Village Management Project

1. Frontend & Backend Structure

Frontend

- Technologies Used:
- The frontend is entirely built using React.
- Additional libraries are used to enhance display and interaction, such as react-leaflet and leaflet for embedding interactive maps.
- Component Structure:
- The interface is divided into independent and reusable components.
- Each component serves a specific function and has its own design as in the figure .



- Start with Login and Sign-Up Page: Enables users to log in or create a new account.
- Main Sections of the Project:
 - -Overview Section: Contains the map component to display the locations of villages. Uses the **react-leaflet** library to include interactive maps, Places markers to identify village locations.
 - -Displays charts and statistics about the villages, Utilizes chart libraries like **Chart.js or Recharts** for attractive information presentation.

Backend

- Technologies Used:
- **Express** with **Node.js** to create the server.
- Apollo Server to support GraphQL usage.
- Application Layers:
- 1. Routes:
 - Defines endpoints to route requests.
- 2. Middleware:
 - Handles authentication using JWT.
- 3. Controllers:
 - Processes requests and returns appropriate responses.
- 4. Services:
 - Core business logic such as database interactions.
- Security:
- Uses **JWT** for authentication and authorization.
- Passwords are encrypted using backage **bcrypt**.
- Manages sessions and identifies the current user through the is_logged_in property in the database.

2. Database

- Database Name: village_management
- Database Type: MySQL

Main Tables:

1. Gallery Table:

- Purpose: Stores images related to the villages.
- Fields:
- id: Unique identifier.
- imgBase64: Base64 encoded string of the image.
- imgText: Description of the image.
- createdAt: Creation date.

2. Messages Table:

- Purpose: Stores messages between users.
- Fields:
- id: Unique identifier.
- sender: Sender's name.
- recipient: Recipient's name.
- text: Message text.
- timestamp: Time of sending.

3. Users Table:

- Purpose: Manages user data.
- Fields:
- id: Unique identifier.
- username: Unique username.
- password: Encrypted password.
- full_name: Full name.
- role: User role (admin or user).
- is_logged_in: Login status.
- profile_image: Link to profile image.
- email: Unique email address.

4. Villages Table:

- Purpose: Stores village data.
- Fields:
- id: Unique identifier.
- name: Village name.
- region: Region.
- land_area: Land area.
- latitude and longitude: Geographic coordinates.
- image: Image link.
- tags: Keywords.
- population: Population count.
- population_distribution: Population distribution (JSON).
- gender_ratios: Male and female ratios (JSON).
- population_growth_rate: Population growth rate.

3. Chat System

- System Description:
- A system for exchanging messages between users.
- Relies on the messages table to store messages.
- Supports sending and receiving messages with timestamps and user identification.
- The chat system uses sockets, allowing users to send messages to any chosen admin.
- Messages are stored in the database for preservation, and admins can view users who sent messages upon login and can respond to them.

4.User Gallery:

• Each user will have a personal photo gallery where they can add photos and locations they have visited.

Admin Photo Addition:

• Admins can add photos, which will be visible to all users in the public gallery.

Image Search Feature:

• There will be a search feature within the gallery based on the description of the image to facilitate finding added photos.

5. GraphQL

- Description:
- Integrated GraphQL to enhance APIs.
- Utilizes Apollo Server to manage data queries.
- Allows users to query data flexibly according to needs without fetching unnecessary data.

Additional Notes:

• Base64:

- Used for compressing images and uploading them to the database for storage.

• JWT:

- Manages authentication and authorization processes.
- Tracks the current user for displaying and managing their personal data.

• bcrypt:

- Encrypts passwords to ensure security.
- Validates password matches during login.

• Express & SQL Integration:

- Creates a server using Express.
- Integrates with MySQL for database operations.

• Apollo Server:

- Used to support GraphQL queries, making data access more efficient and faster.

login and can respond to them.