | users.   |  |
|               | [in] dwUser   | User data. SDK will return data to users by              |  |
|               | [in] awoser   | fAnalyzerDataCallBack.                                   |  |
|               | [in] reserved   | Reserved parameter.                                      |  |
| Return value  | Success: ID of Intelligent image alarm subscription.                            |  |  |
| netuiii value | Failure: 0, and it will be the parameter of StopLoadPic.                        |  |  |
|               | If you need to subscribe to several events on one channel, set the evnt type as |  |  |
| Note          | EM_EVENT_IVS_ALL to subscribe to all event types when calling                   |  |  |
|               | RealLoadPictureEx, and then process the evnets you need.                        |  |  |

# 3.10.2 StopLoadPic

Table 3-31 Stop subscription of intelligent event

| Item         | Description               |   |  |
|--------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| Name         | Stop subscribtion of inte | Stop subscribtion of intelligent event. |  |
|              | def StopLoadPic(cls,      |   |  |
| Function     | IAnalyzerHandle:C_LLONG   |   |  |
|              | )->c_int                  |   |  |
| Parameter    | [in] lAnalyzerHandle      | Return value of RealLoadPictureEx.      |  |
| Return value | Success: 1.               |   |  |
|              | • Failure: 0.             |   |  |
| Note         | None.                     |   |  |

## **3.11 Enabling Live View Transcoding Interface**

Table 3-32 RealPlayByDataType

| Item         | Description   |   |
|--------------|---|---|
| Name         | Enable the live view transcoding interface.                       |   |
|              | def RealPlayByDataType(cls, ILoginID: int, pstInParam:            |   |
| Function     | NET_IN_REALPLAY_BY_DATA_TYPE, pstOutParam:                        |   |
|              | NET_OUT_REALPLAY_BY_DATA_TYPE, dwWaitTime: int = 5000) -> C_LLONG |   |
|              | [in] lLoginlD   | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |
| Parameter    | [in] pstInParam   | Input parameter structure.                  |
| Parameter    | [out] pstOutParam   | Output parameter structure.                 |
|              | [in] dwWaitTime   | Waiting time.                               |
| Return value | Success: Non-0.   |   |
|              | Failure: 0  |   |
| Description  | None.   |   |

## 3.12 Enabling Record Playback Transcoding Interface

Table 3-33 PlayBackByDataType

| Item         | Description   |   |
|--------------|---|---|
| Name         | Enable the record playback transcoding interface.                 |   |
|              | def PlayBackByDataType(cls,  Login D: int, pstInParam:            |   |
| Function     | NET_IN_PLAYBACK_BY_DATA_TYPE, pstOutParam:                        |   |
|              | NET_OUT_PLAYBACK_BY_DATA_TYPE, dwWaitTime: int = 5000) -> C_LLONG |   |
|              | [in] lLoginID   | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |
| Davanastav   | [in] pstInParam   | Input parameter structure.                  |
| Parameter    | [out] pstOutParam   | Output parameter structure.                 |
|              | [in] dwWaitTime   | Waiting time.                               |
| Return value | Success: Non-0.   |   |
|              | Failure: 0  |   |
| Description  | None.   |   |

# **3.13 Enabling Record Download Transcoding Interface**

Table 3-34 DownloadByDataType

| Item      | Description   |   |
|-----------|---|---|
| Name      | Enable the record download transcoding interface.                 |   |
|           | def DownloadByDataTyp   | pe(cls, lLoginID: int, pstInParam:          |
| Function  | NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_BY_DATA_TYPE, pstOutParam:                        |   |
|           | NET_OUT_DOWNLOAD_BY_DATA_TYPE, dwWaitTime: int = 5000) -> C_LLONG |   |
|           | [in] lLoginID   | Return value of LoginWithHighLevelSecurity. |
| Parameter | [in] pstInParam   | Input parameter structure.                  |
|           | [out] pstOutParam   | Output parameter structure.                 |

| Item         | Description     |               |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
|              | [in] dwWaitTime | Waiting time. |
| Return value | Success: Non-0. |               |
|              | Failure: 0      |               |
| Description  | None.           |               |

