# Computer Networks @CS.NCTU

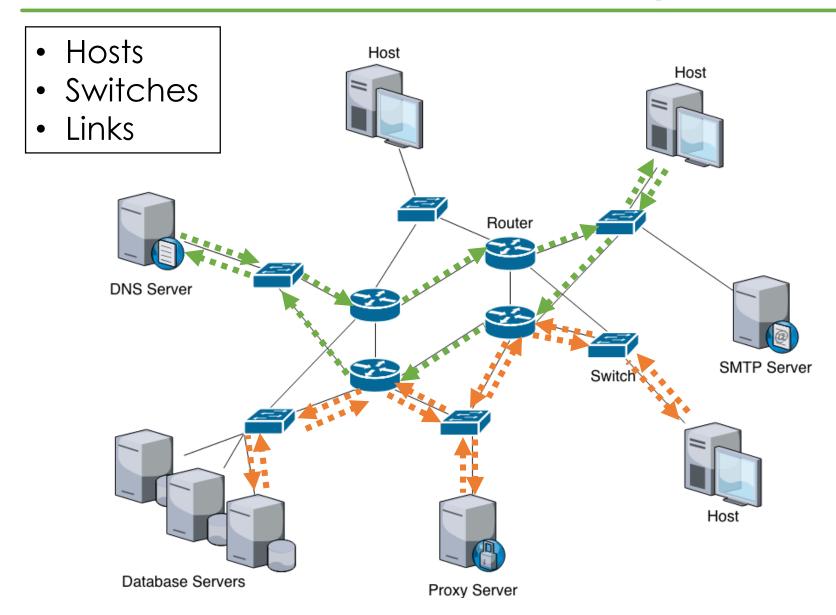
Lab. 2: Network Topology with Mininet Due Dec. 01 (Sun) 23:59

### **Objectives**

In this lab, we are going to write a Python program which can generate a network topology for Mininet and use iPerf to measure the bandwidth of a path in this topology

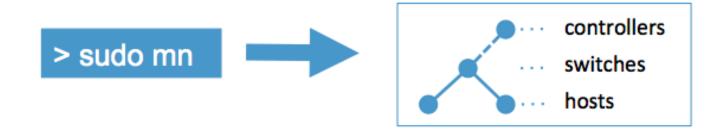
- Learn how to create a network topology for Mininet
- 2. Learn how to measure the bandwidth by using iPerf in Mininet

# What is a Network Topology?

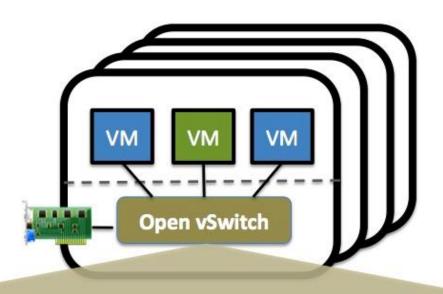


### **Mininet**

- Mininet is a network emulator
  - Overview of Mininet <a href="http://mininet.org/overview/">http://mininet.org/overview/</a>
- Create a realistic virtual network, running real kernel, switch and application code, on a single machine (VM, cloud or native)
- Run a collection of end-hosts, switches, routers, and links on a single Linux kernel.



# Open vSwitch (OvS)





Security: VLAN isolation, traffic filtering



Monitoring: Netflow, sFlow, SPAN, RSPAN



QoS: traffic queuing and traffic shaping



Automated Control: OpenFlow, OVSDB mgmt. protocol

### Why Mininet?

- Fast and easily
- Create custom topologies
- Run real programs
- Customize packet forwarding
- Support OpenFlow and software-defined network (SDN)

# Mininet CLI (Command-Line Interface)

Start a minimal topology and enter the CLI

```
$ sudo mn
mininet> help
```

Show the information of every nodes

```
mininet> nodes
```

Show every links of all nodes

```
mininet> links
```

Show the network topology

```
mininet> net
```

Show all ports on every switches

```
mininet> ports
```

# Mininet CLI (Command-Line Interface)

Show all network interfaces

```
mininet> intfs
```

Dump information about all nodes

```
mininet> dump
```

Test the connectivity of all hosts

```
mininet> pingall
```

Test TCP connection of two hosts with iPerf

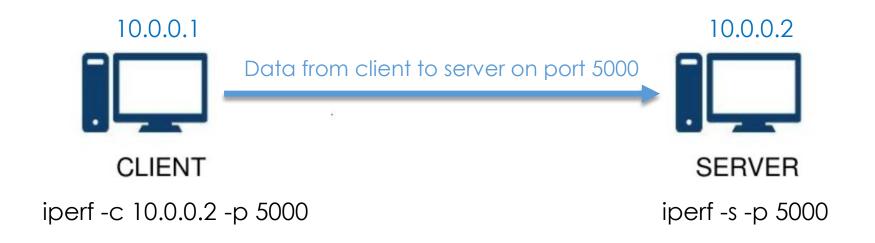
```
mininet> iperf
```

Leave the Mininet's CLI mode

```
mininet> exit
```

#### **iPerf**

- <u>iPerf</u> is a tool for active measurements of the maximum achievable bandwidth on IP networks
- Support tuning of various parameters related to timing, buffers and protocols (TCP, UDP, SCTP with IPv4 and IPv6)



