

Experiment No. 2
Basic gates using universal gates.
Name: Vinith Shetty
Roll Number: 55
Date of Performance:
Date of Submission:

Aim - To realize the gates using universal gates.

Objective -

- 1) To study the realization of basic gates using universal gates.
- 2) Understanding how to construct any combinational logic function using NAND or NOR gates only.

CSL302: Digital Logic & Computer Organization Architecture Lab



Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology

Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

Theory -

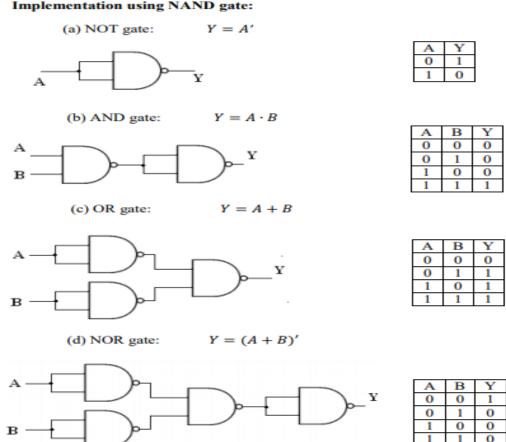
AND, OR, NOT are called basic gates as their logical operation cannot be simplified further. NAND and NOR are called universal gates as using only NAND or only NOR, any logic function can be implemented.

Components required -

- 1. IC's 7400(NAND) 7402(NOR)
- 2. Bread Board.
- 3. Connecting wires.

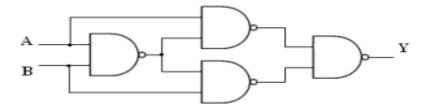
Circuit Diagram -

Implementation using NAND gate:





(e) Ex-OR gate: $Y = A \oplus B$



Α	В	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology

Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

Implementation using NOR gate:



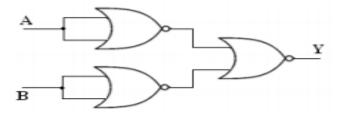
Y = A'



Y
1
0

(b) AND gate:

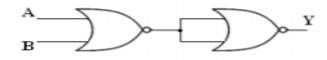
$$Y = A \cdot B$$



Α	В	Y
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

(c) OR gate:

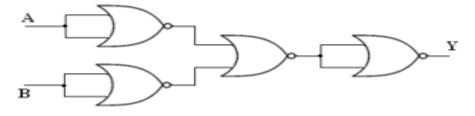
$$Y = A + B$$



Α	В	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

(d) NAND gate:

$$Y = (AB)'$$



Α	В	Y
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

(e) Ex-NOR gate:

$$Y = A \odot B = (A \oplus B)'$$

A B Y	

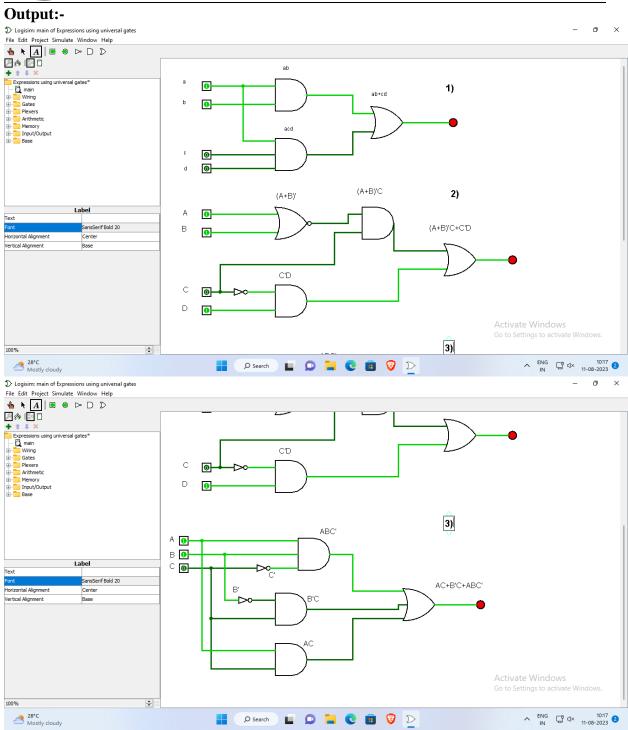
l	A	В	Y
ı	0	0	1
	0	1	0
ĺ	1	0	0
	1	1	1

Procedure:

- a) Connections are made as per the circuit diagrams.
- b) By applying the inputs, the outputs are observed and the operations are verified with the help of truth table.

CSL302: Digital Logic & Computer Organization Architecture Lab







Conclusion: –

Utilizing universal gates to implement basic logic functions (AND, OR, NOT) offers a versatile and efficient approach in digital circuit design. Universal gates like NAND (NOT-AND) and NOR (NOT-OR) gates can individually perform all basic logic functions. This characteristic makes them powerful building blocks for constructing complex logic circuits. By employing only one type of universal gate, one can create any desired logic function. The application of universal gates to perform basic logic functions significantly streamlines the design and implementation of digital circuits.