

# IIT Madras BSc Degree

#### Copyright and terms of use

IIT Madras is the sole owner of the content available in this portal - onlinedegree.iitm.ac.in and the content is copyrighted to IIT Madras.

- Learners may download copyrighted material for their use for the purpose of the online program only.
- Except as otherwise expressly permitted under copyright law, no use other than for the purpose of the online program is permitted.
- No copying, redistribution, retransmission, publication or exploitation, commercial or otherwise of material will be permitted without the express permission of IIT Madras.
- Learner acknowledges that he/she does not acquire any ownership rights by downloading copyrighted material.
- Learners may not modify, publish, transmit, participate in the transfer or sale, create derivative works, or in any way exploit, any of the content, in whole or in part.

# Relative Clauses in English

Rajesh Kumar

### Some examples ...

The house which is red was built in 1975.

The road which was narrow is being repaired.

• The building which is tall has been inaugurated.

### Let's take a look at the following sentences ...

- She worked for a man who used to be an athlete.
- They called a lawyer who lived nearby.
- The customer liked the waitress who was very friendly.
- They live in a city that is in the north of England.
- The girl who is from India works in a bank.
- The waiter who was wearing a blue shirt was rude.

## Relative pronouns

- Who
- Which
- Where
- When
- That



#### Sentence

- Subject + Predicate
- Predicate = Verb (objects) (adverbs)
- Clause is part of a sentence.

#### Relative Clause

- Relative clauses begins with a relative pronoun.
- Relative clauses function as a modifier.
- Relative clauses modify a noun as adjectives do.