# **Test Solutions - Programming Manual**

# **Programmable Attenuators**



RUDAT Series USB & RS232 Programmable Attenuators
RCDAT Series USB & Ethernet Programmable Attenuators
RC4DAT Series USB & Ethernet Multi-Channel Programmable Attenuators



#### **Important Notice**

This guide is owned by Mini-Circuits and is protected by copyright, trademark and other intellectual property laws.

The information in this guide is provided by Mini-Circuits as an accommodation to our customers and may be used only to promote and accompany the purchase of Mini-Circuits' Parts. This guide may not be reproduced, modified, distributed, published, stored in an electronic database, or transmitted and the information contained herein may not be exploited in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical recording or otherwise, without prior written permission from Mini-Circuits.

This guide is subject to change, qualifications, variations, adjustments or modifications without notice and may contain errors, omissions, inaccuracies, mistakes or deficiencies. Mini-Circuits assumes no responsibility for, and will have no liability on account of, any of the foregoing. Accordingly, this guide should be used as a guideline only.

#### **Trademarks**

Microsoft, Windows, Visual Basic, Visual C# and Visual C++ are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. LabVIEW and CVI are registered trademarks of National Instruments Corporation. Delphi is a registered trademark of Delphi Technologies, Inc. MATLAB is a registered trademark of The MathWorks, Inc. Agilent VEE is a registered trademark of Agilent Technologies, Inc. Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds. Mac is a registered trademark of Apple Inc. Python is a registered trademark of Python Software Foundation Corporation.

All other trademarks cited within this guide are the property of their respective owners. Neither Mini-Circuits nor the Mini-Circuits PTE (portable test equipment) series are affiliated with or endorsed or sponsored by the owners of the above referenced trademarks.

Mini-Circuits and the Mini-Circuits logo are registered trademarks of Scientific Components Corporation.

#### **Mini-Circuits**

13 Neptune Avenue Brooklyn, NY 11235, USA Phone: +1-718-934-4500

Email: testsolutions@minicircuits.com

Web: www.minicircuits.com



1 - Overview	8
2 - Operating in a Windows Environment via USB	9
2.1 - The DLL (Dynamic Link Library) Concept	
2.1 (a) - ActiveX COM Object	
2.1 (b) - Microsoft.NET Class Library	
2.2 - Referencing the DLL (Dynamic Linked Library)	13
2.2 (a) - Example Declarations using the ActiveX DLL (mcl_rudat.dll)	
2.2 (b) - Example Declarations using the .NET DLL (mcl_rudat64.dll)	
2.3 - Summary of DLL Functions	14
2.3 (a) - DLL - General Functions	14
2.3 (b) - DLL - RUDAT / RCDAT (Single Channel) Attenuation Functions	14
2.3 (c) - DLL - RC4DAT (Multi-Channel) Attenuation Functions	14
2.3 (d) - DLL - Ethernet Configuration Functions	15
2.3 (e) - DLL - Attenuation Hopping Functions	15
2.3 (f) - DLL - Attenuation Sweeping / Fading Functions	16
2.4 - DLL - General Functions	17
2.4 (a) - Get List of Connected Serial Numbers	17
2.4 (b) - Get List of Available Addresses	18
2.4 (c) - Connect to Attenuator	
2.4 (d) - Connect to Attenuator by Address	
2.4 (e) - Disconnect from Attenuator	
2.4 (f) - Read Model Name	
2.4 (g) - Read Serial Number	
2.4 (h) - Set USB Address	
2.4 (i) - Get USB Address	
2.4 (j) - Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode	
2.4 (k) - Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode	
2.4 (I) - Store Last Attenuation Value	
2.4 (m) - Send SCPI Command	
2.4 (n) - Get USB Connection Status	
2.4 (o) - Get Status (Antiquated)	
2.4 (p) - Get Firmware	
2.5 - DLL - RUDAT / RCDAT (Single Channel) Attenuation Functions	
2.5 (a) - Set Attenuation	
2.5 (c) - Set Start-Up Attenuation Value	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
2.5 (d) - Get Start-Up Attenuation Value	
2.6 - DLL - RC4DAT (Multi-Channel) Attenuation Functions	
2.6 (a) - Set Attenuation - Single Channel	
2.6 (c) - Get Attenuation Value - Single Channel	
2.6 (d) - Get Attenuation Value - Sligle Channels	
2.6 (e) - Set Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value	
2.6 (f) - Get Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value	
2.7 - DLL - Ethernet Configuration Functions	
2.7 (a) - Get Ethernet Configuration Functions	
2.7 (a) - Get Ethernet Configuration	
2.7 (c) - Get IP Address	
2.7 (d) - Get NAC Address	
(a)	



2.7 (e) - Get Subnet Mask	
2.7 (f) - Get TCP/IP Port	53
2.7 (g) - Get Telnet Port	54
2.7 (h) - Get DHCP Status	55
2.7 (i) - Get Password Status	56
2.7 (j) - Get Password	57
2.7 (k) - Save IP Address	58
2.7 (I) - Save Network Gateway	59
2.7 (m) - Save Subnet Mask	
2.7 (n) - Save TCP/IP Port	
2.7 (o) - Save Telnet Port	
2.7 (p) - Use DHCP	
2.7 (g) - Use Password	
2.7 (r) - Set Password	
2.8 - DLL - Attenuation Hopping Functions	
2.8 (a) - Hop Mode - Set Number of Points	
2.8 (b) - Hop Mode - Get Number of Points	
2.8 (c) - Hop Mode - Get Maximum Number of Points	
2.8 (d) - Hop Mode - Set Sequence Direction	
2.8 (e) - Hop Mode - Get Sequence Direction	
2.8 (f) - Hop Mode - Get Maximum Dwell Time	
2.8 (g) - Hop Mode - Get Minimum Dwell Time	
2.8 (h) - Hop Mode - Single Channel - Set Hop	
2.8 (i) - Hop Mode - Single Channel - Get Hop	
2.8 (j) - Hop Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Active Channels	
2.8 (k) - Hop Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Active Channels	
2.8 (I) - Hop Mode - Multi-Channel Hop - Set Hop Point for All Channels	
2.8 (m) - Hop Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Hop Point for All Channels	
2.8 (n) - Hop Mode - Turn On / Off	
2.9 - DLL - Attenuation Sweeping / Fading Functions	
2.9 (a) - Sweep Mode - Set Sweep Direction	
2.9 (b) - Sweep Mode - Get Sweep Direction	
2.9 (c) - Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time	
2.9 (d) - Sweep Mode - Get Dwell Time	
2.9 (e) - Sweep Mode - Get Maximum Dwell Time	
2.9 (f) - Sweep Mode - Get Minimum Dwell Time	
2.9 (g) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Set Start Attenuation	87
2.9 (h) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Get Start Attenuation	88
2.9 (i) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Set Stop Attenuation	89
2.9 (j) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Get Stop Attenuation	90
2.9 (k) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Set Step Size	91
2.9 (I) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Get Step Size	92
2.9 (m) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Active Channels	93
2.9 (n) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Active Channels	94
2.9 (o) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Start Attenuation	95
2.9 (p) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Channel Start Attenuation	96
2.9 (q) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Stop Attenuation	97
2.9 (r) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Channel Stop Attenuation	08
·	90
2.9 (s) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Step Size	



2.9 (u) - Sweep Mode - Turn On / Off	101
3 - Operating in a Linux Environment via USB	102
3.1 - Interrupts - General Commands	102
3.1 (a) - Get Device Model Name	103
3.1 (b) - Get Device Serial Number	104
3.1 (c) - Send SCPI Command	105
3.1 (d) - Get Firmware	107
3.1 (e) - Set Attenuation	108
3.1 (f) - Read Attenuation	
3.2 - Interrupts - Ethernet Configuration Commands	111
3.2 (a) - Set Static IP Address	
3.2 (b) - Set Static Subnet Mask	113
3.2 (c) - Set Static Network Gateway	114
3.2 (d) - Set HTTP Port	
3.2 (e) - Set Telnet Port	
3.2 (f) - Use Password	
3.2 (g) - Set Password	
3.2 (h) - Use DHCP	
3.2 (i) - Get Static IP Address	
3.2 (j) - Get Static Subnet Mask	
3.2 (k) - Get Static Network Gateway	
3.2 (I) - Get HTTP Port	
3.2 (m) - Get Telnet Port	
3.2 (n) - Get Password Status	
3.2 (o) - Get Password	
3.2 (p) - Get DHCP Status	
3.2 (q) - Get Dynamic Ethernet Configuration	
3.2 (r) - Get MAC Address	
3.2 (s) - Reset Ethernet Configuration	
4 - Ethernet Control over IP Networks	132
4.1 - Configuring Ethernet Settings	132
4.2 - Ethernet Communication Methodology	133
4.2 (a) - Setting Attenuation Using HTTP	133
4.2 (b) - Querying Attenuator Properties Using HTTP	134
4.2 (c) - Communication Using Telnet	135
4.3 - Device Discovery Using UDP	136
5 - SCPI Command Set	138
5.1 - Using SCPI Commands	
5.2 - Summary of SCPI Commands / Queries	
5.2 (a) - SCPI - General Commands	
5.2 (b) - SCPI - RUDAT / RCDAT (Single Channel) Attenuation Functions	
5.2 (c) - SCPI - RC4DAT (Multi-Channel) Attenuation Functions	
5.2 (d) - SCPI - Attenuation Hopping Commands	
5.2 (e) - SCPI - Attenuation Sweeping / Fading Commands	
5.2 (f) - SCPI - Ethernet Configuration Commands	
5.3 - SCPI - General Commands	
5.3 (a) - Get Model Name	
5.3 (b) - Get Serial Number	
5.3 (c) - Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode	
	_



5.3 (d) - Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode	146
5.3 (e) - Store Last Attenuation Value	147
5.3 (f) - Set USB Address	148
5.3 (g) - Get USB Address	149
5.3 (h) - Get Firmware Version	150
5.4 - SCPI - RUDAT / RCDAT (Single Channel) Attenuation Functions	151
5.4 (a) - Set Attenuation	151
5.4 (b) - Read Attenuation	152
5.4 (c) - Set Start-Up Attenuation Value	153
5.4 (d) - Get Start-Up Attenuation Value	154
5.5 - SCPI - RC4DAT (Multi-Channel) Attenuation Functions	155
5.5 (a) - Set Attenuation	
5.5 (b) - Read Attenuation	156
5.5 (c) - Set Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value	157
5.5 (d) - Get Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value	158
5.6 - SCPI - Attenuation Hopping Commands	159
5.6 (a) - Hop Mode - Set Number of Points	159
5.6 (b) - Hop Mode - Get Number of Points	
5.6 (c) - Hop Mode - Set Active Channels	
5.6 (d) - Hop Mode - Get Active Channels	162
5.6 (e) - Hop Mode - Set Sequence Direction	163
5.6 (f) - Hop Mode - Get Sequence Direction	164
5.6 (g) - Hop Mode - Set Indexed Point	165
5.6 (h) - Hop Mode - Get Indexed Point	166
5.6 (i) - Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time Units	167
5.6 (j) - Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time	168
5.6 (k) - Hop Mode - Get Point Dwell Time	169
5.6 (I) - Hop Mode - Set Point Attenuation	170
5.6 (m) - Hop Mode - Set Channel Point Attenuation	171
5.6 (n) - Hop Mode - Get Point Attenuation	172
5.6 (o) - Hop Mode - Get Channel Point Attenuation	173
5.6 (p) - Hop Mode - Turn On / Off	174
5.7 - SCPI - Attenuation Sweeping / Fading Commands	175
5.7 (a) - Sweep Mode - Set Sweep Direction	175
5.7 (b) - Sweep Mode - Get Sweep Direction	176
5.7 (c) - Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time Units	177
5.7 (d) - Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time	178
5.7 (e) - Sweep Mode - Get Dwell Time	179
5.7 (f) - Sweep Mode - Set Active Channels	180
5.7 (g) - Sweep Mode - Get Active Channels	
5.7 (h) - Sweep Mode - Set Start Attenuation	
5.7 (i) - Sweep Mode - Set Channel Start Attenuation	
5.7 (j) - Sweep Mode - Get Start Attenuation	
5.7 (k) - Sweep Mode - Get Channel Start Attenuation	185
5.7 (I) - Sweep Mode - Set Stop Attenuation	
5.7 (m) - Sweep Mode - Set Channel Stop Attenuation	
5.7 (n) - Sweep Mode - Get Stop Attenuation	
5.7 (o) - Sweep Mode - Get Channel Stop Attenuation	
5.7 (p) - Sweep Mode - Set Step Size	
5.7 (q) - Sweep Mode - Set Channel Step Size	191



198 199
199
201
202
203
204
205
206
207
208
209
210
211
212
213
on214
214
<b>214</b> <b>215</b>
215
<b>215</b>
<b>215</b> 215215
2



# 1 - Overview

This Programming Manual is intended for customers wishing to create their own interface for Mini-Circuits' USB and Ethernet controlled, programmable attenuators. The contents apply to:

- RUDAT Series (USB & RS232 controlled) single channel attenuators
- RCDAT Series (USB & Ethernet controlled) single channel attenuators
- RC4DAT Series (USB & Ethernet controlled) multi-channel attenuators

For instructions on using the supplied GUI program, or connecting the PTE hardware, please see the User Guide at:

http://www.minicircuits.com/support/softwaredownload.html.

Mini-Circuits offers support over a variety of operating systems, programming environments and third party applications.

Support for Windows® operating systems is provided through the Microsoft®.NET® and ActiveX® frameworks to allow the user to develop customized control applications. Support for Linux® operating systems is accomplished using the standard libhid and libusb libraries.

Mini-Circuits has experience with a wide variety of environments including (but not limited to):

- Visual Basic<sup>®</sup>, Visual C#<sup>®</sup>, Visual C++<sup>®</sup>
- Delphi<sup>®</sup>
- Borland C++®
- CVI®
- LabVIEW<sup>®</sup>
- MATLAB®
- Python®
- Agilent VEE®

The programmable attenuator software package includes a GUI program, ActiveX and .NET DLL files, Linux support, project examples for third party software, and detailed user manuals. The latest package is available for download at:

http://www.minicircuits.com/support/software\_download.html

For details on individual models, application notes, GUI installation instructions and user guides please see:

http://www.minicircuits.com/products/PortableTestEquipment.shtml

Files made available for download from the Mini-Circuits website are subject to Mini-Circuits' terms of use which are available on the website.



# 2 - Operating in a Windows Environment via USB

When connected by USB, the computer will recognize the programmable attenuator as a Human Interface Device (HID). In this mode of operation the DLL file provides the method of control. Alternatively, the RUDAT series can be operated over a serial RS232 connection and the RCDAT series can be operated over an Ethernet TCP/IP Network (please see Serial Control Using RS232 Communication and Ethernet Control over IP Networks for details).

# 2.1 - The DLL (Dynamic Link Library) Concept

The Dynamic Link Library concept is Microsoft's implementation of the shared library concept in the Windows environment.

DLLs provide a mechanism for shared code and data, intended to allow a developer to distribute applications without requiring code to be re-linked or recompiled.

Mini-Circuits' CD package provides DLL Objects designed to allow your own software application to interface with the functions of the Mini-Circuits programmable attenuator.

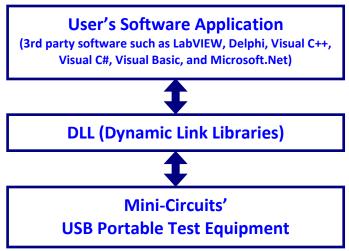


Fig 2.1-a: DLL Interface Concept

The software package provides two DLL files, the choice of which file to use is dictated by the user's operating system:

# 1. ActiveX com object

Designed to be used in any programming environment that supports third party ActiveX COM (Component Object Model) compliant applications.

The ActiveX file should be registered using RegSvr32 (see following sections for

The ActiveX file should be registered using RegSvr32 (see following sections for details).

# 2. Microsoft.NET Class Library

A logical unit of functionality that runs under the control of the Microsoft.NET system.



# 2.1 (a) - ActiveX COM Object

ActiveX COM object DLL files are designed to be used with both 32-bit and 64-bit Windows operating systems. A 32-bit programming environment that is compatible with ActiveX is required. To develop 64-bit applications, the Microsoft.NET Class library should be used instead.

### **Supported Programming Environments**

Mini-Circuits' programmable attenuators have been tested in the following programming environments. This is not an exhaustive list and the DLL file is designed to operate in most environments that support ActiveX functionality. Please contact Mini-Circuits for support.

- Visual Studio<sup>®</sup> 6 (Visual C++ and Visual Basic)
- LabVIEW 8.0 or newer
- MATLAB 7 or newer
- Delphi
- Borland C++
- Agilent VEE
- Python

#### Installation

1. Copy the DLL file (mcl rudat.dll) to the correct directory:

For 32-bit Windows operating systems this is C:\WINDOWS\System32
For 64-bit Windows operating systems this is C:\WINDOWS\SysWOW64

- 2. Open the Command Prompt:
  - a. For Windows XP® (see Fig 2.1-b):
    - i. Select "All Programs" and then "Accessories" from the Start Menu
    - ii. Click on "Command Prompt" to open
  - b. For later versions of the Windows operating system you will need to have Administrator privileges in order to run the Command Prompt in "Elevated" mode (see *Fig 2.1-c* for Windows 7 and Windows 8):
    - i. Open the Start Menu/Start Screen and type "Command Prompt"
    - ii. Right-click on the shortcut for the Command Prompt
    - iii. Select "Run as Administrator"
    - iv. You may be prompted to enter the log in details for an Administrator account if the current user does not have Administrator privileges on the local PC
- 3. Use regsvr32 to register the DLL:

For 32-bit Windows operating systems type (see Fig 2.1-d):

\WINDOWS\System32\Regsvr32 \WINDOWS\System32\mcl\_rudat.dll For 64-bit Windows operating systems type (see Fig 2.1-e):

\WINDOWS\SysWOW64\Regsvr32 \WINDOWS\SysWOW64\mcl rudat.dll

4. Hit enter to confirm and a message box will appear to advise of successful registration.

# Mini-Circuits



Fig 2.1-b: Opening the Command Prompt in Windows XP



Fig 2.1-c: Opening the Command Prompt in Windows 7 (left), Windows 8 (middle) and Windows 10 (right)

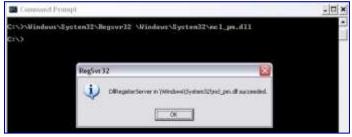


Fig 2.1-d: Registering the DLL in a 32-bit environment

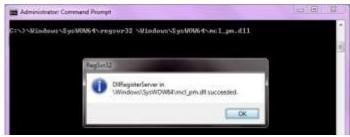


Fig 2.1-e: Registering the DLL in a 64-bit environment



# 2.1 (b) - Microsoft.NET Class Library

Microsoft.NET class libraries are designed to be used with both 32-bit and 64-bit Windows operating systems. To develop 64-bit applications the user must have both a 64-bit operating system and 64-bit programming environment. However, the Microsoft.NET class library is also compatible with 32-bit programming environments.

### **Supported Programming Environments**

Mini-Circuits' programmable attenuators have been tested in the following programming environments. This is not an exhaustive list and the DLL file is designed to operate in most environments that support Microsoft.NET functionality. Please contact Mini-Circuits for support.

- National Instruments CVI
- Microsoft.NET (Visual C++, Visual Basic.NET, Visual C# 2003 or newer)
- LabVIEW 2009 or newer
- MATLAB 2008 or newer
- Delphi
- Borland C++

#### Installation

- 1. Copy the DLL file (mcl rudat64.dll) to the correct directory
  - a. For 32 bit Windows operating systems this is C:\WINDOWS\System32
  - b. For 64 bit Windows operating systems this is C:\WINDOWS\SysWOW64
- 2. No registration is required



# 2.2 - Referencing the DLL (Dynamic Linked Library)

The DLL file is installed in the host PC's system folders using the steps outlined above. Most programming environments will require a reference to be set to the DLL. Within the program, a new instance of the DLL's USB attenuator control class can be created for each programmable attenuator to control. The details of this vary between programming environments and languages but Mini-Circuits can provide detailed support on request. In the following examples, MyPTE1 and MyPTE2 will be used as names of 2 declared attenuator objects.

