

Samdos
express

SAMDOS

Express

Technology.

Electronic Past Questions

Samdos
Express.

Designed by
#Sheygun
#Team Samdos

LAGOS STATE UNIVERSITY, OJO

2015/2016 HARMATTAN SEMESTER EXAMINATION

GNS 201: Lagos, Nigeria and African History **OPTION C**

2015/16 Harmattan Examination

Instructions: Attempt all questions. USE THE FIRST 10 Minutes to complete the information section and 1 hour for the examination.

1. Which of the following administrative structure made use of native ruler in their administration (a) Superstructure (b) Infrastructure (c) Direct rule (d) None of the above?
2. The French revolution promoted three cardinal principle (a) Fraternity equality and liberty (b) freedom togetherness and fairness (c) association equality and freedom (d) liberty, equality and freedom.
3. One of the effects of colonialism was that..... (a) it disorganise Africa's political system (b) it erodes Africa's traditional authority (c) It led to the destruction of Africa's institutions and structures (d) All of the above.
4. Songhai empire lasted for how many years (a) 350 (b) 320 (c) 250 (d) 450
5.was the oldest colonial power in Africa (a) Britam (b) France (c) Portugal (d) Spain.
6. Which of the Yoruba traditional ruler has its power increased under colonial rule in Africa (a) Akintoye (b) Awujale (c) Kosoko (d) Alaafin Aole?
7. Centralise and federate monarchies can be found among the.....(a) Mende (b) Massai (c) Pygmy (d) Ngoni.
8. In Ghana, the Akan people are noted for using the..... age group for 'destooling' the traditional rulers (a) Asafo (b) Secret societies (c) Associations (d) All of the above.
9. The idea that commercial and scientific stations be built across Africa between the Zanzibar and the Atlantic was mooted by (a) King James IV of England (b) King Leopold II of Belgium (c) King Leopold III of Belgium (d) All of the above.
10. ----- is one of the keystones of African culture. (a) dancing (b) singing (c) Religion (d) Basics
11. One of the activities that takes place in the shrine is----- (a) Political (b) destruction (c) violation (d) interaction
12. The names of divinities depict the -----through which they manifest (a) commanding phenomenon (b) natural phenomenon (c)compromising phenomenon (d)conflicting phenomenon
13. In African societies the king is believed to be a-----figure. social (b)comic (c) sacred (d)public
14. Lake Assai is presently located in ----- (a) Eritrea (b) Somalia (c) Ethiopia (d) Djibouti
15. The largest river in Africa is ----- (a) Zaire (b) Nile (c) Zambezi (d) Niger
16. The biggest Country in terms of land area in Africa is ----- (a) Sudan (b) Algeria (c) Egypt (d) Nigeria
17. The Country with the highest population density in Africa is ----- (a) Nigeria (b) Ghana (c) Algeria (d) Mauritius
18. The Arabs and Berbers of North Africa have close ties with the cultures of South West ----- (a) Asia (b) Europe (c)Nigeria (d) America
19. The highest point in Africa is the ----- (a) Mt Everest (b) Jos-Plateau (c) Mt Sinai (d) Kilimanjaro
20. The Savannah vegetation is described as a grass-land with (a) Small trees (b) Clustered trees (c) Tall trees (d) Scattered trees

11. Kusu and Akum tribes in modern Sudan and Ethiopia developed from -----
civilizations (a) Egypt (b) Romans (c) Arabs (d) Afro western
22. The Egyptian civilizations influenced both ----- and ----- (a) Carthaginians
and Arabs (b) Arabs and Romans (c) Romans and Nile (d) Romans and Carthaginians
23. The Bantus are originally from modern day (a) South Africa (b) Lesotho (c) Ghana
Cameroons
24. The first geo-political zone in Nigeria to have had contact with Islam was (A) North Central
(B) North West (C) North East (D) South West
25. The Islamic organization which emerged about two decades ago in direct response to
Pentecostal Christianity is (A) Ansar-ud-deen (B) NASFAT (C) NADWAT (D) Ahmadiyyah
26. The Islamic singer who sang "E ye pe Musulumi loni male...." in the early 80's was (A)
Abdul-Lateef Olotu (B) Wasiu Sadiq (C) Abdullah Akinbode (D) Abdul-Wahab Falowo
27. The first contact of Islam with any part of what is now called Nigeria occurred during the
reign of emperor ----- (A) Sundiata (B) Idris Alooma (C) Mansa Musa (D) Sumanguru
28. The general who is credited in history to have planted permanently the seed of Islam in Africa
was (A) Khalid bn Walid (B) Hajjaj bn Yusuf (C) 'Amr bn 'As (D) 'Uqbah bn Nafi'
29. The Ifa corpus "Ile la ba'fa, ile laba'male, osan gangan ni'gbagbo wole de" suggests that (A)
Islam predates Christianity in Yorubaland (B) Islam arrives in Yorubaland the same time with
Christianity (C) Ifa and Islam means the same thing (D) None of the above
30. The Christian king who granted the early Muslim emigrants asylum in Abyssinia was (A)
Abraha Ashram (B) Al-Mawqawqas (C) Negus (D) Nimrod
1. All of the following combined to dent the image of Nigeria as civilized nation except
Annulment of the Presidential election of June 12. B. Patronage of Military rule under Gen. Sani
Abacha. C. Ken Saro Wiwa Saga. D. Human right violation. E. New direction in political
patronage.
2. When Nigeria returned to civilian rule in 1999, an urgent diplomatic task was A. To
reverse her Pariah status. B. To settle her economic problem. C. Political transition
programme D. All the above.
3. The doctrines of non-recognition of military regimes was forcefully articulated in December 1999
by Nigerian Foreign Minister (1999-2003). A. Prof. Bolaji Akinyeimi. B. Sule Lamido.
C. Prof. Ibrahim Gambari. D. Gen. Ike Nwacjukwu. E. Dr. Okoi Arikpo.
4. Nigeria's foreign policy in Africa over the years is described as A. Eurocentric b.
Concentric cycle. C. Afro-centric. D. Diaspora. E. All the above.
5. Largely as a result of not been averse to the pragmatic, non-ideological and compromise approach
to policy-making at home and abroad, Nigeria under Balewa opted for A. Nonaligned
policy. B. Defency policy option. C. Block policy. D. Centrality option. E. All the
above.
6. All of these factors caused Nigeria's Movement unity from the "Moderate" and timid foreign
policy approach" and orientation to a relatively more activist role during the 1970s except
A. The military success in redressing the Balance of Power in favour of Central Government.
B. The problem of Nigerian civil war. C. Increasing wealth from the oil revenue
and OPEC membership. D. Post cold war politics. E. A, B and C only.
7. The most significant act of Gen. Murtala Mohammed external policy was
The recognition of the MPLA as the sole legitimate representative of the government of Angola.

38. B. Support given to Apartheid. C. Establishment of Economic Links. D. Economic deregulation. E. All the above.
39. The concentric circle paradigm in foreign policy refers to A. The operational environment of a country's foreign policy. B. Domestic posture of foreign policy. C. International milieu of foreign policy. D. The movement of foreign policy. E. All the above.
40. Which of the following is correct under the Military, foreign policy decision-making rested in the hand of A. Head of state. B. The Executive/Foreign Affairs. C. External Affairs Ministry. D. Defence Ministry. E. Corporate bodies.
41. Which of the following head of states in Nigeria is said to have personalized his foreign policy? A. Gen. Yakubu Gowon. B. Aguiyi Ironsi. C. Abdulsalam Abubakar. D. Goodluck Jonathan. E. None of the above.
42. Which of the following Nigeria's head of state closed the countries borders and refused to open them in spite of repeated entreaties from concerned Nigerians and Neighbouring states? A. Sanni Abacha. B. Gen. Buhari. C. Gen. Yakubu Gowon. D. Abdulsalam Abubakar. E. Tafawa Balewa.
43. Under whose regime was Nigeria regarded as a "Pariah State"? A. Gen. Sanni Abacha. B. Yakubu Gowon. C. Buhari. D. Shonekan. E. Obasanjo.
44. Which of the following Nigeria's head of state is said to have operated an "Activist Foreign Policy"? A. Yakubu Gowon. B. Gen. Murtala Mohammed / Obasanjo. C. Goodluck Jonathan. D. Sanni Abacha. E. All the above.
45. The foreign policy process under Yakubu Gowon has been described as A. Propagandist. B. Activist. C. Crisis Management. D. Elitist. E. Commandist.
46. Under whose regime was the Afrocentric foreign policy pursued with greater activism and determination? A. Murtala / Obasanjo Regime. B. Ibrahim Babangida. C. Ernest Shonekan. D. Goodluck Jonathan. E. Sanni Abacha.
47. The two major factors that checkmated the dynamism of Nigeria's foreign policy under Shehu Shagari were A. The Economy and the politicians. B. War / Acrimony. C. Lieptitude / Avarice. D. Great / Selfishness. E. All the above.
48. The foreign policy thrust of Babangida regime shifted radically from the political / social and Afrocentric politics of the previous regime to a policy of A. Diametristm. B. Economic Diplomacy. C. Propaganda. D. Activism. E. Non-Alignment / Containment.
49. Which of the following Nigeria successfully completed his tenure as the executive secretary of the UN Economic Commission for Africa? A. Ernest Shonekan. B. prof. Ade Ajayi. C. prof. Adebayo Adedeji. D. Prof. Ibrahim Gambari. E. Prof. Bolaji Akinyemi.
50. Which of the following reasons explains why Nigeria had a low profile foreign policy posture towards her francophone neighbours? A. Their different ideological orientations and their level of economic development. B. They are too large. C. Their language. D. Gendarmes. E. Phobia/ fear
51. Nigeria's legendary continental pre-eminence in the 1970s was based on a buoyant economy fed by an unexpected A. Oil boom. B. Gas explosion. C. Crude oil refinement. D. Gas leakages. E. All the above.

