Experimental evolution protocol

Last edited: Taylor — updated 10/23/2025

Cage setup plan

- Total cages: 6
 - o 3 XO cages
 - o 3 XY cages
- Setup schedule:
 - Week 1: 1 XO cage and 1 XY cage
 - Week 2: 1 XO cage and 1 XY cage
 - Week 3: 1 XO cage and 1 XY cage

Flies per cage

- Total flies per cage: 750
 - 350 males (from XO or XY stock; same male background for all cages except XO vs XY difference)
 - 400 females (20 females from each of 20 isofemale lines; isofemale lines are a different background than XO/XY males)

Materials & Equipment

- 20 isofemale lines
- XO males and XY males (same background; only differ by presence of Y chromosome)
- 6 fly cages
- 30 mL vials (virgin collection and holding flies before cage setup)
- Malt food
- 6 oz bottles for malt food (16 per cage on setup, 4 per cage per week to swap out)
- Cotton rolls
- CO₂ pad
- Permanent markers
- Incubator

- Freezer (-20°C)
- 2 mL tubes

Protocol: Cage setup

- 1. Collect virgin females from each of the 20 isofemale lines.
 - o 20 virgin females per iso line per cage = 400 females total.
- Collect 350 males from XO or XY stock (depending on cage type).
- Add 16 malt food bottles to the cage.
 - Score food and add yeast to each bottle
- 4. Place 400 females and 350 males into the cage.
- 5. Label cage with XO or XY, replicate number, and start date.
- 6. This marks Week 1 for that cage.

Weekly maintenance

- Remove the first row of 4 food bottles.
- Push remaining bottles forward.
- Add cotton rolls to any bottles without cotton.
- Add 4 new malt food bottles at the back.

P1–P2 sperm competition assay (every 10 generations) and 6-week sampling

P1–P2 sperm competition assay (every 6 weeks):

~Look at sperm competition protocol~

6-week sampling and sperm competition schedule:

- Every **6 weeks** from each cage, collect **~100 males and ~100 females** (total ~200 flies) as the routine population sample; freeze and store as fossil-record samples.
- Additionally, at each 6-week timepoint collect an extra ~50 males from each cage to be
 used specifically for the P1–P2 sperm competition assays run that week (these males
 should not be frozen prior to the assay).

- If possible, stagger collections slightly across days to avoid over-handling a single cage on the same day.
- After collection, run the P1–P2 assays using the collected extra 50 males (aim for at least 10–30 trials per cage depending on throughput; prioritize balanced sample sizes across XO and XY replicates).

Quality control

- Label all vials, bottles, and cages.
- Record start date, cage type (XO or XY), and isofemale composition.
- Monitor temperature and humidity daily.
- Keep sample inventory for all frozen flies by date and cage.
- Periodically check for contamination between cages