

Quivers, 3d gauge theories and 3-mfds

Summary workshop: knots, homologies and physics

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Quivers

- Quivers are symmetric matrices

$$P_{C_{ij}}(q; x_1, \dots, x_N) := \sum_{d_1, \dots, d_N=0}^{\infty} (-\sqrt{q})^{\sum_{i,j=1}^N C_{ij} d_i d_j} \frac{x_1^{d_1} x_2^{d_2} \cdots x_N^{d_N}}{(q; q)_{d_1} (q; q)_{d_2} \cdots (q; q)_{d_N}}.$$

- Knots-quivers correspondence

$$\text{Knots} \longrightarrow C_{ij} / \sim$$


Equivalent quivers

Motivation

- We hope to use physics and geometry to understand this correspondence and quivers.

Tools

- 3d N=2 gauge theories: dualities, gauging
- String theories: M-theory/IIB duality, 3d brane webs
- 3-manifolds: surgery, Kirby moves

- We find:

Knots \longleftrightarrow Quivers \longleftrightarrow 3d N=2 gauge theories \longleftrightarrow 3-mfds

3d N=2 plumbing theories

- The vortex part. function some theories can be written as quiver generating functions

$$Z^{\text{1-loop}} Z_{\mathfrak{a}}^{\text{vortex}} = P_{C_{ij}}(x_i)$$

- 3d N=2 theories $U(1) \times \cdots \times U(1) + n \Phi_i$

$$K_{ij}^{\text{eff}} = C_{ij}$$

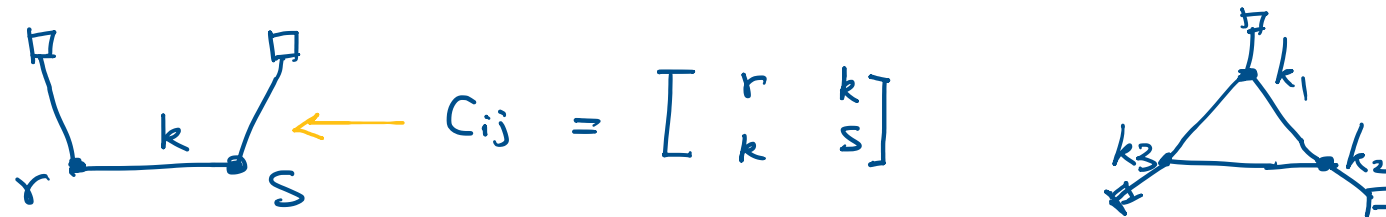
mixed CS levels = quivers

Plumbing graphs

- A new quiver diagram:

Notation: $\bullet_k \cup (1)_k$ $\square \quad 1 \oplus$

Quiver theories:



Generic theories:



3d dualities

- Gauge the mirror duality \rightarrow ST-moves

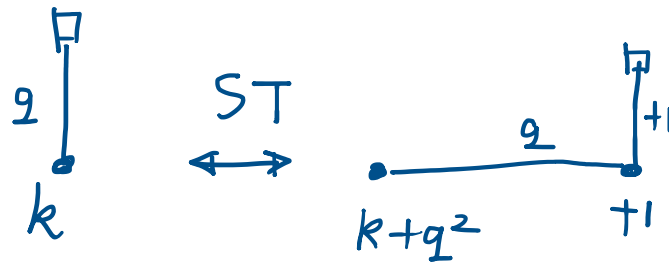
1 free field \leftrightarrow $U(1)$ +1 field



