```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
In [25]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, confusion matrix, classification report
         from sklearn.metrics import precision score, accuracy score, confusion matrix, clas
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         from sklearn.metrics import precision score, accuracy score, recall score, confusio
         from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
         # Read the CSV file
         try:
             df = pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\System21\\Desktop\\iris.csv", encoding='utf-8-sig'
             print("CSV file successfully loaded!")
         except Exception as e:
             print(f"Error reading the CSV file: {e}")
             exit() # Exit the script if the file can't be read
         # Check column names for any spaces or hidden characters
         print("Columns in the DataFrame:", df.columns)
         # Strip any leading/trailing spaces in column names if needed
         df.columns = df.columns.str.strip()
         # Check if 'species' column exists
         if 'species' in df.columns:
             print("'species' column found!")
         else:
             print("'species' column not found in the DataFrame.")
             exit() # Exit if 'species' column is missing
         # Split the data into features (X) and target (y)
         X = df.drop(columns=['species']) # Features (drop the 'species' column)
         y = df['species'] # Target (the 'species' column)
         # Check if data is Loaded properly
         print("First few rows of the features (X):")
         print(X.head())
         print("First few rows of the target (y):")
         print(y.head())
         # Split the dataset into training and testing sets (80% train, 20% test)
         try:
             X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random
             print("Data successfully split into training and testing sets!")
             # Print the shapes of the resulting datasets to verify the split
             print("Training features shape:", X train.shape)
```

print("Test features shape:", X\_test.shape)

```
print("Training target shape:", y_train.shape)
    print("Test target shape:", y test.shape)
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error splitting the data: {e}")
# Train the Naive Bayes model
model = GaussianNB()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
# Make predictions on the test set
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
# Evaluate the model's performance
try:
   accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
   precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weighted') # Using 'weigh
   recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred, average='micro') # Using 'micro' average
    conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
   class_report = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)
   # Print the evaluation results
   print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
   print(f"Precision: {precision}")
   print(f"Recall: {recall}")
   print("Confusion Matrix:")
   print(conf_matrix)
   print("Classification Report:")
   print(class report)
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error in evaluation: {e}")
```

CSV file successfully loaded!