LAGOS STATE UNIVERSITY, OJO
CENTRE FOR GENERAL NIGERIAN STUDIES

FIRST SEMESTER (HARMATTAN) 2014 / 2015 EXAMINATIONS
GNS 201 QUESTION: LAGOS, NIGERIAN AND AFRICAN HISTORY
AND CULTURE

TYPE1

Instructions: students should use HB pencils only. Both the question papers and the OMR sheets must be submitted. Attendance Register must also be signed. Students are allowed 15 minutes to shade the OMR sheets correctly and 1 hour for the Examinations.

1. LAGOS EMERGED AS A VERTABLE SLAVE EMPORIUM DURING THE REIGN OF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING (A) ADO (B) AKITOYE (C) AKINSEMOYIN (D) ADELE AJOSUN
2. THE SUCCESSION DISPUTES THAT TOOK PLACE IN LAGOS BETWEEN 1836 AND 1851 HAS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING AS A PRINCIPAL ACTOR. (A) ADELE AJOSUN (B) KOSOKO (C) AKITOYE (D) OLUWOLE
3. THE SIGNING OF THE EPE PEACE TREATY TOOK PLACE IN WHAT YEAR? (A) 1862 (B) 1854 (C) 1864 (D) 1852
4. THE WAR CHIEFS IN LAGOS ARE COLLECTIVELY KNOWN AS _____. (A) OGALADE (B) IDEJO (C) ABAGBSIN (D) AKARIGBERE
5. THE AWOYAYA WAR TOOK PLACE IN THE YEAR? (A) 1845 (B) 1851 (C) 1836 (D) 1819
6. ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SUCCESSED OBA AKINSEMOYIN. (A) ADO (B) OLOGUNKUTERE (C) GABARO (D) ELETU KEKERE
7. IN AWORI DIALECT IDUN-IGANRAN MEANS _____. (A) WAR CAMP (B) PEPPER HOUSE (C) AROMIRES HOUSE (D) COCA YAM HOUSE
8. BENIN WARRIORS CONQUERED LAGOS IN THE YEAR. (A) 1607 (B) 1603 (C) 1606 (D) 1605
9. THE RETURNEES FROM SIERRA-LEONE OCCUPIED A SECTION OF LAGOS THAT IS OTHERWISE KNOWN AS _____. (A) EPETEDO (B) COWLANE (C) EHINGBETI (D) ITAFAJI
10. ONE OF THE FOLLOWING WAS APPOINTED AS AN ADMINISTRATOR OF LAGOS AFTER THE BENIN CONQUEST.. (A) AKIGBIDA (B) ASERU (C) EWEKA (D) SOLAGBERU

11. ONE OF THE FOLLOWING LED THE MIGRANTS FROM ILE-IFE TO LAGOS. (A) OGUNFUNMINIRE (B) OJOMU (C) ALAKETU (D) OGUNFUNMILAYO
12. ONE OF THE FOLLOWING PLAYED A PRINCIPAL ROLE IN THE EWEKOKO WAR. (A) ADELE AJOSUN AND OLUWOLE (B) ESHINLOKUNS DESCENDANT AND OLUWOLE (C) KOSOKO AND AKITOYE (D) AKITOYE AND OLUWOLE.
13. WHO AMONG THE FOLLOWING WAS THE FIRST AWORI MAN TO EN-CAMP ON THE ISLAND OF LAGOS? (A) ONIKOYI (B) ONITA (C) ONIRU (D) ONITANA
14. THE BRITISH CONQUEST OF LAGOS TOOK PLACE IN WHAT YEAR? (A) 1851 (B) 1845 (C) 1861 (D) 1862
15. A CLASSICAL EXAMPLE OF A PERIODIC MARKET IN EARLY LAGOS WAS (A) OBUN EKO (B) EBUTTE ERO (C) EBUTTE ELEFUN (D) ITA FAAJI
16. THE BRITISH ABOLITION OF THE SLAVE TRADE TOOK PLACE IN WHAT YEAR? (A) 1810 (B) 1807 (C) 1809 (D) 1861
17. THE NIGERIAN NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY WAS FORMED IN THE YEAR? (A) 1920 (B) 1923 (C) 1931 (D) 1922
18. ONE OF THE FOLLOWING WAS THE FIRST MAYOR OF LAGOS (A) DR. JOHN RANDLE (B) DR. IBIYINKA OLORUNMIBE (C) DR. ORISADIPE OBASA (D) DR. TAOPI TINUBU
19. THE L. E. D. B WAS ESTABLISHED IN WHAT YEAR? (A) 1920 (B) 1923 (C) 1921 (D) 1919
20. ISLAM WAS INTRODUCED INTO LAGOS IN WHAT YEAR? (A) 1775 (B) 1780 (C) 1785 (D) 1757
21. THE FIRST FRIDAY CONGREGATIONAL PRAYER WAS HELD AT A SPOT KNOWN AS _____? (A) SHITTA-BEY LANE (B) ANIMASHAUN LANE (C) OKI LANE (D) KOSOKO LANE
22. LAGOS STATE WAS CREATED IN THE YEAR? (A) 1976 (B) 1967 (C) 1977 (D) 1966
May 27, 1967.
23. LAGOS ISLAND WAS THE CAPITAL CITY OF THE LAGOS STATE GOVERNMENT UNTIL WHAT YEAR? (A) 1967 (B) 1976 (C) 1986 (D) 1979
24. LAGOS BECAME A BRITISH COLONY DURING THE REIGN OF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING OBAS. (A) OBA AKITOYE (B) OBA DOSUMU (C) OBA OYEKAN (D) OBA OLOGUNKUTERE
25. LAGOS STATE WAS THE CAPITAL CITY OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA UNTIL WHAT YEAR? (A) 1990 (B) 1991 (C) 1994 (D) 1992
26. THE HEAD OF THE OGALADE CHIEFTAINCY CLASS IN LAGOS IS KNOWN AS (A) OLUMEBON (B) OBANIKORO (C) ELETU ODIBO (D) ASHOGBON
27. IN EARLY LAGOS MORE FARMING ACTIVITIES ALSO TOOK PLACE AT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING PLACES. (A) EREKO (B) OBUN EKO (C) IDUNMOTA (D) JANKARA
28. ONE OF THE FOLLOWING IS AN EXAMPLE OF THE DAILY MARKETS IN LAGOS. (A) EBUTE ERO (B) OBUN EKO (C) OSHODI (D) OKO FAAJI
29. EPE TOWN WAS ESTABLISHED BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING. (A) OLOTO (B) ELEPE (C) URAKALOYE (D) AKEJA
30. CAPTAIN J. B ADAMS, ONE OF THE EARLY EUROPEANS TO VISIT LAGOS WAS SAID TO HAVE VISITED IN WHAT YEAR? (A) 1789 (B) 1650 (C) 1850 (D) 1780
31. WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING COUNTRIES WAS NOT COVERED BY THE OPERATION OF THE WEST AFRICAN CURRENCY BOARD? A. NIGERIA B. GAMBIA C. SERRIA-LEONE D. FREETOWN.