Flavor symmetry

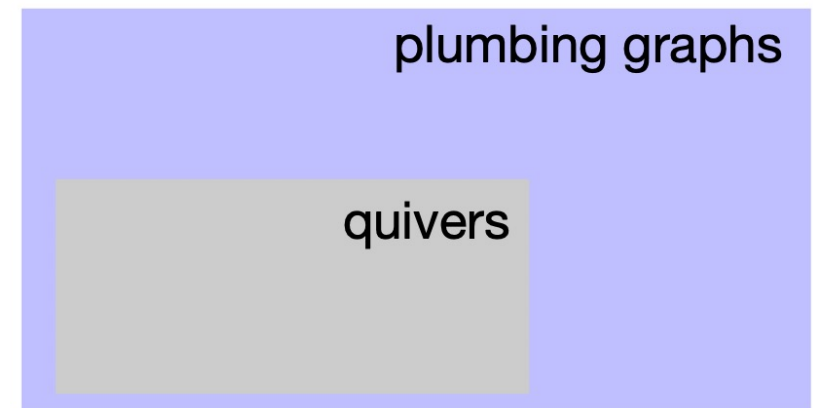
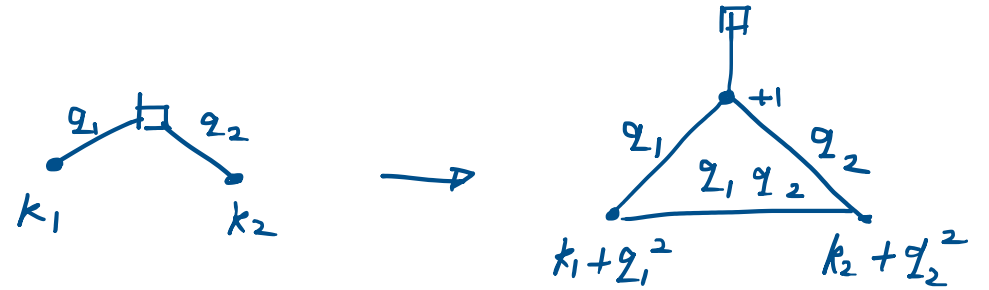
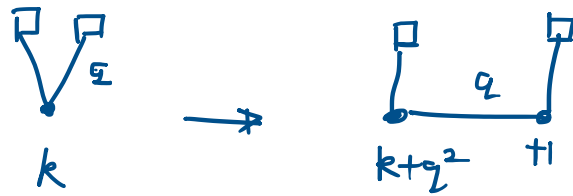


Gauge the $U(1)$



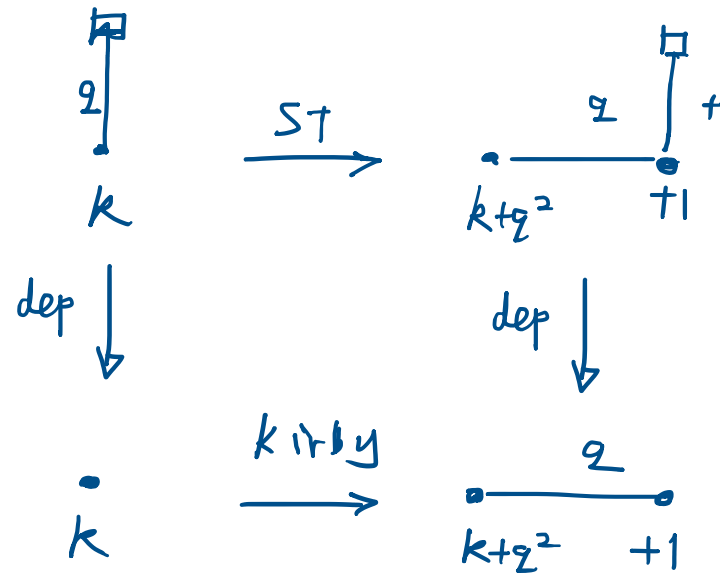
ST-moves: application

- Examples



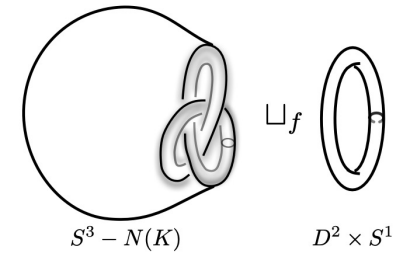
Decoupling

- After decoupling the matter, ST-moves reduce to Kirby moves

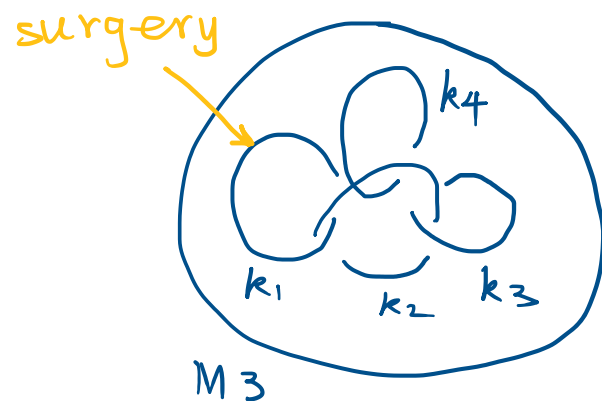


- Why is it a Kirby move?