# 2.2 (a) - Example Declarations using the ActiveX DLL (mcl\_rudat.dll)

```
Visual Basic
       Public MyPTE1 As New mcl RUDAT.USB DAT
                Initialize new attenuator object, assign to MyPTE1
       Public MyPTE2 As New mcl_RUDAT.USB_DAT
                Initialize new attenuator object, assign to MyPTE2
Visual C++
       mcl RUDAT::USB DAT ^MyPTE1 = gcnew mcl RUDAT::USB DAT();
               // Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE1
       mcl RUDAT::USB DAT ^MyPTE2 = gcnew mcl RUDAT::USB DAT();
               // Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE2
Visual C#
       mcl RUDAT.USB DAT MyPTE1 = new mcl RUDAT.USB DAT();
               // Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE1
       mcl RUDAT.USB DAT MyPTE2 = new mcl RUDAT.USB DAT();
              // Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE2
Matlab
       MyPTE1 = actxserver('mcl RUDAT.USB DAT')
               % Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE1
       MyPTE2 = actxserver('mcl RUDAT.USB DAT')
               % Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE2
```

# 2.2 (b) - Example Declarations using the .NET DLL (mcl\_rudat64.dll)

```
Visual Basic
        Public MyPTE1 As New mcl RUDAT64.USB RUDAT
                 ' Initialize new attenuator object, assign to MyPTE1
        Public MyPTE2 As New mcl RUDAT64.USB RUDAT
                  Initialize new attenuator object, assign to MyPTE2
Visual C++
        mcl RUDAT64::USB RUDAT^MyPTE1 = gcnew mcl RUDAT64::USB RUDAT();
                // Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE1
        mcl RUDAT64::USB RUDAT^MyPTE2 = gcnew mcl RUDAT64::USB RUDAT();
                // Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE2
Visual C#
        mcl RUDAT64.USB RUDATMyPTE1 = new mcl RUDAT64.USB RUDAT();
                // Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE1
        mcl RUDAT64.USB RUDATMyPTE2 = new mcl RUDAT64.USB RUDAT();
                // Initialize new attenuator instance, assign to MyPTE2
Matlab
        MCL ATT=NET.addAssembly('C:\Windows\SysWOW64\mcl RUDAT64.dll')
        MyPTE1=mcl RUDAT64.USB RUDAT % Initialize new attenuator instance MyPTE2=mcl_RUDAT64.USB_RUDAT % Initialize new attenuator instance
```



# 2.3 - Summary of DLL Functions

The following functions are defined in both of the DLL files. Please see the following sections for a full description of their structure and implementation.

# 2.3 (a) - DLL - General Functions

```
a) int Get_Available_SN List(ByRef string SN List)
b) int Get Available Address List(ByRef string Add List)
c) int Connect (Optional string SN)
d) int ConnectByAddress(Optional int Address)
e) void Disconnect()
f) int Read ModelName(ByRef string ModelName)
g) int Read SN(ByRef string SN)
h) int Set Address(int Address)
i) int Get Address()
j) int Set StartUpAttIndicator(int Indicator)
k) int Get StartUpAttIndicator()
1) int InitiateStoreLastAtt()
m) int Send SCPI (string SndSTR, ByRef string RetSTR)
n) int GetUSBConnectionStatus()
o) int GetStatus()
p) int GetExtFirmware (ByRef int A0, ByRef int A1, ByRef int A2,
                                                ByRef string Firmware)
```

# 2.3 (b) - DLL - RUDAT / RCDAT (Single Channel) Attenuation Functions

These functions apply to RUDAT & RCDAT models only:

```
a) int SetAttenuation(ByRef float TotalAtt)
   int SetAttenuation(float TotalAtt)
b) int Read_Att(ByRef float CAtt1)
c) int Set_StartUpAtt(single AttVal)
d) single Get StartUpAtt()
(ActiveX)
(.NET)
```

# 2.3 (c) - DLL - RC4DAT (Multi-Channel) Attenuation Functions

These functions apply to RC4DAT models only:



# 2.3 (d) - DLL - Ethernet Configuration Functions

These functions apply to RCDAT & RC4DAT models only:

```
a) int GetEthernet CurrentConfig(ByRef int IP1, int IP2,
                        ByRef int IP3, ByRef int IP4, ByRef int Mask1,
                    ByRef int Mask2, ByRef int Mask3, ByRef int Mask4,
                               ByRef int Gateway1, ByRef int Gateway2,
                               ByRef int Gateway3, ByRef int Gateway4)
b) int GetEthernet IPAddress (ByRef int b1, ByRef int b2,
                                                 ByRef int b3, int b4)
c) int GetEthernet MACAddress(ByRef int MAC1, ByRef int MAC2,
                                       ByRef int MAC3, ByRef int MAC4,
                                       ByRef int MAC5, ByRef int MAC6)
d) int GetEthernet_NetworkGateway(ByRef int b1, ByRef int b2,
                                           ByRef int b3, ByRef int b4)
e) int GetEthernet SubNetMask(ByRef int b1, ByRef int b2,
                                           ByRef int b3, ByRef int b4)
f) int GetEthernet TCPIPPort(ByRef int port)
g) int GetEthernet TelnetPort(ByRef int port)
h) int GetEthernet UseDHCP()
i) int GetEthernet UsePWD()
j) int GetEthernet PWD(ByRef string Pwd)
k) int SaveEthernet IPAddress(int b1, int b2, int b3, int b4)
1) int SaveEthernet NetworkGateway(int b1, int b2, int b3, int b4)
m) int SaveEthernet SubnetMask(int b1, int b2, int b3, int b4)
n) int SaveEthernet TCPIPPort(int port)
o) int SaveEthernet TelnetPort(int port)
p) int SaveEthernet UseDHCP(int UseDHCP)
g) int SaveEthernet UsePWD(int UsePwd)
r) int SaveEthernet PWD(string Pwd)
```

# 2.3 (e) - DLL - Attenuation Hopping Functions

These functions require firmware version B1 or later.

```
a) int Hop SetNoOfPoints(int HopNoOfPoints)
b) int Hop_GetNoOfPoints()
c) int Hop_GetMaxNoOfPoints()
d) int Hop SetDirection(int HopDirection)
e) int Hop_GetDirection()
f) int Hop GetMaxDwell()
g) int Hop_GetMinDwell()
h) int Hop SetPoint(int PointNo, float HopPower, int HopDwT,
                                                      int HopDwTUnits)
i) int Hop GetPoint(int PointNo, ByRef float HopPower,
                              ByRef int HopDwT, ByRef int HopDwTUnits)
j) int Hop SetActiveChannels(int CH1 YesNO, int CH2 YesNO,
                                         int CH3 YesNO, int CH4 YesNO)
k) int Hop GetActiveChannels(ByRef int CH1 YesNO,
       ByRef int CH2 YesNO, ByRef int CH3 YesNO, ByRef int CH4 YesNO)
1) int Hop SetPoint4Channels(int PointNo, float HopAtt1,
                          float HopAtt2, float HopAtt3, float HopAtt4,
                                         int HopDwT , int HopDwTUnits)
m) int Hop GetPoint4Channels (int PointNo, ByRef float HopAtt1,
                             ByRef float HopAtt2, ByRef float HopAtt3,
                             ByRef float HopAtt4, ByRef string HopDwT)
n) int Hop SetMode(int On Off)
```



# 2.3 (f) - DLL - Attenuation Sweeping / Fading Functions

These functions require firmware version B1 or later.

```
a) int Sweep SetDirection(int SweepDirection)
b) int Sweep GetDirection()
c) int Sweep SetDwell(int Dwell, int Dwell Units)
d) int Sweep GetDwell()
e) int Sweep GetMaxDwell()
f) int Sweep GetMinDwell()
g) int Sweep SetStartAtt(single Att)
h) single Sweep GetStartAtt()
i) int Sweep SetStopAtt(single Att)
j) single Sweep GetStopAtt()
k) int Sweep SetStepSize(single Att)
1) single Sweep GetStepSize()
m) int Sweep SetActiveChannels(int CH1 YesNO, int CH2 YesNO,
                                         int CH3 YesNO, int CH4 YesNO)
n) int Sweep GetActiveChannels(ByRef int CH1 YesNO,
       ByRef int CH2 YesNO, ByRef int CH3 YesNO, ByRef int CH4 YesNO)
o) int Sweep SetChannelStartAtt(int Channel, float Att)
p) float Sweep GetChannelStartAtt(int Channel)
q) int Sweep SetChannelStopAtt(int Channel, float Att)
r) float Sweep GetChannelStopAtt(int Channel)
s) int Sweep SetChannelStepSize(int Channel, float Att)
t) float Sweep GetChannelStepSize(int Channel)
u) int Sweep SetMode(int On Off)
```



# 2.4 - DLL - General Functions

# 2.4 (a) - Get List of Connected Serial Numbers

#### **Declaration**

```
int Get_Available_SN_List(ByRef String SN_List)
```

### Description

Returns a list of serial numbers for all connected programmable attenuators.

### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
String	SN_List	Variable passed by reference, to be updated with a list of all
		connected serial numbers, separated by a single space, for
		example "11301210001 11301210002 11301210003".

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
      ' Split the list into an array of serial numbers
             For i As Integer = 0 To array_SN.Length - 1
                     ' Loop through the array and use each serial number
             Next
      End If
Visual C++
      if (MyPTE1->Get_Available_SN_List(SN_List) > 0)
             // split the List into array of SN's
Visual C#
      if (MyPTE1.Get_Available_SN_List(ref(SN_List)) > 0)
             // split the List into array of SN's
Matlab
       [status, SN List] = MyPTE1.Get Available SN List(SN List)
      If status > 0 then
             % split the List into array of SN's
      }
```

# See Also

**Get Device Serial Number** 



# 2.4 (b) - Get List of Available Addresses

### **Declaration**

```
int Get Available Address List(ByRef String Add List)
```

# Description

Returns a list of USB addresses for all connected programmable attenuators.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
String	Add_List	Variable passed by reference, to be updated with a list of all
		connected addresses separated by a single space character, for
		example, "5 101 254 255"

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	Non zero	The number of devices connected

### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
       If MyPTE1.Get_Available_Add_List(Add_List) > 0 Then
                       ' Get list of available addresses
               array_Ad() = Split(Add_List, " ")
                      ' Split the list into an array of addresses
               For i As Integer = 0 To array_Ad.Length - 1
                       ' Loop through the array and use each address
               Next
       End If
Visual C++
       if (MyPTE1->Get_Available_Address_List(Add_List) > 0);
              // split the List into array of Addresses
Visual C#
       if (MyPTE1.Get Available Address List(ref(Add List)) > 0)
              // split the List into array of Addresses
Matlab
       [status, Add_List] = MyPTE1.Get_Available_Address_List(Add_List)
       If status > 0 then
               % split the List into array of Addresses
```

#### See Also

Connect to Attenuator by Address Set USB Address Get USB Address



# 2.4 (c) - Connect to Attenuator

### **Declaration**

```
int Connect (Optional String SN)
```

### Description

This function is called to initialize the connection to a programmable attenuator. If multiple attenuators are connected to the same computer, then the serial number should be included, otherwise this can be omitted. The connection process can take a few milliseconds so it is recommended that the connection be made once at the beginning of the routine and left open until the attenuator is no longer needed. The attenuator should be disconnected on completion of the program using the Disconnect function.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
String	SN	Optional. The serial number of the programmable
		attenuator. Can be omitted if only one attenuator is
		connected.

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	No connection was possible
	1	Connection successfully established
	2	Connection already established (Connect has been called
		more than once). The attenuator will continue to operate normally.

# **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.Connect(SN)

Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->Connect(SN);

Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.Connect(SN);

Matlab
    status = MyPTE1.Connect(SN)
```

# See Also

Connect to Attenuator by Address Disconnect from Attenuator



# 2.4 (d) - Connect to Attenuator by Address

#### **Declaration**

```
int ConnectByAddress (Optional int Address)
```

# Description

This function is called to initialize the USB connection to a programmable attenuator by referring to a user defined address. The address is an integer number from 1 to 255 which can be assigned using the Set\_Address function (the factory default is 255). The connection process can take a few milliseconds so it is recommended that the connection be made once at the beginning of the routine and left open until the attenuator is no longer needed. The attenuator should be disconnected on completion of the program using the Disconnect function.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Address	Optional. A short containing the address of the attenuator.
		Can be omitted if only one device is connected but must be
		included otherwise.

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	No connection was possible
	1	Connection successfully established
	2	Device already connected

### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.ConnectByAddress(5)
Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->ConnectByAddress(5);
Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.ConnectByAddress(5);
Matlab
    status = MyPTE1.connectByAddress(5)
```

### See Also

Connect to Attenuator
Disconnect from Attenuator



# 2.4 (e) - Disconnect from Attenuator

### **Declaration**

Void Disconnect()

# Description

This function is called to close the connection to the programmable attenuator. It is strongly recommended that this function is used prior to ending the program. Failure to do so may result in a connection problem with the device. Should this occur, shut down the program and unplug the attenuator from the computer, then reconnect the attenuator before attempting to start again.

### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
None		

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
None		

# **Examples**

# See Also

Connect to Attenuator
Connect to Attenuator by Address



# 2.4 (f) - Read Model Name

#### **Declaration**

```
int Read ModelName (ByRef String ModelName)
```

#### Description

This function is called to determine the Mini-Circuits part number of the connected programmable attenuator. The user passes a string variable which is updated with the part number.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
String	ModelName	Required. A string variable that will be updated with the Mini-
		Circuits part number for the programmable attenuator.

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
       If MyPTE1.Read ModelName (ModelName) > 0 Then
              MsgBox ("The connected attenuator is " & ModelName)
                       ' Display a message stating the model name
       End If
Visual C++
       if (MyPTE1->Read_ModelName(ModelName) > 0 )
               MessageBox::Show("The connected attenuator is " + ModelName);
                      // Display a message stating the model name
Visual C#
       if (MyPTE1.Read_ModelName(ref(ModelName)) > 0 )
              MessageBox.Show("The connected attenuator is " + ModelName);
                      // Display a message stating the model name
Matlab
       [status, ModelName] = MyPTE1.Read_ModelName(ModelName)
       If status > 0 then
              msgbox('The connected attenuator is ', ModelName)
                      % Display a message stating the model name
       }
```

#### See Also

**Read Serial Number** 



# 2.4 (g) - Read Serial Number

### **Declaration**

```
int Read SN (ByRef String SN)
```

### Description

This function is called to determine the serial number of the connected programmable attenuator. The user passes a string variable which is updated with the serial number.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
String	ModelName	Required. String variable that will be updated with the serial
		number for the programmable attenuator.

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
       If MyPTE1.Read SN(SN) > 0 Then
              MsgBox ("The connected generator is " & SN)
                       'Display a message stating the serial number
       End If
Visual C++
       if (MyPTE1->Read_SN(SN) > 0 )
               MessageBox::Show("The connected generator is " + SN);
                      // Display a message stating the serial number
Visual C#
       if (MyPTE1.Read_SN(ref(SN)) > 0 )
               MessageBox.Show("The connected generator is " + SN);
                      // Display a message stating the serial number
Matlab
       [status, SN] = MyPTE1.Read_SN(SN)
       If status > 0 then
               msgbox('The connected generator is ', SN)
                      % Display a message stating the serial number
       }
```

# See Also

Read Model Name
Get List of Connected Serial Numbers



# 2.4 (h) - Set USB Address

# **Declaration**

```
int Set Address (int Address)
```

### Description

This function sets the internal address of the attenuator connected via USB (the factory default address is 255). This allows the user to connect by a short address rather than serial number in future.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Address	Required. An integer value from 1 to 255

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	Non zero	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.Set_Address(1)

Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->Set_Address(1);

Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.Set_Address(1);

Matlab
    status = MyPTE1.Set_Address(1)
```

### See Also

Get USB Address Get List of Available Addresses Connect to Attenuator by Address



# 2.4 (i) - Get USB Address

# **Declaration**

```
int Get_Address()
```

# Description

This function returns the USB address of the connected attenuator.

### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
None		

# **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1-255	Address of the attenuator

# **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    addr = MyPTE1.Get_Address()
Visual C++
    addr = MyPTE1->Get_Address();
Visual C#
    addr = MyPTE1.Get_Address();
Matlab
    addr = MyPTE1.Get_Address
```

# See Also

Set USB Address Get List of Available Addresses Connect to Attenuator by Address



# 2.4 (j) - Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode

# **Declaration**

```
int Set_StartUpAttIndicator(int Indicator)
```

### Description

Sets the start-up mode to be used by the attenuator, this specifies how the initial attenuation value will be chosen when DC power is applied.

Note: See Store Last Attenuation Value if operating in "Last Attenuation" mode.

### Requirements

Firmware version A6 or later

# **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Indicator	A numeric code indicating the start-up attenuation mode:
		76 = Last Attenuation - The attenuation will be set to the same
		level as when the device was last powered off
		70 = Fixed Attenuation - The attenuation will be set to a pre-
		defined value
		78 = Default - The attenuator will assume the factory default
		state (maximum attenuation)

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

#### See Also

Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode Set Start-Up Attenuation Value Get Start-Up Attenuation Value Store Last Attenuation Value



# 2.4 (k) - Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode

# **Declaration**

```
int Get StartUpAttIndicator()
```

# Description

Returns the start-up mode to be used by the attenuator, this specifies how the initial attenuation value will be chosen when DC power is applied.

# Requirements

Firmware version A6 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	76	Last Attenuation - The attenuation will be set to the same
		level as when the device was last powered off
	70	Fixed Attenuation - The attenuation will be set to a pre-
		defined value
	78	Default - The attenuator will assume the factory default state
		(maximum attenuation)

# **Examples**

#### See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Set Start-Up Attenuation Value Get Start-Up Attenuation Value Store Last Attenuation Value



# 2.4 (I) - Store Last Attenuation Value

# **Declaration**

```
int InitiateStoreLastAtt()
```

### Description

Saves the current attenuation value to permanent memory so that it can be recalled when the attenuator is next powered back on. Only applies when the attenuator is configured to power-up in "Last Attenuation" mode.

### Requirements

Firmware version C3 or later

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
Short	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Example**

# See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode



# 2.4 (m) - Send SCPI Command

### **Declaration**

```
Short Send SCPI (String SndSTR, ByRef String RetSTR)
```

### Description

This function sends a SCPI command to the programmable attenuator and collects the returned acknowledgement. SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments) is a common method for communicating with and controlling instrumentation products.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
String	SndSTR	The SCPI command / query to send
String	RetSTR	String variable which will be updated with the attenuator's
		response to the command / query

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
Short	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

# See Also

Summary of SCPI Commands / Queries



# 2.4 (n) - Get USB Connection Status

### **Declaration**

```
int GetUSBConnectionStatus()
```

### Description

This function checks whether the USB connection to the programmable attenuator is still active.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
None		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	No connection
int	1	USB connection to programmable attenuator is active

# **Examples**

#### See Also

**Get Firmware Version** 



# 2.4 (o) - Get Status (Antiquated)

# **Declaration**

```
int GetStatus()
```

# Description

This function is antiquated; please use Get USB Connection Status instead. GetStatus checks whether the USB connection to the attenuator is active.

### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
None		

# **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	No connection
int	1	USB connection to attenuator is active

# Example

# See Also

**Get USB Connection Status** 



# 2.4 (p) - Get Firmware

### **Declaration**

### Description

This function returns the internal firmware version of the attenuator along with three reserved variables for factory use.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	A0	Required. User defined variable for factory use only.
int	A1	Required. User defined variable for factory use only.
int	A2	Required. User defined variable for factory use only.
String	Firmware	Required. User defined variable which will be updated with
		the current firmware version, for example "B3".

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
       If MyPTE1.GetExtFirmware(A0, A1, A2, Firmware) > 0 Then
              MsgBox ("Firmware version is " & Firmware)
       End If
Visual C++
       if (MyPTE1->GetExtFirmware(A0, A1, A2, Firmware) > 0 )
               MessageBox::Show("Firmware version is " + Firmware);
Visual C#
       if (MyPTE1.GetExtFirmware(ref(A0, A1, A2, Firmware)) > 0 )
               MessageBox.Show("Firmware version is " + Firmware);
Matlab
       [status, A0, A1, A2, Firmware] = MyPTE1.GetExtFirmware(A0, A1, A2, Firmware)
       If status > 0 then
       {
               msgbox('Firmware version is ', Firmware)
       }
```



# 2.5 - DLL - RUDAT / RCDAT (Single Channel) Attenuation Functions

These functions apply to RUDAT & RCDAT models only

# 2.5 (a) - Set Attenuation

#### **Declaration - ActiveX**

```
int SetAttenuation(ByRef Float TotalAtt)
```

### **Declaration - .NET**

```
int SetAttenuation(Float TotalAtt)
```

### Description

This function sets the RF attenuation level. The allowed attenuation range and precision is defined in the individual model datasheets.

# **Applies To**

**RUDAT and RCDAT models** 

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
Float	TotalAtt	Required. Numeric value indicating the attenuation to set.

# **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed or invalid attenuation set
	1	Command completed successfully
	2	Requested attenuation was higher than the allowed range,
		the attenuation was set to the device's maximum allowed
		value

# **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    Status = MyPTE1.SetAttenuation(TotalAtt)
Visual C++
    Status = MyPTE1->SetAttenuation(TotalAtt);
Visual C#
    Status = MyPTE1.SetAttenuation(TotalAtt);
Matlab
    Status = MyPTE1.SetAttenuation(TotalAtt)
```

#### See Also

**Read Attenuation** 



# 2.5 (b) - Read Attenuation

# **Declaration**

```
int Read_Att(ByRef Float CAtt1)
```

# Description

This function indicates the current attenuation setting.

# **Applies To**

**RUDAT** and **RCDAT** models

# **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
Float	CAtt1	Required. User defined variable which will be updated with
		the current attenuation setting.

