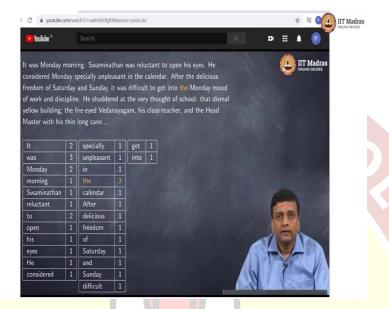


## IIT Madras ONLINE DEGREE

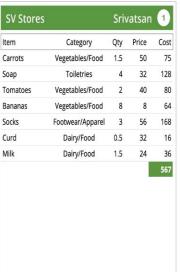
## Computational Thinking Tutorial 2.5

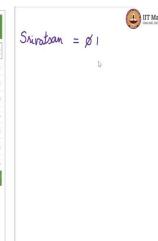
(Refer Slide Time: 0:14)



Hello CT students. In lecture 15 professor Madhavan Mukund had shown the procedure to find the frequency of every individual word in the paragraph. So, for each new word we encounter, we declare a new variable, keep its frequency 0 and incremented by 1. And when we come to a word which is already there whose frequency was already 1, then we increment it to 2. So, this way we keep increasing the frequency every time we see the word again. And when we find a new word we add a new variable, initialize it to 0 and increment it by 1. We are going to do a similar procedure now with the shopping bill dataset.

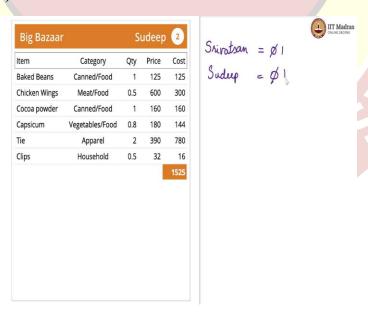
(Refer Slide Time: 1:01)





We are going to find the number of bills per customer in this dataset. So, for this every time we encounter a new customer, we declare a new variable, initialize it to 0 and increment it by 1 and each time that customer shows up again we will increment that variable by 1. So, here let us begin we have Srivatsan, this is our first card Srivatsan for SV Stores. So, let us declare a variable for Srivatsan and we initialize it to 0 and then we increment it by 1.

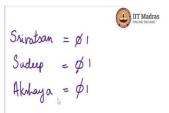
(Refer Slide Time: 1:44)



Now, we have Sudeep who again we initialize to 0 and increment by 1.

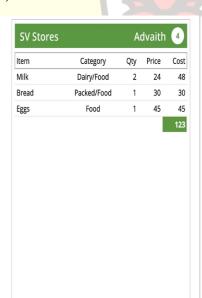
(Refer Slide Time: 1:51)

SV Stores		Ak	shaya	3
ltem	Category	Qty	Price	Cost
Face Wash	Toiletries	1	89	89
Shampoo	Toiletries	1	140	140
Onions	Vegetables/Food	1	98	98
Bananas	Fruits/Food	4	8	32
Milk	Dairy/Food	1	24	24
Biscuits	Packed/Food	2	22	44
Maggi	Packed/Food	1	85	85
Horlicks	Packed/Food	1	270	270
Chips	Packed/Food	1	20	20
Chocolates	Packed/Food	4	10	40
Cereal	Packed/Food	1	220	220
Handwash	Toiletries	1	139	139
Air freshener	Toiletries	2	70	140



Now, we have Akshaya, again 0, 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 1:59)



Shirotsan =  $\emptyset$ Sudup =  $\emptyset$ Akhaya =  $\emptyset$ Advaith =  $\emptyset$ 

Then there is Advaith, again 0, 1.

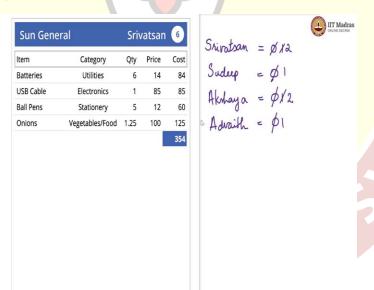
(Refer Slide Time: 2:08)

Big Bazaar		AK	shaya	5
ltem	Category	Qty	Price	Cost
Trousers	Women/Apparel	2	870	1740
Shirts	Women/Apparel	1	1350	1350
Detergent	Household	0.5	270	135
Tee shirts	Women/Apparel	4	220	880
Instant Noodles	Canned/Food	3	23	69



Now, there is Akshaya again, therefore 1 now becomes 2, so Akshaya variable is incremented by 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 2:19)



There is Srivatsan again, so srivatsan goes from 1 to 2.

