

# PMT Reference

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## pmt\_activities\_by\_tax

### Description

Filter activities by classification reporting by a specified taxonomy.

### Parameter(s)

1. tax\_id (integer) – Required. Taxonomy\_id to classify returned activities.
2. data\_group (integer) - Optional. Restrict data to a single data group.
3. country\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to country(ies).

### Result

1. a\_id (integer) – activity\_id.
2. title (character varying) – title of activity.
3. c\_ids (text) – comma separated list of classification\_ids associated to activity from taxonomy specified by tax\_id.

### Example(s)

- Activities by Sector (taxonomy\_id:15) from World Bank data group (classification\_id:772):

```
select * from pmt_activities_by_tax(15, 772, '');
```

a_id	Title	c_ids
32757	"SA Trade & Trans Facilitation Project"	"575,623,624"
32759	"3A-Southern Afr Power Mrkt APL 1 (FY04)"	"637,717"
32765	"3A-CEMAC Regional Institutions Support"	"651,652,653"
...	...	...

## pmt\_activity\_listview

### Description

Filter activity and organization by classification, organization and date range, reporting a specified taxonomy with pagination.

### Parameter(s)

1. tax\_id (integer) – Required. Taxonomy\_id to classify returned activities.
2. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
3. organization\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s).
4. unassigned\_tax\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).
5. orderby (text) – Optional. Order by result columns.
6. limit\_rec (integer) – Optional. Maximum number of returned records.
7. offset\_rec (integer) – Optional. Number of records to offset the return records by.

### Result

Json with the following:

1. a\_id (integer) – activity\_id.

2. a\_name (character varying) – title of activity.
3. a\_desc (character varying) – description of activity.
4. a\_date1 (date) – start date of activity.
5. o\_id (integer) – organization\_id.
6. o\_name (character varying) – name of organization.
7. r\_name (character varying) – classification name of classification related to activity from the taxonomy specified in tax\_id.

#### Example(s)

- Activity & Organization by Sector (taxonomy\_id:15) in Nepal (classification\_id:771) and organization participant is Funding (classification\_id:496). Order the data by activity title (a\_name). Limit the number of rows returned to 10 with an offset of 100:

```
select * from pmt_activity_listview(15, '771,496', '', '', 'a_name', 10, 100);

{
  "a_id":16664,
  "a_name":"Action for Social Inclusion of Children Affected by Armed Conflict in Nepal (ASIC)",
  "a_desc":"Children and families affected by Armed conflict got support",
  "a_date1":"2010-01-01",
  "o_id":389,
  "o_name":"European Union",
  "r_name":"Servicios sociales o de bienestar"
}
```

### pmt\_activity\_listview\_ct

#### Description

Total record count for pmt\_activity\_listview. Sending the same filter parameters as pmt\_activity\_listview will provide the total record count. Used to assist with pagination.

#### Parameter(s)

1. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
2. organization\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s)
3. unassigned\_tax\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).

#### Result

Integer of number of records.

#### Example(s)

- Number of Activity & Organization records in Nepal (classification\_id:771) and organization participant is Funding (classification\_id:496):

```
select * from pmt_activity_listview_ct('771,496', '', '');

888
```

## pmt\_bytea\_import

### Description

Converts text into bytea. Used in combination with PostgreSQL `convert_from()` to import xml documents as an xml data type. (Jack Douglas)<sup>1</sup>

### Parameter(s)

1. (text) – any text, or document.

### Result

Text as bytea.

### Example(s)

- Convert utf-8 formatted xml file in the temp directory called file.xml into the xml data type:

```
convert_from(pmt_bytea_import('/temp/file.xml'), 'utf-8')::xml
```

## pmt\_category\_root

### Description

A taxonomy can have a taxonomy category and a taxonomy category can have a taxonomy category. This function returns the base or root taxonomy\_id of any taxonomy.

### Parameter(s)

1. id (integer) – Required. The category taxonomy.
2. data\_group (integer) – Optional. The data group classification id.

