Quivers, 3d gauge theories and 3-mfds

Summary workshop: knots, homologies and physics

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Quivers

Quivers are symmetric matrices

$$P_{C_{ij}}\left(q;x_{1},\cdots,x_{N}\right):=\sum_{d_{1},\ldots,d_{N}=0}^{\infty}\left(-\sqrt{q}\right)^{\sum\limits_{i,j=1}^{N}C_{ij}d_{i}d_{j}}\frac{x_{1}^{d_{1}}x_{2}^{d_{2}}\cdots x_{N}^{d_{N}}}{\left(q;q\right)_{d_{1}}\left(q;q\right)_{d_{2}}\cdots\left(q;q\right)_{d_{N}}}.$$

Knots-quivers correspondence

Knots
$$\longrightarrow C_{ij}/\sim$$

Equivalent quivers

Motivation

• We hope to use physics and geometry to understand this correspondence and quivers.

Tools

- 3d N=2 gauge theories: dualities, gauging
- String theories: M-theory/IIB duality, 3d brane webs
- 3-manifolds: surgery, Kirby moves

• We find:

Knots \leftrightarrow Quivers \leftrightarrow 3d N=2 gauge theories \leftrightarrow 3-mfds

3d N=2 plumbing theories

 The vortex part. function some theories can be written as quiver generating functions

$$Z^{\text{1-loop}}Z_{\mathfrak{a}}^{\text{vortex}} = P_{C_{ij}}(x_i)$$

• 3d N=2 theories $U(1) \times \cdots \times U(1) + n \Phi_i$

$$K_{ij}^{
m eff} = C_{ij}$$
 mixed CS levels = quivers

Plumbing graphs

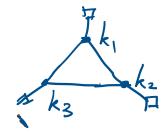
• A new quiver diagram:

Notation:

1 ₱

Quiver theories:

$$C_{ij} = \begin{bmatrix} r & k \\ k & S \end{bmatrix}$$



Generic theories:

3d dualities

Gauge the mirror duality -> ST-moves

1 free field <-> U(1) +1 field

Flavor symmetry

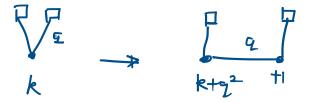
$$U(1)_{\mp} \iff U(1)_{\uparrow}$$

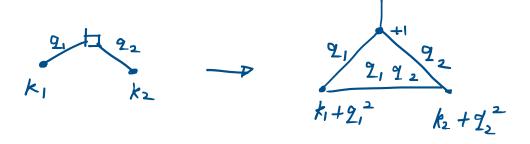
Gauge the U(1)

 $2\int_{k} \text{ST}_{\downarrow} \frac{1}{k+q^2} \frac{1}{k+$

ST-moves: application

Examples





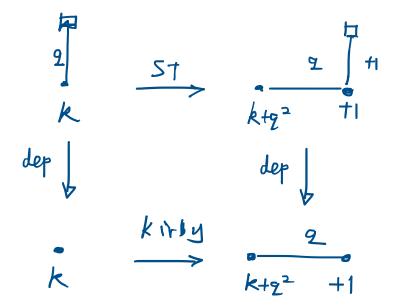


plumbing graphs

quivers

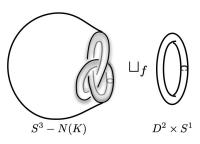
Decoupling

After decoupling the matter, ST-moves reduce to Kirby moves

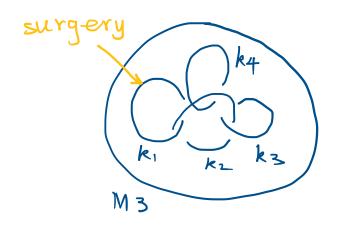


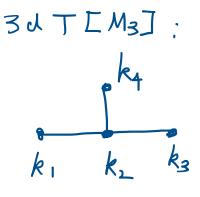
• Why is it a Kirby move?

Closed 3-manifolds, T[M_3] theories



• In Gadde, Gukov, Putrov "Fivebranes and 4-mfds" [1306.4320]. Pure plumbing theories are realized by wraping a single M5-brane on closed three-manifolds.



