











AM26C32

SLLS104K - DECEMBER 1990 - REVISED JUNE 2015

AM26C32 Quadruple Differential Line Receiver

Features

- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI TIA/EIA-422-B, TIA/EIA-423-B, and ITU Recommendation V.10 and V.11
- Low Power, $I_{CC} = 10 \text{ mA Typical}$
- ±7-V Common-Mode Range With ±200-mV Sensitivity
- Input Hysteresis: 60 mV Typical
- $t_{pd} = 17 \text{ ns Typical}$
- Operates From a Single 5-V Supply
- 3-State Outputs
- Input Fail-Safe Circuitry
- Improved Replacements for AM26LS32 Device
- Available in Q-Temp Automotive

Applications

- High-Reliability Automotive Applications
- **Factory Automation**
- ATM and Cash Counters
- Smart Grid
- AC and Servo Motor Drives

3 Description

The AM26C32 device is a quadruple differential line receiver for balanced or unbalanced digital data transmission. The enable function is common to all four receivers and offers a choice of active-high or active-low input. The 3-state outputs permit connection directly to a busorganized system. Fail-safe design specifies that if the inputs are open, the outputs always are high. The AM26C32 devices are manufactured using a BiCMOS process, which is a combination of bipolar and CMOS transistors. This process provides the high voltage and current of bipolar with the low power of CMOS to reduce the power consumption to about one-fifth that of the standard AM26LS32, while maintaining AC and DC performance.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
AM26C32N	PDIP (16)	19.30 mm × 6.35 mm		
AM26C32NS	SO (16)	10.20 mm × 5.30 mm		
AM26C32D	SOIC (16)	9.90 mm × 3.90 mm		
AM26C32PW	TSSOP (16)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm		
AM26C32J	CDIP (16)	21.34 mm × 6.92 mm		
AM26C32W	CFP (16)	10.16 mm × 6.73 mm		
AM26C32FK	LCCC (20)	8.90 mm × 8.90 mm		

⁽¹⁾ For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Simplified Schematic

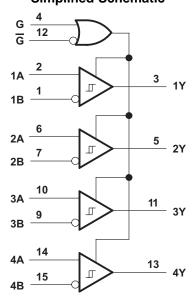




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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision J (February 2014) to Revision K

Page

Changes from Revision I (September 2004) to Revision J

Page

Updated document to new TI data sheet format - no specification changes
 Deleted Ordering Information table
 Updated Features

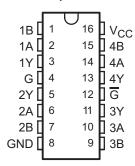
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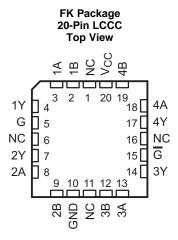
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5 Pin Configuration and Functions

D, N, NS, PW, J or W Package 16-Pin SOIC, PDIP, SO, TSSOP, CDIP, or CFP Top View





Pin Functions

	PII	N					
NAME	LCCC	SOIC, PDIP, SO, TSSOP, CFP, or CDIP	I/O	DESCRIPTION			
1A	3	2	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (noninverting)			
1B	2	1	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (inverting)			
1Y	4	3	0	Logic level output			
2A	8	6	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (noninverting)			
2B	9	7	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (inverting)			
2Y	7	5	0	Logic level output			
3A	13	10	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (noninverting)			
3B	12	9	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (inverting)			
3Y	14	11	0	Logic level output			
4A	18	14	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (noninverting)			
4B	19	15	I	RS422/RS485 differential input (inverting)			
4Y	17	13	0	Logic level output			
G	5	4	I	Active-high select			
G	15	12	I	Active-low select			
GND	10	8	_	Ground			
	1						
NC ⁽¹⁾	6			Do not connect			
NC \''	11	_	_	Do not connect			
	16						
V _{CC}	20	16	_	Power Supply			

(1) NC - no internal connection.



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾			7	V
\/	lanut valtaga	A or B inputs	-11	14	V
VI	Input voltage	G or G inputs	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
V_{ID}	Differential input voltage		-14	14	V
V_{O}	Output voltage		-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
Io	Output current	·		±25	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the network ground terminal.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±3000	
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	±2000	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5	5	5.5	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		2		V_{cc}	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		0		0.8	V
V _{IC}	Common-mode input voltage	-7		+7	V	
I _{OH}	High-level output current			-6	mA	
I _{OL}	Low-level output current				6	mA
		AM26C32C	0		70	
_		AM26C32I	-40		85	°C
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	AM26C32Q	-40		125	٠.
		AM26C32M	-55		125	

6.4 Thermal Information

		AM26C32						
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	D (SOIC)	N (PDIP)	NS (SO)	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT		
		16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS			
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	73	67	64	108	°C/W		