### Result

Integer of root taxonomy\_id.

### Example(s)

- Return the root taxonomy for the PMT Sector Category (taxonomy\_id:16) taxonomy category:

```
select pmt_category_root(16, null);
```

```
15
```

## pmt\_countries

### Description

Filter countries by classifications.

### Parameter(s)

1. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).

---

<sup>1</sup> Douglas, Jack. "SQL to read XML from file into PostgreSQL database." StackExchange Database Administrators Nov 2011. Web. 02 Aug 2013 <http://dba.stackexchange.com/questions/8172/sql-to-read-xml-from-file-into-postgresql-database>

## Result

Json with the following:

1. c\_id (integer) – classification\_id.
2. name (character varying(255)) – name of country.
3. bounds (json object) – bounding box of country.

## Example(s)

- Country for Afghanistan:

```
select * from pmt_countries('24');
```

```
{
  "c_id":24,
  "name":"afghanistan",
  "bounds":{"
    \"type\": \"Polygon\",
    \"coordinates\": [[[60.4758911132812,29.3773193359375],[60.4758911132812,38.49072
265625],[74.889892578125,38.49072265625],[74.889892578125,29.3773193359375],[60.
4758911132812,29.3773193359375]]]]
  }
```

## pmt\_data\_groups

## Description

Returns data groups.

## Parameter(s)

None.

## Result

1. a\_id (integer) – activity\_id.
2. title (character varying) – title of activity.
3. c\_ids (text) – comma separated list of classification\_ids associated to activity from taxonomy specified by tax\_id.

## Example(s)

- Get data groups:

```
select * from pmt_data_groups();
```

c_id	Name
768	"AFDB"
769	"Bolivia"
770	"Malawi"
...	...

### Description

Filter locations by classification, organization and date range, reporting a specified taxonomy.

### Parameter(s)

1. tax\_id (integer) – Required. Taxonomy\_id to classify returned locations.
2. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
3. organization\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s).
4. unassigned\_tax\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).
5. start\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with end\_date parameter.
6. end\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with start\_date parameter.

### Result

Ordered by georef.

1. l\_id (integer) – Location\_id.
2. g\_id (character varying(20)) – geo-reference format of the location.
3. r\_ids (text) – comma separated list of classification\_ids associated to location from taxonomy specified by tax\_id.

### Example(s)

- Locations by Focus Crop taxonomy (taxonomy\_id:22) where there are Legumes (classification\_id:816) or no Focus Crop and BMGF (organization\_id:13) is a participant:

```
select * from pmt_filter_locations(22, '816', '13', '22', null, null);
```

l_id	g_id	r_ids
2690	"HDKM37051601"	"816,818,819,820,822,841"
2710	"HDL27305730"	"816,818,819,820,822,841"
4674	"HDL27305730"	"816,818,819,820,822,841"
...	...	...

### Description

Filter locations by classification, organization and date range, reporting associated organization(s).

### Parameter(s)

1. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
2. organization\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s).
3. unassigned\_tax\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).
4. start\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with end\_date parameter.
5. end\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with start\_date parameter.

## Result

Ordered by georef.

1. l\_id (integer) – Location\_id.
2. g\_id (character varying(20)) – geo-reference format of the location.
3. r\_ids (text) – comma separated list of organization\_ids related to location.

## Example(s)

- Locations by organization for World Bank data group (classification\_id:722) in the country of Bolivia (classification\_id:50):

```
select * from pmt_filter_orgs('772,50', '', '', null, null);
```

l_id	g_id	r_ids
35814	"HEFN40004660"	"365,443,939"
35919	"HEFP49605860"	"365,443,941"
35539	"HEFP55005100"	"365,443,933"
...	...	...

## pmt\_filter\_projects

## Description

Filter projects by classification, organization and date range.

## Parameter(s)

1. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
2. organization\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s)
3. unassigned\_tax\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).
4. start\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with end\_date parameter.
5. end\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with start\_date parameter.

## Result

Ordered by project\_id.

