# IS1S481 Coursework 1

# **Contents**

Part A - Design Task	3
Part 1 User Login and Unique Pin	3
Part 2 - Employee Pay Calculator	3
Part B - Programming Task	3
Part 1 User Login and Unique Pin	3
Design Process	3
Program Source Code	3
Program Unit Tests	6
Program Outputs	8
Part 2 - Employee Pay Calculator	8
Design Process	8
Program Source Code	17
Program Unit Tests	30
Program Outputs	35

# Part A - Design Task

Part 1 User Login and Unique Pin

Part 2 - Employee Pay Calculator

**Part B - Programming Task** 

Part 1 User Login and Unique Pin

**Design Process** 

**Program Source Code** 

#### Main.java

```
package usw.employeelogin;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        UserInterface userInput = new UserInterface(scanner);
        userInput.userStart();
}
```

#### Employee.java

```
package usw.employeelogin;
3 public class Employee {
    private final String name;
     private final int employeeNum;
     private final int employeeAge;
6
     private final int pinNum;
7
8
9
     /**
10
      * Creates an employee
11
12
       * @param name
                          Name of employee
13
       * @param employeeNum Number employee
    * @param employeeAge Age of employee
```

```
15
16
        public Employee(String name, int employeeNum, int employeeAge) {
            this.name = name;
17
            this.employeeNum = employeeNum;
18
19
            this.employeeAge = employeeAge;
20
            this.pinNum = createPinNum();
21
        }
22
23
       /**
24
        * Internal class that returns code. Used in construction of class
25
26
        * @return Returns the person's PIN
27
        */
        private int createPinNum() {
28
29
            // Gets the person's PIN
            // PINs are user's name length multiplied by their age
31
            // Modulo prevents pins above 9999
            String[] firstName = this.name.split(" ");
32
            return (firstName[0].length() * employeeAge) % 1000;
34
        }
        public String getName() {
37
            return name;
38
        }
39
        public int getPinNum() {
40
            return pinNum;
41
42
        }
43
44
        public int getEmployeeNum() {
            return employeeNum;
45
46
        }
47 }
```

#### UserInterface.java

```
package usw.employeelogin;
   import java.util.InputMismatchException;
   import java.util.Scanner;
5
  public class UserInterface {
       private final Scanner scanner;
8
9
       public UserInterface(Scanner scanner) {
           this.scanner = scanner;
11
12
       }
13
       public void userStart() {
14
```

```
15
            System.out.println(
16
                 "Welcome to USW employee management system
            ");
17
18
19
            String employeeName;
            int employeeAge;
20
21
            int employeeNumber;
22
23
24
            while (true) {
25
                System.out.print("Please enter your full name: ");
26
                employeeName = scanner.nextLine();
                if (!employeeName.isEmpty()) {
27
28
                     break;
29
                System.out.println("Empty inputs are not accepted");
31
            }
32
            while (true) {
34
                System.out.print("What's your age: ");
                try {
                     employeeAge = scanner.nextInt();
37
                     if (employeeAge < 0) {</pre>
38
                         System.out.println(
                             "Negative ages not allowed"
39
40
41
                         scanner.nextLine();
42
                         continue;
                     }
43
44
                     break;
45
                } catch (InputMismatchException e) {
46
                     System.out.println(
                         "Letters not allowed in age"
47
48
49
                     scanner.nextLine();
50
                }
            }
51
52
            while (true) {
53
54
                System.out.print("Please enter your employee number: ");
55
                try {
56
                     employeeNumber = scanner.nextInt();
57
                     if (employeeNumber < 0) {</pre>
58
                         System.out.println(
                             "Negative employee numbers not allowed"
61
                         scanner.nextLine();
62
                         continue;
                     }
63
64
                     break:
                } catch (InputMismatchException e) {
65
```

```
66
                    System.out.println(
67
                        "Letters not allowed in employee number"
68
                    );
69
                    scanner.nextLine();
                }
            }
71
72
73
            Employee newEmployee = new Employee(employeeName,
74
                employeeNumber, employeeAge
75
76
            System.out.printf(
                "Hi %s. Your employee account %d has been created.
77
                Your unique pin number is %04d.",
78
79
                newEmployee.getName(),
                newEmployee.getEmployeeNum(),
                newEmployee.getPinNum()
81
82
            );
       }
83
84 }
```

#### **Program Unit Tests**

#### EmployeeTest.java

```
package usw.employeelogin;
  import org.junit.jupiter.api.DisplayName;
4
  import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
   import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertEquals;
8
   class EmployeeTest {
       Employee testEmployee = new Employee("jim", 330, 20);
9
10
       Employee testEmployeeLong = new Employee("12345", 203, 4321);
11
12
       @Test
       @DisplayName("Pin number generated correctly")
13
14
       public void getPinNum() {
           assertEquals(60, testEmployee.getPinNum());
15
           assertEquals(605, testEmployeeLong.getPinNum());
16
17
       }
18 }
```