# **4 Callback Definition**

#### 4.1 fDisConnect

Table 4-1 Disconnection callback

| Item         | Description   |   |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| Name         | Disconnection callback.   | Disconnection callback.                         |  |
| Precondition | None.   |   |  |
| Function     | fDisConnect = WINFUNC   | TYPE(None, C_LLONG, c_char_p, c_long, C_LDWORD) |  |
|              | lLoginID  | Login handle.                                   |  |
| Parameter    | pchDVRIP  | IP address.                                     |  |
| Parameter    | nDVRPort  | Port.   |  |
|              | dwUser  | User data.                                      |  |
| Return value | None.   |   |  |
|              | Be triggered when the device is disconnected.                               |   |  |
| Note         | It is not recommended to call any NetSDK interface in this callback. If the |   |  |
|              | callback in the Demo calls, then you can follow and call.                   |   |  |

#### 4.2 fHaveReConnect

Table 4-2 Reconnection callback

| Item         | Description   |   |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| Name         | Reconnection callback   | •   |  |
| Precondition | None.   |   |  |
| Function     | fHaveReConnect = WI   | fHaveReConnect = WINFUNCTYPE(None, C_LLONG, c_char_p, c_long, |  |
| Function     | C_LDWORD)   |   |  |
|              | lLoginID  | Login handle.   |  |
| Daramatar    | pchDVRIP  | IP address.   |  |
| Parameter    | nDVRPort  | Port.   |  |
|              | dwUser  | User data.  |  |
| Return value | None.   | None.   |  |
|              | Be triggered when the device is disconnected.                               |   |  |
| Note         | It is not recommended to call any NetSDK interface in this callback. If the |   |  |
|              | callback in the Demo calls, then you can follow and call.                   |   |  |

## 4.3 fSearchDevicesCBEx

Table 4-3 Async device search callback

| Item | Description                       |  |
|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Name | Device search callback prototype. |  |

| Item         | Description  |                 |  |
|--------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Precondition | None.  | None.           |  |
| Function     | fSearchDevicesCBEx = WINFUNCTYPE(None, C_LLONG,                                  |                 |  |
| Function     | POINTER(DEVICE_NET_INFO_EX2), c_void_p)  |                 |  |
|              | ISearchHandle  | Search handle.  |  |
| Parameter    | pDevNetInfo  | Device info.    |  |
|              | pUserData  | User data info. |  |
| Return value | None.  |                 |  |
|              | Device search callback.  |                 |  |
|              | It is not recommended to call any NetSDK interface in this callback. If the      |                 |  |
| Note         | callback in the Demo calls, then you can follow and call.                        |                 |  |
|              | Set the callback by StartSearchDeviceEx. When a device is searched, the SDK will |                 |  |
|              | call this callback.  |                 |  |

## 4.4 fSearchDevicesCB

Table 4-4 Device search callback

| Item         | Description   |   |
|--------------|---|---|
| Name         | Device search callback prototype.   |   |
| Precondition | None.   |   |
| Function     | fSearchDevicesCB = WIN  | FUNCTYPE(None, POINTER(DEVICE_NET_INFO_EX), |
| runction     | c_void_p)   |   |
| Parameter    | pDevNetInfo   | Info.                                       |
| rarameter    | pUserData   | User data info.                             |
| Return value | None.   |   |
|              | Device search callback.   |   |
|              | It is not recommended to call any NetSDK interface in this callback. If the     |   |
| Note         | callback in the Demo calls, then you can follow and call.                       |   |
|              | Set the callback by SearchDevicesByIPs. When a device is searched, the SDK will |   |
|              | call this callback.   |   |

## 4.5 fDownLoadPosCallBack

Table 4-5 Playback progress callback

| Item         | Description   |                                    |
|--------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Name         | Playback progress callback.   |                                    |
| Precondition | None.   |                                    |
| Function     | fDownLoadPosCallBack = WINFUNCTYPE(None, C_LLONG, C_DWORD, C_DWORD, |                                    |
|              | C_LDWORD)   |                                    |
| Parameter    | IPlayHandle   | Return handel of PlayBackByTimeEx. |
| raiametei    | dwTotalSize   | Total size of download.            |

| Item         | Description                                      |   |
|--------------|--|---|
|              |  | The size that has been downloaded  - 1: Current download or playback has been |
|              | dwDownLoadSize                                   | finished.  -2: The user does not have permission to download or playback.     |
|              | dwUser   | User data.  |
| Return value | None.  |   |
|              | Playback progress callback.                      |   |
| Note         | It is not recommended to                         | call any NetSDK interface in this callback. If the callback                   |
|              | in the Demo calls, then you can follow and call. |   |