1. p\_id (integer) – project\_id.
2. a\_ids (text) – comma separated list of filtered activity\_ids associated to the project.

## Example(s)

- Projects for AGRA data group (classification\_id:769) where AGRA (organization\_id:27) is a participant with activities between Jan 1, 2010 to Jan 1, 2012:

```
select * from pmt_filter_projects( '769', '27', '', '1-1-2010', '1-1-2012');
```

p_id	a_ids
661	"13053,13195,13238,13261"
662	"13034,13209"
663	"13147,13151"
...	...



## pmt\_isdate

### Description

Validates a text value for date data type

### Parameter(s)

1. (text) – any text value to be tested.

### Result

True or false.

### Example(s)

```
select pmt_isdate('14-1-2012');  
FALSE
```

```
select pmt_isdate('2012-1-13');  
TRUE
```

## pmt\_isnumeric

### Description

Validates a text value for numeric data type

### Parameter(s)

1. (text) – any text value to be tested.

### Result

True or false.

### Example(s)

```
select pmt_isnumeric('');  
FALSE
```

```
select pmt_isnumeric(null);  
TRUE
```

## pmt\_locations\_by\_org

### Description

Filter locations by classification, organization and date range, reporting associated organization(s).

### Parameter(s)

1. class\_id (integer) – Optional. classification\_id to restrict organizations by.
2. data\_group (integer) – Optional. Restrict data to a single data group.
3. country\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to country(ies).

### Result

Ordered by georef.

1. l\_id (integer) – Location\_id.
2. x (integer) – x coordinate.
3. y (integer) – y coordinate.
4. r\_ids (text) – comma separated list of organization\_ids associated to location.

#### Example(s)

- Locations by organization for World Bank data group (classification\_id:772) in the country of Bolivia (classification\_id:50):

```
select * from pmt_locations_by_org (null, 772, '50');
```

l_id	x	y	r_ids
35814	-7718151	-1946061	"365,443,939"
35919	-7699599	-1806653	"365,443,941"
35539	-7690321	-1822100	"365,443,933"
...	...	...	...

### pmt\_locations\_by\_tax

#### Description

Filter locations by classification, organization and date range, reporting a specified taxonomy.

#### Parameter(s)

1. tax\_id (integer) – Required. Taxonomy\_id to classify returned locations.
2. data\_group (integer) - Optional. Restrict data to a single data group.
3. country\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to country(ies).

#### Result

Ordered by georef.

1. l\_id (integer) – Location\_id.
2. x (integer) – x coordinate.
3. y (integer) – y coordinate.
4. r\_ids (text) – comma separated list of classification\_ids associated to location from taxonomy specified by tax\_id.

#### Example(s)

- Locations by Sector taxonomy (taxonomy\_id:10) for World Bank data group (classification\_id:772) in the country of Bolivia (classification\_id:50):

```
select * from pmt_locations_by_tax (10, 772, '50');
```

l_id	x	y	r_ids
35814	-7718151	-1946061	"495,496,497"
35919	-7699599	-1806653	"495,496,497"
35539	-7690321	-1822100	"495,496,497"
...	...	...	...

### Description

Organizations participating in projects or/and activities.

### Parameter(s)

1. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).

### Result

Ordered by most used. Json with the following:

1. o\_id (integer) – organization\_id.
2. name (character varying(255)) – name of organization.

### Example(s)

- Organizations participating in activities in the AFDB data group (classification\_id:768) in Cameroon (classification\_id:62):

```
select * from pmt_org_inuse('768,62');
```

```
{
  "o_id":1,
  "name":"AfDB"
}
```

### Description

Filter project, activity and organization participation by classification, organization and date range, reporting a specified taxonomy with pagination.

### Parameter(s)

1. tax\_id (integer) – Required. Taxonomy\_id to classify returned projects.
2. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
3. organization\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s)
4. unassigned\_tax\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).
5. orderby (text) – Optional. Order by result columns.
6. limit\_rec (integer) – Optional. Maximum number of returned records.
7. offset\_rec (integer) – Optional. Number of records to offset the return records by.