## **Program Outputs**

## Part 2 - Employee Pay Calculator

## **Design Process**

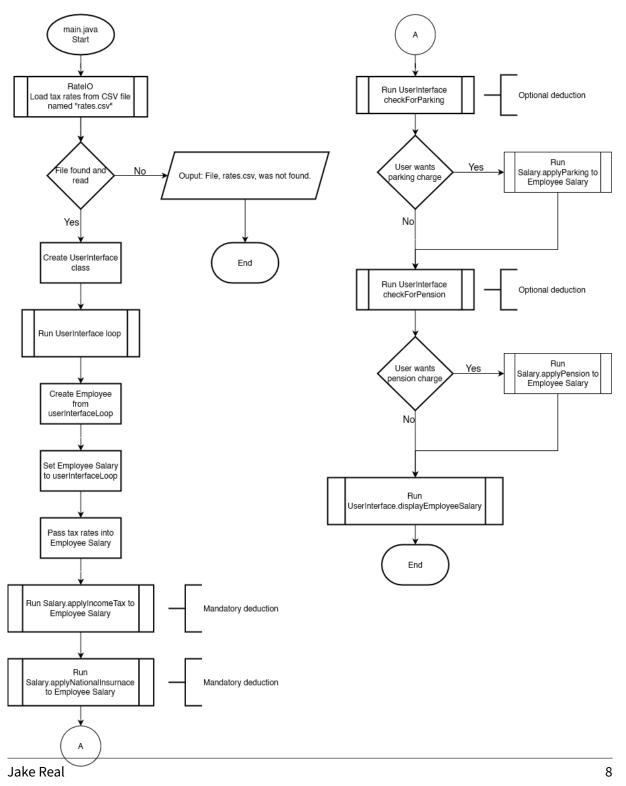


Figure 1: Flowchart of Main.java

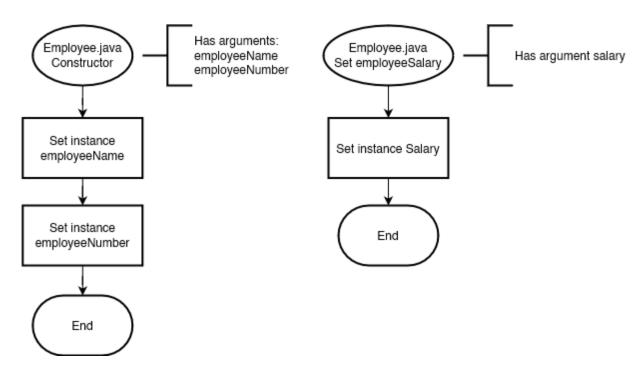


Figure 2: Flowchart of Employee.java

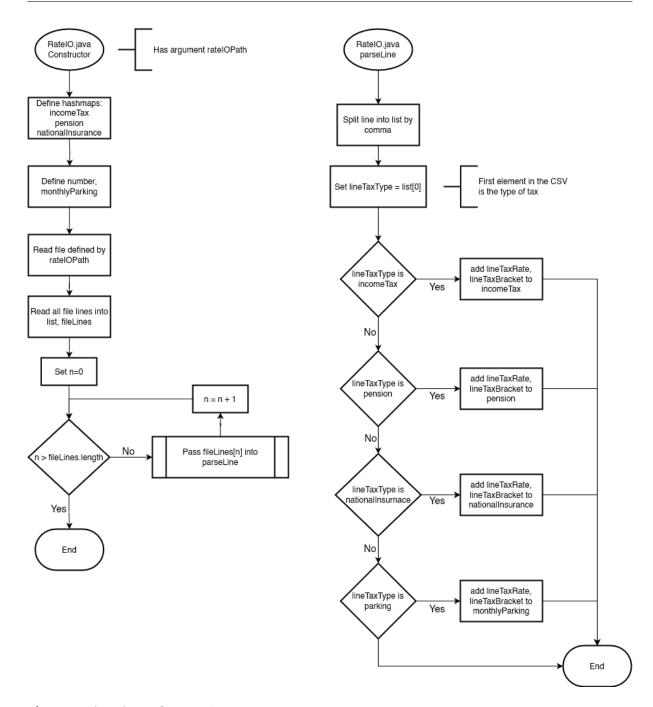


Figure 3: Flowchart of RatelO.java

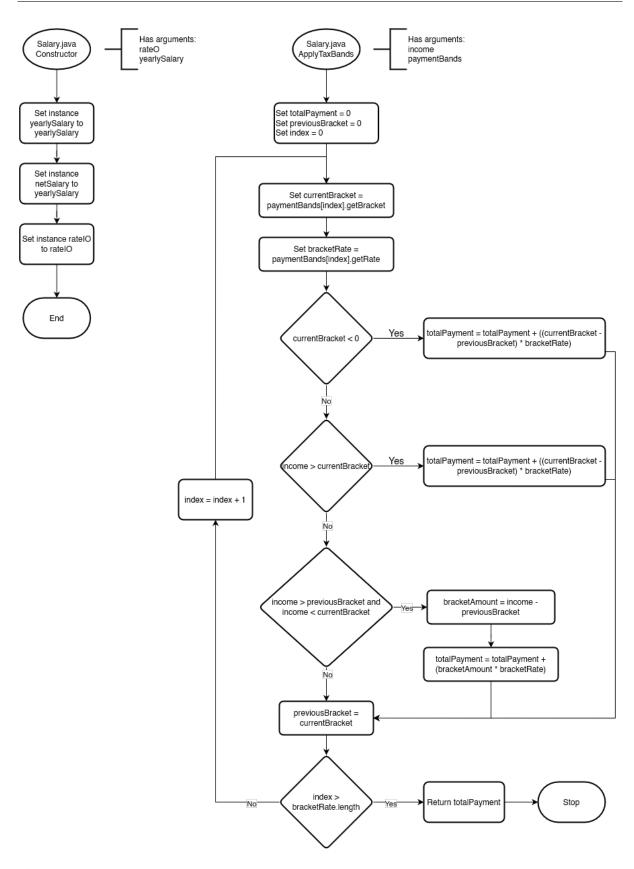


Figure 4: Flowchart of Salary.java

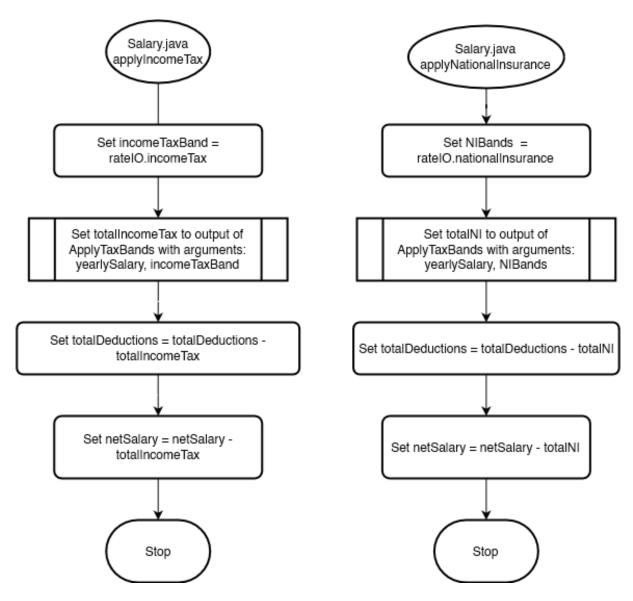


Figure 5: 2nd Flowchart of Salary.java

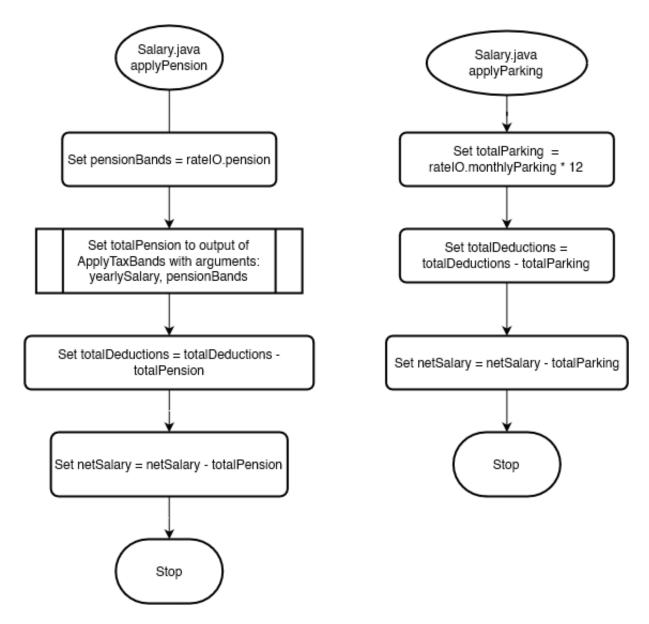


Figure 6: 3rd Flowchart of Salary.java

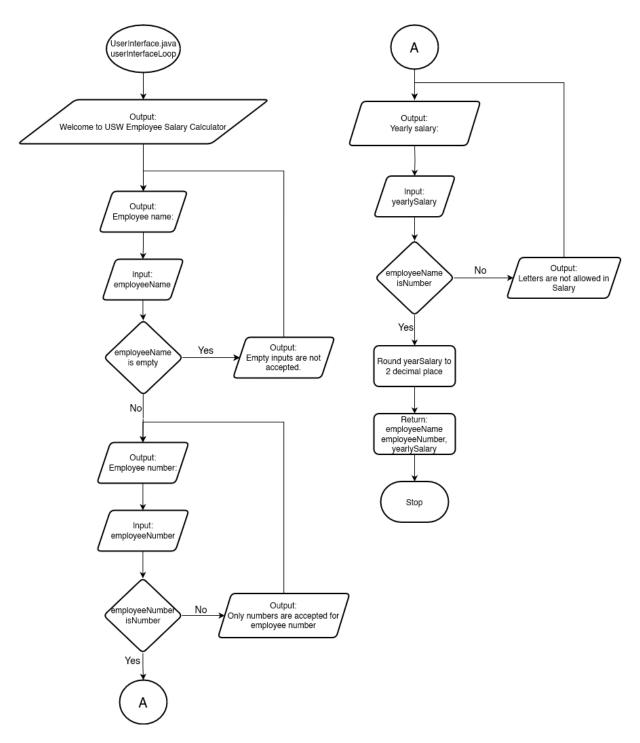


Figure 7: Flowchart of UserInterface.java