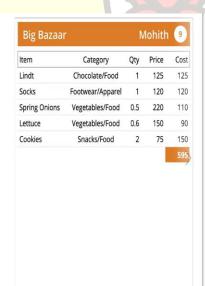
(Refer Slide Time: 2:26)

SV Stores	5		Akhil	7
ltem	Category	Qty	Price	Cos
Bread	Packed/Food	1	30	30
Biscuits	Packed/Food	3	22	96



Now, we have Akhil who is new. So, we have Akhil being 0 and then incremented to 1.

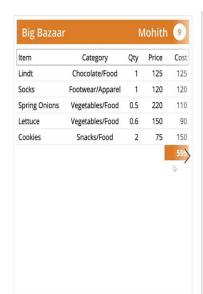
(Refer Slide Time: 2:38)





Advaith is back, so 1 is now incremented to 2.

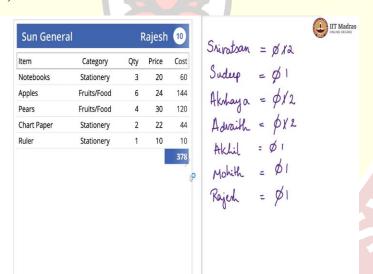
(Refer Slide Time: 2:46)



		IIT Madras ONLINE DECREE
Sziratsan	= Ø12	
Sudeep	= \$1	
Akhaya	$=\phi/2$	
Advaith	= px2	
Akhil	= Ø 1	
Mohith	= Ø1	

Mohit is new so we have initialization to 0 and incrementing by 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 2:59)



And Rajesh is also new, we do the same thing which is initialized to 0, increment by 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 3:10)

SV Stores		Ab	hinav	11
ltem	Category	Qty	Price	Cost
Chocolates	Packed/Food	1	10	10
Cereal	Packed/Food	1	220	220
Bananas	Fruits/Food	6	8	48
Tomatoes	Vegetables/Food	1	40	40
Curd	Dairy/Food	1	32	32
Milk	Dairy/Food	2	24	48
Horlicks	Packed/Food	1	270	270
Plates	Household	4	45	180
Eggs	Food	1	45	45
				893

		IIT Madras
Srivatsan	= Ø12	
Sudup	= \$1	
Akshaya	$=\phi/2$	
Advaith	= px2	
Akhil	= Ø1	
Mohith	= Ø1	
Rajesh	= Ø1	
Abhinar	= Ø1	

And Abhinav is new, so 0 and then 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 3:19)

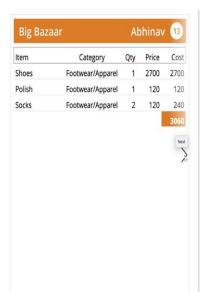


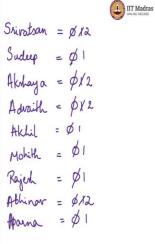
ltem	Category	Qty	Price	Cost
Mosquito Coil	Household	2	24	48
Bananas	Fruits/Food	6	5	30
Ball Pens	Stationery	4	12	48
Paper Clips	Stationery	1	60	60
				186

IIT Madras ONLINE DECREE

Aparna is new, 0, 1.

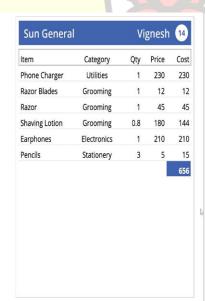
(Refer Slide Time: 3:26)





Abhinav is there already so we go from 1 to 2.

(Refer Slide Time: 3:32)

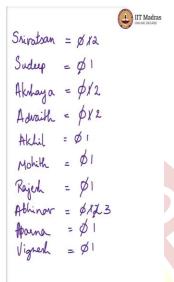




Vignesh is new, so we are now initializing to 0 and incrementing by 1.

