Total number of examples: 768 Training examples: 537
Test examples: 231
Accuracy of the model: 100.0 withing the heart the first the wine while I will the

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Drite a	a python code to implement	Naive Baye's Classifier.
mport u	nath	
mport 1	random	
mport of	bandas as pd	en e
nport no	umpy as np	
ef enco	de_class (mydata):	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	sses = []	
for	i in range (len (mydata)):	
J	if mydata[i][-1] not in c	lasses:
anya	classes append (my	
for	i in range (len (classes)):	
	for 7 in range (len (mydata));
J	if mydata[9][-1] == cla	uses [i]:
	my data [9][-1]=	Ž.
retur	n mydata	
ef spl	itting (mydata, ratio):	
tra	ain-num = int (len (my data)	* Hatio)
	n=[]	
	t = list (mydata)	
	le lent train / train-num	
<i>V</i> + <i>V</i> (a)	index = random · randrange	
	train append (test pop (ind	(ex))
untin	in train, test	
FUMH	ir vivir, the	

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group Under Class (mydata): data_dict = { } for i in range (len(mydata)):

if mydata[i][-1] not in data-dict: data-dict [mydata [i][-1]] = [] data-dict [mydata [9] [-1]]. append (mydata [i]) def MeanAnd StdDex (numbers): ang = np. mean (numbers) Stader = np·std(numbers) return avg, stdder def Mean And Std DexFor Class (mydata): data_dict = groupUnderClass (mydata)
for class Value, instances in data-dict.ilems(): info [class Value] = [Mean And Std Dev (attribute) for attribute in zip (*instances) return info def calculate Gaussian Probability (x, mean, stdex): epsilon = 1e-10 expo = math. exp (- (math. pow (x - mear, 2) / (2 * math. pow (stdev + epsilow,2)))) неtwin (1/ (math.squt (2 * math.pi) * (stder+epsilon)) *expo Teacher's Signature :....

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1 1	
ef	calculate. Class Por delice 100 and 100
J	calculate Class Probilities (info, test):
**************************************	for claract of a
	for class Value, class Summaries in infoitems ():
	Probilities [class Value] = 1
Anna e	fon i in range (len (class Summaries)):
	mean, Std-der = class Summaries [9]
Pr	x = test[i]
	probabilities [class Value] *= calculate Gaussian Probabilit
	(x, mean, std-dev)
	return probabilities
f	predict (info, test):
J	probabilities = calculate Class Probabilities (info, test)
	bestTabel = max (probabilities, key = probabilities.get)
Agranger	return bestLabel
f.	get Predictions (info, test):
	getPredictions (info, test): predictions = [predict (info, instance) for instance in test] return predictions
	naturn pradictiones
	JULIAN PARACONS
'n	
<i>f</i>	accuracy_ rate (test, predictions): correct = Sum (1 for i in range (len (test)) if test [i][-1] ==
	correct = sum (1 for i in range (len (test)) if test[i][-1] ==
. 77. E	predictions [i])
	return (correct /float (len(test)) * 100.0
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filename. = 'pima-indians_diabetes.csv'

df = pd. read_csv (filename)

mydata = df. ralues.tolist ()

mydata = encode_class (mydata)

for i in range (len(mydata)):

for j in range (len(mydata [i]) -1):

mydata [i] [i] = float (mydata [i] [i])

ratio = 0.7

train = data, test_data = splitting (mydata, ratio)

print ('Jotal number of examples:', len(mydata))

print ('Jest examples:', len(train_data))

print ('Jest examples:', len(test_data))

predictions = get Predictions (info, test-data)
accuracy = accuracy rate (test-data, predictions)
print ('Accuracy of the model:', accuracy)

info = Mean And Std Dev For Class (train-data)

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