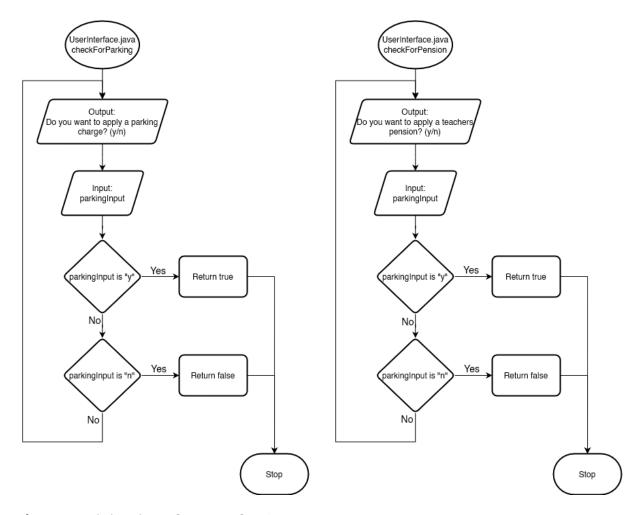


Figure 8: 2nd Flowchart of UserInterface.java

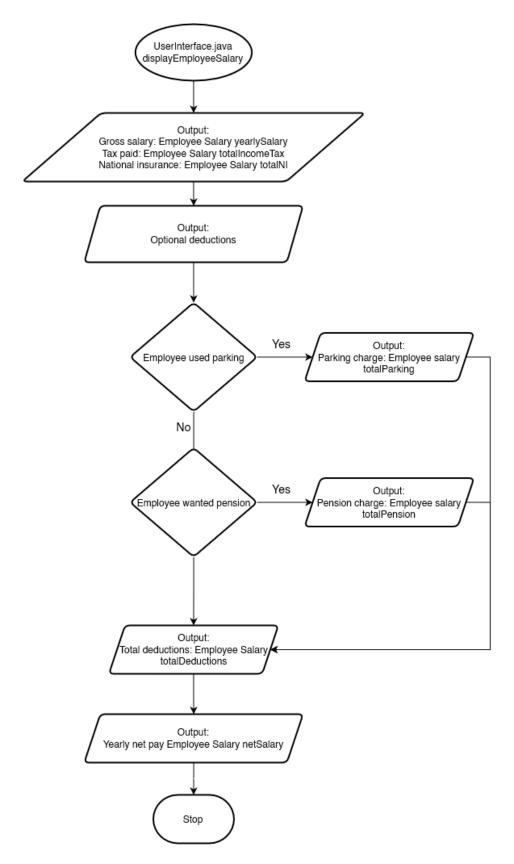


Figure 9: 3rd Flowchart of UserInterface.java

#### **Design decisions:**

Several important design choices were made prior to starting on the flowcharts and program. The following choices were made, salary calculations would be created through a process of test-driven development to ensure that they carried out the correct calculations. This necessitated the use of dependency injection in areas related to input and output as the tests had to be consistent, unaffected by changes to user input or files.