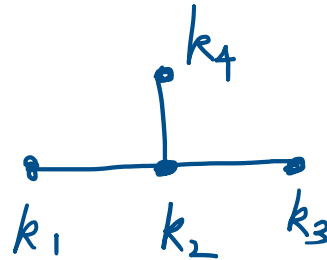
Closed 3-manifolds, $T[M_3]$ theories



- In Gadde, Gukov, Putrov “Fivebranes and 4-mfd’s” [1306.4320]. Pure plumbing theories are realized by wrapping a single M5-brane on closed three-manifolds.



3d $T[M_3]$:

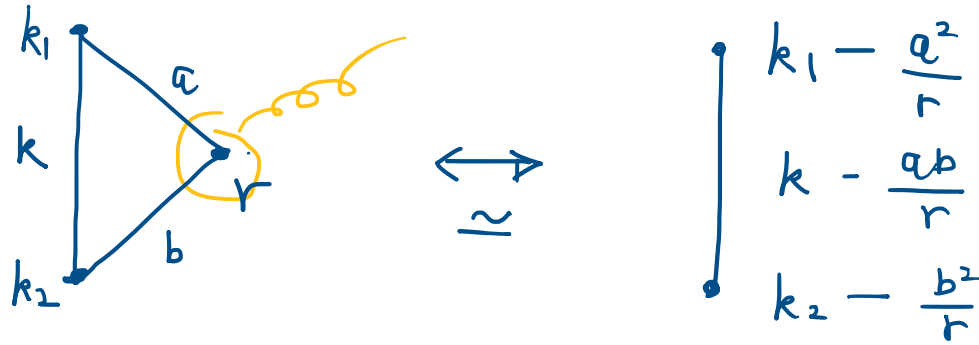


Linking number = CS levels

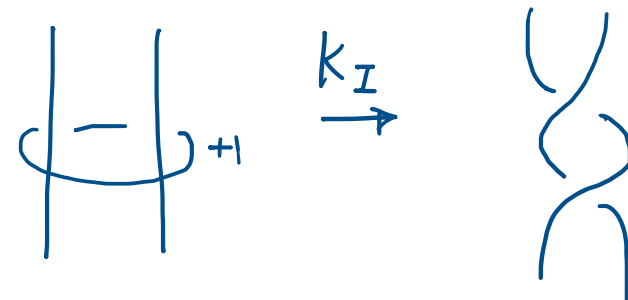
$$L_{ij} = K_{ij}$$

Kirby moves

- Kirby moves are integrating in/out gauge nodes $U(1)_k$:

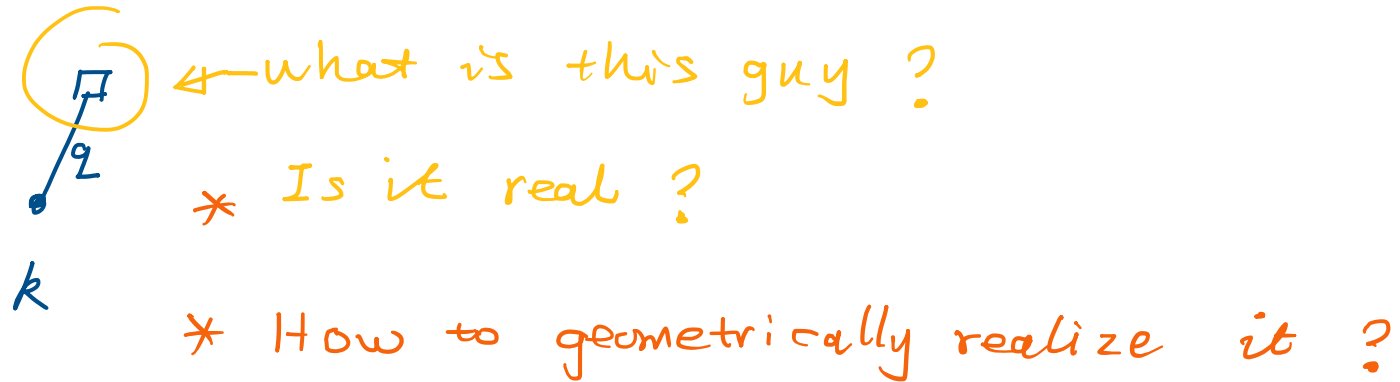


- For 3-mfd, the Kirby-I move is an equivalent surgery.

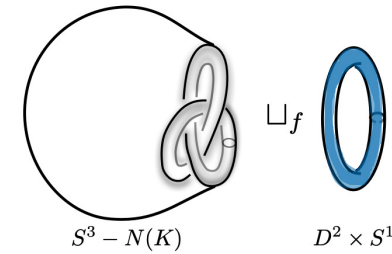


Question: how to add matters?