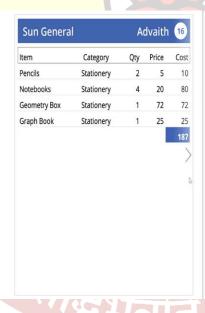
(Refer Slide Time: 3:42)

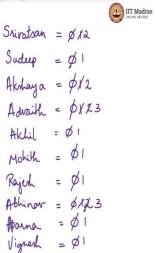
Sun Gene	ral	Ab	hinav	15
ltem	Category	Qty	Price	Cos
Keyboard	Toiletries	1	89	89
Mouse	Toiletries	1	140	140
				229
				,
				,



Abhinav is there again, so Abhinav is probably the current maximum.

(Refer Slide Time: 3:48)

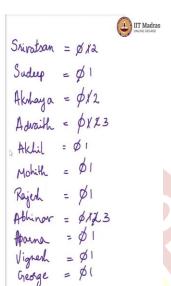




Advaith is there, Advaita is also on three right now.

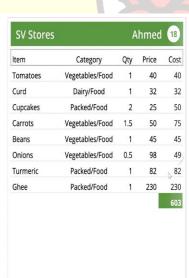
(Refer Slide Time: 3:53)

	(	ieorge	17
Category	Qty	Price	Cost
Packed/Food	1	220	220
Dairy/Food	1	24	24
Packed/Food	1	25	25
Packed/Food	1	10	10
	Packed/Food Dairy/Food Packed/Food	Category         Qty           Packed/Food         1           Dairy/Food         1           Packed/Food         1	Packed/Food         1         220           Dairy/Food         1         24           Packed/Food         1         25



George is new, so 0 and 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 4:02)





Ahmed is also new, so initialize to 0 increment to 1.

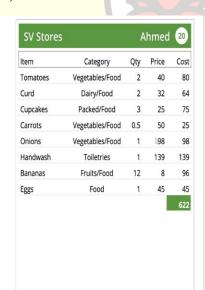
(Refer Slide Time: 4:10)

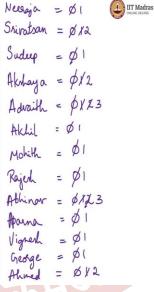
200			
Category	Qty	Price	Cos
Vegetables/Food	1	50	50
Packed/Food	1	270	270
Packed/Food	1	20	20
Cosmetics	1	180	180
Dairy/Food	3	24	72
	Packed/Food Packed/Food Cosmetics	Vegetables/Food 1 Packed/Food 1 Packed/Food 1 Cosmetics 1	Vegetables/Food         1         50           Packed/Food         1         270           Packed/Food         1         20           Cosmetics         1         180



Neeraja is new, Neeraja initialize to 0 increment to 1.

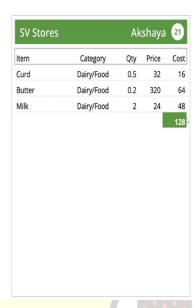
(Refer Slide Time: 4:21)

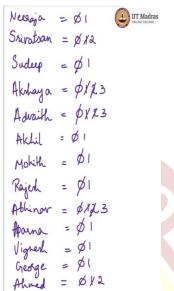




Ahmed this is here again, so 2.

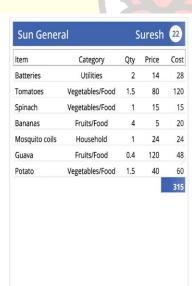
## (Refer Slide Time: 4:25)





Akshaya is there again, so 3.

(Refer Slide Time: 4:30)



Sudup = 
$$\emptyset$$
 |  $\bigoplus$  IIT Madras

Akhaya =  $\emptyset$  /  $\emptyset$  3

Advailh =  $\emptyset$  /  $\emptyset$  3

Akhil =  $\emptyset$  |

Mohith =  $\emptyset$  |

Rajech =  $\emptyset$  |

Abhinor =  $\emptyset$  /  $\emptyset$  3

Append =  $\emptyset$  |

Vigned =  $\emptyset$  |

George =  $\emptyset$  |

Ahmed =  $\emptyset$  /  $\emptyset$  |

Surech =  $\emptyset$  |

Suresh is new, so Suresh is initialized to 0 and incremented to 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 4:41)