#### **Program Source Code**

#### Main.java

```
package usw.employeepay;
2
   import java.io.IOException;
4
   import java.util.Scanner;
5
   public class Main {
6
7
       public static void main(String[] args) {
8
           RateIO rateIO:
           try {
9
                rateI0 = new RateI0("rates.csv");
11
12
           } catch (IOException e) {
13
               System.out.println("File, rates.csv, was not found. Make
14
                   sure rates.csv is run in same folder as the " +
15
                        "program");
               return;
16
17
           }
18
           Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
           UserInterface userInput = new UserInterface(scanner);
19
           Employee employee = userInput.createEmployeeLoop();
20
21
           employee.setEmployeeSalary(userInput.getSalaryLoop(rateI0));
22
           /* Apply income tax and national insurance */
23
24
           employee.getSalary().applyMandatoryDeductions();
25
26
            /* Check if user wants to apply optional deductions */
27
           if (userInput.userApplyParking()) {
               employee.getSalary().applyParkingCharge();
28
29
           if (userInput.userApplyPension()) {
31
               employee.getSalary().applyPension();
32
           UserInterface.displayEmployeeSalary(employee);
34
       }
35 }
```

#### UserInterface.java

```
package usw.employeepay;
  import java.math.BigDecimal;
   import java.math.RoundingMode;
5 import java.util.InputMismatchException;
6 import java.util.Scanner;
8 public class UserInterface {
       private final Scanner scanner;
11
12
13
       /**
14
        * Class that handles outputting and accepting user input
15
16
        * @param scanner Input handling
17
       public UserInterface(Scanner scanner) {
18
19
           this.scanner = scanner;
20
       }
21
22
23
24
        * Outputs the information concerning an employee's salary
25
        * @param employee Employee to display salary of
26
27
        */
28
       public static void displayEmployeeSalary(Employee employee) {
29
           System.out.println("\nCalculating yearly net pay...\n");
           System.out.printf("""
31
               Gross salary: £%s
32
               Taxable amount: £%s
34
               Tax paid: £%s
               National insurance paid: £%s
               employee.getSalary().getGrossSalary(),
               employee.getSalary().getTaxableAmount(),
               employee.getSalary().getIncomeTaxAmount(),
40
               employee.getSalary().getNIAmount()
           );
41
42
43
           /* Non-required deductions */
44
           if (!(employee.getSalary().getTotalParking() == null)) {
               System.out.printf("Parking charge: £%s\n",
45
                    employee.getSalary().getTotalParking()
46
47
               );
           }
48
49
```

```
50
            if (!(employee.getSalary().getPensionAmount() == null)) {
                System.out.printf("Pension charge: £%s\n",
51
52
                    employee.getSalary().getPensionAmount()
53
                );
54
            }
55
            System.out.printf("\nTotal deductions: £%s\n",
57
                employee.getSalary().getTotalDeductions()
58
            );
            System.out.printf("Yearly net pay: £%s\n",
59
                employee.getSalary().getNetSalary()
61
            );
62
63
64
            System.out.println("\nCalculating monthly net pay...\n");
            System.out.printf("""
65
66
                Gross salary: £%s
                Taxable amount: £%s
67
                Tax paid: £%s
                National insurance paid: £%s
70
                Salary.convertMonthly(
72
                    employee.getSalary().getGrossSalary()
73
                ),
74
                Salary.convertMonthly(
                    employee.getSalary().getTaxableAmount()
                ),
                Salary.convertMonthly(
                    employee.getSalary().getIncomeTaxAmount()
78
79
80
                Salary.convertMonthly(
81
                    employee.getSalary().getNIAmount()
82
                )
83
            );
84
85
            /* Non-required deductions */
87
            if (!(employee.getSalary().getTotalParking() == null)) {
                System.out.printf("Parking charge: £%s\n",
                    Salary.convertMonthly(employee.getSalary().
                        getTotalParking())
90
                );
            }
91
            if (!(employee.getSalary().getPensionAmount() == null)) {
                System.out.printf("Pension charge: £%s\n",
95
                    Salary.convertMonthly(employee.getSalary().
                        getPensionAmount())
                );
            }
```

```
System.out.printf("\nMonthly total deductions: £%s\n",
100
                 Salary.convertMonthly(employee.getSalary().
                     getTotalDeductions())
101
             );
103
             System.out.printf("Monthly net pay: £%s\n",
104
                 employee.getSalary().getMonthlyNetSalary()
105
             );
106
        }
107
108
        /**
109
         * UI loop constructs an Employee class and returns it
110
         * Uses validation
111
112
         * @return Constructed Employee object
113
         */
114
        public Employee createEmployeeLoop() {
115
116
             String employeeName;
117
             int employeeNumber;
118
119
             System.out.println(
120
                 "Welcome to USW Employee Salary Calculator"
             );
121
122
             System.out.println(
123
124
             );
125
             while (true) {
127
                 System.out.print("Employee Name: ");
128
                 employeeName = scanner.nextLine();
129
                 if (!employeeName.isEmpty()) {
130
                     break;
131
132
                 System.out.println("Empty inputs are not accepted.");
             }
133
134
135
             while (true) {
136
                 System.out.print("Employee number: ");
137
                 try {
                     employeeNumber = scanner.nextInt();
138
139
                     if (employeeNumber < 0) {</pre>
140
                          System.out.println(
141
                              "Negative numbers not accepted"
142
                         );
143
                          continue;
144
                     }
145
                     break;
146
                 } catch (InputMismatchException e) {
147
                     System.out.println(
148
                          "Letter are not allowed employee number"
```

```
149
150
                     /* nextLine clears the newline from nextInt() avoiding
151
                     duplicates of above message */
                     scanner.nextLine();
153
                 }
154
             }
155
             return new Employee(employeeName, employeeNumber);
        }
156
157
158
159
         * UI loop that constructs Salary that is filled with tax
             information
          * @param rateIO The tax bands to use in initial instantiation of
             taxes, pension, etc.
162
          * @return Constructed Salary object
         */
        public Salary getSalaryLoop(RateIO rateIO) {
164
165
             BigDecimal yearSalary;
166
167
168
             while (true) {
169
                 System.out.print("Yearly salary: ");
170
                 try {
171
                     String inputSalary = scanner.next();
172
                     yearSalary = new BigDecimal(inputSalary);
173
                     yearSalary = yearSalary.setScale(2, RoundingMode.
                         HALF_UP);
174
                     /* Clear the newline character from scanner buffer
175
                      * Otherwise next question would appear twice, as the
176
                      * scanner would pick up the leftover newline
177
                      */
178
                     scanner.nextLine();
179
                     // Check if the number is negative
180
                     if (yearSalary.compareTo(BigDecimal.ZERO) < 0) {</pre>
                         System.out.println(
183
                              "Negative salaries are not accepted"
                         );
184
185
                         continue;
                     }
186
187
                     break;
188
                 } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
189
                     System.out.println(
                         "Letter are not allowed in the employee number"
190
191
                     );
192
                 }
193
             }
194
             return new Salary(yearSalary, rateI0);
195
        }
196
```

```
197
198
         * Asks user if they want to apply a parking charge
199
200
         * @return To apply parking charge or not
         */
202
        public boolean userApplyParking() {
203
204
             while (true) {
205
                 System.out.println(
206
                     "Do you want to apply a parking charge? (y/n)"
207
208
                 // Normalise characters to lowercase
209
                 String parkingInput = scanner.nextLine().toLowerCase();
210
                 switch (parkingInput) {
211
                     case "y": {
212
                          return true;
213
                     }
                     case "n": {
214
215
                         return false;
216
                     }
217
                 }
218
             }
219
        }
220
221
         * Asks the user if they want to apply a teacher's pension
222
223
224
         * @return bool indicating to apply pension or not
         */
        public boolean userApplyPension() {
227
             while (true) {
228
                 System.out.println(
229
                     "Do you want to apply a teachers pension? (y/n)"
230
231
                 // Normalise characters to lowercase
                 String parkingInput = scanner.nextLine().toLowerCase();
232
233
                 switch (parkingInput) {
234
                     case "y": {
235
                         return true;
236
                     }
                     case "n": {
237
238
                         return false;
239
                     }
240
                 }
             }
241
242
        }
243 }
```

