



Stack Implementation

LinkedStack

COMP128 Data Structures



Linked Structures use a Node class: LinearNode

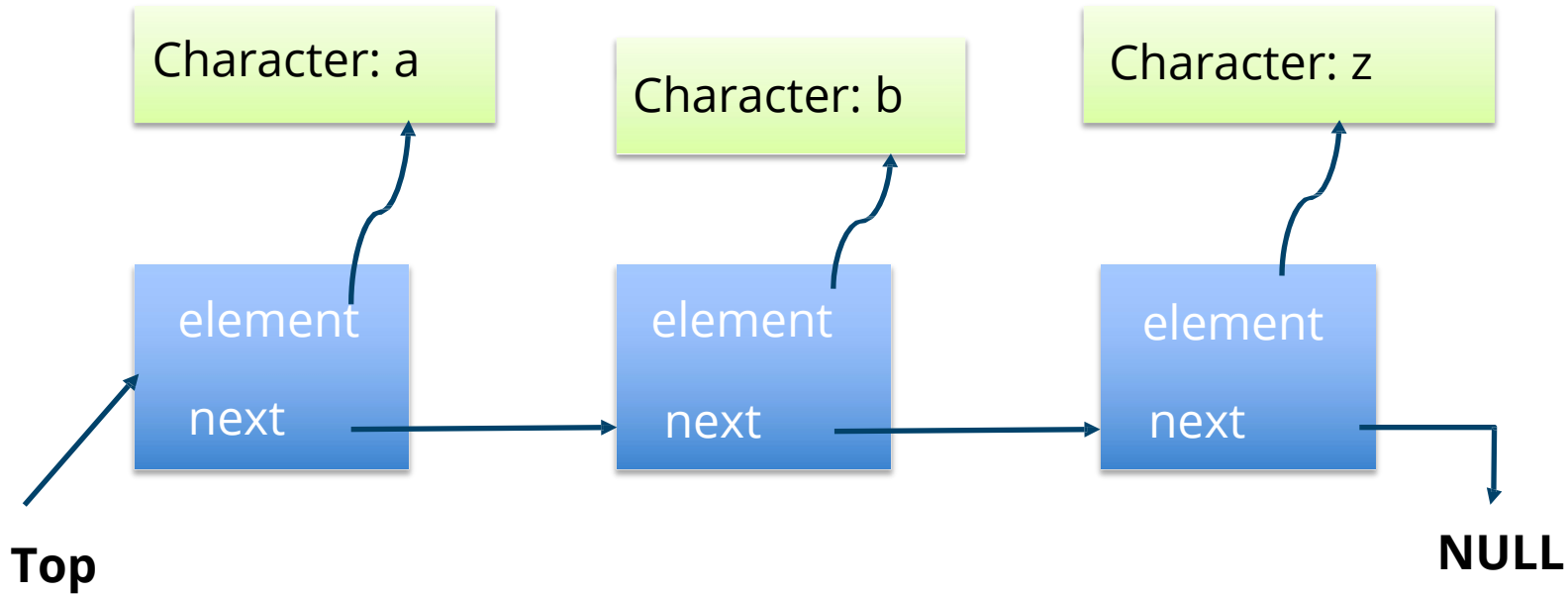
```
/*LinearNode represents a node in a linked list.*/  
public class LinearNode<E> {  
    private LinearNode<E> next;  
    private E element;  
    /**  
     * Creates a node storing the specified element.  
     * @param elem the element to be stored within the new  
     * node  
     */  
    public LinearNode(E elem) {  
        next = null;  
        element = elem;  
    }  
}
```



A blue rectangular box representing a node. The word "element" is written in the upper half, and the word "next" is written in the lower half.