32. WHO OF THE FOLLOWING PERSONALITIES SUCCEEDED NELSON MANDELA AS THE PRESIDENT OF SOUTH AFRICA? A. THABO MBEKI B. P. W. BOTHA
C. JACOB ZUMA D. F. W. DE KLERK.
33. WHO OF THE FOLLOWING IS GENERALLY ACKNOWLEDGED AS THE FATHER OF PANAFRICANISM? A. MARCUS GARVEY B. W. E. B. DUBOIS C. GEORGE PADMORE D. H. S. WILLIAMS.
34. THE EBIRA ARE IN WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING STATES IN NIGERIA? A. KWARA B. OGGI C. NIGER D. BENUE.
35. JOMO KENYATTA WAS THE PRESIDENT OF _____. A. UGANDA B. MALAWI
C. KENYA D. ANGOLA.
36. NIGERIA ATTAINED A REPUBLICAN STATUS IN _____. A. 1957 B. 1960 C. 1963
D. 1967.
37. WHO OF THE FOLLOWING NIGERIAN RULERS ESTABLISHED MAMSER? A. BACHA B. MUHAMMAD BUHARI C. IBRAHIM BABANGIDA D. ABDUL-SALAM ABUBAKAR.
38. MFECANE REFERS TO _____. WARS AND DISTRCTION THAT ACCCOMPANIED THE NGUNI REVOLUTION B. POLICY OF THE EUROPEANS C. DRAUGHT AND FAMINE IN SOUTH AFRICA D. THE ASSASSINATION OF SHAKA.
39. ASKIA MUHAMMAD WAS THE RULER IN ANCIENT _____. A. GHANA B. MALI
C. SONGHAY D. KANEM-BORNU.
40. DAIKEN IS ASSOCIATED WITH _____. A. OYO B. IGALA
C. BENIN D. JUKUN.
41. THE OAU WAS ESTABLISHED IN _____. A. 1969 B. 1960 C. 1972 D. 1963.
42. ECOWAS IS TO WEST AFRICA AS S.A.E.C IS TO _____. A. EASTERN AFRICA B. NORTHERN AFRICA C. SOUTHERN AFRICA D. NIGERIA.
43. OAU FINALLY ACCEPTED ERITREA'S INDEPENDENCE IN _____. A. 1984 B. 1963 C. 1993
D. 1994.
44. MOST AFRICAN COUNTRIES GAINED INDEPENDENCE FROM? A. US AND BRITAIN B.
FRANCE AND BRITAIN C. FRANCE AND US D. FRANCE AND ITALY.
45. THE EUROPEAN INTEREST ON AFRICAN STATES WAS BASED ON _____. PRIOR TO THE GAINING OF POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE. A. ECONOMIC & POLITICAL B.
POLITICAL AND MILITARY C. POWER & INFLUENCE D. ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL.
46. ONE OF THE MAIN PROBLEMS OF THE AFRICAN CONTINENT IS _____. POLITICAL
LEADERSHIP B. NATURAL RESOURCES C. COLONIAL MASTERS D. POPULATION.

D
A
S
GCS
sent
11
E
X
F

47. THE ENTEBE AFFAIR WAS BETWEEN A. UGANDA AND ISRAEL
BRITAIN C. AMERICA AND ARGENTINE D. AMERICA AND BRAZIL.
48. KENYA GOT HER INDEPENDENCE IN WHAT YEAR. A. 1960 B. 1963 C. 1948 D. 1961.
49. KENYA GOT HER INDEPENDENCE AFTER A BITTER STRUGGLE FROM _____ RULE. A.
PORTUGAL B. U.S.A C. BRITISH D. SPAIN.
50. ^{WAS} MOI, THE PRESIDENT OF KENYA AFTER KENYA PROCLAIMED THE POLICY OF: A. GOOD
NEIGHBORLINESS B. CONFRONTATION C. ISOLATIONISM D. DEFENSIVENESS.

LAGOS STATE UNIVERSITY, OJO
CENTRE FOR GENERAL NIGERIAN STUDIES

FIRST SEMESTER (HARMATTAN) 2014 / 2015 EXAMINATIONS

GNS 201 QUESTION: LAGOS, NIGERIAN AND AFRICAN
HISTORY AND CULTURE

Festival of Art & Culture (Festac)

TYPE 3

Instructions: students should use HB pencils only. Both the question papers and the OMR sheets must be submitted. Attendee Register must also be signed. Students are allowed 15 minutes to shade the OMR sheets correctly and 1 hour for the Examinations.

THE CORONATION OF OBA RILWAH AKIOLU, AS THE OBA OF LAGOS TOOK PLACE IN
THE YEAR (A) 2004 (B) 2003 (C) 2002 (D) 2001. (B) 2003

THE COMMISSIONING OF THE NATIONAL ARTS THEATRE WAS CONDUCTED BY
GEN. MURITALA MUHAMMED & GEN. YACUBU GOWON (B) GEN.
OLUFEMI ORASANKE (D) GEN. MUHAMMADU BIDA (P) Prof. Segun Obasanya

THE LAGOS TOWN COUNCIL WAS ESTABLISHED IN WHAT YEAR? (A) 1920 (B) 1927 (C) 1973
(D) 1924 (B) 1927

THE FIRST MAJOR ATTEMPT AT LOCAL CREATION IN LAGOS TOOK PLACE IN WHAT YEAR?
(A) 1890 (B) 1899 (C) 1898 (D) 1891 (B) 1899

WAS THE FIRST SECONDARY SCHOOL IN NIGERIA? (A) C.M.S. GRAMMAR (B) CMS Grammar School
SCHOOL (B) EKO BOYS HIGH SCHOOL (C) METHODIST HIGH SCHOOL (D) KINGS COLLEGE

LAGOS WAS PLACED UNDER THE CONTROL OF THE GOLD COAST COLONY IN WHAT
YEAR? (A) 1974 (B) 1964 (C) 1970 (B) 1861

WHERE WAS THE FIRST PUBLIC BANK PLACED IN THE YEAR? (A) 1896
(B) 1894 (C) 1891 (D) 1893 (B) 1894

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING WAS THE FIRST EXECUTIVE GOVERNOR OF LAGOS STATE?
GENERAL MONTGOMERY JOHNSON (B) ALH. SULE TATE (C) DR. ABUBA KARIMA (D)
ALH. JALALU (B) ALH. SULE TATE (C) DR. ABUBA KARIMA (D) Alhaji Lateef Jakande

For more information about the study, contact the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development at 301-435-0983 or visit the website at www.nichd.nih.gov.

19. The following is a list of the names of the members of the Board of Education.

W. G. BROWN - The author has been engaged in the study of the life histories of the various species of the genus *Leucostethus* for the past ten years, and has collected specimens from all parts of the range of the genus. He has also made a study of the literature on the subject, and has found that the species described by previous authors are not always correctly identified. In this paper he attempts to correct some of these errors, and to describe new species.

...and the Lord said unto Moses, See, I have chosen you to be my messenger to Pharaoh, and to bring my people the Israelites out of Egypt. And I will give you all the power you need, and I will be with you always.

1. The following is a list of the names of the members of the Board of Education, their terms of office, and the date of their election.

For the first time in history, we have the opportunity to end poverty.

2000 2000

- THE SIGNING OF THE EPL PEACE TREATY TOOK PLACE IN THE YEAR (A) 1850 (B) 1852 (C) 1854 (D) 1856 (E) 1858
3. THE WAR CHIEFS IN LAGOS ARE COLLECTIVELY KNOWN AS (A) ODEADE (B) IDEJO (C) ABAGBGIN (D) AKARIGBERI (E) Abagbun
4. THE AWOYAYA WAR TOOK PLACE IN THE YEAR? (A) 1845 (B) 1853 (C) 1856 (D) 1859
5. THE ESTABLISHMENT OF ECONOMIC COMMUNITY OF WEST AFRICAN STATES (ECOWAS) IN (A) 1967 (B) 1973 (C) 1975 (D) 1967 (E) 1977
6. MAJOR GENERAL BUIARI WAS APPOINTED ECOWAS CHAIRMAN IN (A) 1985 (B) 1990 (C) 1983 (D) 1980 (E) 1983
7. GHANA WAS SUSPECTED OF COMPLICITY IN THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT SYLVAINIS OLYMPIA OF TOGO IN JANUARY (A) 1964 (B) 1966 (C) 1967 (D) 1970 (E) 1978
8. SIR TAFAWA BELEWA RECOGNIZED THE SECESSIONIST GOVERNMENT OF ISHABUKE AS THE LEGITIMATE GOVERNMENT IN CONGO IN (A) 1962 (B) 1961 (C) 1964 (D) 1965 (E) 1964
9. ON 21ST OF JUNE, GENERAL GOWON DECLARED THAT UNTIL THE WHOLE OF AFRICA WAS LIBERATED, NO REAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT WAS POSSIBLE IN AFRICA (A) 1971 (B) 1973 (C) 1978 (D) 1990 (E) 1979
10. GENERAL MUJTAHA MOHAMMED DIED IN (A) 1977 (B) 1978 (C) 1979 (D) 1976 (E) 1977
11. THE FIRST GREAT MISUNDERSTANDING BETWEEN NIGERIA AND BRITAIN CAME WITH THE NIGERIA-BRITAIN DEFENCE PACT IN (A) 1962 (B) 1963 (C) 1964 (D) 1966 (E) 1968
12. THE OVERKILL OF GENERAL YAKUBU GOWON IN JULY 1970 CAUSED 1975
13. CONFIRMATION AND SHOCK IN BRITISH CIRCLES (A) 1976 (B) 1974 (C) 1973 (D) 1977 (E) 1978
14. THE RECOGNITION OF MPLA AND ITS LEADERSHIP IN ANGOLA IN (A) 1972 (B) 1975 (C) 1990 FURTHER BROUGHT THE NIGERIA GOVERNMENT, THE SOVIET UNION AND CUBA TOGETHER
15. ON 28th APRIL, THE IVORIAN PRESIDENT ANNOUNCED HIS DESIRE TO BEGIN A POLICY OF DIALOGUE WITH SOUTH AFRICA (A) 1972 (B) 1982 (C) 1971 (D) 1970 (E) 1986
16. ON 28th APRIL, THE IVORIAN PRESIDENT ANNOUNCED HIS DESIRE TO BEGIN A POLICY OF DIALOGUE WITH SOUTH AFRICA (A) 1972 (B) 1982 (C) 1971 (D) 1970 (E) 1986
17. GOWON AND AHIO MADE OFFICIAL STATE VISIT TO CAMEROON IN APRIL (A) 1976 (B) 1982 (C) 1971 (D) 1976 (E) 1978
18. NIGERIA AND THE REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO MET IN (A) 1960 (B) 1975 (C) 1976 (D) 1971 (E) 1976
19. THE FIRST PRESIDENT IN NIGERIA'S FOURTH REPUBLIC WAS (A) MUSA YAR'ADUA (B) ABUBAQUAR SHAGARI (C) OLUSEGUN OBASANJO (D) MUHAMMADU BASHIR
20. THE DECOMMISSIONING OF A ECONOMIC AND FUND COLLECTION ON THE 19th OF APRIL 1992 BY THE INTERNATIONAL COURT'S COMMISSION ON ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CRIMES