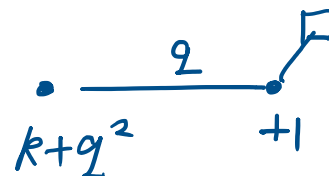
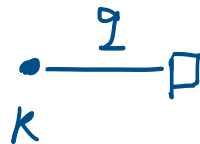
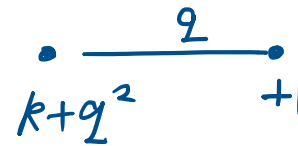
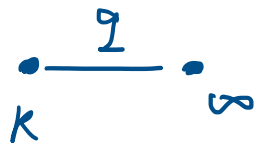
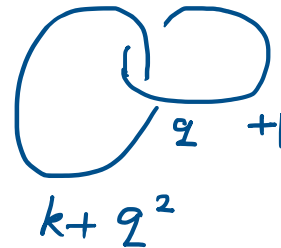
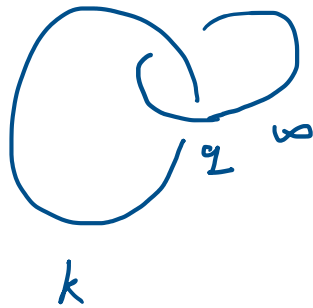
- Does the matter \square corresponde to some structure on the 3-mfds?



Rational equivalent surgery



- The **identical surgery**, and rational equivalent surgery



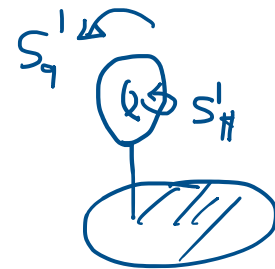
} looks similar 😊

An observation

- Is the matter an circle for identical surgery?



- However, the identical circle can be ignored on 3-mfds and is not physical, while the matter field is physical.
- So, we should do something to make it physical.
- Before that, let us [revisit the GGP's construction using string theory](#).



Revisit GGP's construction

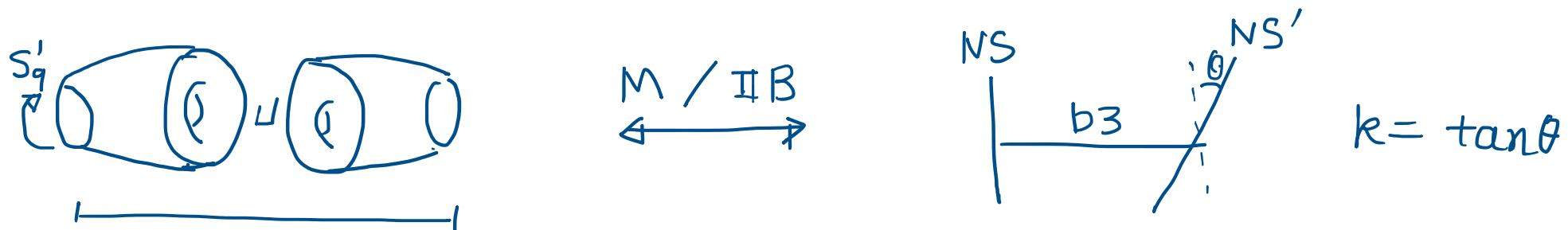
- Lens space $L(k,1)$ in M-theory should be elliptically fibered:

$$T^2 = S'_9 \times S'_\#$$

$L(k,1)$ =
 solid torus

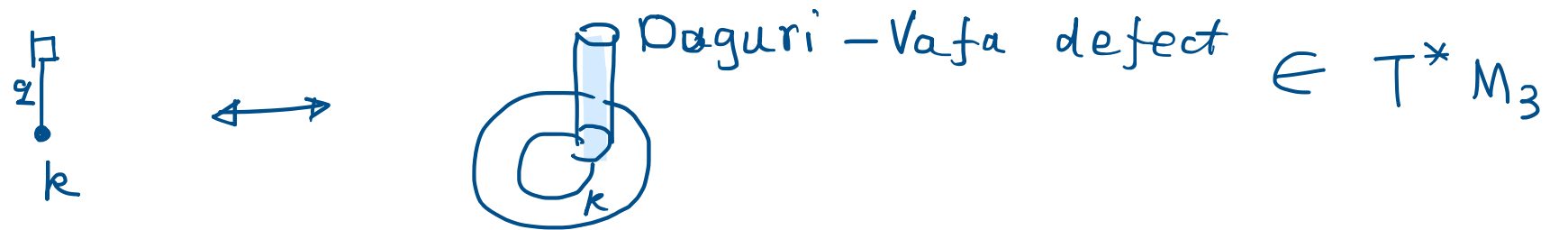
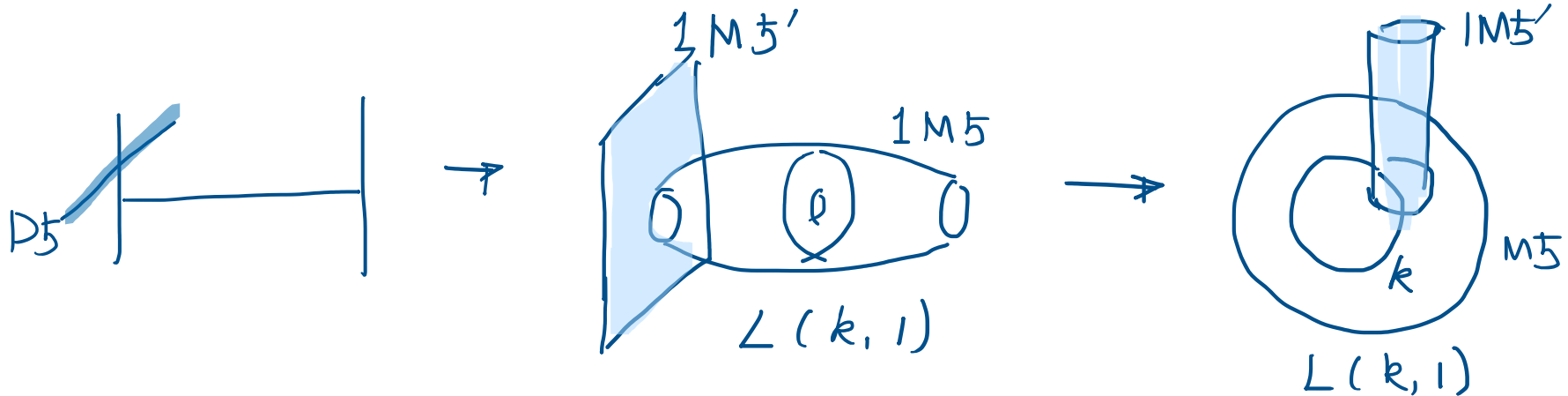
| | | $S^1 \times \mathbb{R}^2$ | | | N_{345} | | | $I_6 \times T^2_{9\#}$ | | |
|----------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|-----------|---|---|------------------------|-------|---|
| 11d | branes | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 9 | # |
| M-theory | N_c M5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | | | | 6 | 9_A | # |
| IIA | N_c D4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | | | | 6 | 9_A | |
| IIB | N_c D3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | | | | 6 | | |
| IIB | D5 \xrightarrow{S} NS5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| IIB | D5 \xrightarrow{S} NS5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| IIB | D5 \xrightarrow{S} NS5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| IIB | D5 \xrightarrow{S} NS5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| M-theory | M5'' | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 9_A | |
| IIB | NS5'' | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 9_A | |
| IIB | NS5'' \xrightarrow{S} D5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 9_B | |
| M-theory | M2 | 0 | | | | | 5 | | 9_A | |
| IIB | D1 \xrightarrow{S} F1 | 0 | | | | | 5 | | | |