 For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONI	DITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
\/	Differential input high-threshold	$V_{O} = V_{OH(min)}, I_{OH} = -440$	$V_{IC} = -7 \text{ V to } 7 \text{ V}$			0.2	V
V _{IT+}	voltage	μA	$V_{IC} = 0 V \text{ to } 5.5 V$			0.1	V
.,	Differential input low-threshold	V 0.45 V 1 0 m A	$V_{IC} = -7 \text{ V to } 7 \text{ V}$	-0.2 ⁽²⁾			V
V_{IT-}	voltage	$V_O = 0.45 \text{ V}, I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$	V _{IC} = 0 V to 5.5 V	-0.1 ⁽²⁾			V
V _{hys}	Hysteresis voltage (V _{IT+} – V _{IT-})				60		mV
V_{IK}	Enable input clamp voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$				-1.5	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = 200 \text{ mV}, I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$		3.8			V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -200 \text{ mV}, I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$			0.2	0.3	V
I _{OZ}	OFF-state (high-impedance state) output current	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND			±0.5	±5	μΑ
	Line input compat	V _I = 10 V, Other input at 0 \			1.5	μΑ	
l _l	Line input current	$V_I = -10 \text{ V}$, Other input at 0	V			-2.5	μΑ
I _{IH}	High-level enable current	V _I = 2.7 V				20	μΑ
I _{IL}	Low-level enable current	V _I = 0.4 V				-100	μΑ
r _i	Input resistance	One input to ground		12	17		kΩ
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _{CC} = 5.5 V			10	15	mA

6.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	AM26C32C AM26C32I				UNIT		
			MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	
t _{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	Soo Figure 2	9	17	27	9	17	27	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	See Figure 2	9	17	27	9	17	27	ns
t _{TLH}	Output transition time, low- to high-level output	See Figure 2		4	9		4	10	ns
t _{THL}	Output transition time, high- to low-level output	See Figure 2		4	9		4	9	ns
t _{PZH}	Output enable time to high-level	Con Figure 2		13	22		13	22	ns
t _{PZL}	Output enable time to low-level	See Figure 3		13	22		13	22	ns
t _{PHZ}	Output disable time from high-level	Soo Figure 2		13	22		13	26	ns
t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from low-level	See Figure 3		13	22		13	25	ns

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

 ⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, V_{IC} = 0, and T_A = 25°C.
 (2) The algebraic convention, in which the less positive (more negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for commonmode input voltage.



6.7 Typical Characteristics

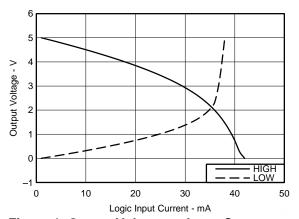
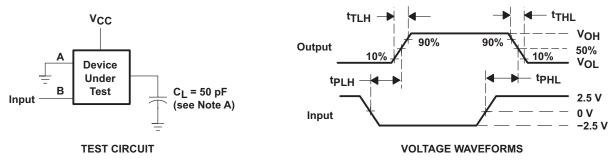


Figure 1. Output Voltage vs Input Current

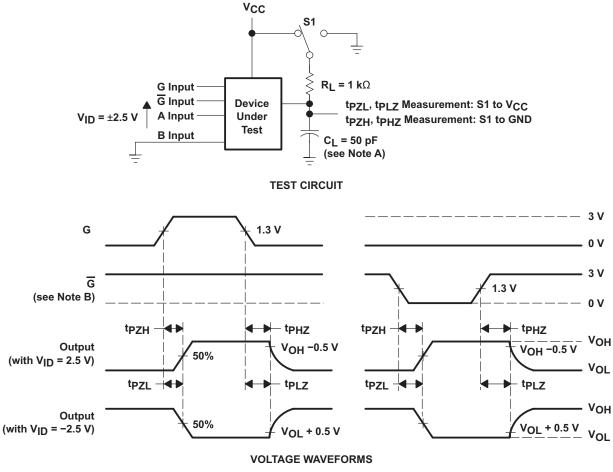


7 Parameter Measurement Information



A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 2. Switching Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle \leq 50%, $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns.

Figure 3. Enable/Disable Time Test Circuit and Output Voltage Waveforms

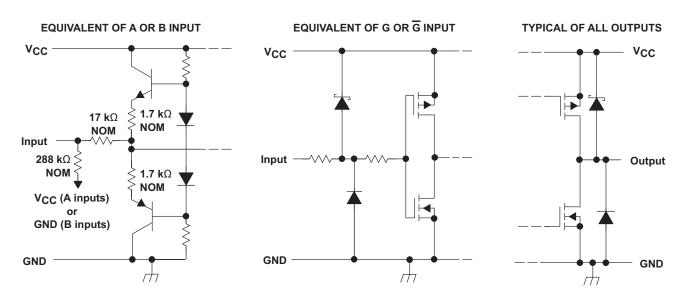


8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The AM26C32 is a quadruple differential line receiver that meets the necessary requirements for NSI TIA/EIA-422-B, TIA/EIA-423-B, and ITU Recommendation V.10 and V.11. This device allows a low power or low voltage MCU to interface with heavy machinery, subsystems and other devices through long wires of up to 1000m, giving any design a reliable and easy to use connection. As any RS422 interface, the AM26C32 works in a differential voltage range, which enables very good signal integrity.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 ±7-V Common-Mode Range With ±200-mV Sensitivity

For a common-mode voltage varying from -7V to 7V, the input voltage is acceptable in low ranges greater than 200 mV as a standard.