#### Employee.java

```
1
   package usw.employeepay;
2
3 public class Employee {
4
5
       private final int employeeNum;
6
       private final String name;
       private Salary employeeSalary;
9
10
       * Creates employee
11
12
        * @param name
                              Employee name
13
        * @param employeeNum Employee number
14
15
       public Employee(String name, int employeeNum) {
           this.name = name;
16
           this.employeeNum = employeeNum;
17
       }
18
19
       public String getName() {
20
21
           return name;
22
23
24
       public int getEmployeeNum() {
25
           return employeeNum;
26
27
28
       public Salary getSalary() {
29
           return employeeSalary;
31
32
       /**
33
        * Adds Salary to Employee
34
        * @param employeeSalary Salary object
        */
       public void setEmployeeSalary(Salary employeeSalary) {
37
           this.employeeSalary = employeeSalary;
39
       }
40 }
```

#### Salary.java

```
package usw.employeepay;

import java.math.BigDecimal;
import java.math.RoundingMode;
import java.util.LinkedHashMap;
import java.util.Map;
```

```
8
   /**
    * Class that contains information and methods related to Salary.
    * Includes: income tax, national insurance, pensions, and
10
   * parking charges
11
   */
13 public class Salary {
14
15
       iRateIO rateIO;
16
17
18
        * BigDecimal used as we are working with money
        * Avoids errors concerning floating-point representation
19
20
        */
21
       private BigDecimal grossSalary;
       private BigDecimal netSalary;
22
23
       private BigDecimal totalDeductions = new BigDecimal("0");
       private BigDecimal totalIncomeTax;
24
25
       private BigDecimal totalNI;
26
       private BigDecimal totalPension;
       private BigDecimal totalParking;
27
28
29
       public Salary(BigDecimal grossSalary, iRateIO rateIO) {
30
           this.grossSalary = grossSalary;
           netSalary = grossSalary;
31
           this.rateI0 = rateI0;
32
       }
34
       public static BigDecimal convertMonthly(BigDecimal amount) {
           return amount.divide(new BigDecimal("12"), 2, RoundingMode.
               HALF_UP);
37
       }
38
        * Applies required deductions: income tax, national insurance
40
41
       public void applyMandatoryDeductions() {
42
43
           applyIncomeTax();
44
           applyNationalInsurance();
45
       }
46
47
       public void applyIncomeTax() {
48
           totalIncomeTax = applyPaymentBands(grossSalary,
49
               rateI0.getTaxBands()
           totalDeductions = totalDeductions.add(totalIncomeTax);
51
52
           netSalary = netSalary.subtract(totalIncomeTax);
53
       }
54
       public void applyNationalInsurance() {
56
           totalNI = applyPaymentBands(grossSalary,
```

```
57
                rateIO.getNationalInsurance()
58
            );
59
            totalDeductions = totalDeductions.add(totalNI);
            netSalary = netSalary.subtract(totalNI);
61
        }
62
        public void applyPension() {
            totalPension = applyPaymentBands(grossSalary,
64
65
                rateIO.getPensionBands()
            totalDeductions = totalDeductions.add(totalPension);
68
            netSalary = netSalary.subtract(totalPension);
        }
71
        public void applyParkingCharge() {
72
            // Monthly parking * 12
73
            totalParking = rateIO.getMonthlyParking().multiply(
                new BigDecimal("12")
74
            totalDeductions = totalDeductions.add(totalParking);
            netSalary = netSalary.subtract(totalParking);
77
78
        }
79
80
81
         * Applies payment bands to income dynamically
82
83
         * @param income
                               Accepts BigDecimals, no negatives
84
         * @param paymentBands LinkedHashMap containing, the taxBand first,
                                then the taxRate, overflow tax rates
                                should be denoted with a negative
87
                                on the band
         * @return Total payment on income after paymentBands applied
88
89
         */
90
        private BigDecimal applyPaymentBands(BigDecimal income,
           LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> paymentBands) {
91
            BigDecimal totalPayment = new BigDecimal("0");
            BigDecimal previousBracket = new BigDecimal("0");
            for (Map.Entry<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> entry : paymentBands.
                entrySet()) {
96
                BigDecimal currentBracket = entry.getKey();
97
                BigDecimal bracketRate = entry.getValue;
98
                 * If the payment is in a band denoted with a negative
                 * number then it is overflow, and applies
102
                 * that rate to rest of salary
103
                if (currentBracket.compareTo(BigDecimal.ZERO) < 0) {</pre>
104
105
                   /* totalPayment = totalPayment +
```

```
106
                      * (income - previousBand) * taxRate
107
                      */
                     totalPayment = totalPayment.add(
                         income.subtract(previousBracket).multiply(
                             bracketRate).setScale(2,RoundingMode.HALF_UP)
110
                     );
111
                 } else if (income.compareTo(entry.getKey()) > 0) {
112
                     /* If the income is greater than the current
113
                      * payment band
114
                      */
115
116
                     /* totalPayment = totalPayment +
                      * (currentBracket - previousBand) * taxRate
117
118
                      * It then rounds to 2 decimal places
119
                     totalPayment = totalPayment.add((
120
121
                         entry.getKey().subtract(previousBracket)).multiply(
122
                             entry.getValue()).setScale(2, RoundingMode.
                                 HALF_UP)
123
                     );
124
125