Bananas         Fruits/Food         12         8         96           Curd         Dairy/Food         3         32         96           Milk         Dairy/Food         4         24         96           Cereal         Packed/Food         2         220         440           Maggi         Packed/Food         1         85         85	ltem	Category	Qty	Price	Cost
Curd         Dairy/Food         3         32         96           Milk         Dairy/Food         4         24         96           Cereal         Packed/Food         2         220         440           Maggi         Packed/Food         1         85         85	Carrots	Vegetables/Food	1.5	50	75
Milk         Dairy/Food         4         24         96           Cereal         Packed/Food         2         220         440           Maggi         Packed/Food         1         85         85	Bananas	Fruits/Food	12	8	96
Cereal         Packed/Food         2         220         440           Maggi         Packed/Food         1         85         85	Curd	Dairy/Food	3	32	96
Maggi Packed/Food 1 85 85	Milk	Dairy/Food	4	24	96
	Cereal	Packed/Food	2	220	440
888	Maggi	Packed/Food	1	85	85
					888



Julia is also new, so 0 and 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 4:50





Neeraja was there already, Neeraja is here, so neeraj is now on 2.

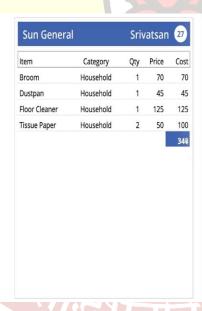
(Refer Slide Time: 4:57)

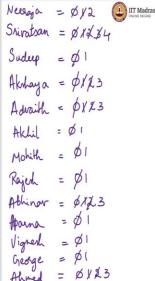
Sun Gener	al	A	hmed	25
ltem	Category	Qty	Price	Cos
Earphones	Electronics	1	210	210
Phone cover	Accessories	1	140	140
Dongle	Electronics	1	790	790
A4 sheets	Stationery	200	1	200
Ball Pens	Stationery	2	12	24
				1364



Ahmed was also there, so Ahmed is now on 3.

(Refer Slide Time: 5:04)





Srivatsan is also now on 3, Srivatsan is now on 4.

(Refer Slide Time: 5:13)

Category	Qty	Price	Cos
Toiletries	1	89	89
Toiletries	1	140	140
Packed/Food	1	85	85
Packed/Food	1	20	20
Packed/Food	4	10	40
Toiletries	2	70	140
			514
	Toiletries Toiletries Packed/Food Packed/Food Packed/Food	Toiletries         1           Toiletries         1           Packed/Food         1           Packed/Food         1           Packed/Food         4	Toiletries         1         89           Toiletries         1         140           Packed/Food         1         85           Packed/Food         1         20           Packed/Food         4         10



Vignesh, saw Vignesh before so 2.

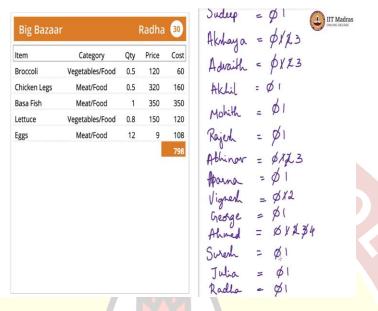
(Refer Slide Time: 5:21)





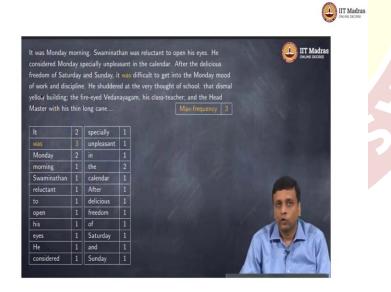
Ahmed is on 4.

(Refer Slide Time: 5:26)



Radha is new I think, so Radha is on 0 goes to 1. This is the last card in our dataset. Now, in order to get the maximum number of shopping bills for a customer what we need to do is go through these variables, the customer variables and find out the maximum. But that would involve two iterations.

(Refer Slide Time: 6:02)



Instead if you look at what the professor had done in the lecture, he declared a variable called max frequency which he kept at 0 which we initialized to 0 and each time the frequency of any

variable is greater than max frequency, max frequency was also updated to that new frequency, so it is 1 now and these are all 1's.