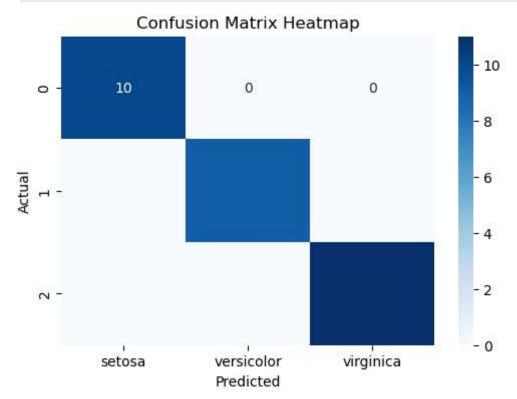
```
Columns in the DataFrame: Index(['sepal_length', 'sepal_width', 'petal_length', 'pet
       al width',
              'species'],
             dtype='object')
       'species' column found!
       First few rows of the features (X):
          sepal_length sepal_width petal_length petal_width
                   5.1
       0
                                3.5
                                              1.4
                                                           0.2
                   4.9
                                3.0
                                              1.4
                                                           0.2
       1
       2
                   4.7
                                                           0.2
                                3.2
                                              1.3
                                                           0.2
       3
                   4.6
                                3.1
                                              1.5
                   5.0
                                3.6
                                              1.4
                                                           0.2
       4
       First few rows of the target (y):
            setosa
       1
            setosa
       2
            setosa
       3
            setosa
            setosa
       Name: species, dtype: object
       Data successfully split into training and testing sets!
       Training features shape: (120, 4)
       Test features shape: (30, 4)
       Training target shape: (120,)
       Test target shape: (30,)
       Accuracy: 1.0
       Precision: 1.0
       Recall: 1.0
       Confusion Matrix:
       [[10 0 0]
       [0 9 0]
        [ 0 0 11]]
       Classification Report:
                     precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                     support
             setosa
                          1.00
                                    1.00
                                              1.00
                                                          10
         versicolor
                          1.00
                                    1.00
                                              1.00
                                                           9
          virginica
                          1.00
                                    1.00
                                              1.00
                                                          11
           accuracy
                                              1.00
                                                          30
          macro avg
                          1.00
                                    1.00
                                              1.00
                                                          30
       weighted avg
                          1.00
                                    1.00
                                              1.00
                                                          30
In [4]: | df = pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\System21\\Desktop\\iris.csv", encoding='utf-8-sig')
        print(df.head())
          sepal_length sepal_width petal_length petal_width species
       0
                   5.1
                                3.5
                                              1.4
                                                           0.2 setosa
                   4.9
                                3.0
       1
                                              1.4
                                                           0.2 setosa
       2
                   4.7
                                3.2
                                                           0.2 setosa
                                              1.3
                   4.6
                                3.1
                                              1.5
                                                           0.2 setosa
       3
       4
                   5.0
                                3.6
                                              1.4
                                                           0.2 setosa
```

```
In [5]: if df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).shape[1] > 0:
          df = pd.get dummies(df, drop first=True)
In [6]: df.dropna(inplace=True)
In [8]: import pandas as pd
         # Read the CSV file
         df = pd.read csv("C:\\Users\\System21\\Desktop\\iris.csv", encoding='utf-8-sig')
         # Check column names for any spaces or hidden characters
         print("Columns in the DataFrame:", df.columns)
         # Strip any Leading/trailing spaces in column names
         df.columns = df.columns.str.strip()
         # Split the data into features (X) and target (y)
         X = df.drop(columns=['species']) # Assuming 'species' is the target variable
         y = df['species']
         # Print the first few rows to confirm the data
         print("Features (X):")
         print(X.head())
         print("Target (y):")
         print(y.head())
        Columns in the DataFrame: Index(['sepal_length', 'sepal_width', 'petal_length', 'pet
        al width',
               'species'],
              dtype='object')
        Features (X):
           sepal_length sepal_width petal_length petal_width
                                 3.5
        0
                    5.1
                                               1.4
                                                            0.2
        1
                    4.9
                                 3.0
                                               1.4
                                                            0.2
        2
                    4.7
                                 3.2
                                               1.3
                                                            0.2
                                               1.5
                                                            0.2
        3
                    4.6
                                 3.1
        4
                                 3.6
                                                            0.2
                    5.0
                                               1.4
        Target (y):
        0
            setosa
        1
             setosa
        2
             setosa
        3
             setosa
             setosa
        Name: species, dtype: object
In [11]: import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         # Read the CSV file
         df = pd.read csv("C:\\Users\\System21\\Desktop\\iris.csv", encoding='utf-8-sig')
         # Check column names for any spaces or hidden characters
         print("Columns in the DataFrame:", df.columns)
         # Strip any leading/trailing spaces in column names
```

```
df.columns = df.columns.str.strip()
         # Split the data into features (X) and target (y)
         X = df.drop(columns=['species']) # Assuming 'species' is the target variable
         y = df['species']
         # Split the dataset into training and testing sets (80% train, 20% test)
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_sta
         # Print the shapes of the resulting datasets to verify the split
         print("Training features shape:", X_train.shape)
         print("Test features shape:", X_test.shape)
         print("Training target shape:", y_train.shape)
         print("Test target shape:", y_test.shape)
        Columns in the DataFrame: Index(['sepal_length', 'sepal_width', 'petal_length', 'pet
        al_width',
               'species'],
              dtype='object')
        Training features shape: (120, 4)
        Test features shape: (30, 4)
        Training target shape: (120,)
        Test target shape: (30,)
In [12]: scaler = StandardScaler()
         X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
         X test = scaler.transform(X test)
In [13]: gaussian = GaussianNB()
         gaussian.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[13]: ▼ GaussianNB
         GaussianNB()
In [14]: y_pred = gaussian.predict(X_test)
In [15]: | accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
In [16]: print("Accuracy:", accuracy)
        Accuracy: 1.0
In [22]: precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weighted') # Using 'weighted'
In [23]: print("Precision:", precision)
        Precision: 1.0
In [26]: recall = recall score(y test, y pred, average='micro')
In [27]: print("Recall:", recall)
        Recall: 1.0
```

setosa	1.00	1.00	1.00	10
versicolor	1.00	1.00	1.00	9
virginica	1.00	1.00	1.00	11
accuracy			1.00	30
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	30

```
In [33]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
    sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=np.unique(y
    plt.xlabel('Predicted')
    plt.ylabel('Actual')
    plt.title('Confusion Matrix Heatmap')
    plt.show()
```



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