8.3.2 Input Fail-Safe Circuitry

RS-485 specifies that the receiver output state should be logic high for differential input voltages of $V_{AB} \ge +200$ mV and logic low for $V_{AB} \le -200$ mV. For input voltages in between these limits, a receiver's output state is not defined and can randomly assume high or low. Removing the uncertainty of random output states, modern transceiver designs include internal biasing circuits that put the receiver output into a defined state (typically high) in the absence of a valid input signal.

A loss of input signal can be caused by an pen circuit caused by a wire break or the unintentional disconnection of a transceiver from the bus. The AM26C32 has an internal circuit that ensures functionality during an idle bus.

8.3.3 Active-High and Active-Low

The device can be configure using the G and \overline{G} logic inputs to select receiver output. The high voltage or logic 1 on the G pin, allows the device to operate on an active-high and having a low voltage or logic 0 on the \overline{G} enables active low operation. These are simply a way to configure the logic to match that of the receiving or transmitting controller or microprocessor.

8.3.4 Operates from a Single 5-V Supply

Both the logic and receivers operate from a single 5-V rail, making designs much more simple. The line drivers and receivers can operate off the same rail as the host controller or a similar low voltage supply, thus simplifying power structure.



8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Enable and Disable

The receivers implemented in these RS422 devices can be configured using the G and \overline{G} pins to be enabled or disabled. This allows users to ignore or filter out transmissions as desired.

Table 1. Function Table (Each Receiver)

DIFFERENTIA L INPUT	ENAB	LES	OUTPUT
A/B	G	G	Y
$V_{ID} \ge V_{IT+}$	Н	X	Н
VID ≥ VIT+	X	L	Н
V _{IT} < V _{ID} <	Н	X	?
V _{IT+}	Χ	L	?
V	Н	X	L
$V_{ID} \leq V_{IT}$	X	L	L
X	L	Н	Z



9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

When designing a system that uses drivers, receivers, and transceivers that comply with RS-422 or RS-485, proper cable termination is essential for highly reliable applications with reduced reflections in the transmission line. Because RS-422 allows only one driver on the bus, if termination is used, it is placed only at the end of the cable near the last receiver. In general, RS-485 requires termination at both ends of the cable. Factors to consider when determining the type of termination usually are performance requirements of the application and the ever-present factor, cost. The different types of termination techniques discussed are unterminated lines, parallel termination, AC termination, and multipoint termination. Laboratory waveforms for each termination technique (except multipoint termination) illustrate the usefulness and robustness of RS-422 (and, indirectly, RS-485). Similar results can be obtained if 485-compliant devices and termination techniques are used. For laboratory experiments, 100 feet of $100-\Omega$, 24-AWG, twisted-pair cable (Bertek) was used. A single driver and receiver, TI AM26C31C and AM26C32C, respectively, were tested at room temperature with a 5-V supply voltage. Two plots per termination technique are shown. In each plot, the top waveform is the driver input and the bottom waveform is the receiver output. To show voltage waveforms related to transmission-line reflections, the first plot shows output waveforms from the driver at the start of the cable; the second plot shows input waveforms to the receiver at the far end of the cable.

9.2 Typical Application

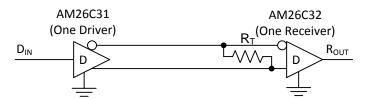


Figure 4. Differential Terminated Configuration

9.2.1 Design Requirements

Resistor and capacitor (if used) termination values are shown for each laboratory experiment, but vary from system to system. For example, the termination resistor, R_T , must be within 20% of the characteristic impedance, Zo , of the cable and can vary from about 80 Ω to 120 Ω .

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Figure 4 shows a configuration with no termination. Although reflections are present at the receiver inputs at a data signaling rate of 200 kbps with no termination, the RS-422-compliant receiver reads only the input differential voltage and produces a clean signal at the output.