## 4.6 fDataCallBack

Table 4-6 Playback data callback

| Item         | Description   |   |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| Name         | Playback data callba  | Playback data callback.                               |  |
| Precondition | None.   |   |  |
| Function     | fDataCallBack = WIN   | FUNCTYPE(c_int, C_LLONG, C_DWORD, POINTER(c_ubyte),   |  |
| Function     | C_DWORD, C_LDWO   | C_DWORD, C_LDWORD)                                    |  |
|              | IPlayHandle   | Playback data handle.                                 |  |
|              | dwDataType  | Data type.  |  |
| Parameter    | pBuffer   | Data buffer. Memory is released internally by NetSDK. |  |
|              | dwBufSize   | Data buffer size.                                     |  |
|              | dwUser  | User data.  |  |
| Return value | 1: Succeed to call back.  |   |  |
| Return value | 0: Failed to call back. The next callback will return the subsequent data.  |   |  |
| Note         | Data callback of downloading records  |   |  |
|              | It is not recommended to call any NetSDK interface in this callback. If the |   |  |
|              | callback in the Demo calls, then you can follow and call.                   |   |  |

# 4.7 fTimeDownLoadPosCallBack

Table 4-7 Callback of download by time callback

| Item         | Description  |                                    |
|--------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Name         | Callback of download by time.                                  |                                    |
| Precondition | None.  |                                    |
| Function     | fTimeDownLoadPosCallBack = WINFUNCTYPE(None, C_LLONG, C_DWORD, |                                    |
| Function     | C_DWORD, c_int, NET_RECORDFILE_INFO, C_LDWORD)                 |                                    |
| Parameter    | IPlayHandle  | Return handel of DownloadByTimeEx. |
|              | dwTotalSize  | Total size of download.            |
|              | dwDownLoadSize   | The size that has been downloaded  |
|              | Index  | Index.                             |
|              | Recordfileinfo   | Record file information.           |

| Item         | Description                        |  |
|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
|              | dwUser                             | User data.   |
| Return value | None.                              |  |
|              | Download progress callback.        |  |
| Note         | It is not recommended to call any  | NetSDK interface in this callback. If the callback |
|              | in the Demo calls, then you can fo | llow and call.                                     |

# 4.8 fAnalyzerDataCallBack

Table 4-8 Intelligent image alarm callback

| Item         | Description  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| Name         | Intelligent image alarm callback.  |  |  |
| Precondition | None.  |  |  |
| F            | fAnalyzerDataCallBack = WINFUNCTYPE(None, C_LLONG, C_DWORD, c_void_p,                |  |  |
| Function     | POINTER(c_ubyte), C_DV   | NORD, C_LDWORD, c_int, c_void_p)                         |  |
|              | lAnalyzerHandle  | Return handel of RealLoadPictureEx.                      |  |
|              | dwAlarmType  | Event type of EM_EVENT_IVS_TYPE.                         |  |
|              | pAlarmInfo   | Event info.  |  |
|              | pBuffer  | Image data buffer.                                       |  |
|              | dwBufSize  | Image data buffer size.                                  |  |
|              | dwUser   | User data info entered by RealLoadPictureEx              |  |
|              |  | Situation of the same uploaded image.                    |  |
| Parameter    | nSequence  | 0: First time to appear.                                 |  |
|              |  | 1: Same image will appear from this time on.             |  |
|              |  | • 2: Last time to appear or only once.                   |  |
|              | Reserved   | Indicate the status of current called back data when int |  |
|              |  | nState = (int)reserved.                                  |  |
|              |  | 0: Current data is real-time data.                       |  |
|              |  | • 1: Current data is offline data.                       |  |
|              |  | 2: Offline data transmission ends.                       |  |
| Return value | None.  |  |  |
|              | Intelligent image alarm callback.  |  |  |
| Note         | It is not recommended to call any NetSDK interface in this callback. If the callback |  |  |
|              | in the Demo calls, then you can follow and call.                                     |  |  |
|              | Set the callback by RealLoadPictureEx. When an intelligent image event is            |  |  |
|              | uploaded, the SDK will call this callback.   |  |  |
|              | The dwAlarmType value varies according to different data type of pAlarmInfo.         |  |  |

