## **Differentiability of Piecewise Functions:**

1. For what value of c is the function f continuous on  $(-\infty,\infty)$ ? Justify your answer.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} cx + 7 & x \le 2\\ cx^2 - 5 & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

Is the function differentiable with this value of c? Justify your answer.

- 2. Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1 & x < 1 \\ 2x + 1 & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$ . Is f differentiable at x = 1? Justify your answer.
- 3. Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2 + x & x \le 0 \\ \sin(x) & x > 0 \end{cases}$ . Is f(x) differentiable at x = 0? Justify your answer.

## **Derivative of Inverse Functions**

The following table gives the values of a differentiable function f, and its derivative f' at given values of *x*.

| х | f | f'            |
|---|---|---------------|
| 1 | 2 | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 2 | 3 | 1             |
| 3 | 4 | 2             |
| 4 | 6 | 4             |

- 1. If g(x) is the inverse function of f(x), then what is the value of g'(4)?

- (a)  $\frac{1}{6}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- (e) 2
- 2. If  $f(x) = x^3 3x^2 + 8x + 5$  and  $g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$ , then g'(5) =(a) 8 (b)  $\frac{1}{8}$  (c) 1 (d)  $\frac{1}{53}$

- (e) 5

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- 1. If g(x) is the inverse function of  $\overline{f(x)}$ , then what is the value of g'(4)?

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