                 } else if ((income.compareTo(previousBracket) > 0) && (
                    income.compareTo(entry.getKey()) < 0)) {</pre>
126
                     /* If the income is smaller than the current payment
                      * band
127
                      */
                     /* Get the leftover money in the band */
130
131
                     BigDecimal bracketAmount = income.subtract(
                        previousBracket);
132
                     /* apply tax to the leftover amount in the band
133
                      * totalPayment = totalPayment +
134
                      * (leftoverAmount * taxRate)
135
                     totalPayment = totalPayment.add(
136
137
                         bracketAmount.multiply(entry.getValue()).setScale
                             (2, RoundingMode.HALF_UP)
138
139
                     /* Since income is smaller than current band, won't
                      * make it to next band, break out of loop
140
                      */
141
142
                     break;
143
                 }
144
                 previousBracket = entry.getKey();
145
             }
146
             return totalPayment;
147
        }
148
149
        public void setSalary(BigDecimal grossSalary) {
             this.grossSalary = grossSalary;
150
151
             netSalary = grossSalary;
```

```
152
             applyMandatoryDeductions();
153
        }
154
155
        public void setRateIO(iRateIO rateIO) {
             this.rateI0 = rateI0;
157
             applyMandatoryDeductions();
158
        }
159
160
        public BigDecimal getGrossSalary() {
             return grossSalary;
        }
163
        public BigDecimal getMonthlySalary() {
164
165
             return convertMonthly(grossSalary);
166
        }
167
168
        public BigDecimal getTaxableAmount() {
             return grossSalary.subtract(new BigDecimal("12570"));
169
170
171
        public BigDecimal getIncomeTaxAmount() {
172
173
             return totalIncomeTax;
174
175
176
        public BigDecimal getNIAmount() {
177
             return totalNI;
178
        }
179
        public BigDecimal getPensionAmount() {
181
             return totalPension;
182
        }
183
184
        public BigDecimal getTotalParking() {
185
             return totalParking;
        }
186
187
188
        public BigDecimal getTotalDeductions() {
189
             return totalDeductions;
190
191
192
        public BigDecimal getNetSalary() {
193
             return netSalary;
194
        }
195
         public BigDecimal getMonthlyNetSalary() {
196
197
             return netSalary.divide(
198
                 new BigDecimal("12"), 2, RoundingMode.HALF_UP
199
             );
200
        }
201 }
```

#### iRateIO.java

```
package usw.employeepay;
3 import java.math.BigDecimal;
4 import java.util.LinkedHashMap;
5
6 /**
   * Interface for RateIO. Multiple implementations that use file
  * reading, and mocked set values for testing purposes
10 public interface iRateIO {
       LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> getTaxBands();
11
       LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> getNationalInsurance();
13
14
       LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> getPensionBands();
15
16
17
       BigDecimal getMonthlyParking();
18 }
```

#### RateIO.java

```
package usw.employeepay;
3 import java.io.IOException;
4 import java.math.BigDecimal;
5 import java.nio.file.Files;
6 import java.nio.file.Paths;
7 import java.util.Arrays;
8 import java.util.LinkedHashMap;
9 import java.util.List;
10
public class RateIO implements iRateIO {
12
       private final LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> taxBands = new
          LinkedHashMap<>();
       private final LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> pensionBands =
13
          new LinkedHashMap<>();
       private final LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal>
14
          nationalInsurance = new LinkedHashMap<>();
15
       private BigDecimal monthlyParking;
16
17
       /**
18
        * Reads a CSV for tax bands, national insurance, and
19
        * @param filePath String of file path
20
        * @throws IOException If file does not exist / is not found
21
       public RateIO(String filePath) throws IOException {
23
           List<String> lines = Files.readAllLines(Paths.get(filePath));
24
           // Each line runs the parseLine function
```

```
25
            lines.forEach(line ->
26
                parseLine(Arrays.asList(line.split(",")))
27
            );
28
       }
29
31
        * Handle the separated line and add it to a tax band
        * @param line Line to parse
32
        */
       private void parseLine(List<String> line) {
34
35
            /* Each type of deduction possible in CSV */
            switch (line.get(0)) {
                case "tax" -> taxBands.put(
                    new BigDecimal(line.get(1)),
                    new BigDecimal(line.get(2))
40
                );
41
                case "pension" -> pensionBands.put(
                    new BigDecimal(line.get(1)),
42
43
                    new BigDecimal(line.get(2))
44
                );
                case "nationalInsurance" -> nationalInsurance.put(
45
46
                    new BigDecimal(line.get(1)),
47
                    new BigDecimal(line.get(2))
48
                );
                case "parking" -> monthlyParking = (
49
                    new BigDecimal(line.get(1))
51
                );
           }
52
53
       }
54
55
       public LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> getTaxBands() {
56
            return taxBands;
57
       }
       public LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> getNationalInsurance()
            return nationalInsurance;
61
       }
62
       public LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> getPensionBands() {
63
64
            return pensionBands;
       }
66
       public BigDecimal getMonthlyParking() {
67
            return monthlyParking;
       }
69
70 }
```