# 4.9 fSnapRev

Table 4-9 Snapshot callback

| Item | Description                  |
|------|------------------------------|
| Name | Snapshot callback prototype. |

| Item         | Description  |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| Precondition | None.  |  |
| F .:         | fSnapRev = WINFUNCTYPE(None, C_LLONG, POINTER(c_ubyte), c_uint, c_uint,      |  |
| Function     | C_DWORD, C_LDWO  | RD)                                      |
|              | lLoginID   | Login handle.                            |
|              | pBuf   | Image buffer.                            |
|              | RevLen   | Image size.                              |
| Parameter    |  | Encode type:                             |
| Parameter    | EncodeType   | 10: Jpeg image.                          |
|              |  | 0: I frame of mpeg4.                     |
|              | CmdSerial  | Command serial No                        |
|              | dwUser   | User data entered by SetSnapRevCallBack. |
| Return value | None.  |  |
|              | Snapshot callback function.  |  |
|              | It is not recommended to call any NetSDK interface in this callback. If the  |  |
| Note         | callback in the Demo calls, then you can follow and call.                    |  |
|              | Set this callback by SetSnapRevCallBack. When the snapshot data is sent, the |  |
|              | SDK will call this callback.   |  |

## 4.10 fMessCallBackEx1

Table 4-10 Alarm upload callback

| Item  | Description   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Name  | Alarm upload callback prototype.  |  |
| Precondition  | None.   |  |
| Function  | fMessCallBackEx1 = WII  | NFUNCTYPE(None, c_long, C_LLONG, POINTER(c_char),    |
| Function  | C_DWORD, POINTER(c_   | _char), c_long, c_int, c_long, C_LDWORD)             |
|   | lCommand  | Alarm type.  |
|   | lLoginID  | Login handle.  |
|   | pBuf  | Alarm info.  |
|   | dwBufLen  | Alarm info size.                                     |
|   | pchDVRIP  | IP address.  |
| Parameter   | nDVRPort  | Port.  |
|   | bAlarmAckFlag   | 1: The event can be confirmed.                       |
|   |   | 0: The event cannot be confirmed.                    |
|   | nEventID  | Used to assign values to the input parameters of the |
|   |   | AlarmAck. hen bAlarmAckFlag is 1, the data is valid. |
|   | dwUser  | User data entered by SetDVRMessCallBackEx1.          |
| Return value  | None.   |  |
|   | All registered devices use one alarm upload callback.                       |  |
|   | You can identify the uploaded device by parameter ILoginI.D.                |  |
| Note  | Data type of pBuf varies according to ICommand value.                       |  |
|   | It is not recommended to call any NetSDK interface in this callback. If the |  |
| callback in the Demo calls, then you can follow and call. |   | alls, then you can follow and call.                  |

# 4.11 fDataCallBackEx

Table 4-11 fDataCallBackEx

| Item         | Description  |
|--------------|--|
| Name         | Extension 2 of the prototype for the live view transcoding data callback   |
| Nume         | function.  |
| Precondition | None.  |
| Function     | $fDataCallBackEx = CB\_FUNCTYPE(c\_int, C\_LLONG,$   |
| runction     | POINTER(NET_DATA_CALL_BACK_INFO), C_LDWORD)  |
| Parameter    | <ul> <li>IRealHandle</li> <li>Live view handle. Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx and other interfaces for pulling live view streams.</li> <li>pDataCallBack</li> <li>Callback data. See NET_DATA_CALL_BACK_INFO for the structure details.</li> <li>dwUserData</li> <li>User data. Same as the input user data when users set the fRealDataCallBackEx callback function.</li> </ul> |
| Return value | None.  |
| Note         | None.  |

# **Appendix 1 Cybersecurity Recommendations**

Cybersecurity is more than just a buzzword: it's something that pertains to every device that is connected to the internet. IP video surveillance is not immune to cyber risks, but taking basic steps toward protecting and strengthening networks and networked appliances will make them less susceptible to attacks. Below are some tips and recommendations on how to create a more secured security system.

#### Mandatory actions to be taken for basic equipment network security:

#### 1. Use Strong Passwords

Please refer to the following suggestions to set passwords:

- The length should not be less than 8 characters;
- Include at least two types of characters; character types include upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols;
- Do not contain the account name or the account name in reverse order;
- Do not use continuous characters, such as 123, abc, etc.;
- Do not use overlapped characters, such as 111, aaa, etc.;

#### 2. Update Firmware and Client Software in Time

- According to the standard procedure in Tech-industry, we recommend to keep your
  equipment (such as NVR, DVR, IP camera, etc.) firmware up-to-date to ensure the system is
  equipped with the latest security patches and fixes. When the equipment is connected to
  the public network, it is recommended to enable the "auto-check for updates" function to
  obtain timely information of firmware updates released by the manufacturer.
- We suggest that you download and use the latest version of client software.