- Putting a M5-brane on it duals to a 3d brane web of $U(1)_k$



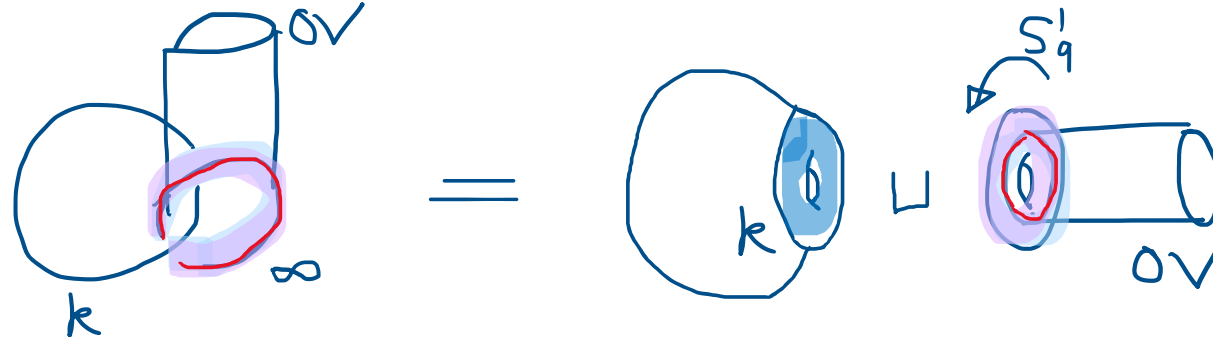
OV defect \rightarrow matter

- Adding D5-branes lead to matters



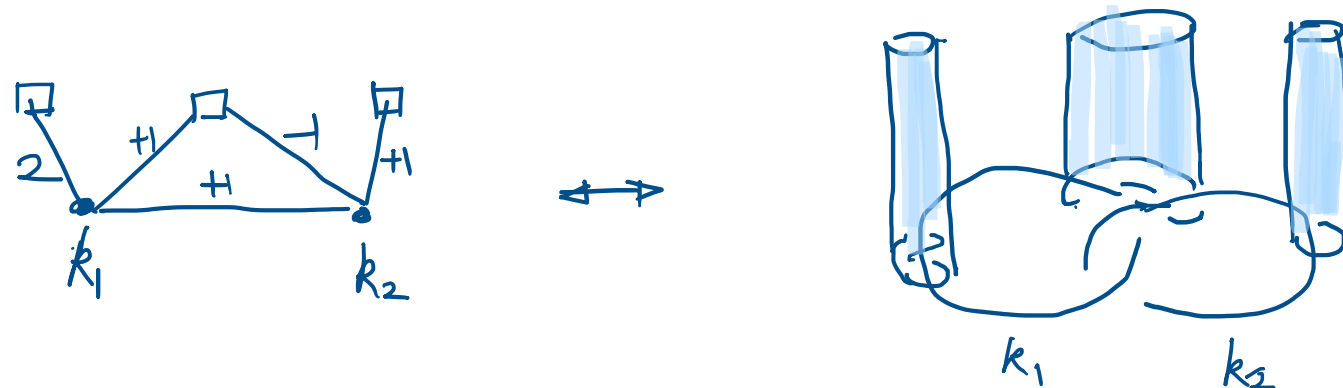
Adding a 1 M5-brane on OV defect in the cotangle bundle realizes a matter field.

- The neighbourhood of the intersection is always an identical surgery circle:



- The **matter circle**/intersection has to be S'_q

- Example:

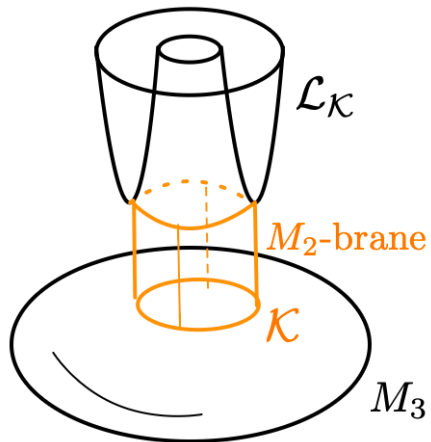
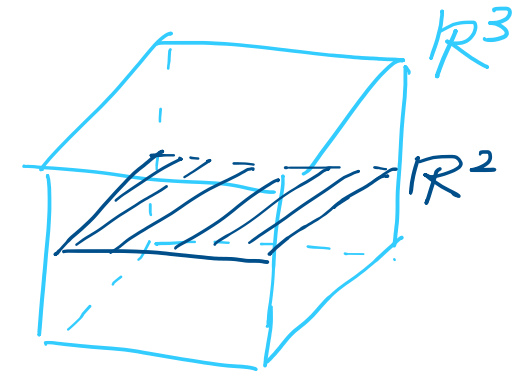


The Ooguri-Vafa construction

- A point to clarify: the **OV-defect/brane** does really interact with the 3-mfds.

$$\mathcal{L}_K \in T^* M_3 \quad , \quad \mathcal{I}_K = K \times \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \parallel & & \cap \quad \cap \\ M_3 \times \mathbb{R}^3 & & M_3 \quad \mathbb{R}^3 \\ \uparrow & & \\ \text{fiber} & & \end{array}$$



