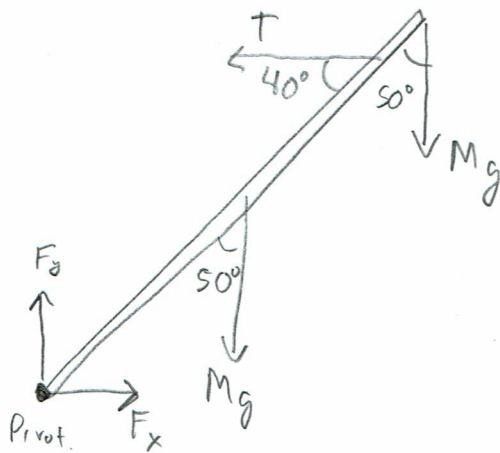


1. Here is an FBD.



From looking at the torques around the pivot: $\tau_{\text{net}} = 0$ implies;

$$8m \cdot T \cdot \sin 40^\circ - 10m \cdot Mg \cdot \sin 50^\circ - 5m \cdot Mg \cdot \sin 50^\circ = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{(10m + 5m) Mg \sin 50^\circ}{8m \cdot \sin 40^\circ} = \frac{15}{8} Mg \cdot \frac{\sin 40^\circ}{\sin 50^\circ} = 4380 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{\text{net}, y} = 0 \Rightarrow F_y - Mg - Mg = 0 \Rightarrow F_y = 2Mg = 3920 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{\text{net}, x} = 0 \Rightarrow F_x - T = 0 \Rightarrow F_x = T = 4380 \text{ N}$$

2. Angular momentum will be conserved, so

$$I_i \omega_i = I_f \omega_f$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_f = \frac{I_i}{I_f} \omega_i$$

$$I_i = I_{\text{body}} + I_{\text{weights}} \quad (\text{two weights})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (50 \text{ kg}) (0.2 \text{ m})^2 + 2 (1 \text{ kg}) (1 \text{ m})^2$$

$$= 3 \text{ kg m}^2$$

$$I_f = I_{\text{body}} = 1 \text{ kg m}^2$$

$$\text{so } \omega_f = \frac{3 \text{ kg m}^2}{1 \text{ kg m}^2} (0.5 \text{ rad/s}) = 1.5 \text{ rad/s}$$

3. a) RHR gives $\vec{\tau}$ is into the page

b) RHR gives $\vec{\omega}$ and \vec{L} into the page