#### "Nice to have" recommendations to improve your equipment network security:

#### 1. Physical Protection

We suggest that you perform physical protection to equipment, especially storage devices. For example, place the equipment in a special computer room and cabinet, and implement well-done access control permission and key management to prevent unauthorized personnel from carrying out physical contacts such as damaging hardware, unauthorized connection of removable equipment (such as USB flash disk, serial port), etc.

#### 2. Change Passwords Regularly

We suggest that you change passwords regularly to reduce the risk of being guessed or cracked.

#### 3. Set and Update Passwords Reset Information Timely

The equipment supports password reset function. Please set up related information for password reset in time, including the end user's mailbox and password protection questions. If the information changes, please modify it in time. When setting password protection questions, it is suggested not to use those that can be easily guessed.

#### 4. Enable Account Lock

The account lock feature is enabled by default, and we recommend you to keep it on to guarantee the account security. If an attacker attempts to log in with the wrong password several times, the corresponding account and the source IP address will be locked.

#### 5. Change Default HTTP and Other Service Ports

We suggest you to change default HTTP and other service ports into any set of numbers between 1024~65535, reducing the risk of outsiders being able to guess which ports you are using.

#### 6. Enable HTTPS

We suggest you to enable HTTPS, so that you visit Web service through a secure communication channel.

#### 7. MAC Address Binding

We recommend you to bind the IP and MAC address of the gateway to the equipment, thus reducing the risk of ARP spoofing.

#### 8. Assign Accounts and Privileges Reasonably

According to business and management requirements, reasonably add users and assign a minimum set of permissions to them.

#### 9. Disable Unnecessary Services and Choose Secure Modes

If not needed, it is recommended to turn off some services such as SNMP, SMTP, UPnP, etc., to reduce risks.

If necessary, it is highly recommended that you use safe modes, including but not limited to the following services:

- SNMP: Choose SNMP v3, and set up strong encryption passwords and authentication passwords.
- SMTP: Choose TLS to access mailbox server.
- FTP: Choose SFTP, and set up strong passwords.
- AP hotspot: Choose WPA2-PSK encryption mode, and set up strong passwords.

#### 10. Audio and Video Encrypted Transmission

If your audio and video data contents are very important or sensitive, we recommend that you use encrypted transmission function, to reduce the risk of audio and video data being stolen during transmission.

Reminder: encrypted transmission will cause some loss in transmission efficiency.

#### 11. Secure Auditing

- Check online users: we suggest that you check online users regularly to see if the device is logged in without authorization.
- Check equipment log: By viewing the logs, you can know the IP addresses that were used to log in to your devices and their key operations.

#### 12. Network Log

Due to the limited storage capacity of the equipment, the stored log is limited. If you need to save the log for a long time, it is recommended that you enable the network log function to ensure that the critical logs are synchronized to the network log server for tracing.

#### 13. Construct a Safe Network Environment

In order to better ensure the safety of equipment and reduce potential cyber risks, we recommend:

- Disable the port mapping function of the router to avoid direct access to the intranet devices from external network.
- The network should be partitioned and isolated according to the actual network needs. If
  there are no communication requirements between two sub networks, it is suggested to
  use VLAN, network GAP and other technologies to partition the network, so as to achieve
  the network isolation effect.
- Establish the 802.1x access authentication system to reduce the risk of unauthorized access to private networks.

| • | Enable IP/MAC address filtering function to limit the range of hosts allowed to access the |
|---|--|
|   | device.  |
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# **Appendix 2 Intelligent events**