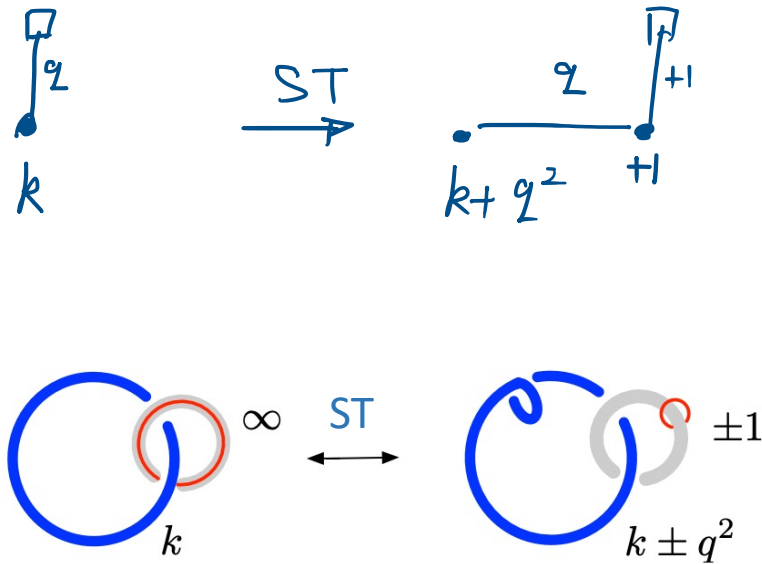
$$M_2\text{-brane} = K \times I$$

* The M2-brane is a cylinder, and only when it is massless, the \mathcal{L}_K and M_3 could kiss each other:

$$\mathcal{I}_K \cap M_3 = K$$

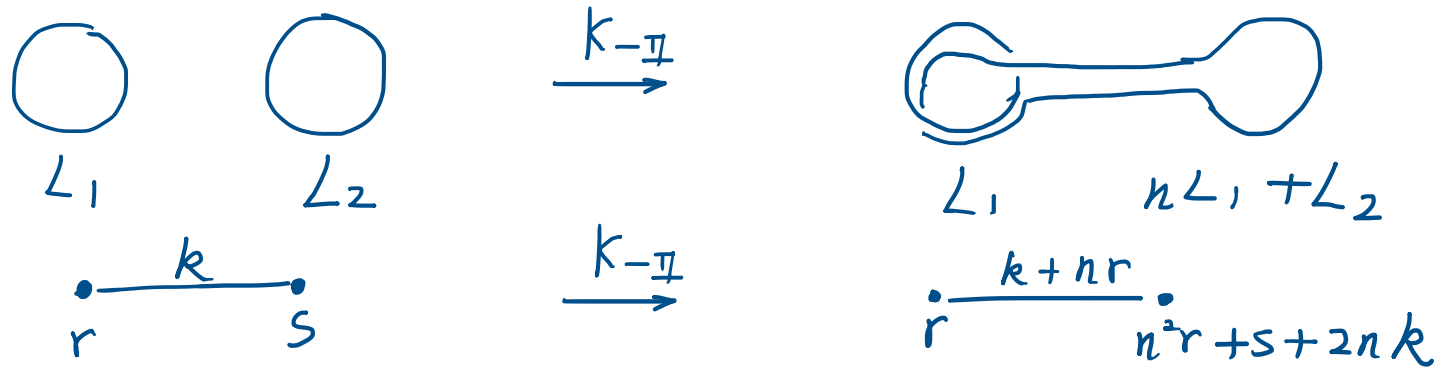
ST-move and 3-mfds

- ST-move is a particular Kirby-I move with an OV-defect/brane:

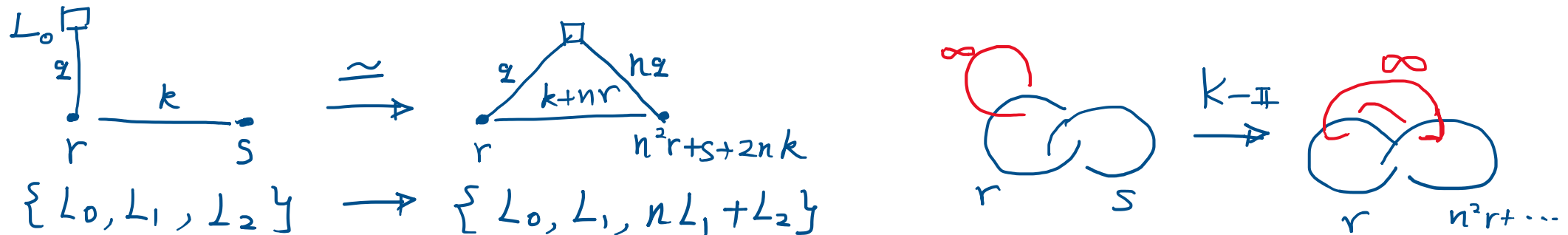


Kirby-II: handle-slides

- Kirby-II is a connected sum of surgery circles (**gauge circles**):