# **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

# See Also

**Set Attenuation** 



# 2.5 (c) - Set Start-Up Attenuation Value

# **Declaration**

```
int Set StartUpAtt(single AttVal)
```

### Description

Sets the attenuation value to be loaded when the attenuator is first powered up in "Fixed Attenuation" start-up mode.

# **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware A6 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
single	AttVal	The initial attenuation level to be loaded on start-up

# **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

# See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Value



# 2.5 (d) - Get Start-Up Attenuation Value

# **Declaration**

```
single Get StartUpAtt()
```

### Description

Gets the attenuation value to be loaded when the attenuator is first powered up in "Fixed Attenuation" start-up mode.

# **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware A6 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

# **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
single	AttVal	The initial attenuation level to be loaded on start-up

# **Examples**

# See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode Set Start-Up Attenuation Value Store Last Attenuation Value



# 2.6 - DLL - RC4DAT (Multi-Channel) Attenuation Functions

These functions apply to RC4DAT models only

### 2.6 (a) - Set Attenuation - Single Channel

#### **Declaration**

```
int SetChannelAtt(int Channel, float Att)
```

### Description

Sets the attenuation for a single channel within the multi-channel attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)
float	Att	The attenuation value (dB) to set

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

#### See Also

Set Attenuation - All Channels Get Attenuation Value - Single Channel Get Attenuation Value - All Channels



# 2.6 (b) - Set Attenuation - All Channels

### **Declaration**

```
int SetChannelsAtt(float Att, int CH1, int CH2, int CH3, int CH4)
```

#### Description

Sets up to 4 channels of the multi-channel attenuator to the same attenuation value.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
float	Att	The attenuation value (dB) to set
int	CH1	1 to set CH1, 0 to leave channel 1 unchanged
int	CH2	1 to set CH2, 0 to leave channel 3 unchanged
int	CH3	1 to set CH3, 0 to leave channel 3 unchanged
int	CH4	1 to set CH4, 0 to leave channel 4 unchanged

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

## **Examples**

#### See Also

Set Attenuation - Single Channel Get Attenuation Value - Single Channel Get Attenuation Value - All Channels



# 2.6 (c) - Get Attenuation Value - Single Channel

### **Declaration**

```
float ReadChannelAtt(int Channel)
```

### Description

Returns the value for a single channel within the multi-channel attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
float	AttVal	The attenuation level (dB) for the specified channel

# **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
          Att = MyPTE1.ReadChannelAtt(3)
Visual C++
          Att = MyPTE1->ReadChannelAtt(3);
Visual C#
          Att = MyPTE1.ReadChannelAtt(3);
Matlab
          Att = MyPTE1.ReadChannelAtt(3)
```

### See Also

Set Attenuation - Single Channel Set Attenuation - All Channels Get Attenuation Value - All Channels



# 2.6 (d) - Get Attenuation Value - All Channels

### **Declaration**

# Description

Returns the attenuation values for all channels within the multi-channel attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
float	C1Att	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the
		attenuation value for channel 1
float	C2Att	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the
		attenuation value for channel 2
float	C3Att	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the
		attenuation value for channel 3
float	C4Att	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the
		attenuation value for channel 4

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

## **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.Read4ChannelsAtt(Att1, Att2, Att3, Att4)

Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->Read4ChannelsAtt(Att1, Att2, Att3, Att4);

Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.Read4ChannelsAtt(ref(Att1), ref(Att2), ref(Att3), ref(Att4));

Matlab
    [status,Att1,Att2,Att3,Att4]=MyPTE1.Read4ChannelsAtt(Att1, Att2, Att3, Att4)
```

### See Also

Set Attenuation - Single Channel Set Attenuation - All Channels Get Attenuation Value - Single Channel



# 2.6 (e) - Set Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value

### **Declaration**

```
int Set_ChannelStartUpAtt(int Channel, int StartUpAtt)
```

#### Description

Sets the start up attenuation value for a single channel within the multi-channel attenuator (the attenuation value to be loaded when DC power is applied).

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)
int	StartUpAtt	The initial attenuation value (dB) to be loaded on start-up

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

#### See Also

Get Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value



# 2.6 (f) - Get Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value

### **Declaration**

```
int Get_ChannelStartUpAtt(int Channel)
```

#### Description

Returns the start up attenuation value for a single channel within the multi-channel attenuator (the attenuation value to be loaded when DC power is applied).

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	AttVal	The initial attenuation value (dB) to be loaded on start-up

# **Examples**

### See Also

Set Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value



# 2.7 - DLL - Ethernet Configuration Functions

These functions apply to RCDAT & RC4DAT models only

### 2.7 (a) - Get Ethernet Configuration

#### **Declaration**

#### Requirements

RC Series programmable attenuator with RJ45 network interface.

#### Description

This function returns the current IP configuration of the connected attenuator in a series of user defined variables. The settings checked are IP address, subnet mask and network gateway.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	IP1	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		first (highest order) octet of the IP address.
int	IP2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		second octet of the IP address.
int	IP2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		third octet of the IP address.
int	IP4	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		last (lowest order) octet of the IP address.
int	Mask1	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		first (highest order) octet of the subnet mask.
int	Mask2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		second octet of the subnet mask.
int	Mask3	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		third octet of the subnet mask.
int	Mask4	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		last (lowest order) octet of the subnet mask.
int	Gateway1	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		first (highest order) octet of the subnet mask.
int	Gateway2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		second octet of the network gateway.
int	Gateway3	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		third octet of the network gateway.



int	Gateway4	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		last (lowest order) octet of the network gateway.

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

### **Example**

```
Visual Basic
        If MyPTE1.GetEthernet_CurrentConfig(IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4, M1, M2, M3, M4,
                                                          \_ GW1, GW2, GW3, GW4) > 0 Then
                MsgBox ("IP address: " & IP1 & "." & IP2 & "." & IP3 & "." & IP4)
                MsgBox ("Subnet Mask: " & M1 & "." & M2 & "." & M3 & "." & M4)
                MsgBox ("Gateway: " & GW1 & "." & GW2 & "." & GW3 & "." & GW4)
        End If
Visual C++
        if (MyPTE1->GetEthernet_CurrentConfig(IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4, M1, M2, M3, M4,
                                                          _ GW1, GW2, GW3, GW4) > 0)
                MessageBox::Show("IP address: " + IP1 + "." + IP2 + "." + IP3 + "."
                                                                                     + IP4);
                MessageBox::Show("Subnet Mask: " + M1 + "." + M2 + "." + M3+ "." +
                ____M4);
MessageBox::Show("Gateway: " + GW1 + "." + GW2 + "." + GW3 + "." +
                                                                                   _ GW4);
        }
Visual C#
        if (MyPTE1.GetEthernet_CurrentConfig(IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4, M1, M2, M3, M4,
                                                          _ GW1, GW2, GW3, GW4) > 0)
                MessageBox.Show("IP address: " + IP1 + "." + IP2 + "." + IP3 + "."
                                                                                     + IP4);
                MessageBox.Show("Subnet Mask: " + M1 + "." + M2 + "." + M3+ "." +
                                                                                     M4);
                MessageBox.Show("Gateway: " + GW1 + "." + GW2 + "." + GW3 + "." +
                                                                                   _ GW4);
Matlab
        [status, IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4, M1, M2, M3, M4, GW1, GW2, GW3, GW4] =
        MyPTE1.GetEthernet_CurrentConfig(IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4, M1, M2, M3, M4, GW1,
        GW2, GW3, GW4)
        If status > 0 then
                MsgBox ("IP address: ", IP1, ".", IP2, ".", IP3, ".", IP4)
MsgBox ("Subnet Mask: ", M1, "." & M2, "." & M3, ".", M4)
MsgBox ("Gateway: ", GW1, ".", GW2, ".", GW3, ".", GW4)
        }
```

#### See Also

Get MAC Address Get TCP/IP Port



# 2.7 (b) - Get IP Address

### **Declaration**

# Description

This function returns the current IP address of the connected attenuator in a series of user defined variables (one per octet).

# Requirements

RC Series programmable attenuator with RJ45 network interface.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	IP1	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		first (highest order) octet of the IP address (for example "192"
		for the IP address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		second octet of the IP address (for example "168" for the IP
		address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		third octet of the IP address (for example "1" for the IP
		address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP4	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the last
		(lowest order) octet of the IP address (for example "0" for the
		IP address "192.168.1.0").

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

# **Example**



```
Visual Basic
      Visual C++
      if (MyPTE1->GetEthernet_CurrentConfig(IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4) > 0)
      {
             MessageBox::Show("IP address: " + IP1 + "." + IP2 + "." + IP3 + "."
                                                                 _ + IP4);
Visual C#
      if (MyPTE1.GetEthernet_CurrentConfig(IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4) > 0)
             MessageBox.Show("IP address: " + IP1 + "." + IP2 + "." + IP3 + "."
                                                                 _ + IP4);
Matlab
      [status, IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4] = MyPTE1.GetEthernet_CurrentConfig(IP1, IP2,
      IP3, IP4)
      If status > 0 then
            MsgBox ("IP address: ", IP1, ".", IP2, ".", IP3, ".", IP4)
```

#### See Also

Get Ethernet Configuration Get TCP/IP Port Save IP Address Save TCP/IP Port



# 2.7 (c) - Get MAC Address

### **Declaration**

# Description

Returns the MAC (media access control) address, the physical address, of the connected attenuator as a series of decimal values (one for each of the 6 numeric groups).

# Requirements

RC Series programmable attenuator with RJ45 network interface.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	MAC1	Passed by reference to be updated with the decimal value of the first section of the MAC address. For example:  MAC address =11:47:165:103:137:171  MAC1=11
int	MAC2	Passed by reference to be updated with the decimal value of the second section of the MAC address. For example:  MAC address =11:47:165:103:137:171  MAC2=47
int	MAC3	Passed by reference to be updated with the decimal value of the third section of the MAC address. For example:  MAC address =11:47:165:103:137:171  MAC3=165
int	MAC4	Passed by reference to be updated with the decimal value of the fourth section of the MAC address. For example:  MAC address =11:47:165:103:137:171  MAC4=103
int	MAC5	Passed by reference to be updated with the decimal value of the fifth section of the MAC address. For example:  MAC address =11:47:165:103:137:171  MAC5=137
int	MAC6	Passed by reference to be updated with the decimal value of the sixth section of the MAC address. For example:  MAC address =11:47:165:103:137:171  MAC6=171



#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Example**

```
Visual Basic
      _ & M5 & ":" & M6)
Visual C++
      if (MyPTE1->GetEthernet MACAddess(M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6) > 0)
             MessageBox::Show("MAC address: " + M1 + "." + M2 + "." + M3 + "."
                                               _ + M4 + "." + M5 + "." + M6);
Visual C#
      if (MyPTE1.GetEthernet MACAddess(M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6) > 0)
             MessageBox.Show("MAC address: " + M1 + "." + M2 + "." + M3 + "."
                                               _ + M4 + "." + M5 + "." + M6);
Matlab
      [status, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6] = MyPTE1.GetEthernet_MACAddess(M1, M2, M3,
      M4, M5, M6)
If status > 0 then
             MsgBox ("MAC address: ", M1, ".", M2, ".", M3, ".", M4, ".", M5, ".",
      M6)
```

#### See Also

**Get Ethernet Configuration** 



# 2.7 (d) - Get Network Gateway

### **Declaration**

# Description

This function returns the IP address of the network gateway to which the attenuator is currently connected. A series of user defined variables are passed to the function to be updated with the IP address (one per octet).

# Requirements

RC Series programmable attenuator with RJ45 network interface.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	IP1	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		first (highest order) octet of the IP address (for example "192"
		for the IP address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		second octet of the IP address (for example "168" for the IP
		address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		third octet of the IP address (for example "1" for the IP
		address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP4	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the last
		(lowest order) octet of the IP address (for example "0" for the
		IP address "192.168.1.0").

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully



#### **Example**

```
Visual Basic
      End If
Visual C++
      if (MyPTE1->GetEthernet_NetworkGateway(IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4) > 0)
             MessageBox::Show("Gateway: " + IP1 + "." + IP2 + "." + IP3 + "."
                                                                   _ + IP4);
Visual C#
      if (MyPTE1.GetEthernet_NetworkGateway(IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4) > 0)
             MessageBox.Show("Gateway: " + IP1 + "." + IP2 + "." + IP3 + "."
                                                                   + IP4);
Matlab
      [status, IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4] = MyPTE1.GetEthernet_NetworkGateway(IP1, IP2, IP3, IP4)
      If status > 0 then
             MsgBox ("Gateway: ", IP1, ".", IP2, ".", IP3, ".", IP4)
      }
```

#### See Also

Get Ethernet Configuration Save Network Gateway



# 2.7 (e) - Get Subnet Mask

### **Declaration**

# Description

This function returns the subnet mask used by the network gateway to which the attenuator is currently connected. A series of user defined variables are passed to the function to be updated with the subnet mask (one per octet).

# Requirements

RC Series programmable attenuator with RJ45 network interface.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	b1	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		first (highest order) octet of the subnet mask (for example
		"255" for the subnet mask "255.255.255.0").
int	b2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		second octet of the subnet mask (for example "255" for the
		subnet mask "255.255.255.0").
int	b2	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		third octet of the subnet mask (for example "255" for the
		subnet mask "255.255.255.0").
int	b4	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the last
		(lowest order) octet of the subnet mask (for example "0" for
		the subnet mask "255.255.255.0").

## **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully



#### **Example**

```
Visual Basic
        If MyPTE1.GetEthernet_SubNetMask(b1, b2, b3, b4) > 0 Then MsgBox ("Subnet mask: " & b1 & "." & b2 & "." & b3 & "." & b4)
        End If
Visual C++
        if (MyPTE1->GetEthernet_SubNetMask(b1, b2, b3, b4) > 0)
                MessageBox::Show("Subnet mask: " + b1 + "." + b2 + "." + b3 + "."
                                                                                   _ + b4);
Visual C#
        if (MyPTE1.GetEthernet_SubNetMask(b1, b2, b3, b4) > 0)
                MessageBox.Show("Subnet mask: " + b1 + "." + b2 + "." + b3 + "."
                                                                                   _ + b4);
Matlab
        [status, b1, b2, b3, b4] = MyPTE1.GetEthernet_SubNetMask(b1, b2, b3, b4)
        If status > 0 then
                MsgBox ("Subnet mask: ", b1, ".", b2, ".", b3, ".", b4)
        }
```

#### See Also

Get Ethernet Configuration Save Subnet Mask



# 2.7 (f) - Get TCP/IP Port

#### **Declaration**

```
int GetEthernet TCPIPPort(ByRef int port)
```

#### Description

Returns the TCP/IP port used by the attenuator for HTTP communication (default is port 80). Port 23 is reserved for Telnet communication and cannot be set as the HTTP port.

#### Requirements

RC Series programmable attenuator with RJ45 network interface.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	port	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		TCP/IP port.

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

### **Example**

#### See Also

Save TCP/IP Port Get Telnet Port



# 2.7 (g) - Get Telnet Port

#### **Declaration**

```
int GetEthernet TelnetPort(ByRef int port)
```

#### Description

Returns the port used by the attenuator for Telnet communication (default is port 23).

### Requirements

RC Series programmable attenuator with firmware C7 or above.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	port	Required. Integer variable which will be updated with the
		Telnet port.

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Example**

#### See Also

Save Telnet Port Get TCP/IP Port



# 2.7 (h) - Get DHCP Status

### **Declaration**

```
int GetEthernet UseDHCP()
```

#### Description

This function indicates whether the attenuator is using DHCP (dynamic host control protocol), in which case the IP configuration is derived from a network server; or user defined "static" IP settings.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
None		

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	DHCP not in use (IP settings are static and manually
		configured)
int	1	DHCP in use (IP settings are assigned automatically by the
		network)

# **Example**

#### See Also

Get Ethernet Configuration Use DHCP



# 2.7 (i) - Get Password Status

### **Declaration**

```
int GetEthernet UsePWD()
```

# Description

This function indicates whether the attenuator is currently configured to require a password for HTTP/Telnet communication.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
None		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Password not required
int	1	Password required

### **Example**

### See Also

Get Password Use Password Set Password



# 2.7 (j) - Get Password

#### **Declaration**

```
int GetEthernet PWD (ByRef String Pwd)
```

#### Description

Returns the password used by the attenuator for HTTP/Telnet communication. The password will be returned even if the device is not currently configured to require a password.

#### Requirements

RC Series programmable attenuator with RJ45 network interface.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
String	Pwd	Passed by reference, to be updated with the password

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Example**

### See Also

Get Password Status Use Password Set Password



# 2.7 (k) - Save IP Address

### **Declaration**

```
int SaveEthernet IPAddress(int b1, int b2, int b3, int b4)
```

### Description

This function sets a static IP address to be used by the connected attenuator.

Note: this could subsequently be overwritten automatically if DHCP is enabled (see Use DHCP).

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	IP1	Required. First (highest order) octet of the IP address to set
		(for example "192" for the IP address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP2	Required. Second octet of the IP address to set (for example
		"168" for the IP address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP2	Required. Third octet of the IP address to set (for example
		"1" for the IP address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP4	Required. Last (lowest order) octet of the IP address to set
		(for example "0" for the IP address "192.168.1.0").

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

## **Example**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_IPAddress(192, 168, 1, 0)
Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->SaveEthernet_IPAddress(192, 168, 1, 0);
Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_IPAddress(192, 168, 1, 0);
Matlab
    [status] = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_IPAddress(192, 168, 1, 0)
```

#### See Also

Get Ethernet Configuration Get IP Address



# 2.7 (I) - Save Network Gateway

### **Declaration**

```
int SaveEthernet NetworkGateway(int b1, int b2, int b3, int b4)
```

#### Description

This function sets the IP address of the network gateway to which the attenuator should connect.

Note: this could subsequently be overwritten automatically if DHCP is enabled (see Use DHCP).

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	IP1	Required. First (highest order) octet of the network gateway
		IP address (for example "192" for the IP address
		"192.168.1.0").
int	IP2	Required. Second octet of the network gateway IP address
		(for example "168" for the IP address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP2	Required. Third octet of the network gateway IP address (for
		example "1" for the IP address "192.168.1.0").
int	IP4	Required. Last (lowest order) octet of the network gateway
		IP address (for example "0" for the IP address "192.168.1.0").

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

### **Example**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_NetworkGateway(192, 168, 1, 0)
Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->SaveEthernet_NetworkGateway(192, 168, 1, 0);
Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_NetworkGateway(192, 168, 1, 0);
Matlab
    [status] = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_NetworkGateway(192, 168, 1, 0)
```

#### See Also

Get Ethernet Configuration Get Network Gateway



# 2.7 (m) - Save Subnet Mask

### **Declaration**

```
int SaveEthernet SubnetMask(int b1, int b2, int b3, int b4)
```

### Description

This function sets the subnet mask of the network to which the attenuator should connect.

Note: this could subsequently be overwritten automatically if DHCP is enabled (see Use DHCP).

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	IP1	Required. First (highest order) octet of the subnet mask (for
		example "255" for the subnet mask "255.255.255.0").
int	IP2	Required. Second octet of the subnet mask (for example
		"255" for the subnet mask "255.255.25.0").
int	IP2	Required. Third octet of the subnet mask (for example "255"
		for the subnet mask "255.255.255.0").
int	IP4	Required. Last (lowest order) octet of the subnet mask (for
		example "0" for the subnet mask "255.255.255.0").

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

## **Example**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_SubnetMask(255, 255, 255, 0)

Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->SaveEthernet_SubnetMask(255, 255, 255, 0);

Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_SubnetMask(255, 255, 255, 0);

Matlab
    [status] = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_SubnetMask(255, 255, 255, 0)
```

#### See Also

Get Ethernet Configuration Get Subnet Mask



# 2.7 (n) - Save TCP/IP Port

### **Declaration**

```
int SaveEthernet TCPIPPort(int port)
```

### Description

This function sets the TCP/IP port used by the attenuator for HTTP communication. The default is port 80.

Note: Port 23 is reserved for Telnet communication and cannot be set as the HTTP port.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	port	Required. Numeric value of the TCP/IP port.

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

# **Example**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_TCPIPPort(70)

Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->SaveEthernet_TCPIPPort(70);

Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_TCPIPPort(70);

Matlab
    [status] = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_TCPIPPort(70)
```

#### See Also

Get TCP/IP Port Save Telnet Port



# 2.7 (o) - Save Telnet Port

### **Declaration**

```
int SaveEthernet_TelnetPort(int port)
```

### Description

This function sets the port used by the attenuator for Telnet communication. The default is port 23

### **Applies To**

RC series programmable attenuators with firmware C7 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	port	Required. Numeric value of the Telnet port.

