A quick tour of IMIX

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Contents

Introduction	1
Data Preparation	1
Integrative association test for two and three omics data types	3
Example 1: Two data types, p values	3
Example 2: Three data types, tranformed z values	

Introduction

IMIX is an R package for integration of multiple genomics data types to investigate the associations between genes and a specific outcome, including binary, continuous, survival, and categorical outcomes based on finite multivariate Gaussian mixture modelling using summary statistics. The input is summary statistics for each data type including either p-value or z-score. We support summary statistics of data outputs such as DNA methylation, copy number variation(CNV), and gene expression (RNAseq/microarray) at gene level. Nonethelss, IMIX is as flexible as it can be extended to other molecular level as long as the summary statistics of the multiple data types are coherent with each other. It provides features to select the true number of components behind the data, parameter estimation for the summary statistics via EM algorithm. The most important feature is that it evaluates the data through different covariance and mean structures of mixture modelling and selects the overall best fitting model, which in turn provides the oracle output while controlling for the global false discovery rate (FDR) at a user specified level.

This document gives a quick tour of IMIX functionalities. The tasks addressed in this package include assessment of the true number of components with respect to the data, identification of interesting genes for each data type combination, FDR control, and plotting functionality. See help(package="IMIX") for further details and references provided by citation("IMIX").

Data Preparation

Example data 1: p values for RNAseq and CNV data

Each row is a gene, each column is a data type. The dimension of the input data is 1000×2 .

```
## S100A8 6.965336e-20 0.4140232
## SNORD8 9.907678e-01 0.3540862
## GSTM5 5.138138e-07 0.9842864
## VSTM2L 1.327199e-02 0.7146840
```

Example data 2: Simulate z scores for DNA methylation, RNAseq, and CNV data

The dimension is 1000×3 .

```
library(MASS)
N=1000
truelabel <- sample(1:8,
                    prob = rep(0.125, 8),
                    size = N,
                    replace = TRUE)
mu1 = c(0, 5)
mu2 = c(0, 5)
mu3 = c(0, 5)
mu1_mv = c(mu1[1], mu2[1], mu3[1])
mu2_mv = c(mu1[2], mu2[1], mu3[1])
mu3_mv = c(mu1[1], mu2[2], mu3[1])
mu4_mv = c(mu1[1], mu2[1], mu3[2])
mu5_mv = c(mu1[2], mu2[2], mu3[1])
mu6 mv = c(mu1[2], mu2[1], mu3[2])
mu7_mv = c(mu1[1], mu2[2], mu3[2])
mu8_mv = c(mu1[2], mu2[2], mu3[2])
cov_sim = list()
for (i in 1:8) {
  cov_sim[[i]] = diag(3)
}
data_z = array(0, c(N, 3))
data_z[which(truelabel == 1), ] = mvrnorm(
 n = length(which(truelabel == 1)),
  mu = mu1_mv,
 Sigma = cov_sim[[1]],
 tol = 1e-6,
  empirical = FALSE
data_z[which(truelabel == 2), ] = mvrnorm(
 n = length(which(truelabel == 2)),
  mu = mu2_mv,
  Sigma = cov_sim[[2]],
 tol = 1e-6,
  empirical = FALSE
data_z[which(truelabel == 3), ] = mvrnorm(
  n = length(which(truelabel == 3)),
  mu = mu3_mv,
  Sigma = cov_sim[[3]],
  tol = 1e-6,
  empirical = FALSE
data_z[which(truelabel == 4), ] = mvrnorm(
```

```
n = length(which(truelabel == 4)),
  mu = mu4_mv,
  Sigma = cov_sim[[4]],
  tol = 1e-6,
  empirical = FALSE
data_z[which(truelabel == 5), ] = mvrnorm(
 n = length(which(truelabel == 5)),
 mu = mu5_mv,
 Sigma = cov_sim[[5]],
 tol = 1e-6,
  empirical = FALSE
data_z[which(truelabel == 6), ] = mvrnorm(
 n = length(which(truelabel == 6)),
 mu = mu6_mv,
 Sigma = cov_sim[[6]],
 tol = 1e-6,
  empirical = FALSE
)
data_z[which(truelabel == 7), ] = mvrnorm(
 n = length(which(truelabel == 7)),
 mu = mu7_mv,
 Sigma = cov_sim[[7]],
 tol = 1e-6,
  empirical = FALSE
data_z[which(truelabel == 8), ] = mvrnorm(
 n = length(which(truelabel == 8)),
 mu = mu8 mv,
 Sigma = cov_sim[[8]],
 tol = 1e-6,
  empirical = FALSE
rownames(data_z)=paste0("gene",1:N)
colnames(data_z)=c("z.methy","z.ge","z.cnv")
dim(data_z)
```