... getters and setters





The typical Stack class contains a declaration of the LinearNode class and private instance variables of type LinearNode for top, along with methods for all of the operations.



```
/**
 * Represents a linked implementation of a stack.
 */
public class LinkedStack<T> implements StackADT<T>{

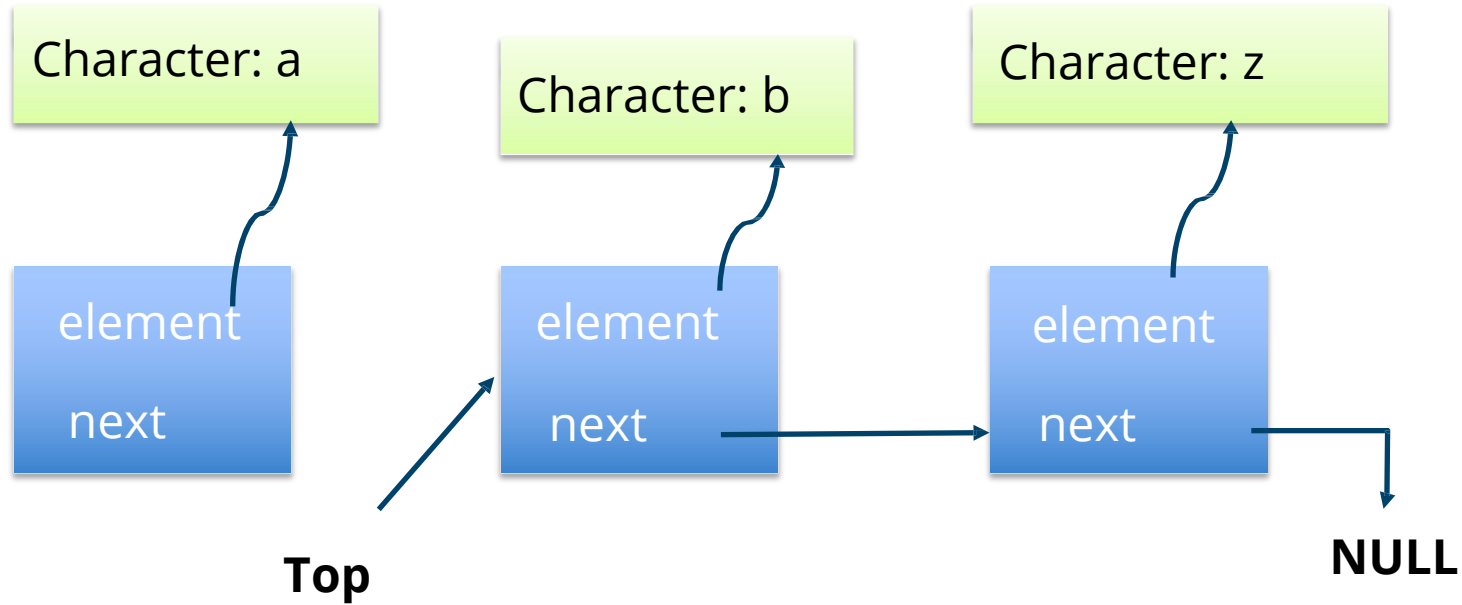
    private int count;
    private LinearNode<T> top;
    /**
     * Creates an empty stack.
     */
    public LinkedStack(){
        count = 0;  top =
        null;
    }
}
```

The typical Stack class contains a declaration of the LinearNode class and private instance variables of type LinearNode for top, along with methods for all of the operations.

... additional methods: push(E element), pop(), peek(), size(), isEmpty()



public void push(T elem)

