



**Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology**

**Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science**

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Experiment No.6
To demonstrate CRUD(create,read,update,delete)operation on database using python.
Date of Performance:
Date of Submission:



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### Experiment No:6

**Aim: To demonstrate CRUD(create,read,update,delete)operation on database using python.**

#### **Theory:**

Python can be used to connect the Database.

MySQL is one of the most popular Databases.

Steps to work with the MySQL using Python.

1. Install MySQL Driver
2. Create a connection Object
3. Create a cursor Object
4. Execute the Query

Install MySQL Driver

1. `python -m pip install mysql-connector-python`

#### **Create a Connection Object**

The `mysql.connector` provides the **`connect()`** method used to create a connection between the MySQL database and the Python application. The syntax is given below.

#### **Syntax:**

1. `Conn_obj= mysql.connector.connect(host = <hostname>, user = <username>, passwd = <password>,database=<database>)`

#### **Create a Cursor Object**

The connection object is necessary to create because it provides the multiple working environments the same connection to the database. The **`cursor()`** function is used to create the cursor object. It is import for executing the SQL queries. The syntax is given below.

#### **Syntax:**



1. cursorobj= conn.cursor()

### **Execute the Query**

Use the execute() method of the cursor object to execute the query Cursorobj.execute(SQL statement)

### **Methods**

Following are the various methods provided by the Cursor class/object. 1 callproc() :

2 close():

3 Info():

4 executemany():

5 execute():

6 fetchall()

7 fetchone()

8 fetchmany()

9 etchwarnings()

### **Properties**

Following are the properties of the Cursor class –

1 column\_names

2 description

3 lastrowid

4 rowcount

5 statement



### PROGRAM

1. To create a database

```
import mysql.connector

mydb = mysql.connector.connect(
    host="localhost",
    user="myusername",
    password="mypassword"
)

mycursor = mydb.cursor()

mycursor.execute("CREATE DATABASE mydatabase")
```

#If this page is executed with no error, you have successfully created a database.

### 2.To display Databases

```
import mysql.connector

mydb = mysql.connector.connect(
    host="localhost",
    user="myusername",
    password="mypassword"
)

mycursor = mydb.cursor()

mycursor.execute("SHOW DATABASES")

for x in mycursor:
    print(x)
```

### OUTPUT



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('information\_scheme',)

('mydatabase',)

('performance\_schema',)

('sys',)

### 3.Create table and insert values and update, delete and read the contents.

```
import mysql.connector
```

```
mydb = mysql.connector.connect(
```

```
    host="localhost",
```

```
    user="yourusername",
```

```
    password="yourpassword",
```

```
    database="mydatabase"
```

```
)
```

```
mycursor = mydb.cursor()
```

```
mycursor.execute("CREATE TABLE customers (id INT AUTO_INCREMENT  
PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(255), address VARCHAR(255))")
```

```
mycursor = mydb.cursor()
```

```
sql = "INSERT INTO customers (name, address) VALUES  
(%s, %s)" val = [
```

```
    ('Peter', 'Lowstreet 4'),
```

```
    ('Amy', 'Apple st 652'),
```

```
    ('Hannah', 'Mountain 21'),
```

```
    ('Michael', 'Valley 345'),
```

```
    ('Sandy', 'Ocean blvd 2'),
```

```
    ('Betty', 'Green Grass 1'),
```



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```
('Richard', 'Sky st 331'),
('Susan', 'One way 98'),
('Vicky', 'Yellow Garden 2'),
('Ben', 'Park Lane 38'),
('William', 'Central st 954'),
('Chuck', 'Main Road 989'),
('Viola', 'Sideway 1633')
]

mycursor.executemany(sql, val)

mydb.commit()

print(mycursor.rowcount, "was inserted.")

sql1 = "SELECT * FROM customers WHERE address ='Park
Lane 38'" mycursor.execute(sql1)
```

```
myresult = mycursor.fetchall()

for x in myresult:
    print(x)

sql2 = "UPDATE customers SET address = 'Canyon 123' WHERE address =
'Valley 345'" mycursor.execute(sql2)
```



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```
mydb.commit()
```

```
print(mycursor.rowcount, "record(s) affected")
```

```
sql3 = " DELETE FROM customers WHERE address =  
'Mountain 21'" mycursor.execute(sql3)
```

```
mydb.commit()
```

```
print(mycursor.rowcount, "record(s) deleted")
```

### OUTPUT

13 record was inserted.

(11, 'Ben', 'Park Lane 38')

1 record(s) affected

1 record(s) deleted

**Conclusion:** the experiment successfully showcased the fundamental CRUD operations - create, read, update, and delete - on a database using Python. Through systematic execution and analysis, it was evident that Python's intuitive syntax and powerful libraries offer efficient means to interact with databases, enabling seamless manipulation of data for various applications.