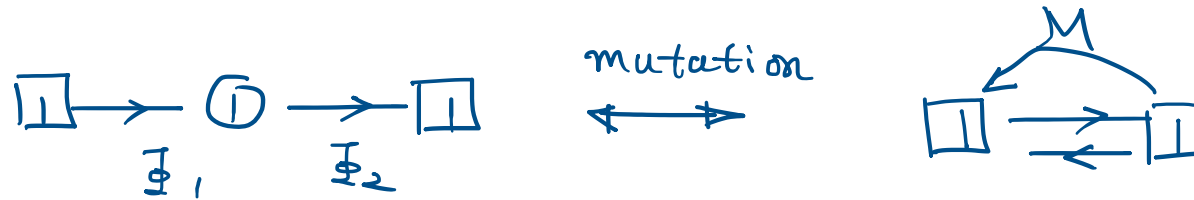
- In the presence of the OV defect (or matter):



- Kirby-II is the linear sum of scalar fields: $\phi'_1 = n\phi_2 + \phi_1, \phi'_2 = \phi_2$

Seiberg duality

- SQED-XYZ duality



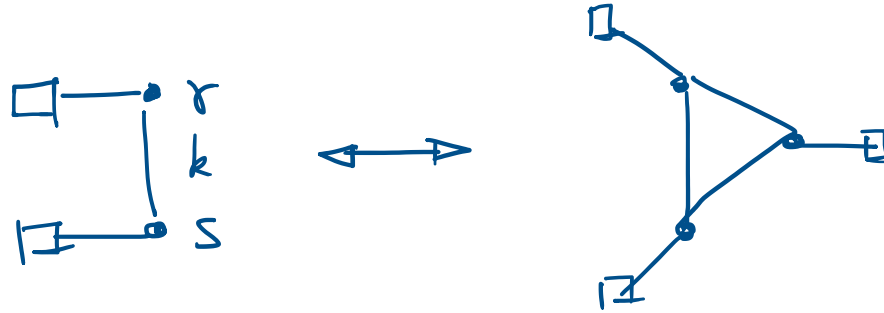
- Superpotential

$$\mathcal{W} = 0$$

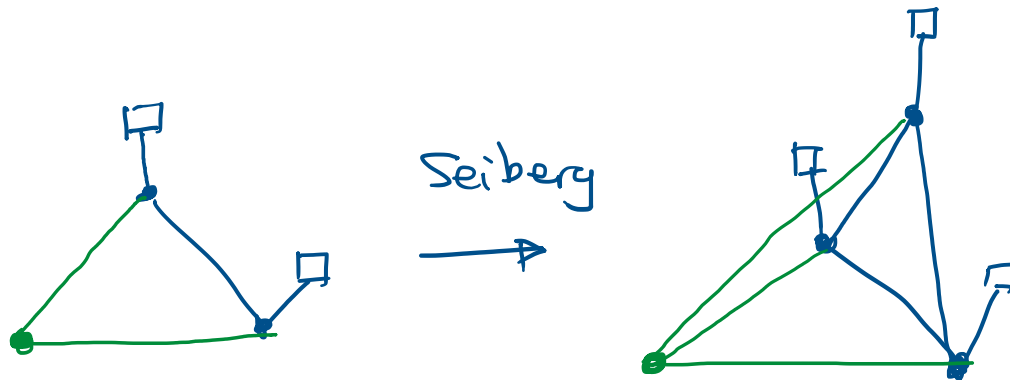
$$\mathcal{W} = \Phi_1 \Phi_2 \mathcal{M}.$$

- Flavor symmetry $U(1)_1 \times U(1)_2$

- Gauging these flavor symmetries leads to **unlinking**, **linking**, and other two cases.



- Seiberg dualities is local, so it can couple to external nodes.



- Unfortunately, we have not found the geometrical realization of the Seiberg-duality, or in other words, cubic superpotentials.

Dictionary

| Quivers | 3d gauge theories | 3-mfds |
|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| C_{ij} | Mixed CS levels | Linking numbers |
| Equivalent quivers | Various dualities | Kirby moves w/ OV-branes |
| $(q, q)_{d_i}$ | Matter fields | OV-defects/ matter circles |
| \sum_{d_i} | Gauge symmetries | surgery circles/ gauge circles |

Open questions:

- What is the geometrical realization of Seiberg-dualities?
- It looks that both quivers and knots can be constructed by OV construction. How to directly connect them? The answer may lead to the KQ correspondence.
- Non-abelian theories, and F_K invariants

Thank you!