[1] 1000 3

Integrative association test for two and three omics data types

Example 1: Two data types, p values

Initial values for the p transformed z score mixture model, this step can be skipped

```
mu_input=list() # generate an initial list for mean
mu_input[[1]]=c(0,0) # mean vector for component 1, data 1 null and data 2 null
mu_input[[2]]=c(3,0) # mean vector for component 2, data 1 nonnull and data 2 null
mu_input[[3]]=c(0,3) # mean vector for component 3, data 1 null and data 2 nonnull
mu_input[[4]]=c(3,3) # mean vector for component 4, data 1 nonnull and data 2 nonnull
```

```
cov_input=list() # generate an initial list for the covariance matrices
for(i in 1:4){
  cov_input[[i]]=diag(3)
p_input=rep(0.25,4) # initial value for the proportion of components
Start the test
test1=IMIX(data_input=data_p,data_type="p",mu_ini=mu_input,cov_ini=cov_input,p_ini=p_input,alpha=0.2)
## Start IMIX-ind procedure!
## Successfully Done!
## Start IMIX-cor-twostep procedure!
## Successfully Done!
## Start IMIX-cor model procedure!
## Successfully Done!
## Start IMIX-cor-restrict procedure!
## Successfully Done!
## Start Model Selection!
## Start Adaptive FDR Control!
## All Done!
Result outputs of example 1
test1$estimatedFDR # Print the estimated global FDR for each component
## $estimated mFDR comp2
## [1] 0.1999738
## $estimated_mFDR_comp3
## [1] 0.198834
##
## $estimated_mFDR_comp4
## [1] 0.1918359
test1$`AIC/BIC` # The AIC and BIC values for each model
##
                          AIC
                                   BIC
## IMIX_ind
                     8068.002 8121.987
## IMIX_cor_twostep 8067.853 8141.469
## IMIX_cor
                     8083.875 8196.753
## IMIX_cor_restrict 8075.222 8168.470
test1$`Selected Model` # The best fitted model selected by AIC
## [1] "IMIX_cor_twostep"
str(test1$IMIX_cor_twostep)
## List of 8
                          : num [1:1000, 1:4] 1.03e-03 1.93e-02 6.20e-10 7.28e-01 1.15e-03 ...
## $ posterior prob
    ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
   ....$ : chr [1:1000] "ALOX12B" "DNAJC7" "S100A8" "SNORD8" ...
```

: num [1:29] -52129 -4116 -4028 -4022 -4021 ...

....\$: chr [1:4] "component1" "component2" "component3" "component4"

\$ Full LogLik all

```
$ Full MaxLogLik final: num -4019
##
   $ iterations
                          : num 29
                          : num [1:4] 0.3679 0.58 0.0111 0.041
##
  $ pi
##
  $ mu
                          :List of 4
##
     ..$ : num [1:2] 0.617 0.475
##
     ..$: num [1:2] 3.758 0.475
     ..$ : num [1:2] 0.617 4.802
##
     ..$: num [1:2] 3.76 4.8
##
    $ cov
                           :List of 4
##
     ..$ : num [1:2, 1:2] 1.495 0.133 0.133 1.33
     ..$ : num [1:2, 1:2] 4.975 -0.152 -0.152 1.367
     ..$: num [1:2, 1:2] 3.545 -0.25 -0.25 0.168
##
##
     ..$: num [1:2, 1:2] 5.967 -0.476 -0.476 1.049
  $ g
                           : num 4
dim(test1$significant_genes_with_FDRcontrol)
## [1] 1000
head(test1$significant_genes_with_FDRcontrol)
                localFDR class_withoutFDRcontrol class_FDRcontrol
##
## GLB1
            4.181068e-05
## SLC22A13 5.310557e-05
                                                4
                                                                 4
## XIRP1
            6.938574e-05
                                                4
                                                                 4
                                                                 4
## SCN10A
            8.972468e-05
                                                4
## ZNF620
            1.707402e-04
                                                                  4
## CHCHD4
            9.825373e-04
                                                                  4
```