# Lab2 Tasks

### File Structure

```
Lab2_Network_Topology/
                 # This is ./ in this repository
                     # Folder of source code
--- src/
   --- topo/
                     # The figure of topology
   |--- topo0.png
       |--- topo1.png
      |--- topo2.png
   --- expect/
                     # Expected result using iPerf
    --- topo0
       |--- topo1
     --- topo2
   --- out/
                 # Output files
     # Example code of using Mininet
--- Report.pdf
                     # Your report of Lab2
--- .gitignore
                     # For ignoring useless files
```

#### **TODO**

- We will give you a Python code (example.py) that includes an example network topology of Mininet
- 2. We will get you a figure illustrating a new topology you should generate
- 3. Refer to code from example.py and write your Python code (MyTopo.py) to generate this topology
- 4. Use iperf to measure the performance of this topology

### Tasks

- 1. Environment Setup
- 2. Example of Mininet
- 3. Topology Generator [modify MyTopo.py]
- 4. Measurement
- 5. Report

### Task 1. Environment Setup

- Step 1. Join this lab on GitHub Classroom
  - Click the following link to join this lab
    - https://classroom.github.com/a/E9d6YtLR
  - Go to our GitHub group to see your repository
    - https://github.com/nctucn

### Task 1. Environment Setup (cont.)

#### Step 2. Login to your container using SSH

- For Windows
  - Open PieTTY and connect to your container
    - IP address: 140.113.195.69
    - Port: port list
  - Login as root

Login: root

Password: cn2019

- For Windows, MacOS and Ubuntu
  - Use terminal to connect to the Docker

```
$ ssh root@140.113.195.69 -p xxxxx
Password: cn2019
```

### Task 1. Environment Setup (cont.)

- Step 3. Install Mininet
  - Install Mininet in your container first (important)

```
# Type this command in container
$ /mininet/util/install.sh -a
```

- The installation process takes about 15 minutes
- When installation finished, you would see these messages in the end

```
make[1]: Entering directory '/root/oflops/doc'
make[1]: Nothing to be done for 'install'.
make[1]: Leaving directory '/root/oflops/doc'
Enjoy Mininet!
```

### Task 1. Environment Setup (cont.)

- Step 4. Get GitHub repository (in container)
  - Download required files from GitHub

```
$ git clone
https://github.com/chenyang14/Lab2_Network_Topology.git
```

Get and set repository for global options

```
$ cd Lab2_Network_Topology/
$ git config --global user.name "<NAME>"
$ git config --global user.email "<EMAIL>"
```

Set a new remote URL to your repository

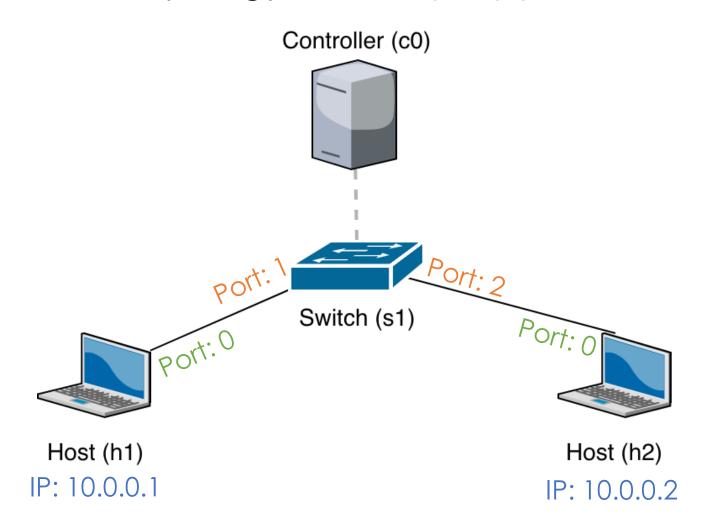
```
$ git remote set-url origin
https://github.com/nctucn/lab2-<GITHUB_ID>.git
```

Push your repository to GitHub

```
$ git push origin master
```

### Task 2. Example of Mininet

Network topology of example.py



- example.py create topology and use pingall check connection between hosts
  - Topology: 1 switch with 2 hosts

Run the example code we provided

```
# Do these in your container
# Change the directory into /Lab2_Network_Topology/src/
$ cd ~/Lab2_Network_Topology/src/
# Run the example code (example.py)
$ [sudo] python example.py
```

 Just ignore the following message if you see it after executing example.py

```
*** Error setting resource limits. Mininet's performance may be affected.
```