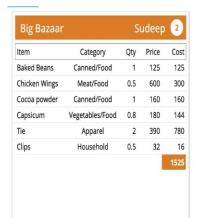
And now was becomes 2, so the max frequency is also updated to 2. And again was becomes 3 so max frequency is now updated to 3. So, in this way, in one iteration itself by keeping an extra variable called max frequency we get the max frequency at the end of a single iteration. Let us do the same thing with our shopping bill dataset.

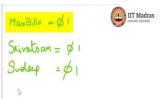
(Refer Slide Time: 7:04)



So, we have one variable which is max bills which is initialized to 0 and from there on we go through every card I am doing the same procedure as before. So, we start with Srivatsan, Srivatsan is initialized to 0 and because there is one card now, Srivatsan is incremented to 1. And now max bills 0 is less than 1, so max bills needs to be updated, we go from 0 to 1.

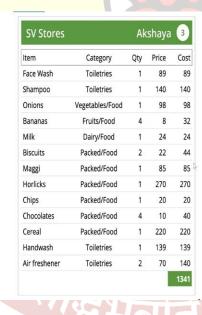
(Refer Slide Time: 7:43)





Then we have Sudeep, who also gives us 1 no improvement in max bills.

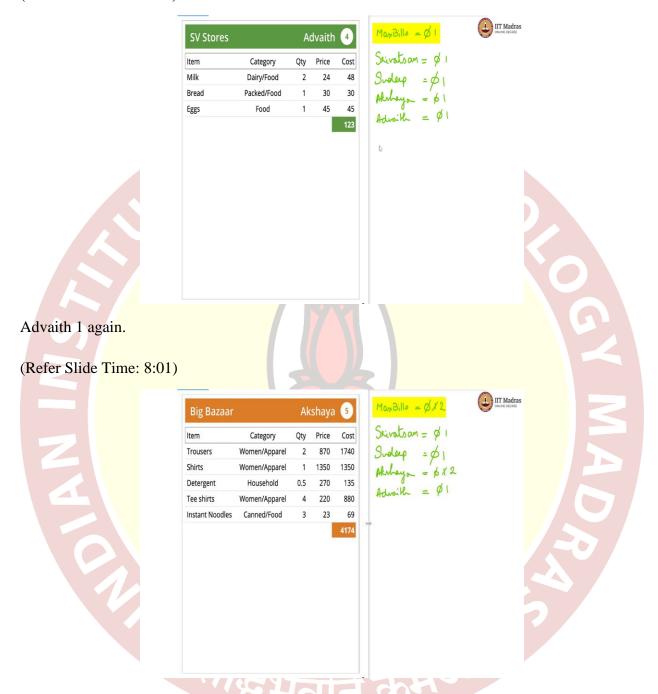
(Refer Slide Time: 7:49)





Akshaya 1 again.

(Refer Slide Time: 7:55)



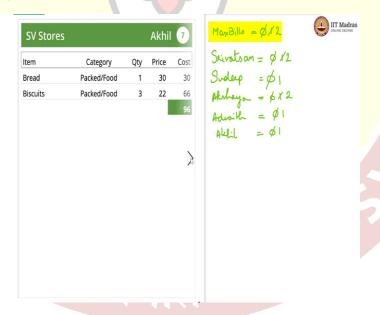
And now there is one more Akshaya, so akshaya becomes 2, 2 is greater than our max bills value, so max bills needs to be updated to 2.

(Refer Slide Time: 8:11)



Then one more Srivatsan, Srivatsan is now on 2, max bills is the same as 2 therefore we do not need to update.

(Refer Slide Time: 8:20)



Akhil is new, so it is 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 8:29)





Advaith is now on 2, max bills is also 2, so no updating.

(Refer Slide Time: 8:34)







Mohit is new.

(Refer Slide Time: 8:43)

Sun General		Rajesh 10		
Item	Category	Qty	Price	Cost
Notebooks	Stationery	3	20	60
Apples	Fruits/Food	6	24	144
Pears	Fruits/Food	4	30	120
Chart Paper	Stationery	2	22	44
Ruler	Stationery	1	10	10
				378

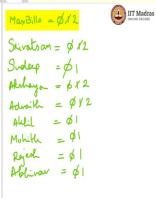
MaxBills = ØX2	ONLINE
Scivatson = \$ 12	
Sudeep = \$1	
Akhaya = px2	
Advoille = Ø12	
ALLIL = 0!	
Mohith = 91	
Rojesh = \$1	
•	

Rajesh is also new.