16. ONE OF THE FOLLOWING COUNTRIES WAS FORMERLY CALLED UPPER VOLTA.
A. BURKINA FASO B. COTE D'IVOIRE C. BENIN D. GUINEA.

17. THE AKANTE BELONG TO THE REPUBLIC OF A. TOGO ~~E. GHANA~~ D. GUINEA
B. SENEGAL

18. IN THE EARLIEST KNOWN FOSSILS OF HUMAN ANCESTORS WERE DISCOVERED IN
A. NORTH AFRICA B. CENTRAL AFRICA C. SOUTH AFRICA D. EAST AFRICA

19. AMONG THE AKANS OF GHANA DIVINITIES ARE GENERALLY KNOWN AS
A. DIBOBO B. NAMUN C. TIOVO D. ANDREW

20. THE FIRST MILITARY COUP IN WEST AFRICA TOOK PLACE IN
A. TOGO B. DAHOMEY / BENIN C. GHANA D. NIGERIA

LAGOS STATE UNIVERSITY, OJO

2015/2016 HARMATTAN SEMESTER EXAMINATION

GNS 201: Lagos, Nigeria and African History OPTION C

2015/16 Harmattan Examination

Instructions: Attempt all questions. USE THE FIRST 10 MINUTES to complete the information section and 1 hour for the examination.

Which of the following administrative structure made use of native ruler in their administration? (a) Superstructure & Infrastructure (c) Direct rule (d) None of the above?

The French revolution promoted three cardinal principle ~~of~~ ~~freedom equality and liberty~~ freedom and ~~togetherness and fairness~~ association equality and freedom (d) liberty, equality and freedom.

One of the effects of colonialism was that (a) it helped to organise Africa's political system (b) it erodes Africa's traditional authority (c) it led to the destruction of Africa's institutions and structures (d) All of the above.

Songhai empire lasted for how many years (a) 350 (b) 320 (c) 250 (d) 450

Portugal was the oldest colonial power in Africa (a) Britain (b) France (c) Portugal (d) Spain

Which of the Yoruba traditional ruler has his power increased under colonial rule in Nigeria? (a) Akin oye (b) Awujale (b) Kosoko (d) Alajaifi Aole?

Centralised and federate monarchies can be found among the (a) Igbo (b) Hausa (c) Yoruba (d) Akan

In Ghana, the Akan people are paid for using the age group for destroying the traditional rulers (a) Asafo (b) Societe societies (c) Associations (d) All of the above

The idea that commercial and scientific stations be built across Africa between the Zambezi and the Atlantic was mooted by (a) King James IV of England (b) King Leopold II of Belgium (c) King Leopold III of Belgium (d) All of the above.

..... is one of the keystones of African culture. (a) dancing (b) singing (c) Religion (d) Basics of interaction

12. The names of deities depict the through which they manifest (a) commanding phenomenon (b) natural phenomenon (c) compromising phenomenon (d) conflicting phenomenon

13. In African societies the king is believed to be a figure. social (b) cosmic (c) sacred (d) public

14. Lake Assal is presently located in (a) Djibouti (b) Eritrea (c) Somalia (d) Ethiopia

15. The largest river in Africa is (a) Zaire (b) Nile (c) Zambezi (d) Niger

16. The biggest Country in terms of land area in Africa is (a) Sudan (b) Algeria (c) Egypt

17. The Country with the highest population density in Africa is (a) Nigeria (b) Ghana (c) Algeria (d) Mauritius

18. The Arab and Berbers of North Africa have close ties with the cultures in (a) Asia (b) Europe (c) America (d) Africa

19. The highest point in Africa is (a) Mount Kilimanjaro (b) Mount Elgon (c) Mount Kenya (d) Mount Fuji

20. The vegetation in the savanna is (a) Tropical rain forest (b) Subtropical forest (c) Scrubland (d) Scattered tree

- ✓ 21. Kush and Akaga tribes in modern Sudan and Ethiopia developed from
 civilizations (A) Egypt (B) Romans (C) Arabs (D) Afro western
 ✓ 22. The Egyptian civilizations influenced both and (A) Carthaginian
 and Greeks (B) Arabs and Romans (C) Romans and Nile (D) Romans
 ✓ 23. The Bantus are originally from modern day (A) South Africa (B) Lesotho (C) Kenya
 (D) Cameroun
- ✓ 24. The first geo-political zone in Nigeria to have had contact with Islam was (A) North Central
 (B) North West (C) North East (D) South West
 the Islamic organization which emerged about two decades ago in direct response to
 Pentecostal Christianity is (A) Ansar-ud-deen (B) NASFAT (C) NADWAT (D) Ahmadiyyah
- ✓ 26. The Islamic singer who sang "E ve pe Musulumi Joni male..." in the early 80's was (A) Abdul-Lateef Olotu (B) Waziri Sadiq (C) Abdallah Akinbode (D) Abdul-Webab Falgore
- ✓ 27. The first contact of Islam with any part of what is now called Nigeria occurred during the
 reign of emperor (A) Sunnibela (B) Idris Aloma (C) Malsu Maru (D) Danfodiyo
- ✓ 28. The general who is credited in history to have planted permanently the seeds of Islam in Africa
 was (A) Khalid ibn Wahid (B) Hajjaj ibn Yusuf (C) Amelias As; (D) Uqba
- ✓ 29. The Ila corpus "Ile la ba'afe ile labasade, oon e gba ni" (bigbo wole da) suggests that
 Islam predates Christianity in Yorubaland (B) Islam arrives in Yorubaland the same time with
 Christianity (C) Ife and Islam means the same thing (D) None of the above
- ✓ 30. The Christian King who granted the early Muslim emigrants asylum in Abyssinia was (A)
 Abraha Ashura (B) Al-Mawqarasa (C) Negus (D) Elmir
- ✓ 31. All of the following combined to ~~not~~ the image of Nigeria as civilized nation except (A)
 Annulment of the Presidential election of June 12, 1993. Patronage of Military rule under Gen. Sani
 Abacha. C. Gen. Saro Wiwa Saga. D. Human right violation. New direction in political
 patronage.
- ✓ 32. When Nigeria returned to civilian rule in 1999, an urgent diplomatic task was To
 reverse her Pariah status. B. To settle her economic problem. C. Political transition
 programme. D. All the above.
- ✓ 33. The doctrine of non-recognition of military regimes was forcefully articulated in December 1999
 by Nigerian Foreign Minister (1999-2003). A. Prof. Bolaji Akinyemi. B. Sule Lamido
 C. Prof. Ibrahim Gambari. D. Gen. Ike Nwaejukwu. E. Dr. Okoi Aja
- ✓ 34. Nigeria's foreign policy in Africa over the years is described as A. Eurocentric
 Concentric cycle. B. Afro-centric. C. Diaspora. D. All the above.
- ✓ 35. Largely as a not been averse to the pragmatic, non-ideological and pragmatic approach
 to policy-making at home and abroad, Nigeria under Buhari opted for
 policy. B. Defense policy option. C. Block policy. D. Neutrality option
- ✓ all of these factors caused Nigeria's government many times the "Muddled and
 policy approach" and orientation of deliberately unclear and indecisive during the 1970s
 The military successes in the civil war and its aftermath
 The problems of being too central
 The demand for oil

- B. Support given to Apartheid. C. Establishment of Economic Links. D. Economic de-regulation. E. All the above.

38. The concentric circle paradigm in foreign policy refers to ... A. The operational environment of a country's foreign policy. B. Domestic posture of a country towards the international milieu of foreign policy. C. The movement of foreign policy. D. All the above.

39. Which of the following is correct under the Military / foreign policy decision making model of the head of state? A. Head of state. B. The Executive / Foreign Affairs Ministry. C. National Security Ministry. D. Defence Ministry. E. Corporate bodies.