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

# **Example**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_TelnetPort(22)
Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->SaveEthernet_TelnetPort(22);
Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_TelnetPort(22);
Matlab
    [status] = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_TelnetPort(22)
```

#### See Also

Save TCP/IP Port Get Telnet Port



# 2.7 (p) - Use DHCP

### **Declaration**

```
int SaveEthernet UseDHCP(int UseDHCP)
```

### Description

This function enables or disables DHCP (dynamic host control protocol). When enabled the IP configuration of the attenuator is assigned automatically by the network server; when disabled the user defined "static" IP settings apply.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	UseDHCP	Required. Integer value to set the DHCP mode:
		0 - DHCP disabled (static IP settings used)
		1 - DHCP enabled (IP setting assigned by network)

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

# **Example**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_UseDHCP(1)
Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->SaveEthernet_UseDHCP(1);
Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_UseDHCP(1);
Matlab
    [status] = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_UseDHCP(1)
```

#### See Also

**Get DHCP Status** 



# 2.7 (q) - Use Password

### **Declaration**

```
int SaveEthernet_UsePWD(int UsePwd)
```

### Description

This function enables or disables the password requirement for HTTP/Telnet communication with the attenuator.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	UseDHCP	Required. Integer value to set the password mode:
		0 – Password not required
		1 – Password required

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

# **Example**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_UsePWD(1)
Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->SaveEthernet_UsePWD(1);
Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_UsePWD(1);
Matlab
    [status] = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_UsePWD(1)
```

### See Also

Get Password Status Get Password Set Password



# 2.7 (r) - Set Password

### **Declaration**

```
int SaveEthernet PWD(String Pwd)
```

### Description

This function sets the password used by the attenuator for HTTP/Telnet communication. The password will not affect attenuator operation unless Use Password is also enabled.

### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
String	Pwd	Required. The password to set (20 characters maximum).

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
int	1	Command completed successfully

### **Example**

```
Visual Basic
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_PWD("123")
Visual C++
    status = MyPTE1->SaveEthernet_PWD("123");
Visual C#
    status = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_PWD("123");
Matlab
    [status] = MyPTE1.SaveEthernet_PWD("123")
```

### See Also

Get Password Status Get Password Use Password



# 2.8 - DLL - Attenuation Hopping Functions

# 2.8 (a) - Hop Mode - Set Number of Points

#### **Declaration**

```
int Hop_SetNoOfPoints(int NoOfPoints)
```

### Description

Sets the number of points to be used in the attenuation hop sequence.

# Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	NoOfPoints	The number of points to set in the hop sequence

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

## **Examples**

### See Also

Hop Mode - Get Number of Points Hop Mode - Get Maximum Number of Points



# 2.8 (b) - Hop Mode - Get Number of Points

### **Declaration**

```
int Hop_GetNoOfPoints()
```

# Description

Returns the number of points to be used in the attenuation hop sequence.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	1 - 100	The number of points in the hop sequence

# **Examples**

### See Also

```
Hop Mode - Set Number of Points
Hop Mode - Get Maximum Number of Points
```



# 2.8 (c) - Hop Mode - Get Maximum Number of Points

### **Declaration**

```
int Hop GetMaxNoOfPoints()
```

## Description

Returns the maximum number of points that can be used in the attenuation hop sequence.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	MaxPoints	The maximum number of hop points

# **Examples**

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Number of Points Hop Mode - Get Number of Points



# 2.8 (d) - Hop Mode - Set Sequence Direction

### **Declaration**

```
int Hop_SetDirection(int Direction)
```

### Description

Sets the direction in which the attenuator will progress through the list of attenuation hops.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Direction	Numeric value indicating the direction:
		0 = Forward - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded from index 1 to index n
		1 = Backwards - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded from index n to index 1
		2 = Bi-directionally - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded in the forward and then reverse directions

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Get Sequence Direction



# 2.8 (e) - Hop Mode - Get Sequence Direction

### **Declaration**

```
int Hop_GetDirection()
```

# Description

Returns the direction in which the attenuator will progress through the list of attenuation hops.

# Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Forward - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded from
		index 1 to index n
	1	Backwards - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded from
		index n to index 1
	2	Bi-directionally - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded in
		the forward and then reverse directions

# **Examples**

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Sequence Direction



# 2.8 (f) - Hop Mode - Get Maximum Dwell Time

### **Declaration**

```
int Hop_GetMaxDwell()
```

## Description

Returns the maximum dwell time that can be used for any point in the attenuation hop sequence.

# Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	MaxDwell	Maximum hop dwell time

# **Examples**

### See Also

Hop Mode - Get Minimum Dwell Time



# 2.8 (g) - Hop Mode - Get Minimum Dwell Time

### **Declaration**

```
int Hop_GetMinDwell()
```

### Description

Returns the minimum dwell time that can be used for any point in the attenuation hop sequence.

# Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	MinDwell	Minimum hop dwell time

# **Examples**

### See Also

Hop Mode - Get Maximum Dwell Time



# 2.8 (h) - Hop Mode - Single Channel - Set Hop

### **Declaration**

```
int Hop_SetPoint(int Point, single Att, int Dwell, int Dw_Units)
```

#### Description

Sets the attenuation level and dwell time for a specific point with in the hop sequence of a single channel (RUDAT / RCDAT) attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware B1 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Point	The index number of the point within the sequence (from 1 to
		the number of points set)
single	Att	The attenuation level to set for this point
int	Dwell	The dwell time for this point
int	Dw_Units	Numeric code indicating the dwell time units:
		117 = Dwell time in microseconds (μs)
		109 = Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
		115 = Dwell time in seconds (s)

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Single Channel - Get Hop



# 2.8 (i) - Hop Mode - Single Channel - Get Hop

### **Declaration**

### Description

Gets the attenuation level and dwell time for a specific point with in the hop sequence of a single channel (RUDAT / RCDAT) attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware B1 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Point	The index number of the point within the sequence (from 1 to
		the number of points set)
single	Att	Variable passed by reference to be updated with the
		attenuation level set for this point
int	Dwell	Variable passed by reference to be updated with the dwell time
		set for this point
int	Dw_Units	Variable passed by reference to be updated with a numeric
		code indicating the dwell time units for this point:
		117 = Dwell time in microseconds (μs)
		109 = Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
		115 = Dwell time in seconds (s)

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

## See Also

Hop Mode - Single Channel - Set Hop



# 2.8 (j) - Hop Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Active Channels

### **Declaration**

### Description

Sets which of the 4 channels of a multi-channel attenuator are to be included in the attenuation hop sequence.

#### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	CH1_YesNo	1 to include CH1 in the hop, 0 to leave unchanged
int	CH2_YesNo	1 to include CH2 in the hop, 0 to leave unchanged
int	CH3_YesNo	1 to include CH3 in the hop, 0 to leave unchanged
int	CH4_YesNo	1 to include CH4 in the hop, 0 to leave unchanged

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    Status = MyPTE1.Hop_SetActiveChannels(1, 1, 0, 0)
    ' Configure a hop for channels 1 and 2 only

Visual C++
    Status = MyPTE1->Hop_SetActiveChannels(1, 1, 0, 0);
    // Configure a hop for channels 1 and 2 only

Visual C#
    Status = MyPTE1.Hop_SetActiveChannels(1, 1, 0, 0);
    // Configure a hop for channels 1 and 2 only

Matlab
    Status = MyPTE1.Hop_SetActiveChannels(1, 1, 0, 0)
    % Configure a hop for channels 1 and 2 only
```

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Active Channels



# 2.8 (k) - Hop Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Active Channels

#### **Declaration**

#### Description

Checks which of the 4 channels of a multi-channel attenuator are to be included in the attenuation hop sequence.

#### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	CH1_YesNo	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the status of
		CH1 (1 if it included in the hop, 0 otherwise)
int	CH2_YesNo	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the status of
		CH2 (1 if it included in the hop, 0 otherwise)
int	CH3_YesNo	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the status of
		CH3 (1 if it included in the hop, 0 otherwise)
int	CH4_YesNo	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the status of
		CH4 (1 if it included in the hop, 0 otherwise)

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    Status = MyPTE1.Hop_GetActiveChannels(CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4)
    ' Check which channels are to be included in the hop

Visual C++
    Status = MyPTE1->Hop_GetActiveChannels(CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4);
    // Check which channels are to be included in the hop

Visual C#
    Status=MyPTE1.Hop_GetActiveChannels(ref(CH1),ref(CH2),ref(CH3),ref(CH4));
    // Check which channels are to be included in the hop

Matlab
    [Status,CH1,CH2,CH3,CH4]=MyPTE1.Hop_GetActiveChannels(CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4)
    % Check which channels are to be included in the hop
```

### See Also

Hop Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Active Channels



# 2.8 (I) - Hop Mode - Multi-Channel Hop - Set Hop Point for All Channels

#### **Declaration**

#### Description

Sets the attenuation values to be loaded for each channel and the dwell time for a specific point within the hop sequence.

#### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	PointNo	The ndex number of the hop within the hop sequence
float	HopAtt1	Attenuation to set for CH1 at this point in the hop sequence
float	HopAtt2	Attenuation to set for CH2 at this point in the hop sequence
float	HopAtt3	Attenuation to set for CH3 at this point in the hop sequence
float	HopAtt4	Attenuation to set for CH4 at this point in the hop sequence
int	Dwell	The dwell time for this point in the hop sequence
int	DwellUnits	Numeric code indicating the dwell time units:
		117 = Dwell time in microseconds (μs)
		109 = Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
		115 = Dwell time in seconds (s)

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    Status = MyPTE1.Hop_SetPoint4Channels(2, 20.25, 10.75, 0, 0, 20, 109)
    ' Set the attenuation values with 20 ms dwell time for hop point 2

Visual C++
    Status = MyPTE1->Hop_SetPoint4Channels(2, 20.25, 10.75, 0, 0, 20, 109);
    // Set the attenuation values with 20 ms dwell time for hop point 2

Visual C#
    Status = MyPTE1.Hop_SetPoint4Channels(2, 20.25, 10.75, 0, 0, 20, 109);
    // Set the attenuation values with 20 ms dwell time for hop point 2

Matlab
    Status = MyPTE1.Hop_SetPoint4Channels(2, 20.25, 10.75, 0, 0, 20, 109)
    % Set the attenuation values with 20 ms dwell time for hop point 2
```

## See Also

Hop Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Hop Point for All Channels



# 2.8 (m) - Hop Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Hop Point for All Channels

### **Declaration**

### Description

Returns the attenuation values to be loaded for each channel and the dwell time for a specific point within the hop sequence.

# **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	PointNo	The index number of the hop within the hop sequence
float	HopAtt1	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the
		attenuation for CH1 at this point in the hop sequence
float	HopAtt2	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the
		attenuation for CH2 at this point in the hop sequence
float	HopAtt3	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the
		attenuation for CH3 at this point in the hop sequence
float	HopAtt4	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the
		attenuation for CH4 at this point in the hop sequence
int	Dwell	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the dwell
		time for this point in the hop sequence
int	DwellUnits	Reference to a variable which will be updated with a numeric
		code indicating the dwell time units:
		117 = Dwell time in microseconds (μs)
		109 = Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
		115 = Dwell time in seconds (s)

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully



#### **Examples**

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Multi-Channel Hop - Set Hop Point for All Channels



# 2.8 (n) - Hop Mode - Turn On / Off

### **Declaration**

```
int Hop_SetMode(int On_Off)
```

# Description

Enables or disables the hop sequence according to the previously configured parameters.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	On_Off	Numeric value to enable/disable the hop sequence:
		0 = Disable the hop sequence
		1 = Enable the hop sequence

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

```
Hop Mode - Set Number of Points
Hop Mode - Set Hop
```



# 2.9 - DLL - Attenuation Sweeping / Fading Functions

# 2.9 (a) - Sweep Mode - Set Sweep Direction

#### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep_SetDirection(int Direction)
```

### Description

Sets the direction in which the attenuator will sweep between the start and stop attenuation values.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Direction	Numeric value indicating the direction:
		0 = Forward - Sweep from start to stop attenuation
		1 = Backwards - Sweep from stop to start attenuation
		2 = Bi-directionally - Sweep in the forward and then reverse
		directions

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Get Sweep Direction



# 2.9 (b) - Sweep Mode - Get Sweep Direction

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep_GetDirection()
```

### Description

Returns the direction in which the attenuator will sweep between the start and stop attenuation values.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Forward - Sweep from start to stop attenuation
	1	Backwards - Sweep from stop to start attenuation
	2	Bi-directionally - Sweep in the forward and then reverse
		directions

### **Examples**

### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Sweep Direction



# 2.9 (c) - Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep SetDwell(int Dwell, int Dwell Units)
```

### Description

Sets the dwell time to be used for each attenuation step within the sweep.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Dwell	The dwell time
int	Dwell_Units	Numeric code indicating the dwell time units:
		117 = Dwell time in microseconds (μs)
		109 = Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
		115 = Dwell time in seconds (s)

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

```
Sweep Mode - Get Dwell Time
Sweep Mode - Get Maximum Dwell Time
Sweep Mode - Get Minimum Dwell Time
```



# 2.9 (d) - Sweep Mode - Get Dwell Time

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep_GetDwell(ByRef int Dwell, ByRef int Dwell_Units)
```

### Description

Returns the dwell time to be used for each attenuation step within the sweep.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Dwell	Variable passed by reference, to be updated with the dwell
		time
int	Dwell_Units	Variable passed by reference, to be updated with a numeric
		value indicating the dwell time units:
		117 = Dwell time in microseconds (μs)
		109 = Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
		115 = Dwell time in seconds (s)

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

```
Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time
Sweep Mode - Get Maximum Dwell Time
Sweep Mode - Get Minimum Dwell Time
```



# 2.9 (e) - Sweep Mode - Get Maximum Dwell Time

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep_GetMaxDwell()
```

#### Description

Returns the maximum dwell time that can be used for each attenuation step within the sweep.

# Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	MaxDwell	Maximum sweep dwell time

# **Examples**

```
Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time
Sweep Mode - Get Dwell Time
Sweep Mode - Get Minimum Dwell Time
```



# 2.9 (f) - Sweep Mode - Get Minimum Dwell Time

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep_GetMinDwell()
```

#### Description

Returns the minimum dwell time that can be used for each attenuation step within the sweep.

# Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	MinDwell	Minimum sweep dwell time

# **Examples**

```
Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time
Sweep Mode - Get Dwell Time
Sweep Mode - Get Maximum Dwell Time
```



# 2.9 (g) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Set Start Attenuation

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep_SetStartAtt(single Att)
```

# Description

Sets the first attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep for a single channel attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware B1 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
single	Att	The initial attenuation value to be loaded during the sweep

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Get Start Attenuation



# 2.9 (h) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Get Start Attenuation

### **Declaration**

```
single Sweep GetStartAtt()
```

#### Description

Returns the first attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep for a single channel attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware B1 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
single	Att	The initial attenuation to be loaded during the sweep

# **Examples**

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Set Start Attenuation



# 2.9 (i) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Set Stop Attenuation

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep SetStopAtt(single Att)
```

#### Description

Sets the final attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep for a single channel attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware B1 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
single	Att	The final attenuation value to be loaded during the sweep

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Get Stop Attenuation



# 2.9 (j) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Get Stop Attenuation

### **Declaration**

```
single Sweep GetStopAtt()
```

#### Description

Returns the final attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep for a single channel attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware B1 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
single	Att	The final attenuation to be loaded during the sweep

# **Examples**

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Set Stop Attenuation



# 2.9 (k) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Set Step Size

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep_SetStepSize(single Att)
```

#### Description

Sets the attenuation step size that will be used to increment the attenuation from the start to stop levels (or decrement from stop to start if the sweep is running in the reverse direction).

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware B1 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
single	Att	The attenuation step size

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Get Step Size



# 2.9 (I) - Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Get Step Size

### **Declaration**

```
single Sweep_GetStepSize()
```

#### Description

Returns the attenuation step size that will be used to increment the attenuation from the start to stop levels (or decrement from stop to start if the sweep is running in the reverse direction).

# **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware B1 or later

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
none		

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
single	Att	The attenuation step size

## **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
        Att = MyPTE1.Sweep_GetStepSize()
Visual C++
        Att = MyPTE1->Sweep_GetStepSize();
Visual C#
        Att = MyPTE1.Sweep_GetStepSize();
Matlab
        Att = MyPTE1.Sweep_GetStepSize()
```

### See Also

Sweep Mode - Single Channel - Set Step Size



# 2.9 (m) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Active Channels

### **Declaration**

### Description

Sets which of the 4 channels of a multi-channel attenuator are to be included in an attenuation sweep sequence.

#### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	CH1_YesNo	1 to include CH1 in the sweep, 0 to leave unchanged
int	CH2_YesNo	1 to include CH2 in the sweep, 0 to leave unchanged
int	CH3_YesNo	1 to include CH3 in the sweep, 0 to leave unchanged
int	CH4_YesNo	1 to include CH4 in the sweep, 0 to leave unchanged

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic

Status = MyPTE1.Sweep_SetActiveChannels(1, 1, 0, 0)

' Configure a sweep for channels 1 and 2 only

Visual C++

Status = MyPTE1->Sweep_SetActiveChannels(1, 1, 0, 0);

// Configure a sweep for channels 1 and 2 only

Visual C#

Status = MyPTE1.Sweep_SetActiveChannels(1, 1, 0, 0);

// Configure a sweep for channels 1 and 2 only

Matlab

Status = MyPTE1.Sweep_SetActiveChannels(1, 1, 0, 0)

% Configure a sweep for channels 1 and 2 only
```

### See Also

Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Active Channels



# 2.9 (n) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Active Channels

#### **Declaration**

#### Description

Checks which of the 4 channels of a multi-channel attenuator are to be included in an attenuation sweep sequence.

#### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	CH1_YesNo	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the status of
		CH1 (1 if it included in the sweep, 0 otherwise)
int	CH2_YesNo	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the status of
		CH2 (1 if it included in the sweep, 0 otherwise)
int	CH3_YesNo	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the status of
		CH3 (1 if it included in the sweep, 0 otherwise)
int	CH4_YesNo	Reference to a variable which will be updated with the status of
		CH4 (1 if it included in the sweep, 0 otherwise)

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    Status = MyPTE1.Sweep_GetActiveChannels(CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4)
    ' Check which channels are to be included in the sweep

Visual C++
    Status = MyPTE1->Sweep_GetActiveChannels(CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4);
    // Check which channels are to be included in the sweep

Visual C#
    Status=MyPTE1.Sweep_GetActiveChannels(ref(CH1),ref(CH2),ref(CH3),ref(CH4));
    // Check which channels are to be included in the sweep

Matlab
    [Status,CH1,CH2,CH3,CH4]=MyPTE1.Sweep_GetActiveChannels(CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4)
    % Check which channels are to be included in the sweep
```

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Active Channels



# 2.9 (o) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Start Attenuation

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep SetChannelStartAtt(int Channel, float Att)
```

#### Description

Sets the initial attenuation value for a single channel within a multi-channel attenuator sweep.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)
float	Att	The starting attenuation value (dB) for the above channel
		during a multo-channel sweep

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

```
Visual Basic
    Status = MyPTE1.Sweep_SetChannelStartAtt(2, 15.75)

Visual C++
    Status = MyPTE1->Sweep_SetChannelStartAtt(2, 15.75);

Visual C#
    Status = MyPTE1.Sweep_SetChannelStartAtt(2, 15.75);

Matlab
    Status = MyPTE1.Sweep_SetChannelStartAtt(2, 15.75)
```

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Channel Start Attenuation



# 2.9 (p) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Channel Start Attenuation

### **Declaration**

```
float Sweep GetChannelStartAtt(int Channel)
```

#### Description

Gets the initial attenuation value for a single channel within a multi-channel attenuator sweep.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
float	Att	The starting attenuation value (dB) for the above channel
		during a multo-channel sweep

# **Examples**

### See Also

Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Start Attenuation



# 2.9 (q) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Stop Attenuation

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep SetChannelStopAtt(int Channel, float Att)
```

## Description

Sets the final attenuation value for a single channel within a multi-channel attenuator sweep.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)
float	Att	The final attenuation value (dB) for the above channel during a
		multo-channel sweep

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Stop Attenuation



# 2.9 (r) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Channel Stop Attenuation

### **Declaration**

```
float Sweep GetChannelStopAtt(int Channel)
```

#### Description

Gets the final attenuation value for a single channel within a multi-channel attenuator sweep.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
float	Att	The final attenuation value (dB) for the above channel during
		a multo-channel sweep

# **Examples**

### See Also

Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Stop Attenuation



# 2.9 (s) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Step Size

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep_SetChannelStepSize(int Channel, float Att)
```

## Description

Sets the step size for a single channel within a multi-channel attenuator sweep.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)
float	Att	The attenuation size (dB) for the above channel during a multo- channel sweep

### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Channel Step Size



# 2.9 (t) - Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Get Channel Step Size

### **Declaration**

```
float Sweep GetChannelStepSize(int Channel)
```

## Description

Gets the step size for a single channel within a multi-channel attenuator sweep.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	Channel	The channel number (1 to 4)

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
float	Att	The attenuation step size (dB) for the above channel during a
		multo-channel sweep

# **Examples**

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Multi-Channel - Set Channel Step Size



# 2.9 (u) - Sweep Mode - Turn On / Off

### **Declaration**