(Refer Slide Time: 8:49)

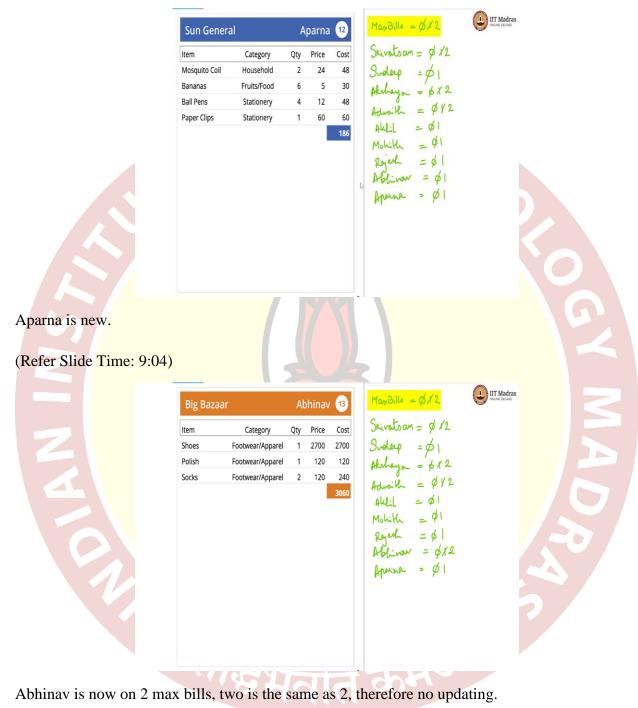


SV Stores		Ab	hinav	av 11	
Item	Category	Qty	Price	Cost	
Chocolates	Packed/Food	1	10	10	
Cereal	Packed/Food	1	220	220	
Bananas	Fruits/Food	6	8	48	
Tomatoes	Vegetables/Food	1	40	40	
Curd	Dairy/Food	1	32	32	
Milk	Dairy/Food	2	24	48	
Horlicks	Packed/Food	1	270	270	
Plates	Household	4	45	180	
Eggs	Food	1	45	45	
				893	

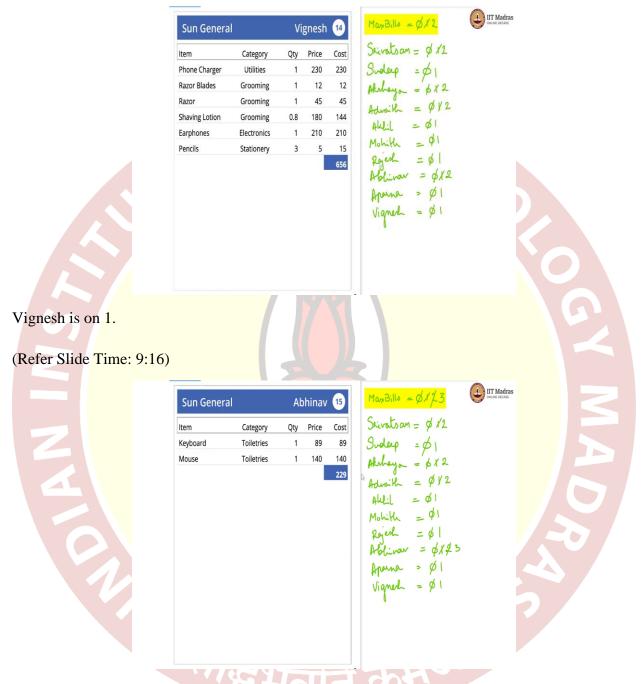


Abhinav is new.

(Refer Slide Time: 8:57)

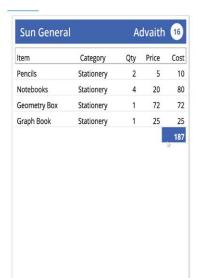


(Refer Slide Time: 9:09)



One more Abhinav, so Abhinav is now on 3, 3 is greater than or max bills value 2, therefore max bills is updated to 3.