40. Which of the following head of states in Nigeria is said to have personalized his foreign policy? A. Gen. Yakubu Gowon. B. Aguiyi Ironsi. C. Abdulsalam Abubakar. D. Goodluck Jonathan. E. None of the above.

41. Which of the following Nigeria's head of state closed the countries borders and refused to open them in spite of repeated entreaties from concerned Nigerians and neighbouring states? A. Sani Abacha. B. Gen. Buhari. C. Gen. Yakubu Gowon. D. Abdulsalami Abubakar. E. Tafawa Balewa.

42. Under whose regime was Nigeria regarded as a "Pariah State"? A. Gen. Sani Abacha. B. Gen. Yakubu Gowon. C. Buhari. D. Shonekan. E. Obasanjo.

43. Which of the following Nigeria's head of state is said to have operated on an "Activist Foreign Policy"? A. Gen. Yakubu Gowon. B. Gen. Murtala Muhammad. C. Obasanjo. D. Goodluck Jonathan. E. Sani Abacha.

44. The foreign policy process under Yakubu Gowon has been described as ... A. Propagandist. B. Activist. C. Crisis Management. D. Elitist. E. Commandist.

45. Under whose regime was the Afrocentric foreign policy pursued with greater activism and determination? A. Murtala / Obasanjo Regime. B. Ibrahim Babangida. C. Ernest Shonekan. D. Goodluck Jonathan. E. Sani Abacha.

46. The two major factors that checkmated the dynamism of Nigeria's foreign policy under Shonekan were ... A. The Economy and the politicians. B. War / Acrimony. C. Inaptitude / Avarice. D. Great Selfishness. E. All the above.

47. The foreign policy thrust of Babangida regime shifted radically from the political / social and Afrocentric policies of the previous regime to a policy of ... A. Diplmatism. B. Economic Diplomacy. C. Propaganda. D. Activism. E. Non-Alignment / Containment.

48. Which of the following Nigerian successfully completed his tenure as the executive secretary of the UN Economic Commission for Africa? A. Ernest Shonekan. B. Prof. Bolaji Akinyele. C. Prof. Adeoye Adedeji. D. Prof. Ibrahim Gambari.

49. Which of the following following explains why Nigeria had a low profile foreign policy position among its francophone neighbours? A. Their different ideological orientations and their level of economic development. B. They are too large. C. Their language. D. Phobia fear.

50. Nigeria's legendary continental pre-eminence in the 1970s was based on a ... A. Oil boom. B. Geopolitical position. C. Economic power. D. Military might. E. All the above.

LAGOS STATE UNIVERSITY, OJO

2015/2016 HARMATTAN SEMESTER EXAMINATION

GNS 201: Lagos, Nigeria and African History - OPTION B

2015/16 Harmattan Examination

Instructions: Attempt all questions. USE THE FIRST 10 MINUTES to complete the information section and 1 hour for the examination.

1. A major factor that instigated colonial exploration of Africa was the
(a) Formation of African association in United Kingdom (b) Formation of African International Association in Italy
(c) Berlin Conference (d) All of the above.
2. The Berlin conference was organised in year (a) 1886 (b) 1884 (c) 1880 (d) 1885.
3. Social relations among African political systems were based on (a) Feudal relations (b)
Capitalist mode of production (c) Communal mode of production (d) Slaveholding mode of production.
4. The British system of government for African political system was based on (a) Superstructure and infrastructure system (b) British crown and Protectorate system (c) Direct and Indirect System
(d) All of the above.
5. Indirect System of French administration was prevalent in country during colonial administration in Africa (a) Upper Volta (b) Senegal (c) Guinea (e) Cameroun.
6. country adopted paternalism and assimilation during colonial administration in Africa (a) Spain (b) Portuguese (c) Belgian (d) All of the above.
7. Considering the population increase in Africa, which of Deutech classification scheme on African political system fitted into contemporary society in Africa (a) fifth (b) Tenth (c) Seventh (d) Ninth?
8. Under the French colonial administration, French colonies were divided into (a) Circles (b) Regions
division (c) Segment (d) Circles.
9. The superstructure under the British colonial administration was manned by (a) British Crown (b)
High commissioners (c) Governor-General (d) Traditional rulers.
10. The British colony of Lagos was under the supervision of (a) Governor-General (b)
Secretary of State (c) The Queen of England (d) Legislative Council.
11. To the African man God is not an -----concept (a) Abstract (b) local (c) contrast (d) longer
12. The lack of organise cult and priest for God does not -----his significance.
 Diminish (b) increase (c) invite (d) include
13. The divinities were brought into being for-----
a. Violent functions (b) specific functions (c) demonic functions (d) destructive functions
14. Religion is one of the most important -----that makes up the total social system.
a. Oriental structure (b) Institutional structures (c) structures of mentality (d) personification
15. In African societies religion is -----with the total life experiences of the people.
(a) inseparable (b) irreconcilable (c) inconsistent (d) insufficient
16. In African belief System-----are third in Rank (a) Magic (b) Medicine (c) spirit
(d) Divinities
-----is the art of discovering the unknown from the supernatural Beings.
(a) Casting (b) Dancing (c) Divination (d) demonization
17. The relationship that exist between the Supreme Being and the divinities is a
(a) Brother/Sister (b) Soul Mate (c) Father/Son (d) Eric
18. One of the evidences which proves that Africans have a clear concept of God is
the
a. Cultures of God (b) Images of God (c) Moral principles (d) Religious practices

20. It is believed that African religion will thrive well in
(a) European soil (b) African soil (c) American soil (d) Anti-American soil
21. Spirits in African religion is been classified into out fourteen (14) three of them
in Africa sex is believed to have (a) Phobia (b) magical Potency (c) Anonymity (d)
Literacy Potency
22. Prayer is an part of any religion (a) integral (b) associate (c) exclusive (d) important
23. The Yoruba name for the Muslim festival, 'Id-ul-Adha' is (A) Iremi Awe (B) Ilewa (C) Kakanju
(D) None of the above
24. What Yoruba city has had its culture and traditions greatly influenced by the Islamic caliphate? (A) Iladan Ilorin (C) Ede (D) Epe
25. Which Yoruba city is famous for its adoption of the last of 10th of Muharram as an annual local
festival? (A) Iladan Ilorin (C) Ede (D) Epe
26. Which Yoruba city is famous for the traditional 'Osade Oba' day after Id-ul-Adha festival?
(A) Abeokuta (B) Isale Eko (C) Ilesha (D) Ilebu-Ode
27. Which Yoruba city has a sanctuary where the historical Queen of Sheba (Bilkis) was purportedly
buried? (A) Abeokuta (B) Isale Eko (C) Ilesha (D) Ilebu-Ode
28. Who was the emperor of ancient African kingdom whose extensive travel and generosity
impacted greatly on Islam in West Africa? (A) Mansa Musa (B) Sundiata (C) Sunnangani
(D) None of the above
29. The emergence of Lagos as a veritable slave emporium took place during the reign of
~~Oba~~ Oba Akintemoyin (b) Oba Gabayo (c) Oba Ado (d) Oba Ologonkutere
30. That Africa is Man's birthplace was stated by (A) S.H. Leakey (b) R.H. Leakey (c) J.H.
(d) A.H. Leakey
31. Evidence of Africa's early history was found around (A) Lake Chad (B) Lake Nasser (C) Sahara
(d) Lake Chad
32. The Nile takes its source from Lake (A) Victoria (B) Palmas (C) Chad (D) Uganda
Nigeria started playing on the World scene since (A) 1960 (B) 1973 (C) 1950
(D) 1962 (E) 1963
33. Nigeria's foreign policy may be conceived as a set of domestic responses to
External stimuli b. Regional responses c. Public opinion d. Proportional representation
e. all the above
34. The first phase of the history of Nigeria's diplomacy has been described as an age of innocence,
in at least two senses. (A) Nigeria's view of the international community was coloured by a
heavy touch of idealism. (B) Nigeria has faith in unilateralism as the central approach to
achieving national goals. (C) Nigeria has gotten the sense of diplomacy. (D) Nigeria believed
in the spirit ones. (E) A & B only.
35. In the initial phase of the Nigerian foreign policy, the international environment was
characterized by (A) bipolar b. unipolar c. multipolar (D) anarchy
36. The main factor in the initial Nigerian leader's perception of Nigeria's role and function in
the international system in the conduct of her foreign policy? (A) The Boko-Haram incident
(B) The Nigerian Civil War (C) The Cold War (D) Disalignment (E) All the above
37. The Nigerian foreign minister from 1985-1992 was (A) Umaru Danbatta
Abdullahi Gaidamari (C) Olomolaike (D) Lai Mohammed (E) Obafemi
38. The initial phase of the Nigerian foreign policy was characterized by a number
of factors. (A) The Boko-Haram incident (B) The Cold War (C) Disalignment
(D) All the above
- Ike Uche