```
int Sweep_SetMode(int On_Off)
```

# Description

Enables or disables the attenuation sweep according to the previously configured parameters.

# Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Parameters**

Data Type	Variable	Description
int	On_Off	Numeric value to enable/disable the hop sequence:
		0 = Disable the hop sequence
		1 = Enable the hop sequence

#### **Return Values**

Data Type	Value	Description
int	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

# **Examples**



# 3 - Operating in a Linux Environment via USB

When connected by USB, the computer will recognize the programmable attenuator as a Human Interface Device (HID). In this mode of operation the following USB interrupt codes can be used. Alternatively, the RU series can be operated over a serial RS232 connection and the RC series can be operated over an Ethernet TCP/IP Network (please see Serial Control Using RS232 Communication and Ethernet Control over IP Networks for details).

To open a connection to Mini-Circuits programmable attenuators, the Vendor ID and Product ID are required:

- Mini-Circuits Vendor ID: 0x20CE
- Programmable Attenuator Product ID: 0x23

Communication with the attenuator is carried out by way of USB Interrupt. The transmitted and received buffer sizes are 64 Bytes each:

- Transmit Array = [Byte 0][Byte1][Byte2]...[Byte 63]
- Returned Array = [Byte 0][Byte1][Byte2]...[Byte 63]

In most cases, the full 64 byte buffer size is not needed so any unused bytes become "don't care" bytes; they can take on any value without affecting the operation of the attenuator.

Worked examples can be found in the Programming Examples & Troubleshooting Guide, downloadable from the Mini-Circuits website. The examples use the libhid and libusb libraries to interface with the programmable attenuator as a USB HID (Human Interface Device).

# 3.1 - Interrupts - General Commands

The commands that can be sent to the programmable attenuator are summarized in the table below and detailed on the following pages.

	Description	Command Code (Byte 0)
а	Get Device Model Name	40
b	Get Device Serial Number	41
С	Send SCPI Command	1
d	Get Firmware	99
е	Set Attenuation	19
f	Read Attenuation	18



# 3.1 (a) - Get Device Model Name

# Description

Returns the Mini-Circuits part number of the programmable attenuator.

### **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	40	Interrupt code for Get Device Model Name
1- 63	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, can be any value

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	40	Interrupt code for Get Device Model Name
1 to	Model Name	Series of bytes containing the ASCII code for each character
(n-1)		in the model name
n	0	Zero value byte to indicate the end of the model name
(n+1)	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, can be any value
to 63		

### **Example**

The following array would be returned for RUDAT-6000-30 (see the Programming Examples & Troubleshooting Guide for conversions between decimal, binary and ASCII characters):

Byte	Data	Description
0	40	Interrupt code for Get Device Model Name
1	82	ASCII character code for R
2	85	ASCII character code for U
3	68	ASCII character code for D
4	68	ASCII character code for A
5	84	ASCII character code for T
6	45	ASCII character code for -
7	54	ASCII character code for 6
8	48	ASCII character code for 0
9	48	ASCII character code for 0
10	48	ASCII character code for 0
11	45	ASCII character code for -
12	51	ASCII character code for 3
13	48	ASCII character code for 0
14	0	Zero value byte to indicate end of string

### See Also

Get Device Serial Number SCPI: Get Model Name



# 3.1 (b) - Get Device Serial Number

# Description

Returns the serial number of the programmable attenuator.

### **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	41	Interrupt code for Get Device Serial Number
1 - 63	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, can be any value

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	41	Interrupt code for Get Device Serial Number
1 to	Serial Number	Series of bytes containing the ASCII code for each character
(n-1)		in the serial number
n	0	Zero value byte to indicate the end of the serial number
(n+1)	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, can be any value
to 63		

### **Example**

The following example indicates that the connected programmable attenuator has serial number 11309220111 (see the Programming Examples & Troubleshooting Guide for conversions between decimal, binary and ASCII characters):

Byte	Data	Description
0	41	Interrupt code for Get Device Serial Number
1	49	ASCII character code for 1
2	49	ASCII character code for 1
3	51	ASCII character code for 3
4	48	ASCII character code for 0
5	57	ASCII character code for 9
6	50	ASCII character code for 2
7	50	ASCII character code for 2
8	48	ASCII character code for 0
9	49	ASCII character code for 1
10	49	ASCII character code for 1
11	49	ASCII character code for 1
12	0	Zero value byte to indicate end of string

# See Also

Get Device Model Name SCPI: Get Serial Number



# 3.1 (c) - Send SCPI Command

# Description

This function sends a SCPI command to the programmable attenuator and collects the returned acknowledgement. SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments) is a common method for communicating with and controlling instrumentation products.

# **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	1	Interrupt code for Send SCPI Command
1 - 63	SCPI Transmit	The SCPI command to send represented as a series of ASCII
	String	character codes, one character code per byte

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	1	Interrupt code for Send SCPI Command
1 to	SCPI Return	The SCPI return string, one character per byte, represented
(n-1)	String	as ASCII character codes
n	0	Zero value byte to indicate the end of the SCPI return string
(n+1)	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, can be any value
to 63		



### **Example**

The SCPI command to request the model name is :MN? (see Get Model Name)

The ASCII character codes representing the 4 characters in this command should be sent in bytes 1 to 4 of the transmit array as follows (see the Programming Examples & Troubleshooting Guide for conversions between decimal, binary and ASCII characters):

Byte	Data	Description
0	1	Interrupt code for Send SCPI Command
1	49	ASCII character code for :
2	77	ASCII character code for M
3	78	ASCII character code for N
4	63	ASCII character code for ?

The returned array for RUDAT-6000-30 would be as follows:

Byte	Data	Description
0	1	Interrupt code for Send SCPI Command
1	82	ASCII character code for R
2	85	ASCII character code for U
3	68	ASCII character code for D
4	68	ASCII character code for A
5	84	ASCII character code for T
6	45	ASCII character code for -
7	54	ASCII character code for 6
8	48	ASCII character code for 0
9	48	ASCII character code for 0
10	48	ASCII character code for 0
11	45	ASCII character code for -
12	51	ASCII character code for 3
13	48	ASCII character code for 0
14	0	Zero value byte to indicate end of string

#### See Also

Summary of SCPI Commands / Queries



# 3.1 (d) - Get Firmware

# Description

This function returns the internal firmware version of the programmable attenuator.

# **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	99	Interrupt code for Get Firmware
1 - 63	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, can be any value

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	99	Interrupt code for Get Firmware
1	Reserved	Internal code for factory use only
2	Reserved	Internal code for factory use only
3	Reserved	Internal code for factory use only
4	Reserved	Internal code for factory use only
5	Firmware	ASCII code for the first character in the firmware revision
	Letter	identifier
6	Firmware	ASCII code for the second character in the firmware revision
	Number	identifier
7 - 63	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, could be any value

# **Example**

The below returned array indicates that the system has firmware version "C3" (see the Programming Examples & Troubleshooting Guide for conversions between decimal, binary and ASCII characters):

Byte	Data	Description
0	99	Interrupt code for Get Firmware
1	49	Not significant
2	77	Not significant
3	78	Not significant
4	63	Not significant
5	67	ASCII character code for C
6	51	ASCII character code for 3

### See Also

**SCPI: Get Firmware** 



# 3.1 (e) - Set Attenuation

# Description

This function sets the RF attenuation level. The allowed attenuation range and precision is defined in the individual model datasheets.

# **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	19	Interrupt code for Set Attenuation
1	Att_Byte0	First byte of the attenuation (dB) to set:
		Att_Byte0 = INTEGER(Attenuation)
2	Att_Byte1	Second byte of the attenuation (dB) to set:
		Att_Byte1 = (Attenuation - Att_Byte0) * 4
3	Channel_No	The attenuator channel to set (for single channel models the
		channel number is 1)
4 - 63	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, can be any value

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	19	Interrupt code for Set Attenuation
1 - 63	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, could be any value

# Example

To set RUDAT-6000-90 to 43.75 dB, the transmit array is:

Byte	Data	Description
0	19	Interrupt code for Set Attenuation
1	43	Att_Byte0 = INTEGER(43.75)
		= 43
2	3	Att_Byte1 = (43.75 - 43) * 4
		= 3
3	1	Channel 1 for single channel models

#### See Also

**Read Attenuation** 



# 3.1 (f) - Read Attenuation

# Description

This function returns the current attenuation setting.

# **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	18	Interrupt code for Read Attenuation
1 - 63	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, can be any value

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	18	Interrupt code for Read Attenuation
1	CH1_Att_Byte0	First byte of the attenuation (dB) for channel 1 (note: single
		channel models only have channel 1)
2	CH1_Att_Byte1	Second byte of the attenuation (dB) for channel 1(note:
		single channel models only have channel 1)
		Attenuation = CH1_Att_Byte0 + (CH1_Att_Byte1 / 4)
3	CH2_Att_Byte0	First byte of the attenuation (dB) for channel 2 (note: not
		relevant to single channel models)
4	CH2_Att_Byte1	Second byte of the attenuation (dB) for channel 2 (note: not
		relevant to single channel models)
		Attenuation = CH2_Att_Byte0 + (CH2_Att_Byte1 / 4)
5	CH3_Att_Byte0	First byte of the attenuation (dB) for channel 3 (note: not
		relevant to single channel models)
6	CH3_Att_Byte1	Second byte of the attenuation (dB) for channel 3 (note: not
		relevant to single channel models)
		Attenuation = CH3_Att_Byte0 + (CH3_Att_Byte1 / 4)
7	CH4_Att_Byte0	First byte of the attenuation (dB) for channel 4 (note: not
		relevant to single channel models)
8	CH4_Att_Byte1	Second byte of the attenuation (dB) for channel 4 (note: not
		relevant to single channel models)
		Attenuation = CH4_Att_Byte0 + (CH4_Att_Byte1 / 4)
9 - 63	Not significant	"Don't care" bytes, could be any value



## **Examples**

The following return array would indicate an attenuation of 75.75 dB for RCDAT-6000-90 (single channel model):

Byte	Data	Description	
0	18	Interrupt code for Read Attenuation	
1	75		
2	3	Attenuation = 75 + (3 / 4)	
		= 75.75 dB	

The following return array would indicate an attenuations of 75.75dB, 50.25 dB, 0 dBand 5 dB respectively for channels 1 to 4 of RC4DAT-6G-95 (4 channel model):

Byte	Data	Description	
0	18	Interrupt code for Re	ad Attenuation
1	75		
2	3	CH1 Attenuation	= 75 + (3 / 4)
			= 75.75 dB
3	50		
4	1	CH2 Attenuation	= 50 + (1 / 4)
			= 50.25 dB
5	0		
6	0	CH3 Attenuation	= 0 + (0 / 4)
			= 0 dB
7	5		
8	0	CH4 Attenuation	= 5 + (0 / 4)
			= 5 dB

#### See Also

**Set Attenuation** 



# 3.2 - Interrupts - Ethernet Configuration Commands

These commands and queries apply to Mini-Circuits' RC series of programmable attenuators for configuring the Ethernet parameters.

	Description	Command Code	
	Description	Byte 0	Byte 1
а	Set Static IP Address	250	201
b	Set Static Subnet Mask	250	202
С	Set Static Network Gateway	250	203
d	Set HTTP Port	250	204
е	Set Telnet Port	250	214
f	Use Password	250	205
g	Set Password	250	206
h	Use DHCP	250	207
i	Get Static IP Address	251	201
j	Get Static Subnet Mask	251	202
k	Get Static Network Gateway	251	203
I	Get HTTP Port	251	204
m	Get Telnet Port	251	214
n	Get Password Status	251	205
О	Get Password	251	206
р	Get DHCP Status	251	207
q	Get Dynamic Ethernet Configuration	253	
r	Get MAC Address	252	
s	Reset Ethernet Configuration	101	101



# 3.2 (a) - Set Static IP Address

## Description

Sets the static IP address to be used when DHCP (dynamic host control protocol) is disabled.

#### **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	201	Interrupt code for Set IP Address
2	IP_Byte0	First byte of IP address
3	IP_Byte1	Second byte of IP address
4	IP_Byte2	Third byte of IP address
5	IP_Byte3	Fourth byte of IP address
6 - 63	Not significant	Any value

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Example**

To set the static IP address to 192.168.100.100, the transmit array is:

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	201	Interrupt code for Set IP Address
2	192	First byte of IP address
3	168	Second byte of IP address
4	100	Third byte of IP address
5	100	Fourth byte of IP address

#### See Also

Use DHCP Get Static IP Address Reset Ethernet Configuration



## 3.2 (b) - Set Static Subnet Mask

## Description

Sets the static subnet mask to be used when DHCP (dynamic host control protocol) is disabled.

# **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	202	Interrupt code for Set Subnet Mask
2	IP_Byte0	First byte of subnet mask
3	IP_Byte1	Second byte of subnet mask
4	IP_Byte2	Third byte of subnet mask
5	IP_Byte3	Fourth byte of subnet mask
6 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Example**

To set the static subnet mask to 255.255.25.0, the transmit array is:

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	202	Interrupt code for Set Subnet Mask
2	255	First byte of subnet mask
3	255	Second byte of subnet mask
4	255	Third byte of subnet mask
5	0	Fourth byte of subnet mask

#### See Also

Use DHCP Get Static Subnet Mask Reset Ethernet Configuration



## 3.2 (c) - Set Static Network Gateway

## Description

Sets the network gateway IP address to be used when DHCP (dynamic host control protocol) is disabled.

## **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	203	Interrupt code for Set Network Gateway
2	IP_Byte0	First byte of network gateway IP address
3	IP_Byte1	Second byte of network gateway IP address
4	IP_Byte2	Third byte of network gateway IP address
5	IP_Byte3	Fourth byte of network gateway IP address
6 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Example**

To set the static IP address to 192.168.100.0, the transmit array is:

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	203	Interrupt code for Set Network Gateway
2	192	First byte of IP address
3	168	Second byte of IP address
4	100	Third byte of IP address
5	0	Fourth byte of IP address

#### See Also

Use DHCP Get Static Network Gateway Reset Ethernet Configuration



# 3.2 (d) - Set HTTP Port

## Description

Sets the port to be used for HTTP communication (default is port 80).

# **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	204	Interrupt code for Set HTTP Port
2	Port_Byte0	First byte (MSB) of HTTP port value:
		Port_Byte0 = INTEGER (Port / 256)
3	Port_Byte1	Second byte (LSB) of HTTP port value:
		Port_byte1 = Port - (Port_Byte0 * 256)
4 - 63	Not significant	Any value

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## Example

To set the HTTP port to 8080, the transmit array is:

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	204	Interrupt code for Set HTTP Port
2	31	Port_Byte0 = INTEGER (8080 / 256)
3	144	Port_byte1 = 8080 - (31 * 256)

#### See Also

Set Telnet Port Get HTTP Port Get Telnet Port Reset Ethernet Configuration



# 3.2 (e) - Set Telnet Port

## Description

Sets the port to be used for Telnet communication (default is port 23).

# **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	214	Interrupt code for Set Telnet Port
2	Port_Byte0	First byte (MSB) of Telnet port value:
		Port_Byte0 = INTEGER (Port / 256)
3	Port_Byte1	Second byte (LSB) of Telnet port value:
		Port_byte1 = Port - (Port_Byte0 * 256)
4 - 63	Not significant	Any value

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## Example

To set the Telnet port to 22, the transmit array is:

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	214	Interrupt code for Set Telnet Port
2	0	Port_Byte0 = INTEGER (22 / 256)
3	22	Port_byte1 = 22 - (0 * 256)

#### See Also

Set HTTP Port Get HTTP Port Get Telnet Port Reset Ethernet Configuration



# 3.2 (f) - Use Password

## Description

Enables or disables the requirement to password protect the HTTP / Telnet communication.

#### **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	205	Interrupt code for Use Password
2	PW_Mode	0 = password not required (default)
		1 = password required
3 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Example**

To enable the password requirement for Ethernet communication, the transmit array is:

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	205	Interrupt code for Use Password
2	1	Enable password requirement

#### See Also

Set Password Get Password Status Get Password Reset Ethernet Configuration



## 3.2 (g) - Set Password

## Description

Sets the password to be used for Ethernet communicatoin (when password security is enabled, maximum 20 characters.

## **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	206	Interrupt code for Set Password
2	PW_Length	Length (number of characters) of the password
3 to n	PW_Char	Series of ASCII character codes (1 per byte) for the Ethernet
		password
n + 1	Not significant	Any value
to 63		

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1 to 63	Not significant	Any value

## Example

To set the password to *Pass\_123*, the transmit array is:

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	206	Interrupt code for Set Password
2	8	Length of password (8 characters)
3	80	ASCII character code for P
4	97	ASCII character code for a
5	115	ASCII character code for s
6	115	ASCII character code for s
7	95	ASCII character code for _
8	49	ASCII character code for 1
9	50	ASCII character code for 2
10	51	ASCII character code for 3

#### See Also

Use Password Get Password Status Get Password Reset Ethernet Configuration



## 3.2 (h) - Use DHCP

#### Description

Enables or disables DHCP (dynamic host control protocol). With DHCP enabled, the attenuators Ethernet / IP configuration is assigned by the network and any user defined static IP settings are ignored. With DHCP disabled, the user defined static IP settings are used.

#### **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	205	Interrupt code for Use DHCP
2	DHCP_Mode	0 = DCHP disabled (static IP settings in use)
		1 = DHCP enabled (default - dynamic IP in use)
3 - 63	Not significant	Any value

#### **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1 - 63	Not significant	Any value

#### Example

To enable DHCP for Ethernet communication, the transmit array is:

Byte	Data	Description
0	250	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	205	Interrupt code for Use DHCP
2	1	Enable DHCP

#### See Also

Use DHCP Get DHCP Status Get Dynamic Ethernet Configuration Reset Ethernet Configuration



## 3.2 (i) - Get Static IP Address

## Description

Gets the static IP address (configured by the user) to be used when DHCP (dynamic host control protocol) is disabled.

## **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	201	Interrupt code for Get IP Address
2 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	IP_Byte0	First byte of IP address
2	IP_Byte1	Second byte of IP address
3	IP_Byte2	Third byte of IP address
4	IP_Byte3	Fourth byte of IP address
5 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Example**

The following returned array would indicate that a static IP address of 192.168.100.100 has been configured:

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	192	First byte of IP address
2	168	Second byte of IP address
3	100	Third byte of IP address
4	100	Fourth byte of IP address

#### See Also

Use DHCP Set Static IP Address



## 3.2 (j) - Get Static Subnet Mask

## Description

Gets the subnet mask (configured by the user) to be used when DHCP (dynamic host control protocol) is disabled.

## **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	202	Interrupt code for Get Subnet Mask
2 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	IP_Byte0	First byte of subnet mask
2	IP_Byte1	Second byte of subnet mask
3	IP_Byte2	Third byte of subnet mask
4	IP_Byte3	Fourth byte of subnet mask
5 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Example**

The following returned array would indicate that a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0 has been configured:

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	255	First byte of subnet mask
2	255	Second byte of subnet mask
3	255	Third byte of subnet mask
4	0	Fourth byte of subnet mask

#### See Also

Use DHCP Set Static Subnet Mask



## 3.2 (k) - Get Static Network Gateway

## Description

Gets the static IP address (configured by the user) of the network gateway to be used when DHCP (dynamic host control protocol) is disabled.

## **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	203	Interrupt code for Get Network Gateway
2 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	IP_Byte0	First byte of IP address
2	IP_Byte1	Second byte of IP address
3	IP_Byte2	Third byte of IP address
4	IP_Byte3	Fourth byte of IP address
5 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Example**

The following returned array would indicate that a network gateway IP address of 192.168.100.0 has been configured:

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	192	First byte of IP address
2	168	Second byte of IP address
3	100	Third byte of IP address
4	0	Fourth byte of IP address

#### See Also

Use DHCP Set Static Network Gateway



## 3.2 (I) - Get HTTP Port

## Description

Gets the port to be used for HTTP communication (default is port 80).

# **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	204	Interrupt code for Get HTTP Port
2 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	Port_Byte0	First byte (MSB) of HTTP port value:
2	Port_Byte1	Second byte (LSB) of HTTP port value:
		Port = (Port_Byte0 * 256) + Port_Byte1
3 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## Example

The following returned array would indicate that the HTTP port has been configured as 8080:

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	31	
2	144	Port = (31 * 256) + 144 = 8080

#### See Also

Set HTTP Port Set Telnet Port Get Telnet Port



# 3.2 (m) - Get Telnet Port

## Description

Gets the port to be used for Telnet communication (default is port 23).

# **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	214	Interrupt code for Get Telnet Port
2 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	Port_Byte0	First byte (MSB) of Telnet port value:
2	Port_Byte1	Second byte (LSB) of Telnet port value:
		Port = (Port_Byte0 * 256) + Port_Byte1
3 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## Example

The following returned array would indicate that the Telnet port has been configured as 22:

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	0	
2	22	Port = (0 * 256) + 22
		= 22

#### See Also

Set HTTP Port Set Telnet Port Get HTTP Port



## 3.2 (n) - Get Password Status

## Description

Checks whether the attenuators has been configured to require a password for HTTP / Telnet communication.

## **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	205	Interrupt code for Get Password Status
2 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	PW_Mode	0 = password not required (default)
		1 = password required
2 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Example**

The following returned array indicates that password protection is enabled:

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	1	Password protection enabled

#### See Also

Use Password Set Password Get Password



# 3.2 (o) - Get Password

## Description

Gets the password to be used for Ethernet communicatoin (when password security is enabled, maximum 20 characters.

## **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	206	Interrupt code for Get Password
2 to 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	PW_Length	Length (number of characters) of the password
2 to n	PW_Char	Series of ASCII character codes (1 per byte) for the Ethernet
		password
n to 63	Not significant	Any value

## Example

The following returned array indicated that the password has been set to Pass\_123:

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	8	Length of password (8 characters)
2	80	ASCII character code for P
3	97	ASCII character code for a
4	115	ASCII character code for s
5	115	ASCII character code for s
6	95	ASCII character code for _
7	49	ASCII character code for 1
8	50	ASCII character code for 2
9	51	ASCII character code for 3

#### See Also

Use Password Set Password Get Password Status



## 3.2 (p) - Get DHCP Status

#### Description

Checks whether DHCP (dynamic host control protocol) is enabled or disabled. With DHCP enabled, the attenuators Ethernet / IP configuration is assigned by the network and any user defined static IP settings are ignored. With DHCP disabled, the user defined static IP settings are used.

#### **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	207	Interrupt code for Get DHCP Status
2 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Set Ethernet Configuration
1	DCHP_Mode	0 = DCHP disabled (static IP settings in use)
		1 = DHCP enabled (default - dynamic IP in use)
2 - 63	Not significant	Any value

#### Example

The following returned array indicates that DHCP is enabled:

Byte	Data	Description
0	251	Interrupt code for Get Ethernet Configuration
1	1	DHCP enabled

#### See Also

Use DHCP
Get Dynamic Ethernet Configuration



# 3.2 (q) - Get Dynamic Ethernet Configuration

## Description

Returns the IP address, subnet mask and default gateway currently used by the programmable attenuator. If DHCP is enabled then these values are assigned by the network DHCP server. If DHCP is disabled then these values are the static configuration defined by the user.

## **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	253	Interrupt code for Get Dynamic Ethernet Configuration
1 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	253	Interrupt code for Get Dynamic Ethernet Configuration
1	IP_Byte0	First byte of IP address
2	IP_Byte1	Second byte of IP address
3	IP_Byte2	Third byte of IP address
4	IP_Byte3	Fourth byte of IP address
5	SM_Byte0	First byte of subnet mask
6	SM_Byte1	Second byte of subnet mask
7	SM_Byte2	Third byte of subnet mask
8	SM_Byte3	Fourth byte of subnet mask
9	NG_Byte0	First byte of network gateway IP address
10	NG_Byte1	Second byte of network gateway IP address
11	NG_Byte2	Third byte of network gateway IP address
12	NG_Byte3	Fourth byte of network gateway IP address
13 - 63	Not significant	Any value



# Example

The following returned array would indicate the below Ethernet configuration is active:

IP Address: 192.168.100.100
 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 Network Gateway: 192.168.100.0

Byte	Data	Description
0	253	Interrupt code for Get Dynamic Ethernet Configuration
1	192	First byte of IP address
2	168	Second byte of IP address
3	100	Third byte of IP address
4	100	Fourth byte of IP address
5	255	First byte of subnet mask
6	255	Second byte of subnet mask
7	255	Third byte of subnet mask
8	0	Fourth byte of subnet mask
9	192	First byte of network gateway IP address
10	168	Second byte of network gateway IP address
11	100	Third byte of network gateway IP address
12	0	Fourth byte of network gateway IP address

#### See Also

Use DHCP Get DHCP Status



## 3.2 (r) - Get MAC Address

## Description

Returns the MAC address of the programmable attenuator.

## **Transmit Array**

Byt	е	Data	Description
0	·	252	Interrupt code for Get MAC Address
1 - 6	3	Not significant	Any value

## **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	252	Interrupt code for Get MAC Address
1	MAC_Byte0	First byte of MAC address
2	MAC_Byte1	Second byte of MAC address
3	MAC_Byte2	Third byte of MAC address
4	MAC_Byte3	Fourth byte of MAC address
5	MAC_Byte4	Fifth byte of MAC address
6	MAC_Byte5	Sixth byte of MAC address
7 - 63	Not significant	Any value

## **Example**

The following returned array would indicate a MAC address (in decimal notation) of 11:47:165:103:137:171:

Byte	Data	Description
0	252	Interrupt code for Get MAC Address
1	11	First byte of MAC address
2	47	Second byte of MAC address
3	165	Third byte of MAC address
4	103	Fourth byte of MAC address
5	137	Fifth byte of MAC address
6	171	Sixth byte of MAC address

#### See Also

**Get Dynamic Ethernet Configuration** 



# 3.2 (s) - Reset Ethernet Configuration

## Description

Forces the programmable attenuator to resest and adopt the latest Ethernet configuration. Must be sent after any changes are made to the configuration.

## **Transmit Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	101	Reset Ethernet configuration sequence
1	101	Reset Ethernet configuration sequence
2	102	Reset Ethernet configuration sequence
3	103	Reset Ethernet configuration sequence
4 - 63	Not significant	Any value

# **Returned Array**

Byte	Data	Description
0	101	Confirmation of reset Ethernet configuration sequence
1 - 63	Not significant	Any value



#### 4 - Ethernet Control over IP Networks

Mini-Circuits' RCDAT and RC4DAT attenuator series have an RJ45 connector for remote control over Ethernet TCP/IP networks. HTTP (Get/Post commands) and Telnet communication are supported. UDP transmission is also supported for discovering available attenuator devices on the network.

The device can be configured manually with a static IP address or automatically by the network using DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol):

- Dynamic IP (factory default setting)
  - Subnet Mask, Network Gateway and local IP Address are assigned by the network server on each connection
  - The only user controllable parameters are:
    - TCP/IP Port for HTTP communication (the default is port 80)
    - Password (up to 20 characters; default is no password)
- Static IP
  - All parameters must be specified by the user:
    - IP Address (must be a legal and unique address on the local network)
    - Subnet Mask (subnet mask of the local network)
    - Network gateway (the IP address of the network gateway/router)
    - TCP/IP Port for HTTP communication (the default is port 80)
    - Password (up to 20 characters; default is no password)

#### Notes:

- 1. The TCP/IP port must be included in every HTTP command to the attenuator unless the default port 80 is used
- 2. The password must be included in every HTTP command to the attenuator if password security is enabled
- 3. Port 23 is reserved for Telnet communication
- 4. The device draws DC power through the USB type B connector; this can be connected to a computer or the AC mains adapter

# 4.1 - Configuring Ethernet Settings

The IP address, gateway address, DHCP status and all other Ethernet parameters can be configured programmatically via the USB or Ethernet connections. The DLL file contains a series of functions for Ethernet configuration via USB (see DLL - Ethernet Configuration Functions) and the SCPI command-set contains a series of similar functions which can be sent via Ethernet or USB (see SCPI - Ethernet Configuration Commands).

After updating the Ethernet settings when connected by Ethernet, the device will reset and the connection will be temporarily lost. A new connection will subsequently need to be established using the updated Ethernet parameters. If a connection cannot be established (for example if an invalid or already used IP address was selected for the network) then the Ethernet parameters can be reset by connecting via the USB interface.

The standard Mini-Circuits GUI software also provides a simple interface to view and edit these settings via USB or Ethernet. The GUI can be downloaded from:

http://www.minicircuits.com/support/software\_download.html



## 4.2 - Ethernet Communication Methodology

Communication over Ethernet can be accomplished using HTTP (Get/Post commands) or Telnet to send SCPI commands. The HTTP and Telnet protocols are both commonly supported and simple to implement in most programming languages. Any Internet browser can be used as a console/tester for HTTP control by typing the commands/queries directly into the address bar. The SCPI commands that can be sent to the programmable attenuators are defined in the SCPI Command Set section.

#### 4.2 (a) - Setting Attenuation Using HTTP

The basic format of the HTTP command to set the attenuator is:

#### http://ADDRESS:PORT/PWD;COMMAND

#### Where

- http:// is required
- ADDRESS = IP address (required)
- PORT = TCP/IP port (can be omitted if port 80 is used)
- PWD = Password (can be omitted if password security is not enabled)
- COMMAND = Command to send to the attenuator

#### Example 1:

#### http://192.168.100.100:800/PWD=123;SETATT=10.25

#### **Explanation:**

- The attenuator has IP address 192.168.100.100 and uses port 800
- Password security is enabled and set to "123"
- The command is to set the attenuation to 10.25dB (see below for the full explanation of all commands/queries)

#### Example 2:

#### http://10.10.10.10/SETATT=0

#### **Explanation:**

- The attenuator has IP address 10.10.10.10 and uses the default port 80
- Password security is disabled
- The command is to set the attenuation to 0dB (see below for the full explanation of all commands/queries)



## 4.2 (b) - Querying Attenuator Properties Using HTTP

The basic format of the HTTP command to query the attenuator is:

#### http://ADDRESS:PORT/PWD;QUERY?

#### Where

- http://is required
- ADDRESS = IP address (required)
- PORT = TCP/IP port (can be omitted if port 80 is used)
- PWD = Password (can be omitted if password is security is not enabled)
- QUERY? = Query to send to the attenuator

#### Example 1:

#### http://192.168.100.100:800/PWD=123;MN?

## Explanation:

- The attenuator has IP address 192.168.100.100 and uses port 800
- Password security is enabled and set to "123"
- The query is to return the model name of the attenuator (see below for the full explanation of all commands/queries)

#### Example 2:

#### http://10.10.10.10/ATT?

#### **Explanation:**

- The attenuator has IP address 10.10.10.10 and uses the default port 80
- · Password security is disabled
- The query is to return the current attenuation setting (see below for the full explanation of all commands/queries)

The device will return the result of the query as a string of ASCII characters.

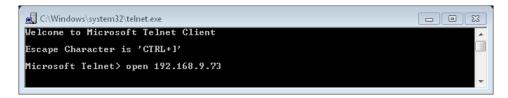


## 4.2 (c) - Communication Using Telnet

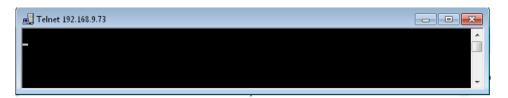
Communication with the device is started by creating a Telnet connection to the attenuator IP address. On successful connection the "line feed" character will be returned. If the attenuator has a password enabled then this must be sent as the first command after connection.

The full list of all commands and queries is detailed in the following sections. A basic example of the Telnet communication structure using the Windows Telnet Client is summarized below:

1) Set up Telnet connection to an attenuator with IP address 192.168.9.73



2) The "line feed" character is returned indicating the connection was successful:



3) The password (if enabled) must be sent as the first command; a return value of 1 indicates success:



4) Any number of commands and queries can be sent as needed:

```
Telnet 192.168.9.73

SN?
SN=11310090001
MN?
MN=RCDAT-6000-90
ATT?
70.0
SETATT=20
1
ATT?
20.0
SETATT=0.25
1
ATT?
0.25
SETATT=70
1
ATT?
70.0
```



## 4.3 - Device Discovery Using UDP

In addition to HTTP and Telnet, the RCDAT series of Ethernet controlled attenuators also provide limited support of the UDP protocol for the purpose of "device discovery." This allows a user to request the IP address and configuration of all Mini-Circuits RCDAT attenuators connected on the network; full control of those units is then accomplished using HTTP or Telnet, as detailed previously.

Alternatively, the IP configuration can be identified or changed by connecting the attenuator with the USB interface (see Configuring Ethernet Settings).

Note: UDP is a simple transmission protocol that provides no method for error correction or guarantee of receipt.

#### **UDP Ports**

Mini-Circuits' programmable attenuators are configured to listen on UDP port 4950 and answer on UDP port 4951. Communication on these ports must be allowed through the computer's firewall in order to use UDP for device discovery. If the attenuator's IP address is already known it is not necessary to use UDP.

#### **Transmission**

The command MCLDAT? should be broadcast to the local network using UDP protocol on port 4950.

#### Receipt

All Mini-Circuits programmable attenuators that receive the request will respond with the following information (each field separated by CrLf) on port 4951:

- Model Name
- Serial Number
- IP Address/Port
- Subnet Mask
- Network Gateway
- MAC Address



#### **Example**

Sent Data:

#### MCLDAT?

#### Received Data:

Model Name: RCDAT-6000-60 Serial Number: 11302120001 IP Address=192.168.9.101 Port: 80 Subnet Mask=255.255.0.0 Network Gateway=192.168.9.0 Mac Address=D0-73-7F-82-D8-01

Model Name: RCDAT-6000-60 Serial Number: 11302120002 IP Address=192.168.9.102 Port: 80 Subnet Mask=255.255.0.0 Network Gateway=192.168.9.0 Mac Address=D0-73-7F-82-D8-02

Model Name: RCDAT-6000-90 Serial Number: 11302120003 IP Address=192.168.9.103 Port: 80 Subnet Mask=255.255.0.0 Network Gateway=192.168.9.0 Mac Address=D0-73-7F-82-D8-03



#### 5 - SCPI Command Set

# 5.1 - Using SCPI Commands

SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments) is a common method for controlling instrumentation products and a series of proprietary commands / queries are supported by Mini-Circuits' programmable attenuator models.

The SCPI commands are sent as an ASCII text string (up to 63 characters) in the below format:

```
:COMMAND:[value]:[suffix]
```

#### Where:

commanD = the command/query to send
[value] = the value (if applicable) to set

[suffix] = the units (if applicable) that apply to the value

Commands can be sent in upper or lower case and the return value will be an ASCII text string. If an unrecognized command/query is received the sensor will return:

```
-99 Unrecognized Command. Model=[ModelName] SN=[SerialNumber]
```

These commands and queries can be sent using the DLL function Send SCPI Command when the system is connected via the USB interface in a Microsoft Windows environment, or using the USB interrupt commands on a Linux system (see Linux Send SCPI Command). In addition, SCPI commands can also be sent using HTTP get/post commands or Telnet over a TCP/IP network when the system is connected via the Ethernet RJ45 port (see Ethernet Control over IP Networks).



# 5.2 - Summary of SCPI Commands / Queries

## 5.2 (a) - SCPI - General Commands

	Description	Command/Query
а	Get Model Name	:MN?
b	Get Serial Number	:SN?
С	Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode	:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR:[Mode]
d	Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode	:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR?
е	Store Last Attenuation Value	:LASTATT:STORE:INITIATE
f	Set USB Address	:SETADD:[Address]
g	Get USB Address	:ADD?
h	Get Firmware Version	:FIRMWARE?

# 5.2 (b) - SCPI - RUDAT / RCDAT (Single Channel) Attenuation Functions

These functions apply to RUDAT & RCDAT models only

	Description	Command/Query
а	Set Attenuation	:SETATT=[Att]
b	Read Attenuation	:ATT?
С	Set Start-Up Attenuation Value	:STARTUPATT:VALUE:[Att]
d	Get Start-Up Attenuation Value	:STARTUPATT:VALUE?

# 5.2 (c) - SCPI - RC4DAT (Multi-Channel) Attenuation Functions

These functions apply to RC4DAT models only

	Description	Command/Query
а	Set Attenuation	:CHAN:[Channels]:SETATT:[Att]
b	Read Attenuation	:ATT?
С	Set Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value	:CHAN:[Channels]:STARTUPATT:VALUE:[Att]
d	Get Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value	:CHAN: [Channel]:STARTUPATT:VALUE?



# 5.2 (d) - SCPI - Attenuation Hopping Commands

These functions require firmware version B1 or later.

	Description	Command/Query
а	Hop - Set Number of Points	:HOP:POINTS:[NoOfPoints]
b	Hop - Get Number of Points	:HOP:POINTS?
С	Hop - Set Active Channels	:HOP:ACTIVECHANNELS:[CH_Value]
d	Hop - Get Active Channels	:HOP:ACTIVECHANNELS?
е	Hop - Set Sequence Direction	:HOP:DIRECTION:[Direction]
f	Hop - Get Sequence Direction	:HOP:DIRECTION?
g	Hop - Set Indexed Point	:HOP:POINT:[PointNo]
h	Hop - Get Indexed Point	:HOP:POINT?
i	Hop - Set Point Dwell Units	:HOP:DWELL_UNIT:[Units]
j	Hop - Set Point Dwell Time	:HOP:DWELL:[Time]
k	Hop - Get Point Dwell Time	:HOP:DWELL?
1	Hop - Set Point Attenuation	:HOP:ATT:[Att]
m	Hop - Set Channel Point Attenuation	:HOP:CHAN:[Channels]:ATT:[Att]
n	Hop - Get Point Attenuation	:HOP:ATT?
О	Hop - Get Channel Point Attenuation	:HOP:CHAN:[Channel]:ATT?
р	Hop - Turn On / Off	:HOP:MODE:[on_off]



# 5.2 (e) - SCPI - Attenuation Sweeping / Fading Commands

These functions require firmware version B1 or later.

	Description	Command/Query
а	Sweep - Set Direction	SWEEP:DIRECTION:[Direction]
b	Sweep - Get Direction	SWEEP: DIRECTION?
С	Sweep - Set Dwell Units	SWEEP: DWELL_UNIT: [Units]
d	Sweep - Set Dwell Time	SWEEP:DWELL:[Time]
е	Sweep - Get Dwell Time	SWEEP: DWELL?
f	Sweep - Set Active Channels	SWEEP:ACTIVECHANNELS:[CH_Value]
g	Sweep - Get Active Channels	SWEEP: ACTIVECHANNELS?
h	Sweep - Set Start Attenuation	SWEEP:START:[Att]
i	Sweep - Set Channel Start Attenuation	SWEEP:CHAN:[Channels]:START:[Att]
j	Sweep - Get Start Attenuation	SWEEP:START?
k	Sweep - Get Channel Start Attenuation	SWEEP:CHAN:[Channel]:START?
ı	Sweep - Set Stop Attenuation	SWEEP:STOP:[Att]
m	Sweep - Set Channel Stop Attenuation	SWEEP:CHAN:[Channels]:STOP:[Att]
n	Sweep - Get Stop Attenuation	SWEEP:STOP?
o	Sweep - Get Channel Stop Attenuation	SWEEP:CHAN:[Channel]:STOP?
р	Sweep - Set Step Size	SWEEP:STEPSIZE:[Att]
q	Sweep - Set Channel Step Size	SWEEP:CHAN:[Channels]:STEPSIZE:[Att]
r	Sweep - Get Step Size	SWEEP:STEPSIZE?
s	Sweep - Get Channel Step Size	SWEEP:CHAN:[Channel]:STEPSIZE?
t	Sweep - Turn On / Off	SWEEP:MODE:[on_off]



# 5.2 (f) - SCPI - Ethernet Configuration Commands

These functions apply to RCDAT and RC4DAT models with firmware version C8 or later.

	Description	Command/Query
а	Set Static IP Address	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:IP:[ip]
b	Get Static IP Address	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:IP?
С	Set Static Subnet Mask	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:SM:[mask]
d	Get Static Subnet Mask	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:SM?
е	Set Static Network Gateway	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:NG:[gateway]
f	Get Static Network Gateway	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:NG?
g	Set HTTP Port	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:HTPORT:[port]
h	Get HTTP Port	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:HTPORT?
i	Set Telnet Port	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:TELNETPORT:[port]
j	Get Telnet Port	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:TELNETPORT?
k	Set Password Requirement	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWDENABLED:[enabled]
1	Get Password Requirement	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWDENABLED?
m	Set Password	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWD:[pwd]
n	Get Password	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWD?
o	Set DHCP Status	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:DHCPENABLED:[enabled]
р	Get DHCP Status	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:DHCPENABLED?
q	Get MAC Address	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:MAC?
r	Get Current Ethernet Configuration	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:LISTEN?
s	Update Ethernet Settings	:ETHERNET:CONFIG:INIT



# 5.3 - SCPI - General Commands

# 5.3 (a) - Get Model Name

# Description

Returns the full Mini-Circuits part number of the attenuator.

# **Command Syntax**

:MN?

## **Return String**

MN=[model]

Variable	Description
[model]	Full model name of the attenuator

# **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:MN?	MN=RCDAT-6000-90

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:MN?

#### See Also

**Get Serial Number** 



## 5.3 (b) - Get Serial Number

# Description

Returns the serial number of the attenuator.

# **Command Syntax**

:SN?

## **Return String**

SN=[serial]

Variable	Description
[serial]	Serial number of the attenuator

# **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SN?	SN=11401010001

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SN?

#### See Also

**Get Model Name** 



# 5.3 (c) - Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode

### Description

Sets the start-up mode to be used by the attenuator, this specifies how the initial attenuation value will be chosen when DC power is applied.

#### Requirements

Firmware version A6 or later

#### **Command Syntax**

#### :STARTUPATT:INDICATOR:[Mode]

Variable	Value	Description
[Mode]	L	Last Attenuation - The attenuation will be set to the same level as when the device was last powered off
	F	Fixed Attenuation - The attenuation will be set to a user-defined value
	N	Default - The attenuator will assume the factory default state (maximum attenuation)

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR:L	1
:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR:F	1
:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR:N	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR:F

#### See Also

Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode Set Start-Up Attenuation Value Get Start-Up Attenuation Value Set Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value Get Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value



### 5.3 (d) - Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode

### Description

Returns the start-up mode currently in use by the attenuator; this specifies how the initial attenuation value will be chosen when DC power is applied.

### **Command Syntax**

:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR?

#### Requirements

Firmware version A6 or later

### **Return String**

#### [Mode]

Variable	Value	Description
[Mada]	т.	Last Attenuation - The attenuation will be set to the
[Mode]	L	same level as when the device was last powered off
	TO.	Fixed Attenuation - The attenuation will be set to a
	F	user-defined value
	N	Default - The attenuator will assume the factory
	IN	default state (maximum attenuation)

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR?	L
:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR?	F
:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR?	N

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:STARTUPATT:INDICATOR?

#### See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Set Start-Up Attenuation Value Get Start-Up Attenuation Value Set Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value Get Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value



### 5.3 (e) - Store Last Attenuation Value

#### Description

Saves the final attenuation value to internal memory; necessary before powering off the device when it has been configured to load the last known attenuation on next power up. If this is not the last command before powering off in this mode, the attenuator will re-start with the maximum attenuation value when it is next powered on.

#### Requirements

Firmware version C3 or later

#### **Command Syntax**

:LASTATT:STORE:INITIATE

#### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:LASTATT:STORE:INITIATE	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:LASTATT:STORE:INITIATE

#### See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode



# 5.3 (f) - Set USB Address

### Description

Sets the device address to be used for USB communication (1 to 255).

# **Command Syntax**

:SETADD: [Address]

Variable	Value	Description
[Address]	1-255	The USB address

# **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed or invalid address set
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SETADD:15	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SETADD:15

### See Also

**Get USB Address** 



# 5.3 (g) - Get USB Address

### Description

Returns the device address to be used for USB communication.

# **Command Syntax**

:ADD?

### **Return String**

#### [Address]

Variable	Value	Description
[Address]	1-255	The USB address

# **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ADD?	15

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:ADD?

#### See Also

**Set USB Address** 



### 5.3 (h) - Get Firmware Version

### Description

Returns the internal firmware version number.

# **Command Syntax**

:FIRMWARE?

### **Return String**

#### [Firmware]

Variable	Description
[Firmware]	The firmware version number

# **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:FIRMWARE?	B1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:FIRMWARE?



# 5.4 - SCPI - RUDAT / RCDAT (Single Channel) Attenuation Functions

These functions apply to RUDAT & RCDAT models only

# 5.4 (a) - Set Attenuation

### Description

Sets the attenuation for a single channel RUDAT / RCDAT attenuator.

### **Applies To**

**RCDAT** and **RUDAT** models

### **Command Syntax**

:SETATT=[Att]

Variable	Description
[Att]	The attenuation to set

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed or invalid attenuation set
	1	Command completed successfully
		Requested attenuation was higher than the allowed
	2	range, the attenuation was set to the device's
		maximum allowed value

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SETATT=130	2
:SETATT=12.75	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SETATT=12.75

#### See Also

**Read Attenuation** 



### 5.4 (b) - Read Attenuation

### Description

Returns the current attenuation for a single channel RUDAT / RCDAT attenuator.

# **Applies To**

**RCDAT** and **RUDAT** models

### **Command Syntax**

:ATT?

### **Return String**

#### [Attenuation]

Variable	Description
[Attenuation]	The attenuation in dB

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ATT?	15.0 25.25 10.0 57.75

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:ATT?

### See Also

**Set Attenuation** 



# 5.4 (c) - Set Start-Up Attenuation Value

#### Description

Sets the attenuation value to be loaded when a single channel is first powered up. Only applies when the attenuator's start-up mode is set to "Fixed Attenuation".

#### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware version A6 or later

#### **Command Syntax**

:STARTUPATT:VALUE: [Att]

Variable	Description
[Att]	The initial attenuation level to be loaded on start-up

#### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:STARTUPATT:VALUE:12.75	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:STARTUPATT:VALUE:12.75

#### See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Value



### 5.4 (d) - Get Start-Up Attenuation Value

#### Description

Gets the attenuation value to be loaded when a single channel is first powered up. Only applies when the attenuator's start-up mode is set to "Fixed Attenuation".

#### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware version A6 or later

#### **Command Syntax**

:STARTUPATT:VALUE?

### **Return String**

#### [Att]

Variable	Description
[Att]	The initial attenuation level to be loaded on start-up

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:STARTUPATT:VALUE?	12.75

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:STARTUPATT:VALUE?

#### See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode Set Start-Up Attenuation Value



# 5.5 - SCPI - RC4DAT (Multi-Channel) Attenuation Functions

These functions apply to RC4DAT models only

# 5.5 (a) - Set Attenuation

### Description

Sets the attenuation for a multi-channel programmable attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

### **Command Syntax**

:CHAN: [Channels]:SETATT: [Att]

Variable	Description
[Channels]	The channel to set. Multiple channels can be sent by
	listing each channel number separated by a colon
[Att]	The attenuation to set for all channels listed above

#### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed or invalid attenuation set
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:CHAN:2:SETATT:15.75	1
:CHAN:1:3:4:SETATT:10	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:CHAN:2:SETATT:15.75

#### See Also

**Read Attenuation** 



### 5.5 (b) - Read Attenuation

### Description

Returns the current attenuation for all channels of a multi-channel attenuator.

# **Command Syntax**

:ATT?

### **Return String**

[CH1\_Att] [CH2\_Att] [CH3\_Att] [CH4\_Att]

Variable	Description
[CH1_Att]	Channel 1 attenuation (dB)
[CH2_Att]	Channel 2 attenuation (dB)
[CH3_Att]	Channel 3 attenuation (dB)
[CH4_Att]	Channel 4 attenuation (dB)

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ATT?	15.0 25.25 10.0 57.75

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:ATT?

#### See Also

**Set Attenuation** 



# 5.5 (c) - Set Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value

#### Description

Sets the start up attenuation value for a single channel or channels within the multi-channel attenuator (the attenuation value to be loaded when DC power is applied). Only applies when the attenuator's start-up mode is set to "Fixed Attenuation".

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

### **Command Syntax**

:CHAN: [Channels]:STARTUPATT:VALUE: [Att]

Variable	Description
[Channels]	The channel to set. Multiple channels can be sent by
	listing each channel number separated by a colon
[Att]	The initial attenuation level to be loaded on start-up

#### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:CHAN:1:STARTUPATT:VALUE:12.75	1
:CHAN:1:2:STARTUPATT:VALUE:12.75	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:CHAN:1:STARTUPATT:VALUE:12.75

### See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value



# 5.5 (d) - Get Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value

#### Description

Returns the start up attenuation value for a single channel within the multi-channel attenuator (the attenuation value to be loaded when DC power is applied). Only applies when the attenuator's start-up mode is set to "Fixed Attenuation".

## **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

### **Command Syntax**

:CHAN:[Channel]:STARTUPATT:VALUE?

Variable	Description
[Channel]	The channel to query (1 to 4)

#### **Return String**

[Att]

Variable	Description
[Att]	The initial attenuation level to be loaded on start-up

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:CHAN:2:STARTUPATT:VALUE?	12.75

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:CHAN:2:STARTUPATT:VALUE?

#### See Also

Set Start-Up Attenuation Mode Get Start-Up Attenuation Mode Set Channel Start-Up Attenuation Value



# 5.6 - SCPI - Attenuation Hopping Commands

These functions require firmware version B1 or later.

### 5.6 (a) - Hop Mode - Set Number of Points

#### Description

Sets the number of points to be used in the attenuation hop sequence.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Command Syntax**

: HOP: POINTS: [NoOfPoints]

Variable	Value	Description
[NoOfPoints]	1-100	The number of points to set in the hop sequence

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:POINTS:10	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:POINTS:10

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Get Number of Points Hop Mode - Set Sequence Direction Hop Mode - Get Sequence Direction



### 5.6 (b) - Hop Mode - Get Number of Points

### Description

Returns the number of points to be used in the attenuation hop sequence.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

: HOP: POINTS?

#### **Return String**

# [NoOfPoints]

Variable	Value	Description
[NoOfPoints]	1-100	The number of points in the hop sequence

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:POINTS?	10

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:POINTS?

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Number of Points Hop Mode - Set Sequence Direction Hop Mode - Get Sequence Direction



### 5.6 (c) - Hop Mode - Set Active Channels

#### Description

Sets which channels are to be included in the hop sequence for a multi-channel attenuator. This function does not apply to single channel models (RUDAT and RCDAT Series).

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Command Syntax**

:HOP:ACTIVECHANNELS:[CH\_Value]

Variable	Description
Variable  [CH_Value]	Integer value indicating the combination of channels to be included in the HOP. Each channel is represented by an integer:  Channel 1 = 1  Channel 2 = 2  Channel 3 = 4  Channel 4 = 8  CH_Value is the sum of the above integer values for the channels to be included in the hop sequence. For example, to include channels 1, 2 and 4 in the sequence:
	CH_Value = 1 + 2 + 8 = 11

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:ACTIVECHANNELS:11	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:ACTIVECHANNELS:11

#### See Also

**Hop Mode - Get Active Channels** 



### 5.6 (d) - Hop Mode - Get Active Channels

### Description

Returns which channels are to be included in the hop sequence for a multi-channel attenuator. This function does not apply to single channel models (RUDAT and RCDAT Series).

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

## **Command Syntax**

: HOP: ACTIVECHANNELS?

#### **Return String**

[CH\_Value]

Variable	Description
[CH_Value]	Integer value corresponding to a 4-bit binary string, with each bit representing a channel in the multi-channel attenuator:  Channel 1 = bit 0 (MSB)  Channel 2 = bit 1  Channel 3 = bit 2  Channel 4 = bit 3 (LSB)  A bit value of 1 indicates the channel is included in the hop whereas a bit value of 0 indicates it is not. For example:  CH_Value = 11 (decimal) = 1011 (binary)  Channel 1 = 1 (included in hop)  Channel 3 = 1 (included in hop)  Channel 4 = 1 (included in hop)

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:ACTIVECHANNELS?	11

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:ACTIVECHANNELS?

#### See Also

**Hop Mode - Set Active Channels** 



### 5.6 (e) - Hop Mode - Set Sequence Direction

### Description

Sets the direction in which the attenuator will progress through the list of attenuation hops.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

#### :HOP:DIRECTION:[Direction]

Variable	Value	Description
[Dimention]	0	Forward - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded
[Direction]	U	from index 1 to index n
	1	Backwards - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded
	1	from index n to index 1
	2	Bi-directionally - The list of attenuation hops will be
	2	loaded in the forward and then reverse directions

#### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:DIRECTION:0	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:DIRECTION:0

### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Number of Points Hop Mode - Get Number of Points Hop Mode - Get Sequence Direction



### 5.6 (f) - Hop Mode - Get Sequence Direction

# Description

Returns the direction in which the attenuator will progress through the list of attenuation hops.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

: HOP: DIRECTION?

### **Return String**

#### [Direction]

Variable	Value	Description
[Dimention]	0	Forward - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded
[Direction]		from index 1 to index n
	1	Backwards - The list of attenuation hops will be loaded
		from index n to index 1
	2	Bi-directionally - The list of attenuation hops will be
		loaded in the forward and then reverse directions

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:DIRECTION?	0

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:DIRECTION?

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Number of Points Hop Mode - Get Number of Points Hop Mode - Set Sequence Direction



### 5.6 (g) - Hop Mode - Set Indexed Point

#### Description

Defines which point in the hop sequence is currently indexed, this allows the parameters for that point to be configured (attenuation value and dwell time).

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Command Syntax**

:HOP:POINT:[PointNo]

Variable	Description
[PointNo]	The index number of the point in the hop sequence
[POINTENO]	(from 1 to the number of points configured)

#### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:POINT:3	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:POINT:3

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Get Indexed Point

Hop Mode - Set Point Attenuation

Hop Mode - Set Channel Point Attenuation

Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time Units

Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time



### 5.6 (h) - Hop Mode - Get Indexed Point

#### Description

Returns the number of the indexed attenuation point within the hop sequence.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

: HOP: POINT?

#### **Return String**

#### [PointNo]

Variable	Description
[PointNo]	The index number of the point in the hop sequence
[FOINTNO]	(from 1 to the number of points configured)

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:POINT?	3

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:POINT?

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Indexed Point Hop Mode - Set Point Attenuation Hop Mode - Set Channel Point Attenuation Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time Units Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time



### 5.6 (i) - Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time Units

### Description

Sets the units to be used for the dwell time of the indexed point in the hop sequence.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:HOP:DWELL\_UNIT:[Units]

Variable		Description
[Units]	U	Dwell time in microseconds (μs)
	М	Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
	S	Dwell time in seconds (s)

#### **Return String**

### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:DWELL_UNITS:U	1
:HOP:DWELL_UNITS:M	1
:HOP:DWELL_UNITS:S	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:DWELL\_UNITS:U

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time Hop Mode - Get Point Dwell Time



### 5.6 (j) - Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time

### Description

Sets the dwell time of the indexed point in the hop sequence. The dwell time units are defined separately.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:HOP:DWELL:[Time]

Variable	Description
[Time]	The dwell time of the indexed point

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:DWELL:650	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:DWELL:650

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time Units Hop Mode - Get Point Dwell Time



### 5.6 (k) - Hop Mode - Get Point Dwell Time

### Description

Gets the dwell time (including the units) of the indexed point in the hop sequence.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:HOP:DWELL?

#### **Return String**

[Dwell] [Units]

Variable	Value	Description
[Dwell]		The dwell time of the indexed point
[Units]	uSec	Dwell time in microseconds (μs)
	mSec	Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
	Sec	Dwell time in seconds (s)

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:DWELL?	625 uSec
:HOP:DWELL?	50 mSec
:HOP:DWELL?	2 Sec

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:DWELL?

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time Units Hop Mode - Set Point Dwell Time



# 5.6 (I) - Hop Mode - Set Point Attenuation

### Description

Sets the attenuation of the indexed hop point.

#### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:HOP:ATT:[Att]

Variable	Description
[Att]	The attenuation of the indexed hop point

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:ATT:75.5	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:ATT:75.5

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Channel Point Attenuation Hop Mode - Get Point Attenuation



### 5.6 (m) - Hop Mode - Set Channel Point Attenuation

### Description

Sets the attenuation value of the indexed hop point for a specific channel within a multichannel attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Command Syntax**

:HOP:CHAN:[Channel]:ATT:[Att]

Variable	Description
[Channels]	The channel to set. Multiple channels can be sent by
	listing each channel number separated by a colon
[Att]	The attenuation of the indexed hop point

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:ATT:75.5	1
:HOP:CHAN:1:2:3:ATT:75.5	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:ATT:75.5

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Point Attenuation Hop Mode - Get Channel Point Attenuation



# 5.6 (n) - Hop Mode - Get Point Attenuation

### Description

Returns the attenuation of the indexed hop point.

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:HOP:ATT?

#### **Return String**

#### [Attenuation]

Variable	Description
[Attenuation]	The attenuation of the indexed hop point

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:ATT?	75.50

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:ATT?

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Point Attenuation Hop Mode - Get Channel Point Attenuation



# 5.6 (o) - Hop Mode - Get Channel Point Attenuation

### Description

Sets the attenuation value of the indexed hop point for a specific channel within a multichannel attenuator.

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Command Syntax**

:HOP:CHAN:[Channel]:ATT?

Variable	Description
[Channel]	The channel to set (1 to 4)

#### **Return String**

#### [Attenuation]

Variable	Description
[Attenuation]	The attenuation of the indexed hop point

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:ATT?	75.50
:HOP:CHAN:1:ATT?	75.50

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:ATT?

#### See Also

Hop Mode - Set Channel Point Attenuation Hop Mode - Get Point Attenuation



# 5.6 (p) - Hop Mode - Turn On / Off

### Description

Enables or disables the hop sequence according to the previously configured parameters.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:HOP:MODE:[On\_Off]

Variable	Value	Description
[On Off]	ON	Enable the hop sequence using the previously
	ON	configured list of attenuation hops
	OFF	Disable the hop sequence

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:HOP:MODE:ON	1
:HOP:MODE:OFF	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:HOP:MODE:ON



# 5.7 - SCPI - Attenuation Sweeping / Fading Commands

These functions require firmware version B1 or later.

# 5.7 (a) - Sweep Mode - Set Sweep Direction

### Description

Sets the direction in which the attenuation level will sweep.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

#### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:DIRECTION:[Direction]

Variable	Value	Description
[Direction]	0	Forward - Sweep from "Start" to "Stop" value
	1	Backwards - Sweep from "Stop" to "Start" value
	2	Bi-directionally - Sweep in the forward and then
		reverse directions

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:DIRECTION:0	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:DIRECTION:0

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Get Sweep Direction



# 5.7 (b) - Sweep Mode - Get Sweep Direction

### Description

Returns the direction in which the attenuation level will sweep.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:DIRECTION?

### **Return String**

### [Direction]

Variable	Value	Description
[Direction]	0	Forward - Sweep from "Start" to "Stop" value
	1	Backwards - Sweep from "Stop" to "Start" value
	2	Bi-directionally - Sweep in the forward and then reverse directions

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:DIRECTION?	0

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:DIRECTION?

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Sweep Direction



### 5.7 (c) - Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time Units

## Description

Sets the units to be used for the sweep dwell time.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:DWELL\_UNIT:[Units]

Variable		Description
[Units]	U	Dwell time in microseconds (µs)
	M	Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
	S	Dwell time in seconds (s)

#### **Return String**

### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:DWELL_UNITS:U	1
:SWEEP:DWELL_UNITS:M	1
:SWEEP:DWELL_UNITS:S	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:DWELL\_UNITS:U

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Point Dwell Time Sweep Mode - Get Dwell Time



### 5.7 (d) - Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time

#### Description

Sets the dwell time to be used for the sweep. The dwell time units are defined separately.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:DWELL:[Time]

Variable	Description
[Time]	The dwell time of the indexed point

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

#### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:DWELL:650	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:DWELL:650

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time Units Sweep Mode - Get Dwell Time



### 5.7 (e) - Sweep Mode - Get Dwell Time

## Description

Gets the dwell time (including the units) of the attenuation sweep.

#### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:DWELL?

#### **Return String**

[Dwell] [Units]

Variable	Value	Description
[Dwell]		The dwell time of the sweep
[Units]	uSec	Dwell time in microseconds (μs)
	mSec	Dwell time in milliseconds (ms)
	Sec	Dwell time in seconds (s)

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:DWELL?	625 uSec
:SWEEP:DWELL?	50 mSec
:SWEEP:DWELL?	2 Sec

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:DWELL?

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time Units Sweep Mode - Set Dwell Time



### 5.7 (f) - Sweep Mode - Set Active Channels

### Description

Sets which channels are to be included in the sweep for a multi-channel attenuator. This function does not apply to single channel models (RUDAT and RCDAT Series).

### **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

#### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:ACTIVECHANNELS:[CH\_Value]

Variable	Description
Variable  [CH_Value]	Integer value indicating the combination of channels to be included in the sweep. Each channel is represented by an integer:  Channel 1 = 1  Channel 2 = 2  Channel 3 = 4  Channel 4 = 8  CH_Value is the sum of the above integer values for the channels to be included in the sweep. For example, to include channels 1, 2 and 4 in the sequence:
	CH_Value = 1 + 2 + 8 = 11

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:ACTIVECHANNELS:11	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:ACTIVECHANNELS:11

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Get Active Channels



## 5.7 (g) - Sweep Mode - Get Active Channels

## Description

Returns which channels are to be included in the sweep for a multi-channel attenuator. This function does not apply to single channel models (RUDAT and RCDAT Series).

## **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:ACTIVECHANNELS?

## **Return String**

[CH\_Value]

Variable	Description
[CH_Value]	Integer value corresponding to a 4-bit binary string, with each bit representing a channel in the multi-channel attenuator:  Channel 1 = bit 0 (MSB)  Channel 2 = bit 1  Channel 3 = bit 2  Channel 4 = bit 3 (LSB)  A bit value of 1 indicates the channel is included in the hop whereas a bit value of 0 indicates it is not. For example:  CH_Value = 11 (decimal) = 1011 (binary)  Channel 1 = 1 (included in hop)  Channel 3 = 1 (included in hop)  Channel 4 = 1 (included in hop)

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:ACTIVECHANNELS?	11

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:ACTIVECHANNELS?

### See Also

**Sweep Mode - Set Active Channels** 



## 5.7 (h) - Sweep Mode - Set Start Attenuation

### Description

Sets the first attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep.

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware version B1 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:START:[Att]

Variable	Description
[Att]	The initial attenuation level to set

## **Return String**

### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:START:0	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:START:0

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Channel Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Step Size



## 5.7 (i) - Sweep Mode - Set Channel Start Attenuation

### Description

Sets the first attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep for a specific channel within a multi-channel attenuator.

## **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:CHAN:[Channels]:START:[Att]

Variable	Description
[Channel al	The channel to set. Multiple channels can be sent by
[Channels]	listing each channel number separated by a colon
[Att]	The initial attenuation level to set

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:CHAN:1:START:0	1
:SWEEP:CHAN:1:2:3:4:START:0	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:CHAN:1:START:0

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Channel Start Attenuation Sweep Mode - Set Channel Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Channel Step Size



## 5.7 (j) - Sweep Mode - Get Start Attenuation

### Description

Returns the first attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep.

### **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware version B1 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:START?

### **Return String**

### [Attenuation]

Variable	Description
[Attenuation]	The initial attenuation level to be set during the sweep

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:START?	0.0

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:START?

## See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Channel Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Step Size



## 5.7 (k) - Sweep Mode - Get Channel Start Attenuation

### Description

Returns the first attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep for a specific channel within a multi-channel attenuator.

## **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:CHAN:[Channel]:START?

Variable	Description
[Channel]	The channel to query (1 to 4)

### **Return String**

#### [Attenuation]

Variable	Description
[Attenuation]	The initial attenuation level to be set during the sweep

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:CHAN:1:START?	0.0

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:CHAN:1:START?

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Channel Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Channel Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Channel Step Size



## 5.7 (I) - Sweep Mode - Set Stop Attenuation

### Description

Sets the final attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:START:[Att]

Variable	Description
[Att]	The final attenuation level to set

## **Return String**

### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:STOP:65.75	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:STOP:65.75

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Get Stop Attenuation Sweep Mode - Set Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Channel Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Step Size



## 5.7 (m) - Sweep Mode - Set Channel Stop Attenuation

### Description

Sets the final attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep for a specific channel within a multi-channel attenuator.

## **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:CHAN:[Channels]:STOP:[Att]

Variable	Description
[Channels]	The channel to set. Multiple channels can be sent by
	listing each channel number separated by a colon
[Att]	The final attenuation level to set

#### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:CHAN:1:STOP:90	1
:SWEEP:CHAN:1:2:3:4:STOP:90	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:CHAN:1:STOP:90

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Channel Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Channel Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Channel Step Size



## 5.7 (n) - Sweep Mode - Get Stop Attenuation

### Description

Returns the final attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep.

### Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:STOP?

### **Return String**

### [Attenuation]

Variable	Description
[Attenuation]	The final attenuation level to be set during the sweep

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:STOP?	65.75

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:STOP?

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Stop Attenuation Sweep Mode - Get Start Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Channel Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Step Size



# 5.7 (o) - Sweep Mode - Get Channel Stop Attenuation

## Description

Returns the final attenuation level to be loaded during the sweep for a specific channel within a multi-channel attenuator.

## **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

### **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:CHAN:[Channel]:STOP?

Variable	Description
[Channel]	The channel to query (1 to 4)

### **Return String**

#### [Attenuation]

Variable	Description
[Attenuation]	The final attenuation level to be set during the sweep

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:CHAN:1:STOP?	0.0

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:STOP?

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Get Channel Start Attenuation Sweep Mode - Set Channel Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Get Stop Attenuation Sweep Mode - Get Channel Step Size



## 5.7 (p) - Sweep Mode - Set Step Size

#### Description

Sets the attenuation step size that will be used to increment the attenuation from the start to stop levels (or decrement from stop to start if the sweep is running in the reverse direction).

## **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware version B1 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:STEPSIZE:[Att]

Variable	Description
[Att]	The attenuation step size

#### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:STEPSIZE:0.5	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:STEPSIZE:0.5

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Get Step Size

Sweep Mode - Set Start Attenuation Sweep Mode - Set Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Channel Step Size



## 5.7 (q) - Sweep Mode - Set Channel Step Size

### Description

Sets the attenuation step size for a multi-channel attenuator that will be used to increment the attenuation from the start to stop levels (or decrement from stop to start if the sweep is running in the reverse direction).

## **Applies To**

RC4DAT-6G-95

## **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:CHAN:[Channels]:STEPSIZE:[Att]

Variable	Description
[Channels]	The channel to set. Multiple channels can be sent by
	listing each channel number separated by a colon
[Att]	The attenuation step size

### **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:CHAN:1:STEPSIZE:0.5	1
:SWEEP:CHAN:1:2:3:4:STEPSIZE:0.5	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:CHAN:1:STEPSIZE:0.5

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Channel Start Attenuation Sweep Mode - Set Channel Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Step Size

Sweep Mode - Get Channel Step Size



## 5.7 (r) - Sweep Mode - Get Step Size

## Description

Returns the attenuation step size that will be used to increment the attenuation from the start to stop levels (or decrement from stop to start if the sweep is running in the reverse direction).

## **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware version B1 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:STEPSIZE?

### **Return String**

#### [Attenuation]

Variable	Description
[Attenuation]	The attenuation step size

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:STEPSIZE?	0.50

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:STEPSIZE?

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Set Step Size

Sweep Mode - Get Start Attenuation Sweep Mode - Get Stop Attenuation Sweep Mode - Get Channel Step Size



## 5.7 (s) - Sweep Mode - Get Channel Step Size

### Description

Returns the attenuation step size for a multi-channel attenuators that will be used to increment the attenuation from the start to stop levels (or decrement from stop to start if the sweep is running in the reverse direction).

## **Applies To**

RUDAT and RCDAT models with firmware version B1 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:CHAN:[Channel]:STEPSIZE?

Variable	Description
[Channel]	The channel to query (1 to 4)

#### **Return String**

#### [Attenuation]

Variable	Description
[Attenuation]	The attenuation step size

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:CHAN:1:STEPSIZE?	0.50

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:CHAN:1:STEPSIZE?

#### See Also

Sweep Mode - Get Channel Start Attenuation Sweep Mode - Get Channel Stop Attenuation

Sweep Mode - Set Channel Step Size

Sweep Mode - Get Step Size



## 5.7 (t) - Sweep Mode - Turn On / Off

## Description

Enables or disable the attenuation sweep sequence according to the parameters set.

## Requirements

Firmware version B1 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:SWEEP:MODE:[On\_Off]

Variable	Value	Description
	ON	Enable the sweep sequence according to the
	[On_Off] ON	previously configured parameters
	OFF	Disable the sweep sequence

## **Return String**

#### [Status]

Variable	Value	Description
[Status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:SWEEP:MODE:ON	1
:SWEEP:MODE:OFF	1

HTTP Implementation: http://10.10.10.10/:SWEEP:MODE:ON



## 5.8 - SCPI - Ethernet Configuration Commands

These functions apply to RCDAT or RC4DAT models with firmware C8 or later.

### 5.8 (a) - Set Static IP Address

#### Description

Sets the IP address to be used by the attenuator for Ethernet communication when using static IP settings. DHCP must be disabled for this setting to apply, otherwise a dynamic IP address will be in use. Changes to the Ethernet configuration only take effect after the Update Ethernet Settings command has been issued.

#### Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:IP:[ip]

Variable	Description
[ip]	The static IP address to be used by the attenuator;
[15]	must be valid and available on the network

## **Return String**

#### [status]

Variable	Value	Description
[status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:IP:192.100.1.1	1

### HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:IP:192.100.1.1

#### See Also

Get Static IP Address Set Static Subnet Mask Set Static Network Gateway Update Ethernet Settings



## 5.8 (b) - Get Static IP Address

### Description

Returns the IP address to be used by the attenuator for Ethernet communication when static IP settings are in use. DHCP must be disabled for this setting to apply, otherwise a dynamic IP address will be in use.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:IP?

#### **Return String**

[ip]

Variable	Description
[ip]	The static IP address to be used by the attenuator

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:IP?	192.100.1.1

HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:IP?

#### See Also

Set Static IP Address Get Static Subnet Mask Get Static Network Gateway Get Current Ethernet Configuration



## 5.8 (c) - Set Static Subnet Mask

#### Description

Sets the subnet mask to be used by the attenuator for Ethernet communication when using static IP settings. DHCP must be disabled for this setting to apply, otherwise a dynamic IP address will be in use. Changes to the Ethernet configuration only take effect after the Update Ethernet Settings command has been issued.

### Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:SM:[mask]

Variable	Description
[mask]	The subnet mask for communication on the network

### **Return String**

#### [status]

Variable	Value	Description
[status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:SM:255.255.25.0	1

### HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:SM:255.255.255.0

### See Also

Set Static IP Address Get Static Subnet Mask Set Static Network Gateway Update Ethernet Settings



## 5.8 (d) - Get Static Subnet Mask

### Description

Returns the subnet mask to be used by the attenuator for Ethernet communication when static IP settings are in use. DHCP must be disabled for this setting to apply, otherwise a dynamic IP address will be in use.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:SM?

### **Return String**

#### [mask]

Variable	Description
[mask]	The subnet mask for communication on the network

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:SM?	255.255.255.0

## HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:SM?

#### See Also

Get Static IP Address Set Static Subnet Mask Get Static Network Gateway Get Current Ethernet Configuration



## 5.8 (e) - Set Static Network Gateway

#### Description

Sets the IP address of the network gateway to be used by the attenuator for Ethernet communication when using static IP settings. DHCP must be disabled for this setting to apply, otherwise a dynamic IP address will be in use. Changes to the Ethernet configuration only take effect after the Update Ethernet Settings command has been issued.

### Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:NG:[gateway]

Variable	Description
[gateway]	IP address of the network gateway

### **Return String**

#### [status]

Variable	Value	Description
[status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:NG:192.100.1.0	1

#### HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:NG:192.168.100.1.0

### See Also

Set Static IP Address Set Static Subnet Mask Get Static Network Gateway Update Ethernet Settings



## 5.8 (f) - Get Static Network Gateway

#### Description

Returns the IP address of the network gateway to be used by the attenuator for Ethernet communication when static IP settings are in use. DHCP must be disabled for this setting to apply, otherwise a dynamic IP address will be in use.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:NG?

#### **Return String**

#### [gateway]

Variable	Description
[gateway]	IP address of the network gateway

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:NG?	192.168.1.0

## HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:NG?

#### See Also

Get Static IP Address Get Static Subnet Mask Set Static Network Gateway Get Current Ethernet Configuration



## 5.8 (g) - Set HTTP Port

### Description

Sets the IP port to be used for HTTP communication. Changes to the Ethernet configuration only take effect after the Update Ethernet Settings command has been issued.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:HTPORT:[port]

Variable	Description
	IP port to be used for HTTP communication. The port
[port]	will need to be included in all HTTP commands if any
	other than the default port 80 is selected.

### **Return String**

#### [status]

Variable	Value	Description
[status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:HTPORT:8080	1

### HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:HTPORT:8080

### See Also

Get HTTP Port Set Telnet Port Update Ethernet Settings



## 5.8 (h) - Get HTTP Port

## Description

Gets the IP port to be used for HTTP communication.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:HTPORT?

## **Return String**

[port]

Variable	Description
[port]	IP port to be used for HTTP communication

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:HTPORT?	8080

HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:HTPORT?

#### See Also

Set HTTP Port Get Telnet Port



## 5.8 (i) - Set Telnet Port

## Description

Sets the IP port to be used for Telnet communication. Changes to the Ethernet configuration only take effect after the Update Ethernet Settings command has been issued.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:TELNETPORT:[port]

Variable	Description
	IP port to be used for Telnet communication. The port
[port]	will need to be included when initiating a Telnet
	session if other than the default port 23 is selected.

### **Return String**

#### [status]

Variable	Value	Description
[status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:TELNETPORT:21	1

### HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:TELNETPORT:21

### See Also

Set HTTP Port Get Telnet Port Update Ethernet Settings



## 5.8 (j) - Get Telnet Port

## Description

Gets the IP port to be used for Telnet communication.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:TELNETPORT?

## **Return String**

[port]

Variable	Description
[port]	IP port to be used for Telnet communication

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:TELNETPORT?	1

HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:TELNETPORT?

#### See Also

Get HTTP Port Set Telnet Port



## 5.8 (k) - Set Password Requirement

## Description

Sets whether or not a password is required for Ethernet communication. Changes to the Ethernet configuration only take effect after the Update Ethernet Settings command has been issued.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWDENABLED:[enabled]

Variable	Value	Description
[enabled]	0	Password not required for Ethernet communication
	1	Password required for Ethernet communication

### **Return String**

#### [status]

Variable	Value	Description
[status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWDENABLED:1	1

### HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWDENABLED:1

#### See Also

Get Password Requirement Set Password Get Password Update Ethernet Settings



## 5.8 (I) - Get Password Requirement

## Description

Indicates whether or not a password is required for Ethernet communication.

### Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWDENABLED?

### **Return String**

### [enabled]

Variable	Value	Description
[enabled]	0	Password not required for Ethernet communication
	1	Password required for Ethernet communication

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWDENABLED?	1

## HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWDENABLED?

#### See Also

Set Password Requirement Set Password Get Password



## 5.8 (m) - Set Password

### Description

Sets the password for Ethernet communication. The password will only be required for communication with the device when password security is enabled. Changes to the Ethernet configuration only take effect after the Update Ethernet Settings command has been issued.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWD:[pwd]

Variable	Description
[pwd]	Password to set for Ethernet communication (not case
	sensitive)

### **Return String**

#### [status]

Variable	Value	Description
[status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWD:PASS-123	1

### HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWD:PASS-123

### See Also

Set Password Requirement Get Password Requirement Get Password Update Ethernet Settings



## 5.8 (n) - Get Password

### Description

Returns the password for Ethernet communication. The password will only be required for communication with the device when password security is enabled

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWD?

## **Return String**

### [pwd]

Variable	Description
[pwd]	Password for Ethernet communication (not case
	sensitive)

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWD?	PASS-123

HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:PWD?

#### See Also

Set Password Requirement Get Password Requirement Set Password



## 5.8 (o) - Set DHCP Status

### Description

Enables or disables DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol). When enabled the attenuator will request a valid IP address from the network's DHCP server. When disabled, the attenuator's static IP settings will be used. Changes to the Ethernet configuration only take effect after the Update Ethernet Settings command has been issued.

### Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:DHCPENABLED:[enabled]

Variable	Value	Description
[enabled]	0	DHCP disabled (static IP settings will be used)
	1	DHCP enabled (IP address will be requested from
	1	DHCP server on the network)

### **Return String**

#### [status]

Variable	Value	Description
[status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

### **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:DHCPENABLED:1	1

## HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:DHCPENABLED:1

#### See Also

Set Static IP Address Get DHCP Status Update Ethernet Settings



## 5.8 (p) - Get DHCP Status

#### Description

Indicates whether or not DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) is enabled. When enabled the attenuator will request a valid IP address from the network's DHCP server. When disabled, the attenuator's static IP settings will be used.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:DHCPENABLED?

### **Return String**

#### [enabled]

Variable	Value	Description
[enabled]	0	DHCP disabled (static IP settings will be used)
	1	DHCP enabled (IP address will be requested from
	1	DHCP server on the network)

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:DHCPENABLED?	1

### HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:DHCPENABLED?

#### See Also

Set Static IP Address Set DHCP Status Get Current Ethernet Configuration



## 5.8 (q) - Get MAC Address

## Description

Returns the MAC (Media Access Control) address of the attenuator (a physical hardware address).

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:MAC?

## **Return String**

[mac]

Variable	Description
[mac]	MAC address of the attenuator

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:MAC?	D0-73-7F-82-D8-01

HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:MAC?

#### See Also

Get Static IP Address Get Static Subnet Mask Get Static Network Gateway Get Current Ethernet Configuration



## 5.8 (r) - Get Current Ethernet Configuration

#### Description

Returns the Ethernet configuration (IP address, subnet mask and network gateway) that is currently active for the device. If DHCP is enabled this will be the settings issued dynamically by the network's DHCP server. If DHCP is disabled this will be the user configured static IP settings.

### Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

### **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:LISTEN?

### **Return String**

[ip];[mask];[gateway]

Variable	Description
[ip]	Active IP address of the device
[mask]	Subnet mask for the network
[gateway]	IP address of the network gateway

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:LISTEN?	192.100.1.1;255.255.255.0;192.100.1.0

### HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:LISTEN?

#### See Also

Get Static IP Address Get Static Subnet Mask Get Static Network Gateway Update Ethernet Settings



## 5.8 (s) - Update Ethernet Settings

### Description

Resets the Ethernet controller so that any recently applied changes to the Ethernet configuration can be loaded. Any subsequent commands / queries to the attenuator will need to be issued using the new Ethernet configuration.

## Requirements

RCDAT or RC4DAT model with firmware version C8 or later.

## **Command Syntax**

:ETHERNET:CONFIG:INIT

### **Return String**

#### [status]

Variable	Value	Description
[status]	0	Command failed
	1	Command completed successfully

## **Examples**

String to Send	String Returned
:ETHERNET:CONFIG:INIT	1

HTTP Implementation:

http://10.10.10.10/:ETHERNET:CONFIG:INIT

#### See Also

**Get Current Ethernet Configuration** 



# 6 - Serial Control Using RS232 Communication

The Mini-Circuits RUDAT programmable attenuator series have a 9-pin D-Sub connector for serial RS232 communication. To create a connection to the programmable attenuator, the following settings should be used:

- Baud = 9600
- Parity = N
- Data\_Bits = 8

The 9-pin D-Sub connector of the attenuator should be connected to the computer's RS232 port. The device draws DC power through the USB type B connector; this can be connected to a computer or the AC mains adapter.

Communication with the attenuator is based on sending and receiving ASCII data over the RS232 port. Each command must be followed by a Carriage Return character.

A worked example is included in the Programming Examples & Troubleshooting Guide.

## 6.1 - Summary of ASCII Commands

The commands that can be sent to the programmable attenuator are summarized in the table below and detailed on the following pages.

	Description	Command	Comments
а	Get Device Model Name	M\r\n	
b	Get Device Serial Number	S\r\n	
С	Set Attenuation	B[a]E <b>\r\n</b>	a = attenuation
d	Read Attenuation (Integer)	R <b>\r\n</b>	
е	Read Attenuation (Decimal)	A\r\n	
f	Send SCPI Command	P[c]\r\n	c = SCPI command



# 6.2 - Description of ASCII Commands

## 6.2 (a) - Get Device Model Name

This function determines the Mini-Circuits model name of the connected attenuator.

#### Command

M

### **Return Value**

[mn]

Where:

[mn] = model name of the attenuator

## Example

Send the text command "M\r\n".

The response will be of the format "RUDAT-6000-30".

### See Also

**Get Device Serial Number** 



## 6.2 (b) - Get Device Serial Number

This function returns the serial number of the connected attenuator.

#### **Command**

S

### **Return Value**

[sn]

Where:

[sn] = serial number of the attenuator

## Example

Send the text command "S\r\n".

The response will be of the format "11301050025".

### See Also

Get Device Model Name



## 6.2 (c) - Set Attenuation

This function sets the RF attenuation level. The allowed attenuation range and precision is defined in the individual model datasheets.

#### **Command**

B[a]E

Where:

[a] = attenuation value to set

#### **Return Value**

ACK

## **Example**

To set the RF attenuation to 20.25dB:

• [a] = 20.25

Send the text command "B20.25E\r\n".

### See Also

Read Attenuation (Integer) Read Attenuation (Decimal)



## 6.2 (d) - Read Attenuation (Integer)

This function returns the current RF attenuation setting as a whole number (the true value multiplied by 4).

#### **Command**

R

## **Return Value**

[a]

Where:

[a] = attenuation multiplied by 4

### **Example**

Send the text command " $R\r\n$ ".

A response of "82" indicates that the attenuation setting is 82 / 4 = 20.5 dB.

### See Also

Set Attenuation Read Attenuation (Decimal)



# 6.2 (e) - Read Attenuation (Decimal)

This function returns the current RF attenuation setting precisely (including decimal places).

#### **Command**

A

#### **Return Value**

[a]

Where:

[a] = attenuation

## Example

Send the text command "A $\r$ ".

The response would be in the format "20.25" to indicate the attenuation is set at 20.25dB.

### See Also

Set Attenuation Read Attenuation (Integer)



## 6.2 (f) - Send SCPI Command

This function sends a SCPI command to the programmable attenuator and collects the returned acknowledgement. SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments) is a common method for communicating with and controlling instrumentation products and in this case provides access to an enhanced set of functions / operations for the attenuator.

#### Command

P[c]

Where:

[c] = SCPI command to send

#### **Return Value**

[r]

Where:

[r] = SCPI response

#### **Example**

To query the model name using SCPI:

• [c] = :MN?

Send the text command "P:MN?\r\n".

The response would be in the format of "MN=RCDAT-6000-90" for model RCDAT-6000-60.

#### See Also

Summary of SCPI Commands / Queries