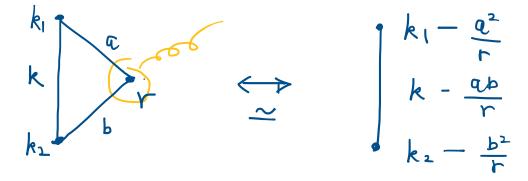


Linking number =
$$CSlevels$$

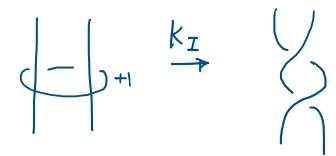
 $Lij = Kij$

Kirby moves

Kirby moves are integrating in/out gauge nodes U(1)_k:



• For 3-mfds, the Kirby-I move is an equivalent surgery.



Question: how to add matters?

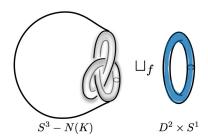
• Does the matter <u>to corresponde</u> to some structure on the 3-mfds?

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Huhat is this guy?

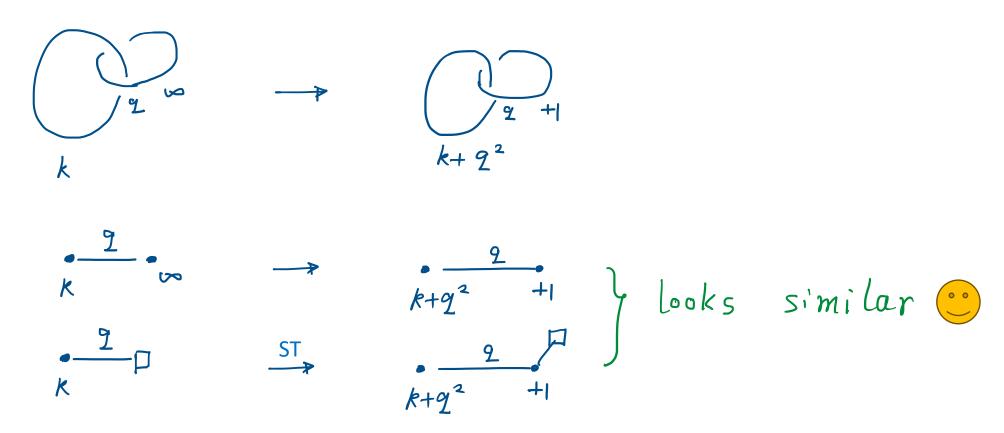
** Is it real?

** How to geometrically realize it?
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Rational equivalent surgery



The identical surgery, and rational equivalent surgery



An observation

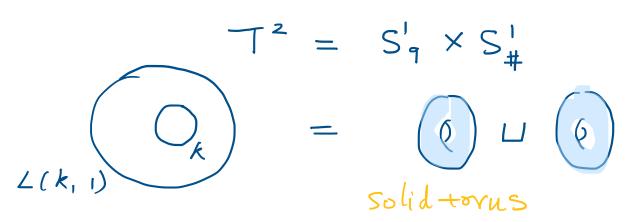
Is the matter an circle for identical surgery?



- However, the identical circle can be ignored on 3-mfds and is not physical, while the matter field is physical.
- So, we should do something to make it physical.
- Before that, let us revisit the GGP's construction using string theory.

Revisit GGP's construction

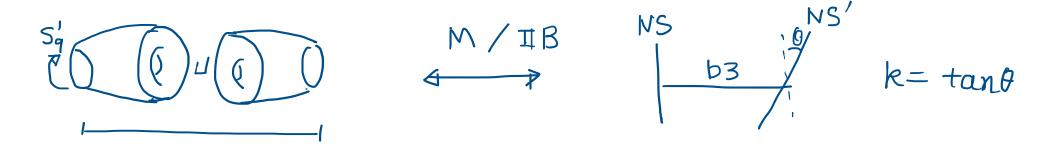




| | | - | | | _ | | _ | | | |
|----------|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------------|---|
| 11d | branes | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 9 | # |
| M-theory | $N_c \text{ M5}$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | | | | 6 | $9_{\rm A}$ | # |
| IIA | N_c D4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | | | | 6 | $9_{\rm A}$ | |
| IIB | N_c D3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | | | | 6 | | |
| IIA | D0 | | | | | | | | | # |
| IIA | D6 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | $9_{\rm A}$ | |
| IIB | $D5 \xrightarrow{S} NS5$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| M-theory | M5" | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | $9_{\rm A}$ | |
| IIA | NS5" | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | $9_{\rm A}$ | |
| IIB | $NS5'' \xrightarrow{S} D5$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | 9_{B} | |
| M-theory | M2 | 0 | | | | | 5 | | $9_{\rm A}$ | |
| IIB | $D1 \xrightarrow{S} F1$ | 0 | | | | | 5 | | | |

