实验报告: Pintos 修改 Testcase

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一 实验目的

掌握部分命令行参数解析,并且熟练使用 Docker 与 VSCode 进行远程开发。掌握新建一个 test 的方法、理解 pintos 操作系统中的程序入口、函数参数,部分源码以及初步理解文件结构。

本次实验作出修改的代码如下所示:

同时上传到了 Github 之上,仓库地址为: https://github.com/Shichien/ECNU-23-SEI-Homework 请在上传的 PDF 文件中直接点击粉色链接即可。

二 内容与设计思想

使用 Pintos 创建一个 Test case,并且能够使用 pintos 成功运行自己创建的 test,由此知道如何对操作系统的架构进行操作。

三 使用环境

使用 Docker v27.1.1 进行 Pintos 的安装实验,基于 Windows 11 操作系统使用 WSL2。实验报告使用 \LaTeX 进行撰写,使用 VSCode + Vim 编辑器进行文本编辑。

四 实验过程与分析

1 在 VSCode 中安装 Remote Development 插件

在插件商店中搜索 Remote Development, 安装 Remote Development 插件。根据 PPT 指引, 获取本地中运行的 Docker 容器中的文件配置。

2 查看文件内容, 作注释

打开 VSCode, 打开 Pintos 项目。并进入 src/test/threads 目录。

```
### Static void test_sleep (int thread_cnt, int iterations);

*** alarm-priority.ck**

*** alarm-simultaneous.ck**

*** alarm-simul
```

图 1: 在 VSCode 中打开 Pintos 项目

作好注释,表示这是第二次课程的作业,记录学号以确保本截图来自本人。

3 添加指定内容

进入 src/test/threads/test.c 与 test.h,新增 hello-world 部分的代码。

图 2: 在 VSCode 中添加 hello-world.c 代码

```
C intc 3 • C alarm waitc • C hello-worldc U h testsh 2 ...

src>tests > threads > h testsh > ...

#iffidef TESTS_THREADS_TESTS_H

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```

图 3: 添加指定内容

4 全局搜索,查看编译方式

使用 Ctrl + Shift + F 进行全局搜索,因为我们要通过一个测试,而之前我们已经通过了 alarm-multiple 的测试,所以不妨使用全局搜索查看它是怎样运行的。



图 4: 全局搜索, 查看编译方式

可以看到,有三个结果,其中一个是我们已经操作过的 test.c 中的内容,接下来,我们应该对 Make.testc 文件进行重点 关注。

我们增加一个名为"hello-world"的测试,反斜杠代表不换行。

图 5: Make.testc 文件

在下面的 thread-SRC 中按照相关的格式添加 hello-world 部分的代码。

```
# Sources for tests.
tests/threads_SRC = tests/threads/tests.c
tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/hello-world.c
```

图 6: Make.testc 文件

5 尝试运行

接下来,保存,尝试运行。

```
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-# pwd
/home/PKUUS
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-# ls
pintos toolchain
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos# ks
bash: ks: command not found
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos# ls
REANE.nd does src
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos# cd src
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos# cd src
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos# cd src
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos/src# ls
LICENSE Makefile Makefile.userprog
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos/src# cd threads
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos/src# cd threads
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos/src/threads# ls
Make.vars flags.h interrupt.c intr-stubs.h loader.S malloc.h pte.h switch.h thread.c
Makefile init.c interrupt.h io.h loader.S malloc.c start.S synch.c thread.h
build init.h intr-stubs.S kernel.lds.S
root@7d814ccd9a7d:-/pintos/src/threads# make
cd build && make all
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/PKUOS/pintos/src/threads/build'
```

图 7: 尝试运行

运行命令: pintos - -q run hello-world, 结果如下所示:

```
root@7d81ccod@a7d:~/pintos/src/threads# pintos -- -q run hello-world
qramu-system-i386 -device isa-debug-exit -drive format=raw,media=disk,index=0,file=/tmp/qi1eNABVEH.dsk
graphic -monitor null
Pintos hda1
Loading.......
Kernel command line: -q run hello-world
Pintos booting with 3,968 kB RAM...
367 pages available in kernel pool.
367 pages available in kernel pool.
367 pages available in ver pool.
Calibrating timer... 105,676,800 loops/s.
Boot complete.
Executing 'hello-world':
(hello-world) begin
Hello, world!
(hello-world) end
Execution of 'hello-world' complete.
Timer: 29 ticks
Thread: 0 idle ticks, 30 kernel ticks, 0 user ticks
Console: 386 characters output
Keyboard: 0 keys pressed
Powering off...
root@7d814ccd9a7d:~/pintos/src/threads#
```

图 8: 运行结果

6 配置 make check

pintos 的测试检查使用 perl 脚本语言,观察其他的.ck 文件,可以发现格式几乎一致。不同的地方在于预期的结果不同。故根据其他两个文件对比,可以照搬格式,然后将输出结果写入特殊的位置即可。 注意到其他文件里最后都留了一行空行,我们也可以留以避免不必要的 BUG。