#### **Program Unit Tests**

#### SalaryTest.java

```
package usw.employeepay;
2
3 import org.junit.jupiter.api.DisplayName;
4 import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
6 import java.math.BigDecimal;
   import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertEquals;
9
10 class SalaryTest {
11
12
       TestingFakeRateIO testingRateIO = new TestingFakeRateIO();
13
       Salary testSalary = new Salary(
14
           new BigDecimal("45000"), testingRateI0
15
16
       Salary testSalaryDecimal = new Salary(
           new BigDecimal("50000"), testingRateI0
17
18
       );
19
       Salary testSalaryLarge = new Salary(
20
           new BigDecimal("140000"), testingRateI0)
21
       ;
22
23
       @Test
24
       @DisplayName("Calculate monthly salary")
25
       public void monthlySalaryCalculations() {
           BigDecimal expectedMonthlySalary2 = new BigDecimal("3750");
26
27
           assertEquals(0, expectedMonthlySalary2.compareTo(
28
29
               testSalary.getMonthlySalary())
           );
31
32
           BigDecimal expectedMonthlySalary1 = new BigDecimal("4166.67");
           assertEquals(0, expectedMonthlySalary1.compareTo(
34
               testSalaryDecimal.getMonthlySalary())
           );
37
       }
40
       @Test
       @DisplayName("Calculate taxable amount")
41
42
       public void getTaxableAmount() {
43
           BigDecimal expectedTaxableAmount = new BigDecimal("32430.00");
44
45
           assertEquals(0, expectedTaxableAmount.compareTo(
46
               testSalary.getTaxableAmount())
47
```

```
48
       }
49
50
       @Test
51
       @DisplayName("Calculate income tax")
52
        public void calculateIncomeTax() {
            BigDecimal expectedTax = new BigDecimal("6486");
53
54
            testSalary.applyIncomeTax();
55
56
            assertEquals(0, expectedTax.compareTo(
57
                testSalary.getIncomeTaxAmount())
58
            );
59
            BigDecimal expectedTaxLarge = new BigDecimal("44175");
            testSalaryLarge.applyIncomeTax();
62
            assertEquals(0, expectedTaxLarge.compareTo(
63
64
                testSalaryLarge.getIncomeTaxAmount())
65
            );
       }
67
       @Test
       @DisplayName("Calculate national insurance")
70
        void calculateNationalInsurance() {
            BigDecimal expectedNI = new BigDecimal("4251.84");
71
72
            testSalary.applyNationalInsurance();
74
            assertEquals(0, expectedNI.compareTo(
75
                testSalary.getNIAmount())
76
            );
77
       }
78
79
       @Test
80
       @DisplayName("Parking charge applies")
81
       void useParkingCharge() {
            BigDecimal expectedNetSalary = new BigDecimal("34142.16");
82
83
            BigDecimal monthlyParking = new BigDecimal("120.00");
            testSalary.applyMandatoryDeductions();
85
            testSalary.applyParkingCharge();
87
            assertEquals(0, monthlyParking.compareTo(
                testSalary.getTotalParking())
89
            );
90
            assertEquals(0, expectedNetSalary.compareTo(
91
                testSalary.getNetSalary())
            );
       }
94
       @Test
       @DisplayName("Total teachers pension")
        void getTotalTeachersPension() {
            BigDecimal expectedTeachersPension = new BigDecimal("3501.76");
```

```
99
             testSalary.applyPension();
100
             assertEquals(0, expectedTeachersPension.compareTo(
101
102
                 testSalary.getPensionAmount())
             );
104
        }
105
106
        @Test
107
        @DisplayName("Total deductions")
108
        void getTotalDeductions() {
             BigDecimal expectedDeductions = new BigDecimal("10737.84");
110
             testSalary.applyMandatoryDeductions();
111
112
             assertEquals(0, expectedDeductions.compareTo(
113
                 testSalary.getTotalDeductions())
114
             );
115
        }
116
117
        @Test
118
        @DisplayName("Net salary")
        void getNetSalary() {
119
             BigDecimal expectedNetSalary = new BigDecimal("34142.16");
121
             testSalary.applyMandatoryDeductions();
122
             testSalary.applyParkingCharge();
123
             assertEquals(0, expectedNetSalary.compareTo(
124
125
                 testSalary.getNetSalary())
126
             );
127
        }
128 }
```

