Pseudocode: Graphs — Trains

Trains

- Train dataset information about trains and stations
 - Each train is a route list of stations
 - Each station is a route list of trains passing through





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- Train dataset information about trains and stations
 - Each train is a route list of stations
 - Each station is a route list of trains passing through
- Compute pairs of stations connected by a direct train
- Represent start and end station of trains in a nested dictionary
 - trains[t][start], trains[t][end]



Station Nagpur			
Train No.	Arr.	Dep.	Days
12261	04:10	04:15	M W Th F
12221	04:10	04:15	Tu Su
02286	05:15	05:20	Tu Sa
12270	05:15	05:20	W Su
12289	07:20		M Tu W Th F Sa Su
12290		20:40	M Tu W Th F Sa Su
12269	21:00	21:06	MF
02285	21:00	21:06	Th Su
12222	23:15	23:20	Th Sa
12262	23:15	23:20	M Tu W F

 Stations A and B such that a train starts at A and ends at B

Procedure DirectRoutes(trains)

- Stations A and B such that a train starts at A and ends at B
- First, compile the list of stations from trains

```
Procedure DirectRoutes(trains)
  stations = {}
  foreach t in keys(trains) {
    stations[trains[t][start]] = True
    stations[trains[t][end]] = True
}
```

- Stations A and B such that a train starts at A and ends at B
- First, compile the list of stations from trains
- Create a matrix to record direct routes

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Procedure DirectRoutes(trains)
  stations = {}
  foreach t in keys(trains) {
    stations[trains[t][start]] = True
    stations[trains[t][end]] = True
}
  n = length(keys(stations))
  direct = CreateMatrix(n.n)
```

- Stations A and B such that a train starts at A and ends at B
- First, compile the list of stations from trains
- Create a matrix to record direct routes
- Map station names to row and column indices

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Procedure DirectRoutes(trains)
  stations = {}
  foreach t in keys(trains)
    stations[trains[t][start]] = True
    stations[trains[t][end]] = True
  n = length(keys(stations))
  direct = CreateMatrix(n.n)
  stnindex = {}
  i = 0
  foreach s in keys(stations) {
    stnindex[s] = i
    i = i+1
```

- Stations A and B such that a train starts at A and ends at B
- First, compile the list of stations from trains
- Create a matrix to record direct routes
- Map station names to row and column indices
- Populate the matrix

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Procedure DirectRoutes(trains)
  stations = {}
  foreach t in keys(trains)
    stations[trains[t][start]] = True
    stations[trains[t][end]] = True
  n = length(kevs(stations))
  direct = CreateMatrix(n.n)
  stnindex = {}
  i = 0
  foreach s in keys(stations) {
    stnindex[s] = i
    i = i+1
  foreach t in keys(trains){
    i = stnindex[trains[t][start]]
    j = stnindex[trains[t][end]]
    direct[i][j] = 1
  return(direct)
End DirectRoutes
```

One hop routes

Stations A and B such that you can reach B from A by changing one train

One hop routes

- Stations A and B such that you can reach
 B from A by changing one train
- Iterate through intermediate stations
 - Set onehop[i][j] = 1 if there is a connection via intermediate station k

```
Procedure OneHop(direct)
  n = length(keys(direct))
  onehop = CreateMatrix(n,n)
  foreach i in rows(direct) {
    foreach j in columns(direct) {
      foreach k in columns(direct) {
        if (direct[i][k] == 1 and
             direct[k][j] == 1) {
          onehop[i][i] = 1
  return(onehop)
End OneHop
```

One hop routes

- Stations A and B such that you can reach
 B from A by changing one train
- Iterate through intermediate stations
 - Set onehop[i][j] = 1 if there is a connection via intermediate station k
- More useful to let onehop[i][j] mean "connected with at most one hop"
 - Initialize onehop to include direct routes

```
Procedure WithinOneHop(direct)
  n = length(keys(direct))
  onehop = CreateMatrix(n,n)
  foreach i in rows(direct) {
    foreach j in columns(direct) {
      onehop[i][j] = direct[i][j]
      foreach k in columns(direct) {
        if (direct[i][k] == 1 and
             direct[k][i] == 1) {
          onehop[i][j] = 1
  return(onehop)
End WithinOneHop
```

Two hop routes

Stations A and B such that you can reach B from A by changing at most two trains

Two hop routes

- Stations A and B such that you can reach
 B from A by changing at most two trains
- Extend a one hop route from i to k by a direct train from k to j

Two hop routes

- Stations A and B such that you can reach B from A by changing at most two trains
- Extend a one hop route from i to k by a direct train from k to j
- Iterate through intermediate stations
 - Combine information in direct and onehop
 - Check onehop[i][k] and direct[k][j]

```
Procedure WithinTwoHops(direct,onehop)
  n = length(keys(direct))
  twohops = CreateMatrix(n,n)
  foreach i in rows(direct) {
    foreach j in columns(direct) {
      twohops[i][j] = onehop[i][j]
      foreach k in columns(direct) {
        if (onehop[i][k] == 1 and
             direct[k][i] == 1) {
          twohops[i][j] = 1
  return(twohops)
End WithinTwoHops
```

n hop routes

- Let nhops record connections from station
 A to station B by changing at most n
 trains
- Want to extend nhops to allow one more hop

n hop routes

- Let nhops record connections from station
 A to station B by changing at most n
 trains
- Want to extend nhops to allow one more hop
- Iterate through intermediate stations
- Combine information direct and nhops
 - Extend an n hop route from i to k by a direct train from k to j
 - Check nhops[i][k] and direct[k][j]

```
Procedure OneMoreHop(direct, nhops)
  n = length(keys(direct))
  onemorehop = CreateMatrix(n,n)
  foreach i in rows(direct) {
    foreach j in columns(direct) {
      onemorehop[i][j] = nhops[i][j]
      foreach k in columns(direct) {
        if (nhops[i][k] == 1 and
             direct[k][i] == 1) {
          onemorehop[i][j] = 1
  return(onemorehop)
End OneMoreHop
```

- Path: sequence of edges from A to B
 - A direct edge is a path of length 1

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- Path: sequence of edges from A to B
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- Procedure OneMoreHop extends paths of length *n* to paths of length *n* + 1

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- Path: sequence of edges from A to B
 - A direct edge is a path of length 1
- Procedure OneMoreHop extends paths of length *n* to paths of length *n* + 1
- N nodes shortest path from A to B has at most N-1 edges
 - A longer path would visit a node twiceunnecessary loop

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- Path: sequence of edges from A to B
 - A direct edge is a path of length 1
- Procedure OneMoreHop extends paths of length *n* to paths of length *n* + 1
- N nodes shortest path from A to B has at most N-1 edges
 - A longer path would visit a node twiceunnecessary loop
- Transitive closure pairs of nodes connected by a path
 - Repeat OneMoreHop *N* − 1 times starting with direct

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  onemorehop = CreateMatrix(n,n)
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      foreach k in columns(direct) {
        if (nhops[i][k] == 1 and
             direct[k][i] == 1) {
          onemorehop[i][j] = 1
  return(onemorehop)
End OneMoreHop
```

Summary

- Graphs are useful to represent connectivity in a network
- A path is a sequence of edges
- Starting with direct edges, we can iteratively find longer and longer paths
- Compute the transitive closure of the edge relation
 - Stop with paths of length N-1 for an N node graph