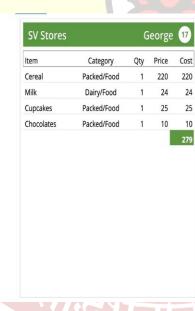
(Refer Slide Time: 9:26)

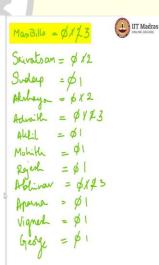


MaxBills = ØX23	IIT Madras ONLINE DECREE
Skiratson = \$ 12	
Sudeep = \$1	
Akrhaya = px2	
Advoille = \$123	
ALLIL = 01	
Mohith = \$1	
Rejest = \$1	
Ablinar = \$123	
Aparna = Ø1	
Vigner = \$1	

Advaith is also on 3.

(Refer Slide Time: 9:31)

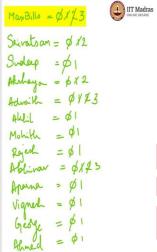




George is new so 1.

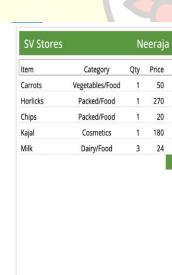
(Refer Slide Time: 9:38)



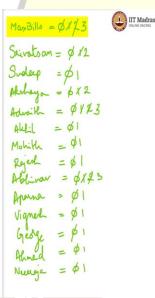


Ahmed is new so 1 again.

(Refer Slide Time: 9:45)



270 270



Neeraja is also new, 1 again.

(Refer Slide Time: 9:55)



Ahmed one more 2. Max is 3 so we do not update.

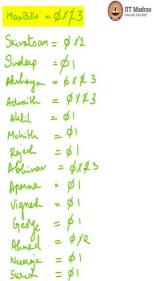
(Refer Slide Time: 9:59)



Akshaya is also on 3, max is the same as 3, so we do not update.

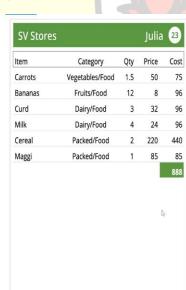
(Refer Slide Time: 10:05)





Suresh is new, so only 1.

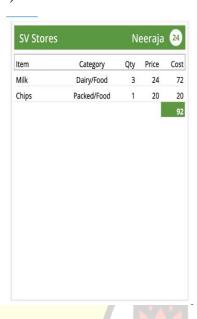
(Refer Slide Time: 10:11)

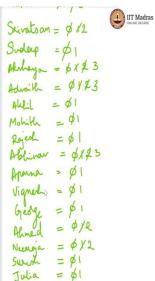


Scivatson = 9/2Subseque = 9/2Akhaya = 9/2Akhaya = 9/2Akhil = 9/2Akhil = 9/2Ablivar = 9/2Aprina = 9/2Nigneh = 9/2Newga = 9/2Newga = 9/2Survice = 9/2Survice = 9/2Julia = 9/2

Julia is new, so only 1.

(Refer Slide Time: 10:21)





Neeraja one more 2.

(Refer Slide Time: 10:25)





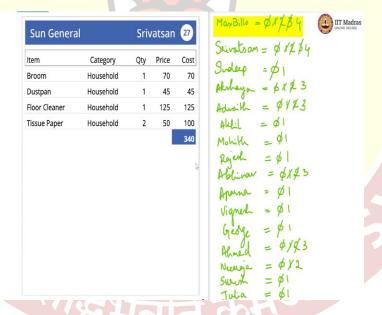
Ahmed is on 3.

(Refer Slide Time: 10:30)



Srivatsan is also on 3, max bills is still 3, so there is no updating happening.

(Refer Slide Time: 10:39)



Now, Srivatsan goes to 4, max bills is less than 4 therefore update to 4.

(Refer Slide Time: 10:46)



Vignesh is on 2.

(Refer Slide Time: 10:50)



Ahmed also goes to 4, however max bills is already 4, so no need to update.

(Refer Slide Time: 10:58)



Radha is new, so 1 and this is our last bill. Therefore, max bills is 4 and we got this in one iteration, we know that the maximum number of bills a customer has in this dataset is 4.