#### RateIOTest.java

```
1
2
   package usw.employeepay;
4 import org.junit.jupiter.api.BeforeEach;
  import org.junit.jupiter.api.DisplayName;
  import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
  import java.io.IOException;
8
9 import java.math.BigDecimal;
10 import java.util.LinkedHashMap;
11
12 import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertEquals;
13
14 class RateIOTest {
15
       private RateIO rateIO;
16
17 @BeforeEach
```

```
18
        void setUp() {
19
            try {
                rateI0 = new RateI0("rates.csv");
20
21
22
            } catch (IOException e) {
23
                System.out.println(e);
24
            }
25
        }
26
27
        @Test
28
        @DisplayName("CSV tax bands")
29
        void getTaxBands() {
            LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> expectedTaxBands = new
               LinkedHashMap<>();
31
            expectedTaxBands.put(
                new BigDecimal("12570"), new BigDecimal("0.00")
32
            );
34
            expectedTaxBands.put(
                new BigDecimal("50270"), new BigDecimal("0.20")
            );
37
            expectedTaxBands.put(
38
                new BigDecimal("125140"), new BigDecimal("0.40")
39
40
            expectedTaxBands.put(
                new BigDecimal("-1"), new BigDecimal("0.45")
41
42
43
            assertEquals(expectedTaxBands, rateI0.getTaxBands());
44
        }
45
46
        @Test
47
        @DisplayName("NI tax bands")
48
        void getNationalInsurance() {
49
            LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> expectedNationalInsurance
                = new LinkedHashMap<>();
            expectedNationalInsurance.put(
                new BigDecimal("9568"), new BigDecimal("0.00")
51
            );
53
            expectedNationalInsurance.put(
54
                new BigDecimal("-1"), new BigDecimal("0.12")
55
            assertEquals(expectedNationalInsurance, rateIO.
               getNationalInsurance());
57
        }
        @Test
        @DisplayName("Pension tax bands")
61
        void getPensionBands() {
            LinkedHashMap<BigDecimal, BigDecimal> expectedPensionBands =
62
               new LinkedHashMap<>();
63
64
            expectedPensionBands.put(
```

```
new BigDecimal("32135.99"), new BigDecimal("0.074")
65
           );
            expectedPensionBands.put(
                new BigDecimal("43259.99"), new BigDecimal("0.086")
69
           );
           expectedPensionBands.put(
                new BigDecimal("51292.99"), new BigDecimal("0.096")
71
72
73
           expectedPensionBands.put(
                new BigDecimal("67980.99"), new BigDecimal("0.102")
74
75
76
           expectedPensionBands.put(
                new BigDecimal("92597.99"), new BigDecimal("0.113")
77
78
           );
79
           expectedPensionBands.put(
                new BigDecimal("-1"), new BigDecimal("0.117")
80
81
           assertEquals(expectedPensionBands, rateI0.getPensionBands());
82
83
       }
84
85
       @Test
86
       @DisplayName("CSV parking fee")
87
       void getMonthlyParking() {
88
            BigDecimal expectedMonthlyParking = new BigDecimal("10.00");
89
            assertEquals(0, expectedMonthlyParking.compareTo(
90
                rateIO.getMonthlyParking())
91
           );
92
       }
93 }
```

#### UserInterfaceTest.java

```
package usw.employeepay;
2
3 import org.junit.jupiter.api.DisplayName;
4 import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
  import java.io.ByteArrayInputStream;
   import java.util.Scanner;
8
9
  class UserInterfaceTest {
11
       @Test
       @DisplayName("Valid input in name field")
12
13
       void nameValidInput() {
14
15
           String dataIn = "Jake Real\n4324324\n423432";
16
           ByteArrayInputStream in = new ByteArrayInputStream(
17
               dataIn.getBytes()
18
           );
```

```
System.setIn(in);
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

Scanner scanner = new UserInterface(scanner);
userInterface userInput = new UserInterface(scanner);
userInput.createEmployeeLoop();
}
```

#### **Program Outputs**

Running Main.java:

```
1 Welcome to USW Employee Salary Calculator
3 Employee Name: jake
4 Employee number: 43232
5 Yearly salary: 45000
6 45000.00
7 Do you want to apply a parking charge? (y/n)
9 Do you want to apply a teachers pension? (y/n)
10 n
11
12 Calculating yearly net pay...
13
14 Gross salary: £45000.00
15 Taxable amount: £32430.00
16 Tax paid: £6486.00
17 National insurance paid: £4251.84
18
19 Total deductions: £10737.84
20 Yearly net pay: £34262.16
21
22 Calculating monthly net pay...
23
24 Gross salary: £3750.00
25 Taxable amount: £2702.50
26 Tax paid: £540.50
27 National insurance paid: £354.32
28
29 Monthly total deductions: £894.82
30 Monthly net pay: £2855.18
```

#### **Testing input validation:**

Employee number:

```
1 Welcome to USW Employee Salary Calculator
```

#### Salary:

```
1 Welcome to USW Employee Salary Calculator
2 ------
3 Employee Name: Jake
4 Employee number: 5000
5 Yearly salary: -2
6 Negative salaries are not accepted
7 Yearly salary:
```

#### **Unit Test Outputs:**

```
1 [INFO] ------
2 [INFO] TESTS
3 [INFO] -----
4 [INFO] Running usw.employeepay.RateIOTest
5 [INFO] Tests run: 4, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed:
     0.105 s -- in usw.employeepay.RateIOTest
6 [INFO] Running usw.employeepay.UserInterfaceTest
7 Welcome to USW Employee Salary Calculator
9 Employee Name: Employee number: [INFO] Tests run: 1, Failures: 0,
     Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 0.032 s -- in usw.employeepay.
     UserInterfaceTest
10 [INFO] Running usw.employeepay.SalaryTest
11 [INFO] Tests run: 8, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed:
     0.034 s -- in usw.employeepay.SalaryTest
12 [INFO]
13 [INFO] Results:
14 [INFO]
15 [INFO] Tests run: 13, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0
16 [INFO]
  [INFO] -----
18 [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
19 [INFO] -----
20 [INFO] Total time: 1.859 s
21 [INFO] Finished at: 2023-12-01T11:10:30Z
22 [INFO] ------
```

#### These tests include:

- RateIO
  - CSV tax bands
  - CSV NI bands

- CSV pension bands
- CSV parking fee

#### Salary

- Calculate monthly salary
- Calculate and apply parking charge
- Calculate taxable amount
- Calculate total deductions
- Calculate and apply national insurance
- Calculate net salary
- Calculate and apply income tax
- Calculate and apply teachers pension
- UserInterface
  - Valid input in name field

All tests used the specification examples as test values.

Salary tests use a mock implementation of the interface iRateIO based on the coursework specification to avoid failing tests due to a change in the RateIO CSV file.