41. Which of the following global organization is Nigeria a member? A. N.A.T.O. B. U.N.C.E. C. G.7 D. None of the above
42. Since her independence Nigeria's national interest has been defined or determined mostly by the government of the state. A. Legislature B. Judiciary C. Executive D. I.G.O.'s E. All the above.
43. More specifically, Nigeria's foreign policy and national interest over the years were determined and defined mainly by A. the Prime Minister or President B. The Senate C. The Businessmen D. All the above.
44. In the first diplomatic phase, four principal foreign policy goals were pursued by the government of Sir Abubakar Tafawa Balewa except A. Decolonization of Africa B. African unity C. National Economic Growth D. World peace E. Border Unity.
45. The Second 'All Nigeria (people's) conference on Foreign Policy was held in A. 1961 B. 1967 C. 1987 D. 1988 E. 1984
46. The new thinking today seems to be that the viable path to economic integration in West African region lies in the formation of a A. social union B. Political union C. Monetary union D. Economic grouping E. None of the above
47. During the first fifty years of Nigeria's diplomatic history, the country's successive governments have played an active and vanguard role in African affairs, especially on the twin issues of and in Africa. A. Colonialism and Racism B. Insurgency and Border control C. Economic and political monopoly D. War and peace E. None of the above
48. The Foreign Minister of Nigeria between 1961-1964 was A. Ibrahim Giwa B. Oko Arikpo C. Ike Nwachukwu D. Dr. Jaja Amehia Wachukwu E. Robin Akinyele
49. Nigeria's leadership role in African liberation was asserted with greater vigour under Murtala Mohammed / Obasanjo regime. A. Gen. Buhari / Shagari C. Ibrahim Babangida D. Abacha e. Shonekan
50. At the theoretical level, there appeared to no difference in the foreign policy pursued under Mohammed / Obasanjo and that pursued under Shagari, Buhari and Babangida because A. All were committed to the policy of decolonization and dethronement of Apartheid regimes. B. All also accepted the imperative of armed struggle as the central strategy for African liberation. C. All maintained economic diplomacy. D. All accepted the principle of reciprocity. E. A & B only

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. An entrepreneur identifies need and applies his capabilities and skills to provide _____
— or _____. A) Good or goods B) Service or product C) Servant or person D)
price or crime.
2. Good entrepreneurs must consider their roles in _____. A) Civic C) Economy C)
Sociology D) Politics
3. An overcrowding of buying and selling entrepreneurship creates _____. A) Inflation
B) Deflation C) Taxation D) Overpopulation
4. To succeed, an entrepreneur must watch _____. A, B and C.
business influences C) Minimize loss D) A, B and C.
5. One of the following is not a formal process of equipping the entrepreneur.
A) Formal education B) Inheritance C) Entrepreneurial development D)
Entrepreneurial training
6. Entrepreneurial orientation places emphasis on:
Resources C) Opportunity D) Law
7. One of the following is not an intellectual way of earning money. A) Investments
B) Family estate, C) Sports and Competitions D) Tooling
8. Capital assets include: i) knowledge, and time, ii) good health and money, iii)
equipment and raw materials, iv) building space, transportation and communication
All CORRECT
9. Net profit is... A) All gains, B) Gain less the cost of running the
business, taxes and all expenses incurred C) Capital and gain
D) Cannot be quantified.
10. A: educated person need not suffer from unemployment but can put higher
knowledge into use for some profit.
A) I do not agree, B) Not applicable, C) I agree D) Not possible.
11. One of the following is not an intellectual way of earning money. A) Investments B) Com-
Tourism, C) Sports and Competitions, D) Family estate,
12. A developing economy can profit much from all of the following except: A) Buy-and-
sell entrepreneurship B) Service oriented entrepreneurship C) Consultancy
oriented entrepreneurship D) Production and manufacturing entrepreneurship
13. Which of the following creates inflation? A) Consultancy oriented entrepreneurship
B) Service oriented entrepreneurship C) Buy-and-sell
entrepreneurship D) Production and manufacturing entrepreneurship
14. Market forces affect: i) Availability ii) Pricing iii) Accounting, iv) Development A) i and
iv B) ii only, C) i and iii D) i and ii CORRECT
15. Supply in general terms meet demand or exceed it where there are all but one of the
following: A) Hoarding B) Efficient productivity, C) Good competition
Enough starting resources D)
16. Consumers prefer an entrepreneur's products or services, if the entrepreneur is? i)
Empathetic, ii) Political, iii) Logical, iv) Smart, v) Responsible and reliable vi) Rich CORRECT
iii, iv, and v B) i, ii, vi, C) i, ii, iii and v D, ii, iii, and v
17. Products and services are chosen by consumers because? i) They are good, iii) They are accessible, iv) They are better or more needed.
They are good, iii) They are accessible, iv) They are better or more needed.
other similar ones A) ii and iii B) i and ii C) None D) All CORRECT
18. An entrepreneurial outfit consists of: i) a plan, ii) some infrastructure iii) a process,
a political party A) i only, B) i, ii and iii C) i and ii D) All CORRECT
19. Which of the following statements about human resources is correct?
Human resources are not classified A) Human resources are classified about
other resources C) Human resources can be treated as capital D)
20. Components of a good business plan are: i) People ii) Opportunity iii) Context and vi)
Possibilities A) iii and iv only B) None, C) i and ii only D) All CORRECT
21. Important issues in a feasibility study are: i) projected cash inflow and outflow
market analysis, iii) technical/production analysis iv) Human resources requirements
All CORRECT
22. For an entrepreneurship, the major market analysis issues include: i) nature of product
demand ii) analysis of competitors iii) rate of market developments iv) environmental
opportunities and threats A) i, iii and iv B) None C) i, ii and iv D) None
23. Logistics is directed to achieve the objectives of a...
strategy B) project, team, vehicle, or strategy.
All CORRECT
24. Logistics is simply... A) doing what you want
creating excitement, D) managing risks.
CORRECT
25. Good logistics involve simple matters such as:
a) good communication, timely repairs, keeping guidebooks, and regulating cash
flow b) having internet service, prompt replacements, evading taxes, and blocking
information. c) keeping contacts, paying bills, timely repairs, and knowing locations of banks.
d) good communication, keeping machines working, uncontrolled procurement, and
limited cash flow.
26. An entrepreneur's roadmap to guide his business to the point of success is called —
- A) Plan F B) Plan C CORRECT D) Plan S
27. A plan is defined as a sequential arrangement of what needs to be done and the
timeline for doing each aspect. Which of the following is correct about this definition?
A) It is wrong B) It is incomplete CORRECT C) It is correct D) It is an understatement.
28. The ability to gain the maximum benefit from whatever input of energy or resources in
a business venture is referred to as A) Efficiency, B) Effectiveness CORRECT
Efficiency C) Effectiveness
29. Which of the following is not required for a business to be a good one? A) Aggression B)
Consistent effort C) Time D) Loyalty worldwide

31. Which of the following is not a major function of a good business plan? A) It serves as a tool for growing the business. C) It boosts the confidence of the entrepreneurs or funding from banks. D) It is a valuable for measuring the performance of the business over time.
32. A good business plan should have the following but one component. A) The people behind the business. B) To sell the interest of the entrepreneurs and other stakeholders to retain customers. C) and D) None of the options provided.
33. Which of the following aptly describes a feasibility report? A) It is a statement that details the preparations and considerations in a new business venture. B) It is an evaluation of an intended project considering its technical and economic feasibility.
34. The process of quantifying the costs and benefits of a decision, program or project and those of the alternatives over a period of time is _____ A) Net Present Value C) Financial analysis
- B) Present Value D) Cost Benefit Analysis
- Benefit Analysis.**
35. Consideration of i) Nature of product demand ii) Analysis of competitors iii) Rate of market development and iv) Environmental opportunities and threats is done in respect of which of the following? A) Financial analysis B) Cost Benefit Analysis C) Feasibility Study D) Market Analysis.
36. The following statement is false: A) The good entrepreneur has goals, right strategy and can execute the strategy. B) a business plan consists of people, opportunity, context, and possibilities. C) Sustainability is the ability to crush any competition. D) profit is directly proportional to capital, effort, and demand.
37. A good entrepreneur. A) Keeps his/her ideas secret so that nobody knows about them. B) Considers the needs of the community and works out ways to turn them to economic advantages.. C) Promotes his/her personality and business by spending his/her profits lavishly. D) Only (b) and (c) are true.
38. Which of the following is not an infrastructure considering what entrepreneurship requires? A) Efficient workers B) Building space C) Transportation - D) Equipment
39. Important aspects of good infrastructure include: A) Facilitating productivity B) Linking the consumer to the business C) A and B D) None of the above
40. Entrepreneurship A) Little profit may be tolerable. B) Loss is inevitable. C) No profit is tolerable D) Loss is never good.
41. Whether a business is not making profit: A) It is advisable to keep running. B) It is advisable to borrow money to run the business. C) It is advisable to sell the business. D) It is not advisable to sell the business.
42. Predicting profitability requires: A) High production rate C) Strategic planning
- B) Price fixing D) Price variation.
43. What is production? A) Changing money to profit. B) Preserving raw materials desired for use by the society. C) Distribution of changed raw materials desired for use by the society. D) Charging Jaw.
44. Which of the following is not an advantage of production control? A) It improves employee morale. B) It makes it possible to maintain set delivery dates. C) It allows effective use of manpower and equipment D) It minimises cost in over time.
45. The good attitude of an entrepreneur about crises is: A) When it comes, it comes. B) Be nonchalant about it C) Prepare his mind that crisis will come and take steps to prevent it. D) Do nothing to avert it.

