

Lab Exercise 8 – Selection Sort and Quick Sort Algorithm**Question 1**

Consider the selection sort algorithm given below. Selection sort algorithm sorts n numbers stored in array A by first finding the smallest element of A and exchanging it with the element in $A[1]$. Then find the second smallest element of A , and exchange it with $A[2]$. Continue in this manner for the first $n - 1$ elements of A .

SELECTION-SORT(A)

1. $n = A.length$
2. for $j = 1$ to $n - 1$
3. $smallest = j$
4. for $i = j + 1$ to n
5. if $A[i] < A[smallest]$
6. $smallest = i$
7. exchange $A[j]$ with $A[smallest]$

Write a program to sort a set of numbers using selection sort algorithm

Question 2

- a. Write a program to read a set of numbers and store them on an array.
- b. Write function named as partition to divide the array into two parts according to the partition point.

PARTITION(A, p, r)

- 1 $x = A[r]$
- 2 $i = p - 1$
- 3 **for** $j = p$ **to** $r - 1$
- 4 **if** $A[j] \leq x$
- 5 **then** $i = i + 1$
- 6 exchange $A[i]$ with $A[j]$
- 7 exchange $A[i + 1]$ with $A[r]$
- 8 **return** $i + 1$

- c. Call the function from the main program and display the array.

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- d. Modify the program to sort the elements of the array using quick sort algorithm.

QUICKSORT (A, p, r)

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1  if  $p < r$ 
2     $q = \text{PARTITION}(A, p, r)$ 
3    QUICKSORT ( $A, p, q-1$ )
4    QUICKSORT ( $A, q+1, r$ )
```