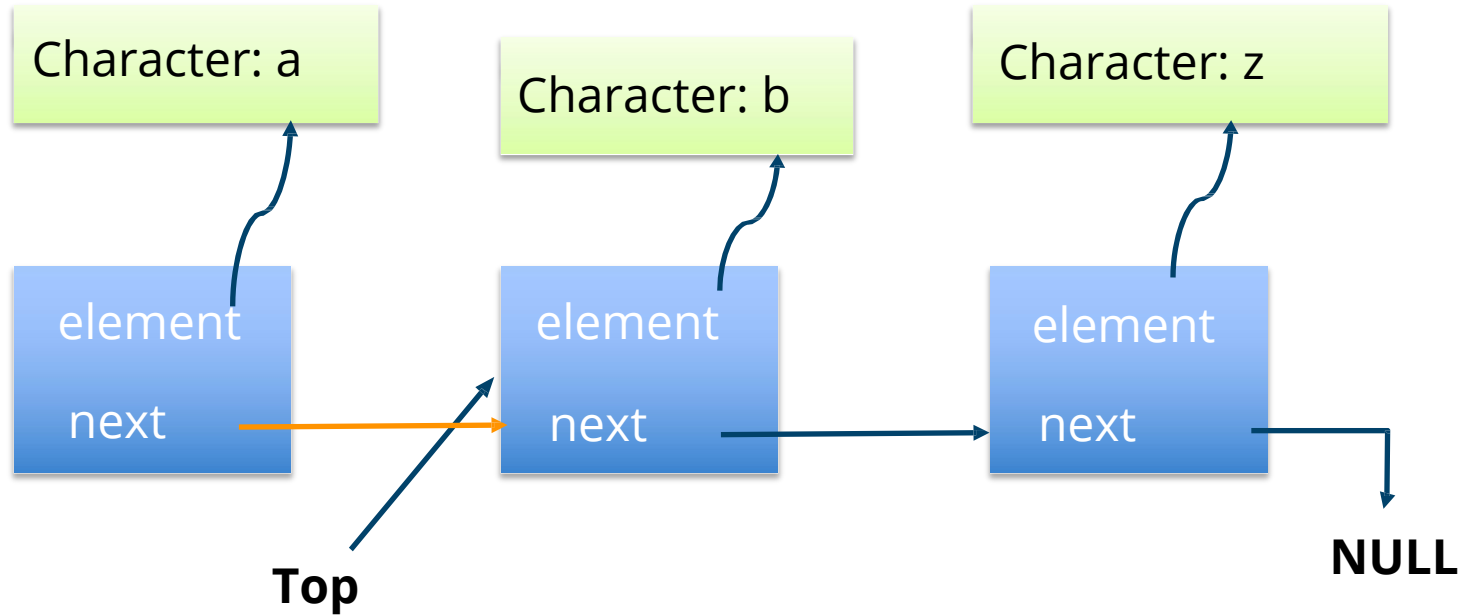


Step 1:

Create a new node object and assign its element variable to elem



```
public void push(T elem)
```

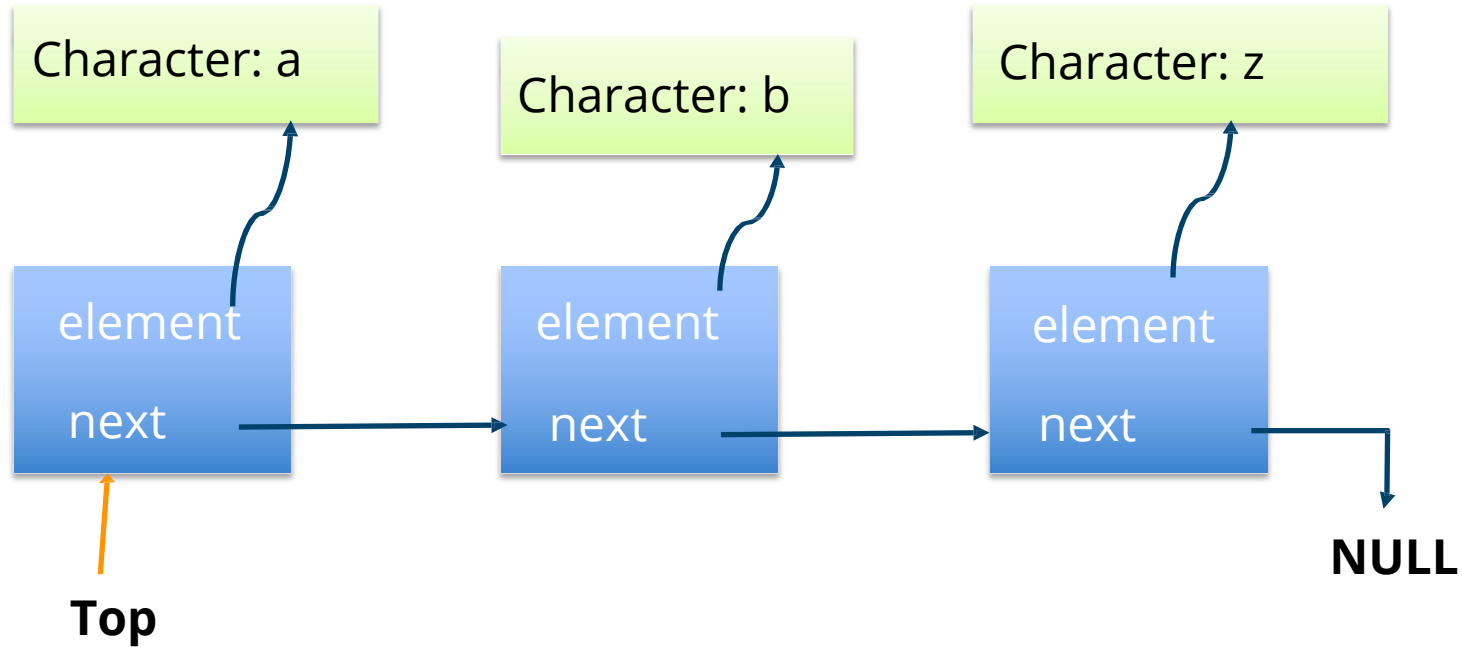


Step 2:

Assign the node's next variable to the top element



public void push(T elem)



Step 3:

Reassign the top variable and increment count



Time Complexity

Method	Linked Node Stack	Array Stack
push(T elem)	$O(1)$	Amortized $O(1)$
pop()	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
peek()	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
isEmpty()	$O(1)$	$O(1)$





In-class Activity

LinkedList Implementation Activity

