

# PHYS 250 Test 3: Photo Upload

David Yang

TOTAL POINTS

**96 / 100**

QUESTION 1

20 pts

## 1.1 Part a 4 / 4

✓ + 4 pts Correct and complete explanation

+ 0 pts Not much here I'm afraid.

+ 3 pts Cite Newton's Second to justify your argument.

+ 2 pts Incomplete argument

## 1.2 Part b 4 / 8

+ 8 pts Correct and complete explanation

+ 6 pts Right idea with work: but B travels farther than A.

+ 0 pts Not much here I'm afraid.

+ 3 pts Incomplete argument.

+ 6 pts Right idea, but you should cite the idea of work.

✓ + 4 pts Correct argument, but  $W=F*d$ , not  $W=F*t$

+ 3 pts Mentions work, but not calculated correctly

## 1.3 Part c 8 / 8

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+ 6 pts Right idea with impulse, but the times are the same so impulse is the same.

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+ 4 pts You sort of get at impulse, but don't cite it or the impulse-momentum theorem.

+ 3 pts Impulse is the right idea, but you didn't evaluate impulse.

+ 3 pts Incomplete argument. Unless you know the effect if smaller mass is cancelled exactly by larger  $v$ , this isn't valid.

✓ + 30 pts Correct

+ 0 pts Not much here I'm afraid.

- 3 pts The coefficient of friction is not the same as the force of friction.

- 3 pts  $W_{\text{other}}$  is the wrong sign

- 1 pts Minor calculation error

QUESTION 3

3 30 / 30

✓ + 30 pts Correct

+ 0 pts Not much here I'm afraid.

- 1 pts Minor calculation error

- 3 pts Wrong sign of work done by friction

+ 22 pts Correct, but omitted the role of the stuck wheel.

+ 24 pts Correct, but didn't factor in final potential energy

QUESTION 4

4 20 / 20

✓ + 20 pts Correct

+ 0 pts Not much here I'm afraid.

+ 17 pts Correct except for sign error

+ 12 pts This would be correct if the collision was elastic. But I'm afraid it isn't.

+ 8 pts Right idea to use momentum, but method is not correct.

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QUESTION 2

2 30 / 30

1. <sup>a.</sup> B travels the longer distance after 5 seconds.

Since  $a = \frac{F_{\text{net}}}{m}$ , and the only horizontal force is the engine, the acceleration of B is greater than A since  $m_B = \frac{m_A}{2}$ . And since both spaceships start at the same point, rest, B's higher acceleration will make it travel longer distance.

b. Since the forces acting on the spaceship are identical, and they both act for 5 seconds, work done on each spaceship is identical. Since  $\text{work} = \Delta \text{kinetic energy}$  for a system with no internal change of energy, and both objects are at rest at  $t=0$ , the kinetic energy of both starships are equal.

c. Impulse is  $I = F \cdot \Delta t$ . Since the force acts on both spaceships the same amount of time, <sup>(ss)</sup> and the force is the same, the impulses of the 2 spaceships are the same. Since  $I = \Delta p$ , the momentums are the same for spaceship A and B.

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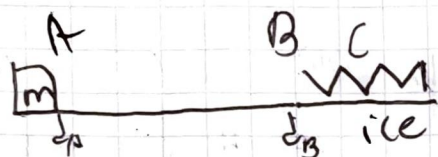
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2



FBD



At  $d_B$ , what is the velocity of the block?

$$E_f = E_i + W_{\text{other}}$$

Potential energy = 0 in both.

$$K_f = K_i + W_{\text{friction}}$$

$$f_{k_{\text{hor}}} = 0.3 \cdot f_{\text{normal}}$$

$$f_{\text{normal}} = m a$$

$$= 3 \cdot 9.81$$

$$W_{\text{friction}} = f_k \cdot d$$

$$f_k = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 9.81$$

$$K_f = K_i + 3 \cdot 9.81 \cdot 5$$

$$K_f = K_i + f_k d$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \cdot v^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \cdot 4^2 - 9 \cdot 9.81 \cdot 5$$

$$\frac{3}{2} v^2 = 24 - 44.145$$

$$v^2 = \frac{19.5855}{3/2}$$

$$v_B = 3.61344$$

$$3.61344$$

BL:  $E_f = E_i + W_{\text{other}}$

$$U_f + K_f = U_i + K_i$$

$$U_f + 0 = 0 + K_i$$

$$U_f = K_i$$

$$\frac{1}{2} K x^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \cdot (3.61344)^2$$

$$K = 1000$$

$$x^2 = 0.0391708$$

$$x = 0.1979 \text{ m}$$



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3.

$$E_f = E_i + w_{\text{other}}$$

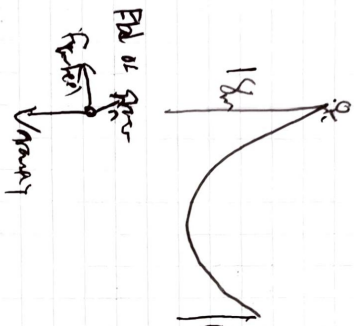
$$U_f + K_f = U_i + K_i + w_{\text{other}}$$

$$F_R = 0$$

$$L = 45 \text{ m}$$

$$F_{\text{wheel}} = 50 \text{ N}$$

$$w_{\text{wheel}} = F_{\text{wheel}} \cdot L$$



$$70 \cdot 9.81 \cdot 45 + 0 + F_{\text{wheel}} \cdot L = 0 + K_f$$

$$U_i + K_i + w_{\text{other}} = U_f + K_f$$

before h=10 to be bottom

$$5493.6 - 2250 = K_f$$

$$K_f = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$3243.6 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 70 \cdot v^2$$

$$\frac{3243.6}{35} = v^2$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{3243.6}{35}}$$

$$v = 9.6267 \text{ m/s}$$

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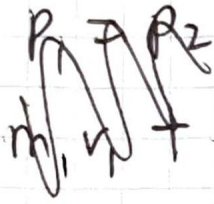
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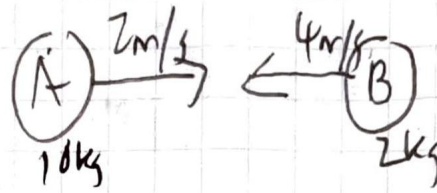
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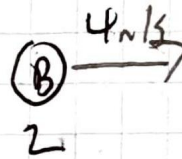
①



$$P_1 = P_2$$

②

(A) ?



Define right as  
positive  
as negative  
and left

$$m_A v_{A1} + m_B v_{B1} = m_A v_{A2} + m_B v_{B2}$$

~~2.10.12~~

$$10 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot (-4) = 10 \cdot v_{A2} + 2 \cdot 4$$

$$12 = 10 \cdot v_{A2} + 2 \cdot 4$$

$$4 = 10 \cdot v_{A2}$$

$$v_{A2} = \frac{4}{10} \text{ m/s}$$



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