### Result

Json with the following:

1. p\_id (integer) – project\_id.
2. title (character varying) – title of project.
3. a\_ids (integer array) – list of activity\_ids for project.

4. org (character varying) – accountable organization name.
5. f\_orgs (character varying) – funding organization name(s).
6. c\_name (character varying) – classification name of classification related to project from the taxonomy specified in tax\_id.

#### Example(s)

- BMGF data group (classification\_id:768) projects by Initiative (taxonomy\_id:23). Order the data by project title (title). Limit the number of rows returned to 10 with an offset of 20 records:

```
select * from pmt_project_listview(23, '768', '', '', 'title', 10, 20);

{
  "p_id":615,
  "title":"Community knowledge workers for Ugandan agriculture",
  "a_ids":[
    11946,11947,11948,11949,11950,11951,11952,11953,11954,11955,11956,11957,11958,11959,11960,11961,11962,11963,11964,11965,11966,11967,11968,11969,11970,11971
  ],
  "org":"Grameen Foundation USA",
  "f_orgs":"BMGF",
  "c_name":"Access & Markets"
}...
```

### pmt\_project\_listview\_ct

#### Description

Total record count for pmt\_project\_listview. Sending the same filter parameters as pmt\_project\_listview will provide the total record count. Used to assist with pagination.

#### Parameter(s)

1. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
2. organization\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s).
3. unassigned\_tax\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).

#### Result

Integer of number of records.

#### Example(s)

- Number of Project records for BMGF data group (classification\_id:768):

```
select * from pmt_project_listview_ct('768', '', '');

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```

### pmt\_tax\_inuse

#### Description

Taxonomy and associated classifications that are in use by any project, activity or location.

### Parameter(s)

1. data\_group\_id (integer) – Optional. Restrict data to data group.
2. taxonomy\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to taxonomy(ies).
3. country\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to country(ies).

### Result

Ordered by most used. Json with the following:

1. t\_id (integer) – taxonomy\_id.
2. name (character varying(255)) – name of taxonomy.
3. Is\_cat (boolean) – is/not a taxonomy category.
4. cat\_id (integer) – taxonomy\_id of the taxonomy category for this taxonomy.
5. classifications (object) – classifications in use for this taxonomy.
  - a. c\_id (integer) – classification\_id.
  - b. cat\_id (integer) – classification\_id for the category classification.
  - c. name (character varying(255)) – the name of the classification.

### Example(s)

- Taxonomy/classifications for the World Bank data group (classification\_id:772) in Bolivia (classification\_id:50):

```
select * from pmt_tax_inuse(772, '', '50');

...{
  "t_id":15,
  "name":"Sector",
  "is_cat":false,
  "cat_id":14,
  "classifications":
  [
    {
      "c_id":731,
      "cat_id":552,
      "name":"Desarrollo rural"
    },
    {
      "c_id":636,
      "cat_id":540,
      "name":"Power generation/renewable sources"
    },
    ...
  ]
}
{
  "t_id":14,
  "name":"Sector Category",
  "is_cat":true,
  "cat_id":16,
  "classifications":
  [
    {
      "c_id":552,
      "cat_id":765,
      "name":"Other multisector"
    }
  ]
}
```

```

    },
    ...
    {
      "c_id":540,
      "cat_id":764,
      "name":"ENERGY GENERATION AND SUPPLY"},
    ...
  ]
}

```

## pmt\_stat\_counts

### Description

Statistics function providing filterable counts for project, activity, implementing organizations and districts.

### Parameter(s)

1. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
2. organization\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s)
3. unassigned\_tax\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).
4. start\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with end\_date parameter.
5. end\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with start\_date parameter.

### Result

Json with the following:

1. p\_ct (integer) – project count.
2. a\_ct (integer) – activity count.
3. o\_ct (integer) – implementing organization count.
4. d\_ct (integer) – district count.

### Example(s)

- Statistic counts for BMGF data group (classification\_id:768):