Till Monday lesson on Monday

Today
FAT 2022
Finance 20
ECS 247

204
214
T205

CENTRE FOR ENTREPRENEURIAL STUDIES

COURSE TITLE: ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

COURSE CODE: ENT 202

2015/2016 RAIN SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

TIME: HIR

INSTRUCTION: WARNING: PHONE OR ANY ELECTRONIC GADGET(S) IS NOT ALLOWED INTO THE EXAMINATION HALL

TYPE B

- 1) _____ approach to the study of entrepreneurship is based on research into what entrepreneurs do, and the processes used in carrying out entrepreneurial activities and practices. (a) scientific (b) behavioural (c) administrative (d) management
- 2) _____ approach to the study of entrepreneurship deals with who entrepreneurs are. (a) supply (b) demand (c) administrative (d) trait
- 3) _____ is the non-continuous process of combining resources of time, man, money, and materials to create new goods, services and ideas. (a) entrepreneurship (b) enterprises (c) business venture (d) partnership
- 4) The difference between management and entrepreneurship is that while _____ is continuous, _____ is non-continuous. (a) management, entrepreneurship (b) management, entrepreneurship (c) entrepreneurship, management (d) managers, entrepreneurs
- 5) The process by which entrepreneurs initiate new entrepreneurial ventures in the organizations where they already work is called (a) intrapreneurship (b) entrepreneurship (c) preneurship (d) entrepreneurship
- 6) _____ approach to the study of entrepreneurship deals with what entrepreneurs do. (a) trait (b) demand (c) supply (d) behavioural
- 7) Generally, entrepreneurial management behaviour is a function of business and trait factors. (a) personal and environment (b) business and trait (c) business and venture (d) business and environment
- 8) _____ function in a firm is concerned with all aspects of business activity necessary for dealing with problems relating to employees, their conditions of work and their welfare (a) personnel (b) marketing (c) management (d) selection
- 9) _____ is the business function that identifies and satisfies the needs and wants of the relevant target audience beneficially. (a) personnel (b) marketing (c) management (d) selection
- 10) _____ function ensures that sufficient funds are available for business management activities (a) personnel (b) marketing (c) management (d) finance
- 11) _____ function ensures that material, labour, and equipment of a firm are efficiently and effectively used. (a) personnel (b) marketing (c) management (d) production
- 12) _____ may be defined as the art or science of getting things done through others. (a) personnel (b) marketing (c) finance (d) management
- 13) _____ involves the efficient and effective use of human and non human resources. (a) personnel (b) marketing (c) management (d) production
- 14) _____ is the management function that integrates objectives, strategies, policies, and environmental assumptions. (a) planning (b) organizing (c) selecting (d) staffing
- 15) _____ is concerned with the satisfaction of customers and clients by involving everybody in the organization, irrespective of title or function. (a) TQM (b) MTQ (c) QMT (d) MTQ Total Quality management (TQM)
- 16) Richard was the first person to coin the word entrepreneurship. (a) Richard Cantillon. b) Henri Fayol c.) Peter Drucker d.) Joseph Schumpeter
- 17) Entrepreneurs outside an organization practice entrepreneurship, while entrepreneurs within an organization practice intrapreneurship (a) entrepreneurship/intrapreneurship (b) entrepreneurship/interpreneurship (c) entrepreneurship/inerpreneurship (d) entrepreneurship/intrapreneurship
- 18) entrepreneur is a person who assumes the risk of business ownership with a primary goal of growth and expansion. (a) entrepreneur (b) entapreneur (c) entrepreneur (d) entrepreneurship
- 19) The difference between managerial decision-making and entrepreneurial decision-making is that while _____ decision-making is driven by resources presently controlled, _____ decision-making is driven by perception of opportunity. (a) managerial; entrepreneurial (b) managerial; entrepreneurship (c) management; entrepreneurial (d) management; entrepreneurship
- 20) The _____ process involves finding, evaluating, and developing opportunities for creating a new venture. (a) business (b) entrepreneurial (c) scanning (d) initiative
- 21) In _____ type of business environment, a business enterprise is rarely able to influence it. (a) remote business environment (b) micro environment (c) intermediate environment (d) general environment
- 22) Industrial infrastructure (such as electricity, water supply, transportation, etc) is the same thing as _____ environment. (a) macro environment (b) micro environment (c) intermediate environment (d) enabling environment
- 23) _____ may be defined as an examination of all the factors surrounding the making, production, marketing, staffing and financial aspects of a business venture. (a) feasibility study (b) visibility study (c) fisibility study (d) viability study
- 24) _____ may be defined as a road map or a statement of strategy for a particular business enterprise. (a) feasibility study (b) visibility study (c) business plan (d) viability study
- 25) Generally, a _____ shows a firm's purpose, philosophy plan-of action expected challenges and route to future growth and success. (a) feasibility study (b) business plan (c) fisibility study (d) reliability plan
- 26) _____ helps in taking a business management decision on whether to accept, modify, or reject a business project based on the analysis of the business' merits and demerits. (a) feasibility study (b) visibility study (c) fisibility study (d) viability study

- 17) The _____ section of _____ conveys a sense of the history and origins of the company as well as its _____.
 (a) company description, feasibility study (b) business plan, viability study (c) company description, business plan, viability study
- 18) The _____ section of _____ deals with the type of goods or services the entrepreneur plans to go into. / product, feasibility study (b) product, visibility study (c) product, fisibility study (d) product, viability study
- 19) An entrepreneur's major motivation for starting a business ventures is _____.
 (a) to be independent (b) to be called manager (c) to be creative (d) to be aware
- 20) The _____ section of _____ states the amount of money to be provided for daily business use or operations.
 (a) working capital, feasibility study (b) estimated working capital, visibility study (c) estimated working capital, viability study
 (d) estimated working capital, / viability study
- 21) An arrangement in which a buyer purchases the right to sell the product of the seller is called _____.
 (a) joint venture (b) strategic alliance (c) merger (d) franchise
- 22) _____ is sometimes called strategic alliance. / joint venture (b) wholly owned (c) merger (d) franchise
- 23) A transaction involving the combination of two (or more) companies in which only one company survives to represent both companies is known as _____. (a) joint venture (b) acquisition (c) merger (d) franchise
- 24) In _____ type of business, the death or withdrawal of one of the partners leads to the termination of the business. (a) sole trader (b) partnership (c) corporation (d) sole trader
- 25) _____ approach to the study of entrepreneurship seeks to identify common psychological and social personal characteristics among entrepreneurs compared to non-entrepreneurs. (a) trait (b) swot (c) scientific (d) administrative
- 26) _____ may be defined as a business activity which deals with bearing the risk of purchasing at a certain price and selling at an uncertain price. a.) enterprising b.) entrepreneur / entrepreneurship d.) entreperebre.
- 27) _____ is the major issue that unlocks the entrepreneurial process. a) threat b) weakness / business opportunity
 d) poor management
- 28) The three major factors that determine an entrepreneur's decision-making are _____, _____, and _____.
 a) the entrepreneur idea, company, environment / entrepreneurship, environment, staff. c) business opportunity, market, weakness d) government, environment, threat
- 29) _____ is that person who perceives business opportunities and creates and develops business ventures to exploit such opportunities. a) lecturer b) businessman / entrepreneur d) market women.
- 30) _____ may be defined as a business which is independently owned and managed, and does not dominate its particular market segment of interest. / sole trader (b) small business (c) partnership (d) liability company
- 31) One of the advantages of _____ type of business is its ease of formation. (a) sole trader (b) small business
 (c) partnership (d) liability company
- 32) _____ type of business combines the attractive features of partnerships and corporations. (a) sole trader (b) small business (c) partnership (d) limited liability company
- 33) SMEDAN stands for _____. (a) Smaller and Medium Enterprises Development Agency of Nigeria
 b) Medium Enterprises Development Agency of Nigeria (c) Small and Medium Entrepreneur Development Agency of Nigeria
 (d) Small and Medium Entrepreneurship Development Agency of Nigerian
- 34) _____ is the totality of factors that affects or determines the operations or performance of an entrepreneurial business. (a) c) virois (b) environment (c) environmental (d) external environment
- 35) _____ type of business environment is the organization itself. / macro environment (b) micro environment
 (c) intermediate environment (d) general environment
- 36) _____ type of business environment includes various systems such as suppliers, insurance companies, bankers, distributors, etc. (a) macro environment (b) micro environment (c) intermediate environment (d) general environment
- 37) _____ type of business environment is the total environment in which the business organization exists. / macro environment (b) micro environment (c) intermediate environment (d) general environment
- 38) _____ type of business environment affects all business organizations. (a) macro environment (b) micro environment
 (c) intermediate environment (d) general environment
- 39) _____ type of business environment affects a specific business enterprise directly. (a) macro environment (b) micro environment (c) intermediate environment (d) task environment
- 40) _____ type of business environment presents opportunities, threats, and constraints for a business organization.
 (a) macro environment (b) micro environment (c) intermediate environment (d) remote business environment

Relationship b/w science & technology & society

Introduction to science Technology, society

Relationship b/w 3

Character of science

What is "Emerging science".