| Туре                       | Number     | Notes  |
|----------------------------|------------|--|
| ALL                        | 0x0000001  | subscriptionallevent   |
| CROSSLINEDETECTION         | 0x00000002 | crosslineevent(CorrespondingtoDEV_EVENT_<br>CROSSLINE_INFO)                                      |
| CROSSREGIONDETECTION       | 0x00000003 | crossregionevent(CorrespondingtoDEV_EVEN T_CROSSREGION_INFO)                                     |
| MOVEDETECTION              | 0x00000009 | moveevent(CorrespondingtoDEV_EVENT_MO VE_INFO)   |
| FIGHTDETECTION             | 0x000000E  | fightevent(CorrespondingtoDEV_EVENT_FIG HT_INFO)   |
| TRAFFICJUNCTION            | 0x00000017 | trafficjunctionevent(CorrespondingtoDEV_EV ENT_TRAFFICJUNCTION_INFO)                             |
| FACEDETECT                 | 0x000001A  | facedetection(CorrespondingtoDEV_EVENT_F<br>ACEDETECT_INFO)                                      |
| FACERECOGNITION            | 0x00000117 | targetrecognition(CorrespondingtoNET_DEV _EVENT_FACERECOGNITION_INFO)                            |
| TRAFFIC_FLOWSTATE          | 0x00000119 | trafficflowstate(CorrespondingtoDEV_EVENT _TRAFFIC_FLOW_STATE)                                   |
| TRAFFIC_DRIVER_SMOKING     | 0x00000139 | Driversmokingevent(CorrespondingtoNET_ADEV_EVENT_TRAFFIC_DRIVER_SMOKING)                         |
| TRAFFIC_DRIVER_CALLING     | 0x0000013A | Drivercallingevent(CorrespondingtoNET_A_D EV_EVENT_TRAFFIC_DRIVER_CALLING)                       |
| VIDEOBLIND                 | 0x00000153 | Videoocclusionevent(CorrespondingtoNET_ADEV_EVENT_ALARM_VIDEOBLIND)                              |
| ACCESS_CTL                 | 0x00000204 | Acccesscontrolevents(CorrespondingtoDEV_<br>EVENT_ACCESS_CTL_INFO)                               |
| TRAFFIC_TIREDPHYSIOLOGICAL | 0x00000207 | Physiological fatigued riving event (Correspond ing to NET_A_DEV_EVENT_TIREDPHYSIOLOGI CAL_INFO) |
| TRAFFIC_TIREDLOWERHEAD     | 0x0000020A | Startuplowheadalarmevent (Corresponding to NET_A_DEV_EVENT_TIREDLOWERHEAD_INF O)                 |
| TRAFFIC_DRIVERLOOKAROUND   | 0x0000020B | Drivingleftandrightlookingalarmevents(Corre spondingtoNET_A_DEV_EVENT_DRIVERLOOK AROUND_INFO)    |
| TRAFFIC_DRIVERLEAVEPOST    | 0x0000020C | Leavingpostduringdrivingalarmevent(Corres pondingtoNET_A_DEV_EVENT_DRIVERLEAVE POST_INFO)        |
| TRAFFIC_DRIVERYAWN         | 0x00000210 | Yawningincidentduringdriving(Correspondin gtoNET_A_DEV_EVENT_DRIVERYAWN_INFO)                    |
| CROWDDETECTION             | 0x0000022C | Eventofcrowddetection(CorrespondingtoDEV _EVENT_CROWD_DETECTION_INFO)                            |
| OPEN_INTELLI               | 0x0000039D | Openintelligentevent(correspondingtodev_e  |

|                        |            | vent_open_intelli_info)                        |
|------------------------|------------|--|
| TRAFFIC_MANUALSNAP     | 0x00000118 | Trafficmanual capture event (corresponding to  |
|                        |            | dev_event_traffic_manualsnap_info)             |
| SMARTMOTION_HUMAN      | 0x00000279 | Intelligentvideomotiondetectionevent(perso     |
|                        |            | n),(correspondingtoDEV_EVENT_SMARTMOTI         |
|                        |            | ON_HUMAN_INFO)                                 |
| RADAR_REGION_DETECTION | 0x00000295 | EventofRadarcrossregion detection (Correspon   |
|                        |            | dingtoNET_A_DEV_EVENT_RADAR_REGION_            |
|                        |            | DETECTION_INFO)                                |
| DIALRECOGNITION        | 0x00000371 | Instrument detection event (corresponding to D |
|                        |            | EV_EVENT_DIALRECOGNITION_INFO)                 |
| ELECTRICFAULT_DETECT   | 0x00000372 | Instrument defect detection event (correspondi |
|                        |            | ngtoDEV_EVENT_ELECTRICFAULTDETECT_INF          |
|                        |            | O)   |