```
SELECT * FROM pmt_stat_counts('768', '', '', null, null);
```

```

{
  "p_ct":80,
  "a_ct":6112,
  "o_ct":602,
  "d_ct":1405
}

```

## pmt\_stat\_project\_by\_tax

### Description

Statistics function providing filterable counts for project by taxonomy

#### Parameter(s)

1. `tax_id` (integer) – Required. Taxonomy\_id to classify returned project counts.
2. `classification_ids` (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
3. `organization_ids` (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s)
4. `unassigned_tax_ids` (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).
5. `start_date` (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with `end_date` parameter.
6. `end_date` (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with `start_date` parameter.

#### Result

Json with the following:

1. `c_id` (integer) – classification\_id.
2. `p_ct` (integer) – project count.

#### Example(s)

- Project counts for BMGF data group (`classification_id:768`) by Initiative taxonomy (`taxonomy_id:23`):

```
SELECT * FROM pmt_stat_project_by_tax(23, '768', '', '', null, null);
```

```
{
  {"c_id":823,"p_ct":34}
  {"c_id":824,"p_ct":13}
  {"c_id":829,"p_ct":2}
  {"c_id":831,"p_ct":23}
  {"c_id":839,"p_ct":8}
}
```

### pmt\_stat\_activity\_by\_tax

#### Description

Statistics function providing filterable counts for activity by taxonomy.

#### Parameter(s)

1. `tax_id` (integer) – Required. Taxonomy\_id to classify returned activity counts.
2. `classification_ids` (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
3. `organization_ids` (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s)
4. `unassigned_tax_ids` (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).
5. `start_date` (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with `end_date` parameter.
6. `end_date` (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with `start_date` parameter.

#### Result

Json with the following:

1. `c_id` (integer) – classification\_id.

2. a\_ct (integer) – activity count.

#### Example(s)

- Activity counts for BMGF data group (classification\_id:768) by Sub-Initiative taxonomy (taxonomy\_id:17):

```
SELECT * FROM pmt_stat_activity_by_tax(17, '768', '', '17', null, null);
```

```
{
  {"c_id":771,"a_ct":220}
  {"c_id":773,"a_ct":297}
  {"c_id":774,"a_ct":155}
  {"c_id":778,"a_ct":18}
  {"c_id":779,"a_ct":16}
  {"c_id":780,"a_ct":1060}
  {"c_id":783,"a_ct":378}
  {"c_id":784,"a_ct":432}
  {"c_id":786,"a_ct":378}
  {"c_id":788,"a_ct":2337}
  {"c_id":791,"a_ct":20}
  {"c_id":null,"a_ct":345}
}
```

#### pmt\_stat\_orgs\_by\_activity

#### Description

Statistics function providing filterable counts for TOP TEN implementing organizations by activity classified by taxonomy.

#### Parameter(s)

1. tax\_id (integer) – Required. Taxonomy\_id to classify returned activity counts.
2. classification\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to classification(s).
3. organization\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Restrict data to organization(s)
4. unassigned\_tax\_ids (character varying) – Optional. Include data without assignments to specified taxonomy(ies).
5. start\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with end\_date parameter.
6. end\_date (date) – Optional. Restrict data to a data range. Used with start\_date parameter.

#### Result

Json with the following:

1. o\_id (integer) – organization\_id.
2. a\_ct (integer) – activity count.
3. a\_by\_tax (json object):
  - a. c\_id (integer) – classification id.
  - b. a\_ct (integer) – number of activities with classification id in a\_ct above.



#### Example(s)

- Top ten implementing organizations by activity counts for BMGF data group (classification\_id:768) by Initiative taxonomy (taxonomy\_id:23):

```
SELECT * FROM pmt_stat_orgs_by_activity(23, '768', '', '', null, null);
```

```
{
  "o_id":334,
  "a_ct":646,
  "a_by_tax":[
    {
      "c_id":823,
      "a_ct":625
    },
    {
      "c_id":831,
      "a_ct":21
    }
  ]
}
...
```