The results for each gene, this includes local FDR, classes with global FDR control at $\alpha = 0.2$ and classes without global FDR control. Here the class labels corresponds to 1=(ge-,cnv-),2=(ge+,cnv-),3=(ge-,cnv+),4=(ge+,cnv+).

test2=IMIX(data_input=data_z,data_type="z",p_ini=rep(0.125,8),alpha=0.05,verbose = TRUE)

Example 2: Three data types, tranformed z values

IMIX test without specifying the initial values of the parameters

```
## Assign initial values!
## number of iterations= 12
## number of iterations= 13
## number of iterations= 11
## Start IMIX-ind procedure!
## iter=1: loglik=-206635.576865064
## iter=2: loglik=-6261.72236157886
## iter=3: loglik=-6258.9168689649
## iter=4: loglik=-6258.90810551104
## iter=5: loglik=-6258.90673160956
## iter=6: loglik=-6258.90649570093
## iter=7: loglik=-6258.90645509225
## iter=8: loglik=-6258.90644809075
## iter=9: loglik=-6258.9064468818
## iter=10: loglik=-6258.90644667275
## Successfully Done!
## Start IMIX-cor-twostep procedure!
```

```
## iter=1: loglik=-205033.023877053
## iter=2: loglik=-6259.18773669079
## iter=3: loglik=-6235.52101485364
## iter=4: loglik=-6234.24976521542
## iter=5: loglik=-6234.05911356536
## iter=6: loglik=-6234.02320442626
## iter=7: loglik=-6234.01583931494
## iter=8: loglik=-6234.01425127895
## iter=9: loglik=-6234.01389674279
## iter=10: loglik=-6234.01381564789
## iter=11: loglik=-6234.0137967899
## iter=12: loglik=-6234.01379235593
## iter=13: loglik=-6234.01379130573
## iter=14: loglik=-6234.01379105577
## Successfully Done!
## Start IMIX-cor model procedure!
## iter=1: loglik=-205033.023877053
## iter=2: loglik=-6259.18773669079
## iter=3: loglik=-6235.55105383137
## iter=4: loglik=-6234.35809467459
## iter=5: loglik=-6234.17018669773
## iter=6: loglik=-6234.12988825361
## iter=7: loglik=-6234.11987329096
## iter=8: loglik=-6234.117035801
## iter=9: loglik=-6234.11613039174
## iter=10: loglik=-6234.11581323101
## iter=11: loglik=-6234.11569467243
## iter=12: loglik=-6234.11564842911
## iter=13: loglik=-6234.11562988294
## iter=14: loglik=-6234.11562229928
## iter=15: loglik=-6234.11561915132
## iter=16: loglik=-6234.11561782737
## iter=17: loglik=-6234.11561726354
## Successfully Done!
## Start IMIX-cor-restrict procedure!
## iter=1: loglik=-205033.023877053
## iter=2: loglik=-6259.18773669079
## iter=3: loglik=-6235.50798687863
## iter=4: loglik=-6234.03346488172
## iter=5: loglik=-6233.84541803403
## iter=6: loglik=-6233.81235872213
## iter=7: loglik=-6233.80570025795
## iter=8: loglik=-6233.8042401192
## iter=9: loglik=-6233.80389759604
## iter=10: loglik=-6233.80381275761
## iter=11: loglik=-6233.80379084658
## iter=12: loglik=-6233.80378501177
## iter=13: loglik=-6233.80378342417
## iter=14: loglik=-6233.80378298578
## Successfully Done!
## Start Model Selection!
## Start Adaptive FDR Control!
## All Done!
```