# Appendix 3 General PTZ control command enumeration SDK\_PTZ\_ControlType

| General PTZ control command | Number | Notes   |
|-----------------------------|--------|---|
| UP_CONTROL                  | 0      | Up. Speed corresponds to param2 (1–8).              |
| DOWN_CONTROL                | 1      | Down. Speed corresponds to param2 (1–8).            |
| LEFT_CONTROL                | 2      | Left. Speed corresponds to param2 (1–8).            |
| RIGHT_CONTROL               | 3      | Right. Speed corresponds to param2 (1–8).           |
| ZOOM_ADD_CONTROL            | 4      | Zoom+ corresponds to param2.                        |
| ZOOM_DEC_CONTROL            | 5      | Zoom- corresponds to param2.                        |
| FOCUS_ADD_CONTROL           | 6      | Focus- corresponds to param2.                       |
| FOCUS_DEC_CONTROL           | 7      | Focus+ corresponds to param2.                       |
| APERTURE_ADD_CONTROL        | 8      | Aperture+ corresponds to param2.                    |
| APERTURE_DEC_CONTROL        | 9      | Aperture- corresponds to param2.                    |
| POINT_MOVE_CONTROL          | 10     | Move to preset. The preset number is param2.        |
| POINT_SET_CONTROL           | 11     | Set. The preset number is param2. The maximum       |
|                             |        | number can be obtained from the PTZ capability      |
|                             |        | set. You can enter the preset name into param4.     |
|                             |        | The maximum valid value for the name is 63          |
|                             |        | bytes. Param3 needs to be of type bool. When        |
|                             |        | param3 is true, the preset name must not exceed     |
|                             |        | 255 characters.                                     |
| POINT_DEL_CONTROL           | 12     | Delete. The preset number is param2.                |
| POINT_LOOP_CONTROL          | 13     | Tour between points. The tour route is param1.      |
| LAMP_CONTROL                | 14     | Light wiper corresponds to param1 (1: On, 0:        |
|                             |        | Off).   |
| LEFTTOP                     | 32     | Left top  |
| RIGHTTOP                    | 33     | Right top   |
| LEFTDOWN                    | 34     | Left bottom   |
| RIGHTDOWN                   | 35     | Right bottom  |
| ADDTOLOOP                   | 36     | Add preset to tour. Tour route. Value of preset.    |
| DELFROMLOOP                 | 37     | Delete preset in tour. Tour route. Value of preset. |
| CLOSELOOP                   | 38     | Delete tour. Tour route.                            |
| STARTPANCRUISE              | 39     | Start horizontal rotation.                          |
| STOPPANCRUISE               | 40     | Stop horizontal rotation.                           |
| SETLEFTBORDER               | 41     | Set left border.                                    |
| SETRIGHTBORDER              | 42     | Set right border.                                   |
| STARTLINESCAN               | 43     | Start line scan.                                    |
| CLOSELINESCAN               | 44     | Stop line scan.                                     |
| SETMODESTART                | 45     | Set mode start. Mode route.                         |
| SETMODESTOP                 | 46     | Set mode stop. Mode route.                          |
| RUNMODE                     | 47     | Running mode. Mode route.                           |
| STOPMODE                    | 48     | Stop mode. Mode route.                              |