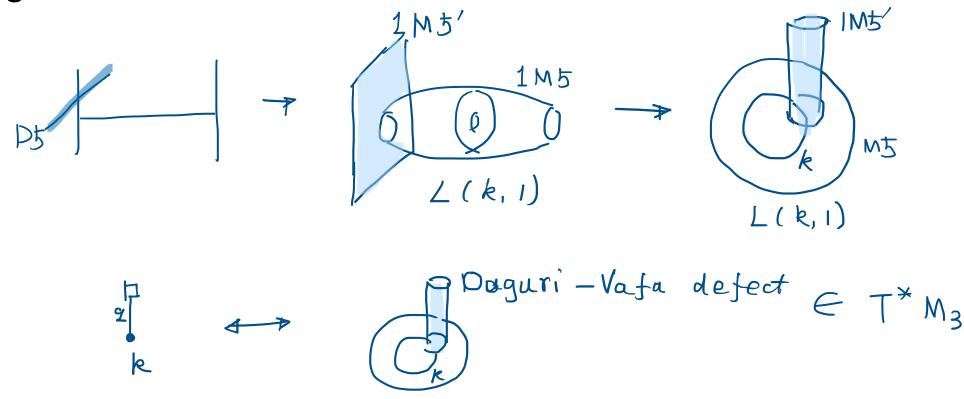
14

• Putting a M5-brane on it duals to a 3d brane web of $U(1)_k$



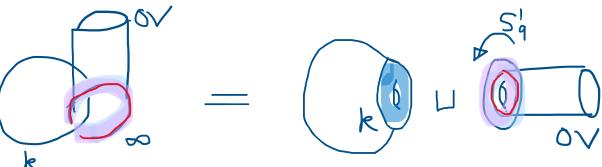
OV defect -> matter

Adding D5-branes lead to matters



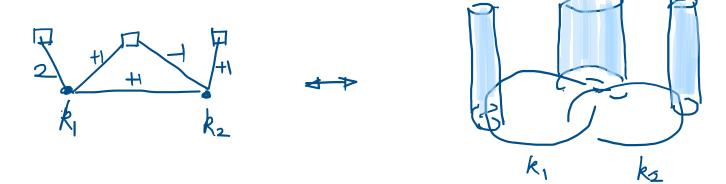
Adding a 1 M5-brane on OV defect in the cotangle bundle realizes a matter field.

• The neighbourd of the intersection is always an idnetical surgery circle:



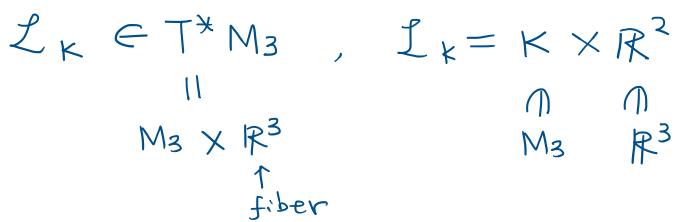
• The matter circle/intersection has to be S

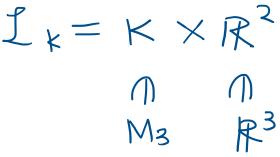
• Example:

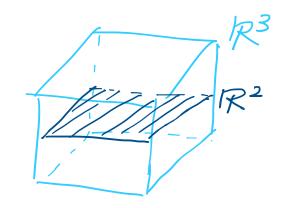


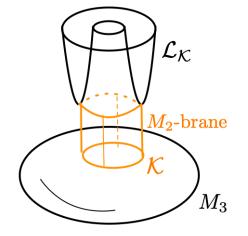
The Ooguri-Vafa construction

• A point to clarify: the OV-defect/brane does really interect with the 3-mfds.