Results of example 2

```
test2$estimatedFDR
## $estimated_mFDR_comp2
## [1] 0.04455966
##
## $estimated_mFDR_comp3
## [1] 0.04534451
##
## $estimated_mFDR_comp4
## [1] 0.04959035
##
## $estimated_mFDR_comp5
## [1] 0.04718834
## $estimated_mFDR_comp6
## [1] 0.04708245
##
## $estimated_mFDR_comp7
## [1] 0.04698299
##
## $estimated_mFDR_comp8
## [1] 0.04810474
test2$ AIC/BIC
##
                          AIC
                                   BTC
## IMIX_ind
                     12555.81 12649.06
## IMIX_cor_twostep 12578.03 12847.95
## IMIX_cor
                     12626.23 13013.94
## IMIX_cor_restrict 12589.61 12888.98
test2$`Selected Model`
## [1] "IMIX_ind"
str(test2$IMIX_ind)
## List of 7
## $ posterior prob
                          :'data.frame':
                                            1000 obs. of 8 variables:
    ..$ component1: num [1:1000] 3.26e-09 1.00 2.47e-06 2.04e-05 2.70e-10 ...
    ..$ component2: num [1:1000] 7.64e-13 6.24e-07 3.22e-13 1.00 4.10e-02 ...
     ..$ component3: num [1:1000] 6.16e-17 9.77e-07 8.23e-13 1.26e-10 1.07e-15 ...
##
##
     ..$ component4: num [1:1000] 1.00 1.98e-04 1.00 2.29e-09 6.28e-09 ...
##
     ..$ component5: num [1:1000] 1.32e-20 5.57e-13 9.79e-20 5.61e-06 1.49e-07 ...
     ..$ component6: num [1:1000] 2.35e-04 1.24e-10 1.31e-07 1.12e-04 9.59e-01 ...
##
     ..$ component7: num [1:1000] 1.79e-08 1.84e-10 3.17e-07 1.34e-14 2.37e-14 ...
     ..$ component8: num [1:1000] 3.61e-12 9.90e-17 3.55e-14 5.63e-10 3.11e-06 ...
##
## $ Full LogLik all
                         : num [1:10] -206636 -6262 -6259 -6259 -6259 ...
## $ Full MaxLogLik final: num -6259
## $ iterations
                          : num 10
                          : num [1:8] 0.109 0.125 0.117 0.125 0.123 ...
## $ pi
## $ mu
                         : num [1:6] -0.067547 5.001906 0.000984 5.025284 0.011438 ...
                          : num [1:6] 0.998 0.975 0.973 0.984 0.985 ...
## $ sigma
dim(test2$significant_genes_with_FDRcontrol)
```

```
## [1] 1000 3
```

head(test2\$significant_genes_with_FDRcontrol)

```
localFDR class_withoutFDRcontrol class_FDRcontrol
##
## gene671 2.339437e-08
                                                8
                                                                  8
## gene906 3.190539e-08
                                                8
                                                                  8
## gene754 1.637551e-07
                                                8
                                                                  8
                                                8
                                                                  8
## gene324 1.718399e-07
## gene297 2.372318e-07
                                                8
                                                                  8
## gene764 3.556665e-07
```

For the output includes each model parameter estimations, the model selection AIC and BIC values and the best selected model. The estimated FDR corresponding to the prespecified $\alpha=0.05$ threshold, the local FDR and class labels for each gene, both without FDR control and based on the FDR control at $\alpha=0.05$. Here the class labels corresponds to 1=(meth-,ge-,cnv-),2=(meth+,ge-,cnv-),3=(meth-,ge+,cnv-),4=(meth-,ge-,cnv+),5=(meth+,ge+,cnv-),6=(meth+,ge-,cnv+),7=(meth-,ge+,cnv+),8=(meth+,ge+,cnv+).

sessionInfo()

```
## R version 3.6.1 (2019-07-05)
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin15.6.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: macOS Sierra 10.12.6
##
## Matrix products: default
          /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.6/Resources/lib/libRblas.0.dylib
## BLAS:
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.6/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
## locale:
##
  [1] zh_CN.UTF-8/zh_CN.UTF-8/zh_CN.UTF-8/C/zh_CN.UTF-8/zh_CN.UTF-8
## attached base packages:
                 graphics grDevices utils
## [1] stats
                                               datasets methods
                                                                    base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] MASS_7.3-51.5 IMIX_0.1.0
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
  [1] Rcpp_1.0.3
                          lattice_0.20-38
                                                               digest_0.6.23
##
                                             mvtnorm_1.0-12
   [5] crayon_1.3.4
                          grid_3.6.1
                                             magrittr_1.5
                                                               evaluate_0.14
   [9] stringi_1.4.5
                          rstudioapi_0.10
                                            Matrix_1.2-17
                                                               rmarkdown_2.0
##
                          tools_3.6.1
## [13] splines_3.6.1
                                             stringr_1.4.0
                                                               mixtools_1.1.0
## [17] survival_2.44-1.1 xfun_0.11
                                             yaml_2.2.0
                                                               compiler_3.6.1
## [21] segmented_1.1-0
                          htmltools_0.3.6
                                            knitr_1.26
```