| DELETEMODE        | 49  | Delete mode. Mode route.                          |
|-------------------|-----|---|
| REVERSECOMM       | 50  | Reverse command.                                  |
| FASTGOTO          | 51  | Fast positioning. Horizontal coordinate (-8191–   |
|                   |     | 8191). Vertical coordinate (-8191–8191). Zoom     |
|                   |     | (-16–16).   |
| OPENMENU          | 54  | Open PTZ camera menu.                             |
| CLOSEMENU         | 55  | Close PTZ camera menu.                            |
| MENUOK            | 56  | Menu confirm.                                     |
| MENUCANCEL        | 57  | Menu cancel.                                      |
| MENUUP            | 58  | Menu up.  |
| MENUDOWN          | 59  | Menu down.  |
| MENULEFT          | 60  | Menu left.  |
| MENURIGHT         | 61  | Menu right.                                       |
| ALARMHANDLE       | 64  | Link alarm to PTZ. Param1: Alarm input channel.   |
|                   |     | Param2: Alarm linkage type. 1: Preset. 2: Line    |
|                   |     | scan. 3: Tour. Param3: Linkage value, such as     |
|                   |     | preset number.                                    |
| MATRIXSWITCH      | 65  | Matrix switch. Param1: Monitor device number      |
|                   |     | (video output number). Param2: Video input        |
|                   |     | number. Param3: Matrix number.                    |
| LIGHTCONTROL      | 66  | Light controller.                                 |
| EXACTGOTO         | 67  | 3D positioning. Param1: Horizontal angle (0-      |
|                   |     | 3600). Param2: Vertical coordinate (-1800–1800).  |
|                   |     | Param3: Zoom (1–128), which is the level, rather  |
|                   |     | than the actual zoom ratio.                       |
| RESETZERO         | 68  | Reset 3D positioning to zero.                     |
| MOVE_ABSOLUTELY   | 69  | Absolute movement control command. Param4         |
|                   |     | corresponds to structure                          |
|                   |     | PTZ_CONTROL_ABSOLUTELY                            |
| MOVE_CONTINUOUSLY | 70  | Continuous movement control command.              |
|                   |     | Param4 corresponds to structure                   |
|                   |     | NET_A_PTZ_CONTROL_CONTINUOUSLY.                   |
| SET_ABS_ZOOMFOCUS | 77  | Set the absolute focal length and focus value.    |
|                   |     | Param1 is focal length, range: [0,255]. Param2 is |
|                   |     | focus, range: [0,255]. Param3 and param4 are      |
|                   |     | invalid.  |
| RESTART           | 81  | PTZ restart command. Param1, param2, param3       |
|                   |     | and param4 are invalid. Set dwStop to false.      |
| INTELLI_TRACKMOVE | 82  | Continuous movement of PTZ. Exclusive for         |
|                   |     | smart tracking. Param4 corresponds to structure   |
|                   |     | PTZ_CONTROL_INTELLI_TRACKMOVE.                    |
| PAUSELINESCAN     | 84  | Stop line scan. Param1, param2, param3 and        |
|                   |     | param4 are invalid. Set dwStop to false.          |
| UP_TELE           | 112 | Up + TELE. Param1: Speed (1–8), the same below.   |
| DOWN_TELE         | 113 | Down + TELE.                                      |
| LEFT_TELE         | 114 | Left + TELE.                                      |
|                   | 1   | •   |

| RIGHT_TELE                    | 115 | Right + TELE.  |
|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| LEFTUP_TELE                   | 116 | Leftup +TELE.  |
| LEFTDOWN_TELE                 | 117 | Leftdown + TELE.   |
| TIGHTUP_TELE                  | 118 | Rightup + TELE.  |
| RIGHTDOWN_TELE                | 119 | Rightdown + TELE.  |
| UP_WIDE                       | 120 | Up + WIDE. Param1: Speed (1–8), the same   |
|                               |     | below.   |
| DOWN_WIDE                     | 121 | Down + WIDE.   |
| LEFT_WIDE                     | 122 | Left + WIDE.   |
| RIGHT_WIDE                    | 123 | Right + WIDE.  |
| LEFTUP_WIDE                   | 124 | Leftup + WIDE.   |
| LEFTDOWN_WIDE                 | 125 | Leftdown + WIDE.   |
| TIGHTUP_WIDE                  | 126 | Rightup + WIDE   |
| RIGHTDOWN_WIDE                | 127 | Rightdown + WIDE   |
| GOTOPRESETSNAP                | 128 | Turn to preset and take snapshots.   |
| DIRECTIONCALIBRATION          | 130 | Calibrate PTZ direction from two directions.   |
| BASE_MOVE_ABSOLUTELY          | 134 | Accurate and absolute movement control command. Param4 corresponds to structure NET_IN_PTZBASE_MOVEABSOLUTELY_INFO. Use the CFG_CAP_CMD_TYPE. PTZ command to get PTZ capability set CFG_PTZ_PROTOCOL_CAPS_INFO. If bSupportReal is true, it means that the operation can be performed on the device. |
| BASE_MOVE_ABSOLUTELY_ONLYPT   | 137 | Absolute positioning allows you to control PTZ to move at a speed measured in degrees per second. Param4 corresponds to structure NET_IN_PTZBASE_MOVEABSOLUTELY_ONLYPT_I NFO.  |
| BASE_MOVE_ABSOLUTELY_ONLYZOOM | 138 | Absolute positioning allows you to control zoom and the zooming speed. Param4 corresponds to structure  NET_IN_PTZBASE_MOVEABSOLUTELY_ONLYZOO M_INFO.  |
| STOP_MOVE                     | 139 | Stop PTZ movement and tour mode. Param4 corresponds to structure NET_IN_STOP_MOVE_INFO.  |
| TOTAL                         | 140 | Maximum command value.   |