Engineering drawing

Sample categories of Eng.

Contribution of Science to tech.

+ of tech to science.

LAGOS STATE UNIVERSITY EXTERNAL SYSTEM
FACULTY OF EDUCATION
SANDWICH DEGREE PROGRAMME
2009 MODULAR EXAMINATION



COURSE CODE: GNS 201

COURSE TITLE: LAGOS AND ITS ENVIRONS

INSTRUCTION: Answer all questions.

Use HB pencil to fill the OMR sheet. Improper shading may result in the scanning machine rejecting your OMR sheet sheet during marking.

TIME ALLOWED: 1 hour.

WARNING: Please note that you are not allowed to bring mobile phone(s) into the examination hall. Non-compliance will amount to examination misconduct and attract stiff penalty.

1. One of these is NOT a division of Lagos (a) Ikoyi (b) Apapa (c) Badagry (d) Epe
2. The first unselected woman Deputy Governor of Lagos State was (a) Alhaja Okunnu (b) Alhaja Sinatu Ojikutu (c) Mrs Akerside Bucknor (d) Princess Sosan
3. Who of the following Vice Chancellors of LASU was appointed by the government of Obafemi Awolowo? (a) Olumide (b) Akesade (c) Leigh Indesata Akomda
4. Ogalafo class of chiefs in Lagos are: (a) Trading Chiefs (b) War chiefs (c) Diviners and occultists (d) King makers
5. Who of the following was the first Mayor of Lagos? (a) Kofin Ahayomi (b) Adeniji Adele (c) H.O. Davies (d) Ibiyiika Olowonimbe
6. Who of the following went with Ohwo to the Privy Council in London? (a) Henry Carr (b) Herbert Macaulay (c) J.K. Randle (d) Ernest Ikoku
7. One of the following Europeans constructed the palace of the Oba of Lagos (a) The British (b) The Portuguese (c) The French (d) The Germans
8. When A. D. Davies became the Governorship in Lagos state in 1909, the candidate of the party was (a) Sir Michael Otedola (b) Nola Tainhu (c) Ghoshen Kyudashimi (d) Alhaji Lateef Jakande
9. Which of the following part of Lagos Island were settled into by the Brazilian returnees? (a) Olowogbowo (b) Erekun (c) Poppo Aguda (d) Epredo
10. The Speaker of the current Lagos House of Assembly is (a) Ikuofaji (b) Alaiye King (c) Tejuoso (d) Dahiri-Erewa
11. One of the following personalities facilitated trade between the Europeans and the people of the hinterland in Lagos (a) Raha Isale (b) Baba Isha (c) Baba Onile (d) Baba Oja
12. Donald Cameron officially opened (a) The Yaba Higher College (b) The Carter Bridge (c) General Hospital (d) none
13. Who of the following is the current Chairman of the Governing Council of Lagos State University (a) Akin Savage (b) Ishola Oluwadare (c) S.R.T Williams (d) Akin Kekere-Ekun
14. The acronym LEDB means (a) development based (b) Lagos Executive Development Board (c) Lagos Empowerment Development Board (d) Lagos Employers Development Bureau
15. The Shite - Bey mosque was opened in (a) 1890 (b) 1892 (c) 1894 (d) 1896
16. The ancestral cult among the Egun/ Gunnis is (a) Eyo (b) Kari (c) Zanghero (d) Olukoso
17. De Mojale Agbichie was the leader of the (a) United African Methodist Church (b) The African church Reformed (c) Ebenezer Baptist Church (d) United African Church
18. Which of the following is the god of fertility among the Awo? (a) Iguinnuko (b) Gelede (c) Eyo (d) Kori
19. In December 1981, the Buhari/ Idiaghon regime reduced Local Government Areas in Lagos State to (a) Ten (b) Eight (c) Twelve (d) Twenty
20. Which of the following Obas of Lagos was deposed by the colonial government (a) Olusi (b) Esigbagi (c) Ibukunle (d) Falolu
21. Oluameghon belongs to one of the following class of chiefs in Lagos (a) Akarighere (b) Idejo (c) Abagbon (d) Ogalafo
22. Two of the following personalities contested for the office of Balogun of Lagos during the colonial period (a) Abibu Oki and Ishawu Adewale (b) Simeusi Aka Oki (c) Abibu Oki and Ali-Balogun (d) Ali-Balogun and Sanusi Aka
23. The obaship tussle between Museprikai Adele and Arleyinka Oyekan was finally resolved by the (a) Lagos High Court (b) Supreme Court (c) West African Court of Appeal (d) The Privy Council
24. Anonyanya war broke out as a result of (a) Succession dispute (b) Land dispute (c) Trade dispute (d) Religious dispute
25. The panel of inquiry that was headed by Joel Ogunnike 1969 was to examine (a) local government matters (b) Chieftaincy affairs (c) Electoral matter (d) Problem of education

Akintoye

26. Kerikeri a traditional music is unique to (a) Lagos Island (b) Badagry (c) Epe (d) Ikorodu

27. The newspaper established by J.P. Jackson was the (a) Lagos Standard (b) Lagos Weekly Record (c) Lagos Echo (d) Lagos Unity News

28. Nigerian Youth Movement was founded from the Lagos Youth Movement in (a) 1923 (b) 1932 (c) 1946 (d) 1957

29. Governor Glover laid the foundation stone of (a) First Baptist Church (b) African Church Belliel (c) St. Paul's Church Breadfruit (d) Christ Church Cathedral

30. Which of the following constitutions excised Lagos from Western Region (a) Clifford (b) Richards (c) Macpherson (d) Sylheton

31. Rotimi Oyekan is the current Lagos State Commissioner for (a) Environmental (b) Works (c) Finance (d) Information and Strategy

32. The Edos referred to Lagos in the pre-colonial period as (a) Fortress (b) war camp (c) trade centre (d) refuge camp

33. Oba Falolu ascended the throne after the reign of (a) Dosunmu (b) Esugbayi (c) Oyekan I (d) Sisusi Olusi

34. Which of the following was established in 1899? (a) The Legislative Council (b) The Lagos Health Board (c) The Colonial Board (d) The Lagos Salvation Army

35. The first Executive Governor of Lagos State was (a) Tinubu (b) Jakande (c) Otedola (d) Jushola

36. One of the following was the first British Consul in Lagos (a) Campbell (b) Brand (c) Beccaria (d) Forte

37. The Deputy Governor of Lagos State during Second Republic was (a) Raliu Jafar (b) Reuben Babatunde (c) Olufemi Lewis (d) Olusegun Obasola

38. One of the following Political Parties ruled Lagos State during the Second Republic (a) Unity Party of Nigeria (b) National Party of Nigeria (c) Nigeria People's Party (d) Nigeria Advance Party.

39. The Oldest Water Works in Lagos State is located at (a) Yaba (b) Iju (c) Apapa (d) Agege.

40. Aromire, who first encamped in Lagos was an (a) Ijebu (b) Awori (c) Egun (d) Egba.

41. The first Military Governor of Lagos State was (a) Nlubisi Kanu (b) Shuaibideen Lawal (c) Mobolaji Johnson (d) Ebute Ukiwe

42. Oba Adeyinka Oyekan became the Oba of Lagos in (a) 1960 (b) 1965 (c) 1970 (d) 1975.

43. The Agla tree where the first church service by Christian Missionaries was held is in (a) Epe (b) Badagry (c) Ikeju (d) Ikeja

44. Eko bridge, one of the three bridges that connect Lagos Island to the mainland was built (a) before the imposition of colonial rule (b) during the colonial rule (c) during the governorship of Mobolaji Johnson (d) during the Second Republic.

45. Lagos was ceded to the British by (a) Oba Dosunmu (b) Oba Adele Ajose (c) Oba Oluwole (d) Oba Akinseunyiin.

46. Lagos State was created in (a) 1961 (b) 1963 (c) 1965 (d) 1967.

47. The total number of Local Government Areas and Local Council Development Areas in Lagos is (a) 20 (b) 27 (c) 33 (d) 57.

48. Which of the following military administrations changed the capital of Nigeria from Lagos to Abuja? (a) Murtala/Obasanjo (b) Buhari/Iluigbo (c) Babangida (d) Abacha

49. The ancestral home of Ogundumini one of the first party of settlers in Lagos was (a) Benin (b) Old Oyo (c) Ille-Ife (d) Ijebu

50. The author of *A Short History of Badagry* is (a) A.O. Amaechi (b) T.Q. Awoch (c) J.A. Egurenveba (d) J.B. Losi

