- 块状数组
- 块状数组的区间修改和区间查询
- 并查集启发式合并
- ST表
- 莫队
- 笛卡尔树
- BIT
- Segment tree

块状数组

```
num = sqrt(n);
for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++)
   st[i] = n / num * (i - 1) + 1, ed[i] = n / num * i;
ed[num] = n;
for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++) {
   for (int j = st[i]; j <= ed[i]; j++) {
     belong[j] = i;
   }
   size[i] = ed[i] - st[i] + 1;
}</pre>
```

块状数组的区间修改和区间查询

```
}
int Answer(int 1, int r, int c) {
  int ans = 0, x = belong[1], y = belong[r];
  if (x == y) {
    for (int i = 1; i <= r; i++)
      if (a[i] + delta[x] >= c) ans++;
    return ans;
  for (int i = 1; i <= ed[x]; i++)
    if (a[i] + delta[x] >= c) ans++;
  for (int i = st[y]; i <= r; i++)</pre>
    if (a[i] + delta[y] >= c) ans++;
  for (int i = x + 1; i <= y - 1; i++)
    ans +=
        ed[i] - (lower_bound(t + st[i], t + ed[i] + 1, c - delta[i]) - t) + 1;
  // 用 lower_bound 找出中间每一个整块中第一个大于等于 c 的数的位置
 return ans;
}
```

并查集启发式合并

```
struct dsu {
  vector<size_t> pa, size;

explicit dsu(size_t size_) : pa(size_), size(size_, 1) {
    iota(pa.begin(), pa.end(), 0);
}

void unite(size_t x, size_t y) {
    x = find(x), y = find(y);
    if (x == y) return;
    if (size[x] < size[y]) swap(x, y);
    pa[y] = x;
    size[x] += size[y];
}
};</pre>
```

ST表

```
void prepare(){
    logn[2]=1;
    logn[1]=0;
    for(int i=3;i<MAXN;i++){
    logn[i]=logn[i/2]+1;
    }</pre>
```

```
for(int i=1;i<=21;i++){
    for(int j=1;j+(1<<i)-1<=n;j++){
        dp[j][i]=max(dp[j][i-1],dp[j+(1<<(i-1))][i-1]);
    }
}
int s=logn[y-x+1];
printf("%d\n",max(dp[x][s],dp[y-(1<<s)+1][s]));</pre>
```

莫队

```
struct query {
        int l, r, id;
} q[maxn];
int cmp(query a, query b) {
        return (belong[a.1] ^ belong[b.1]) ? belong[a.1] < belong[b.1] :</pre>
((belong[a.l] & 1) ? a.r < b.r : a.r > b.r);
}//对排序的优化
void add(int pos) {
    if(!cnt[aa[pos]]) ++now;
    ++cnt[aa[pos]];
void del(int pos) {
    --cnt[aa[pos]];
    if(!cnt[aa[pos]]) --now;
size = sqrt(n);
    bnum = ceil((double)n / size);
        for(int i = 1; i <= bnum; ++i)</pre>
        for(int j = (i - 1) * size + 1; j <= i * size; ++j) {
                         belong[j] = i;
while(l < ql) del(l++);
while(l > ql) add(--l);
while(r < qr) add(++r);</pre>
while(r > qr) del(r--);
while(1 < q1) now -= !--cnt[a[1++]];
while(l > ql) now += !cnt[a[--1]]++;
while(r < qr) now += !cnt[a[++r]]++;
while(r > qr) now -= !--cnt[a[r--]];//对修改操作的优化
```

笛卡尔树

```
int a[N];//存数据
stack<int>q;
int ls[N],rs[N];//存左右儿子
```

```
void create_tree1(){
    fr(i,n){
        int k=0;
        while(!q.empty()&&q.top()>a[i]){
            k=q.top();
            q.pop();
        }
        if(!q.empty())rs[q.top()]=a[i];
        if(k>0)ls[a[i]]=k;
        q.push(a[i]);
    }
void create_tree2(){
    fr(i,n){
        int k=0;
        while(!q.empty()&&a[q.top()]>a[i]){
            k=q.top();
            q.pop();
        }
        if(!q.empty())rs[q.top()]=i;
        if(a[k]>0)ls[i]=k;
        q.push(i);
    }
}
```

BIT

```
struct BIT{
    vec tree;
    void build(int n){
        tree.assign(n,0);
    }
    void init(int n){
        for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)tree[i]=0;</pre>
    void add(int x,int v,int n){
        for(;x<=n;x+=lowbit()x){</pre>
            tree[x]+=v;
        }
    }
    int query(int x,int n){
        int res=0;
        for(;x;x-=lowbit(x)){
            res+=tree[x];
        return res;
    }
}
```

Segment tree

}

```
struct seg{
    int sum,1,r,add;
}tr[4*N];
int a[N];
inline void pushup(int x){
    tr[x].sum+=tr[2*x].sum+tr[2*x+1].sum;
}
inline void pushdown(int x){//将懒标记下放到子节点
    if(tr[x].add){
        tr[2*x].add+=tr[x].add;
        tr[2*x+1].add+=tr[x].add;
        tr[2*x].sum+=tr[x].add*(tr[2*x].r-tr[2*x].l+1);
        tr[2*x+1].sum+=tr[x].add*(tr[2*x+1].r-tr[2*x+1].l+1);
        tr[x].add=0;
    }
}
void build(int x,int l,int r){
    tr[x].l=1,tr[x].r=r;
    if(l==r){
        tr[x].sum=a[1];
        return;
    }
    int mid=(l+r)>>1;
    build(2*x,1,mid);
    build(2*x+1, mid+1, r);
    pushup(x);
}
void change(int now,int x,int val){// 单点修改
    if(tr[now].l==tr[now].r){
        tr[now].sum+=val;
        return;
    }
    int mid=(tr[now].l+tr[now].r)>>1;
    if(x<=mid){</pre>
        change(now*2,x,val);
    }
    else {
        change(now*2+1,x,val);
    pushup(now);
int query(int x,int l,int r){//区间查询
    if(l<=tr[x].1&&r>=tr[x].r)return tr[x].sum;
    pushdown(x);
    int mid=(tr[x].l+tr[x].r)>>1;
    int sum=0;
    if(1<=mid){</pre>
        sum += query(2*x,1,r);
    }
    if(r>mid){
        sum += query(2*x+1,1,r);
```

```
return sum;
void update(int l,int r,int x,int k){//区间修改
    if(l<=tr[x].1&&r>=tr[x].r){
        tr[x].sum+=k*(tr[x].r-tr[x].l+1);
        tr[x].add+=k;
    }
    else {
        pushdown(x);
        int mid=(tr[x].l+tr[x].r)>>1;
        if(1<=mid){</pre>
            update(1,r,2*x,k);
        if(r>mid){
            update(1,r,2*x+1,k);
        }
        pushup(x);
    }
}
```