Typical Application (continued)

9.2.3 Application Curve

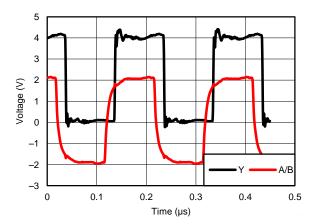


Figure 5. Differential $120-\Omega$ Terminated Output Waveforms (Cat 5E Cable)



10 Power Supply Recommendations

Place 0.1-µF bypass capacitors close to the power-supply pins to reduce errors coupling in from noisy or high impedance power supplies.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

For best operational performance of the device, use good PCB layout practices, including:

- Noise can propagate into analog circuitry through the power pins of the circuit as a whole, as well as the
 operational amplifier. Bypass capacitors are used to reduce the coupled noise by providing low impedance
 power sources local to the analog circuitry.
 - Connect low-ESR, 0.1-µF ceramic bypass capacitors between each supply pin and ground, placed as close to the device as possible. A single bypass capacitor from V+ to ground is applicable for single supply applications.
- Separate grounding for analog and digital portions of circuitry is one of the simplest and most-effective
 methods of noise suppression. One or more layers on multilayer PCBs are usually devoted to ground planes.
 A ground plane helps distribute heat and reduces EMI noise pickup. Make sure to physically separate digital
 and analog grounds, paying attention to the flow of the ground current.
- To reduce parasitic coupling, run the input traces as far away from the supply or output traces as possible. If
 it is not possible to keep them separate, it is much better to cross the sensitive trace perpendicular as
 opposed to in parallel with the noisy trace.
- Place the external components as close to the device as possible. Keeping RF and RG close to the inverting input minimizes parasitic capacitance.
- Keep the length of input traces as short as possible. Always remember that the input traces are the most sensitive part of the circuit.
- Consider a driven, low-impedance guard ring around the critical traces. A guard ring can significantly reduce leakage currents from nearby traces that are at different potentials.

11.2 Layout Example

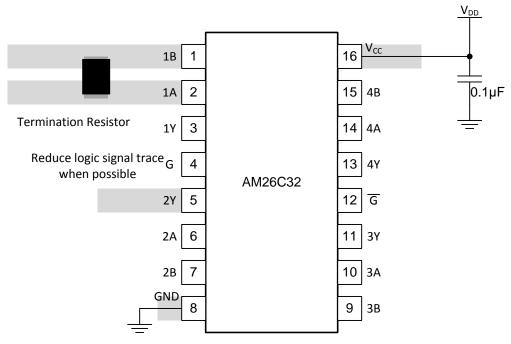


Figure 6. Trace Layout on PCB and Recommendations



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.2 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





10-Jun-2015

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
5962-9164001Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962- 9164001Q2A AM26C32 MFKB	Samples
5962-9164001QEA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	16	1	TBD	A42	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001QE A AM26C32MJB	Samples
5962-9164001QFA	ACTIVE	CFP	W	16	1	TBD	A42	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001QF A AM26C32MWB	Samples
AM26C32CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AM26C32C	Samples
AM26C32CDBLE	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70		
AM26C32CDE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AM26C32C	Samples
AM26C32CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AM26C32C	Samples
AM26C32CDRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AM26C32C	Samples
AM26C32CDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	AM26C32C	Samples
AM26C32CN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	AM26C32CN	Samples
AM26C32CNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	AM26C32CN	Samples
AM26C32CNSR	ACTIVE	SO	NS	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	26C32	Samples
AM26C32CNSRE4	ACTIVE	SO	NS	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	26C32	Samples
AM26C32CNSRG4	ACTIVE	SO	NS	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	26C32	Samples
AM26C32ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IDBLE	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		





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10-Jun-2015

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	_	Pins	_	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
AM26C32IDE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IDRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AM26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	AM26C32IN	Samples
AM26C32INE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	AM26C32IN	Samples
AM26C32INSR	ACTIVE	so	NS	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IPWE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	26C32I	Samples
AM26C32IPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	26C32I	Samples
AM26C32MFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962- 9164001Q2A AM26C32 MFKB	Samples
AM26C32MJB	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	16	1	TBD	A42	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001QE A AM26C32MJB	Samples
AM26C32MWB	ACTIVE	CFP	W	16	1	TBD	A42	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-9164001QF A AM26C32MWB	Samples



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Jun-2015

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
AM26C32QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AM26C32Q	Samples
AM26C32QDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	26C32Q	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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10-Jun-2015

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF AM26C32, AM26C32M:

Catalog: AM26C32

● Enhanced Product: AM26C32-EP, AM26C32-EP

Military: AM26C32M

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog TI's standard catalog product
- Enhanced Product Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications
- Military QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
AM26C32CDR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
AM26C32IDR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
AM26C32IPWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

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*All dimensions are nominal

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Device	Device Package Type		Pins SPQ		Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
AM26C32CDR	SOIC	D	16	2500	333.2	345.9	28.6	
AM26C32IDR	SOIC	D	16	2500	333.2	345.9	28.6	
AM26C32IPWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0	

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