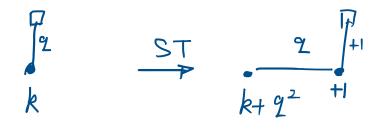


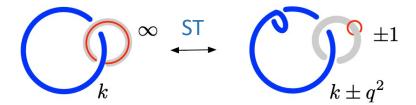
* The M2-brane is a cylinder, and only when it is massless, the L_K and M_3 could kiss each other:

$$I_k \cap M_3 = K$$

ST-move and 3-mfds

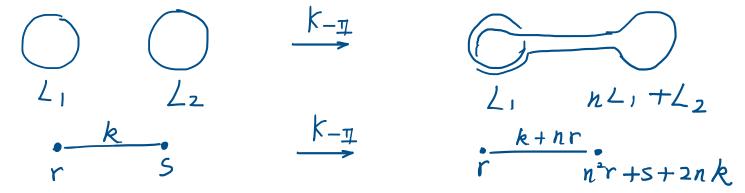
• ST-move is a particular Kirby-I move with an OV-defect/brane:



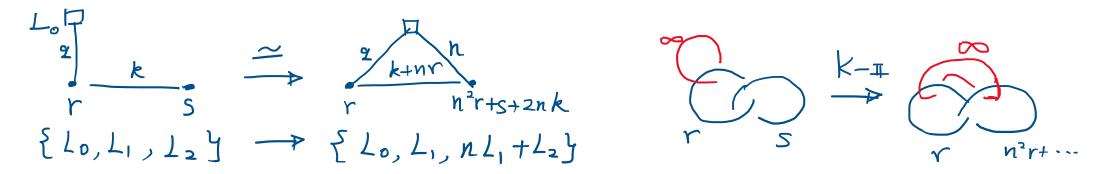


Kirby-II: handle-slides

• Kirby-II is a connected sum of surgery circles (gauge circles):



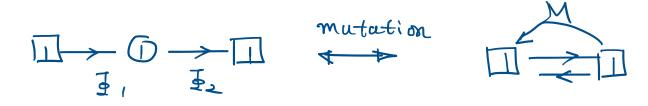
• In the presence of the OV defect (or matter):



• Kirby-II is the linear sum of scalar fields: $\phi_1' = n\phi_2 + \phi_1 \,, \phi_2' = \phi_2$

Seiberg duality

SQED-XYZ duality

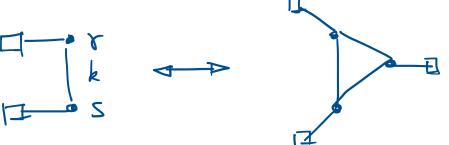


Superpotential

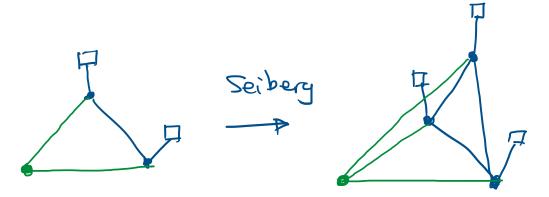
$$\mathcal{W} = 0$$
 $\mathcal{W} = \mathbb{F}, \mathbb{F}_2 \mathcal{M}.$

• Flavor symmetry $u(1)_1 \times u(1)_2$

 Gauging these flavor symmetries leads to unlinking, linking, and other two cases.



• Seiberg dualities is local, so it can couple to external nodes.



• Unfortunately, we have not found the geometrical realization of the Seiberg-duality, or in other words, cubic superpotentials.

Dictionary

| Quivers | 3d gauge theories | 3-mfds |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| C_{ij} | Mixed CS levels | Linking numbers |
| Equivalents quivers | Various dualities | Kirby moves w/ OV-branes |
| $(q,q)_{d_i}$ | Matter fields | OV-defects/matter circles |
| \sum_{d_i} | Gauge symmetries | surgery circles/gauge circles |

22

Open questions:

What is the geometrical realization of Seiberg-dualities?

• It looks that both quivers and knots can be constructed by OV construction. How to direct connect them? The answer may lead to KQ correspondence.

Non-abelian theories, and F_K invariants