```
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```

图 9: 配置 make check

保存文件,并查看 make check 指令的结果,如下图所示:

```
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/PKUOS/pintos/src/threads/build'
perl -1../. ..././tests/threads/hello-world.ck tests/threads/hello-world tests/threads/hello-world.result
FAIL tests/threads/hello-world
Test output failed to match any acceptable form.

Acceptable output:
(hello-world) begin
Hello, world) help
(hello-world) end

Differences in 'diff -u' format:
(hello-world) begin
Hello, world) hed

Hello, world hello-world help
(hello-world) help

Hello, world help
```

图 10: Make Check 结果

发现结果错误,猜测应该是由于 \n 导致的,换行符的存在可能会对缓冲区造成一定的影响。故去掉换行符,修改如下:

图 11: 修改换行符

修改结束后再次执行 make check 指令,通过测试点。

```
root@7d81Accd9a7d:-/pintos/src/threads# make check
cd build && make check
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/PKUOS/pintos/src/threads/build'
perl -I.../.../tests/threads/hello-world.ck tests/threads/hello-world tests/threads/hello-world.result
pass tests/threads/hello-world
pass tests/threads/alamm-single
```

图 12: Make Check 结果

7 实验总结

通过本次实验,我成功地在 Pintos 系统中创建了一个新的测试用例 hello-world,并了解了 Pintos 操作系统架构的部分实现细节。实验过程中,我掌握了以下关键知识点:

- 1. **测试用例的创建与调试**:通过编写 hello-world 测试用例,我学习了 Pintos 测试框架的工作原理,理解了如何对操作系统的底层代码进行修改,并通过 make check 命令验证测试结果。
- 2. **调试与问题分析:**实验中遇到了输出不符合预期的问题,最终通过分析测试输出格式,发现是由于缺少换行符导致的缓冲区问题。
- 3. **实验工具的使用:** 我还掌握了如何使用 VSCode 的 Remote Development 插件进行远程开发,以及如何通过全局搜索 快速定位关键文件和代码模块,提升了代码调试和问题解决的效率。

五 附录

本次实验作出修改的代码如下所示:

同时上传到了 Github 之上,仓库地址为: https://github.com/Shichien/ECNU-23-SEI-Homework 请在上传的 PDF 文件中直接点击粉色链接即可。

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "tests.h"

void test_hello_world(void) {
    printf("Hello, world!\n");
}
```

hello-world.c

```
# -*- perl -*-
use strict;
use warnings;
use tests::tests;
check_expected ([<<'EOF']);
(hello-world) begin
Hello, world!
(hello-world) end
EOF
pass;
```

hello-world.ck

```
# Test names.

tests/threads_TESTS = $(addprefix tests/threads/,alarm-single \
hello-world \
alarm-multiple alarm-simultaneous alarm-priority alarm-zero \
alarm-negative priority-change priority-donate-one \
priority-donate-multiple priority-donate-multiple2 \
priority-donate-nest priority-donate-sema priority-donate-lower \
priority-fifo priority-preempt priority-sema priority-condvar \
priority-donate-chain \
mlfqs-load-1 mlfqs-load-60 mlfqs-load-avg mlfqs-recent-1 mlfqs-fair-2 \
```

```
mlfqs-fair-20 mlfqs-nice-2 mlfqs-nice-10 mlfqs-block)
14
  # Sources for tests.
  tests/threads_SRC = tests/threads/tests.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/hello-world.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/alarm-wait.c
  tests/threads SRC += tests/threads/alarm-simultaneous.c
  tests/threads SRC += tests/threads/alarm-priority.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/alarm-zero.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/alarm-negative.c
  tests/threads\_SRC +\!\!\!= tests/threads/priority-change.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/priority-donate-one.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/priority-donate-multiple.c
  tests/threads\_SRC \; +\! = \; tests/threads/priority-donate-multiple 2.c
  tests/threads\_SRC \; +\!\!= \; tests/threads/priority-donate-nest.c
  tests/threads\_SRC \ +\! = \ tests/threads/priority-donate-sema.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/priority-donate-lower.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/priority-fifo.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/priority-preempt.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/priority-sema.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/priority-condvar.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/priority-donate-chain.c
  tests/threads\_SRC += tests/threads/mlfqs-load-1.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/mlfqs-load-60.c
36
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/mlfqs-load-avg.c
37
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/mlfqs-recent-1.c
  tests/threads SRC += tests/threads/mlfqs-fair.c
  tests/threads_SRC += tests/threads/mlfqs-block.c
40
41
  MLFQS OUTPUTS =
42
  tests/threads/mlfqs-load-1.output
43
  tests/threads/mlfqs-load-60.output
44
  tests/threads/mlfqs-load-avg.output
45
  tests/threads/mlfqs-recent-1.output
  tests/threads/mlfqs-fair-2.output
  tests/threads/mlfqs-fair-20.output
  tests/threads/mlfqs-nice-2.output
  tests/threads/mlfqs-nice-10.output
  tests/threads/mlfqs-block.output
51
52
  MLFQS_OUTPUTS: KERNELFLAGS +=-mlfqs
  MLFQS_OUTPUTS: TIMEOUT = 480
```

Make.tests