The result after running example code

```
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
*** Adding hosts:
h1 h2
*** Adding switches:
s1
*** Adding links:
(10.00Mbit 5ms delay 0.00000%
loss) (10.00Mbit 5ms delay
0.00000% loss) (h1, s1)
(10.00Mbit 5ms delay 0.00000%
loss) (10.00Mbit 5ms delay
0.00000% loss) (h2, s1)
*** Configuring hosts
h1 h2
*** Starting controller
C0
```

```
*** Starting 1 switches
s1 ... (10.00Mbit 5ms delay 0.00000%
loss) (10.00Mbit 5ms delay 0.00000%
loss)
Testing network connectivity
*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h1 -> h2
h2 -> h1
*** Results: 0% dropped (2/2
received)
*** Stopping 1 controllers
c0
*** Stopping 2 links
*** Stopping 1 switches
s1
*** Stopping 2 hosts
h1 h2
*** Done
```

#### Troubleshooting 1

 The following error may occur when you run example.py or Mininet's program

```
# Change directory into ~/Lab2_Network_Topology/src/
# Run the example code (example.py)
$ [sudo] python example.py
*** Creating network
.....
Exception: Error creating interface pair (s1-eth1,s2-eth1): RTNETLINK answers: File exists
```

#### Solution:

```
# If Mininet crashes for some reason, clean it up!
$ [sudo] mn -c
```

### Task 3. Topology Generator

#### Step 1. Find the topology you should generate

- Please divide the last digit of your student ID by 3 to get the remainder
- Find the figure you should generate in folder /Lab2\_Network\_Topology/src/topo/
- For example, student ID "0716001" should implement topo1.png

Remainder	Topology figure
0	topo0.png
1	topo1.png
2	topo2.png

- Step 2. Generate the topology via Mininet
  - **[TODO]** Modify the python program MyTopo.py to generate a network topology for Mininet
    - Create hosts and switches
    - Construct links
    - Configure link bandwidth, delay
  - You can refer to the example.py and make sure you really understand each line of code

- Other requirements
  - [TODO] Dump every hosts' connections in your program

```
# Remember to import the following module first!
from mininet.util import dumpNodeConnections
# Dump every hosts' and switches' connections
dumpNodeConnections(net.hosts)
dumpNodeConnections(net.switches)
```

[TODO] Enter in the Mininet's CLI mode in your program

```
# Remember to import the following module first!
from mininet.cli import CLI
# Start CLI mode while executing
CLI(net)
```

Step 3. Run your MyTopo.py

```
# Change directory into ~/Lab2_Network_Topology/src/
# Run MyTopo.py
$ [sudo] python MyTopo.py
```

#### Troubleshooting 2

 You can ping each link respectively by using the following command in the Mininet's CLI mode

```
# Example of testing the connectivity between h1 and h2
mininet> h1 ping h2
PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=31.8 ms
.....
```

 Please refer to the Troubleshooting 1 for solving the following error when running your program

```
# Run the example code (example.py)
$ [sudo] python example.py
*** Creating network
.....
Exception: Error creating interface pair (s1-eth1,s2-eth1): RTNETLINK answers: File exists
```

### Task 4. Measurement

- In Mininet CLI mode, using pingall to check the link connections of the topology you built
  - [TODO] Screenshot the result of pingall

```
mininet> pingall
```

The expected result (should be 0% dropped)

```
*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h1 -> h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8
h2 -> h1 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8
...
h8 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7
*** Results: 0% dropped (56/56 received)
```

 The number of hosts may be different, it depends on which topology you built

### Task 4. Measurement

- In Mininet CLI mode, using the following iperf commands to measure the topology in TCP
  - [TODO] Screenshot the result of iPerf command
  - For topo0.png

```
mininet> h8 iperf -s -i 1 > ./out/result.txt &
mininet> h1 iperf -c 10.0.0.8 -i 1
```

For topo1.png

```
mininet> h8 iperf -s -i 1 > ./out/result.txt &
mininet> h4 iperf -c 10.0.0.8 -i 1
```

For topo2.png

```
mininet> h4 iperf -s -i 1 > ./out/result.txt &
mininet> h1 iperf -c 10.0.0.4 -i 1
```

 The above commands will dump the result of iPerf's measurement into the file ./out/result.txt

### Task 4. Measurement (cont.)

The expected result from the topo0.png

```
mininet> h8 iperf -s -i 1 > ./out/result.txt &
mininet> h1 iperf -c 10.0.0.8 -i 1
Client connecting to 10.0.0.8, TCP port 5001
TCP window size: 85.3 KByte (default)
  3] local 10.0.0.1 port 50528 connected with 10.0.0.8 port 5001
 ID] Interval
               Transfer Bandwidth
  3] 0.0- 1.0 sec 3.00 MBytes 25.2 Mbits/sec
  3] 1.0- 2.0 sec 3.12 MBytes 26.2 Mbits/sec
  3] 9.0-10.0 sec 2.25 MBytes 18.9 Mbits/sec
      0.0-10.2 sec 27.8 MBytes 22.7 Mbits/sec
```

You will get the results that close to these numbers. And remember to take the screenshot

### Task 4. Measurement (cont.)

The expected result from the topo1.png

```
mininet> h8 iperf -s -i 1 > ./out/result.txt &
mininet> h4 iperf -c 10.0.0.8 -i 1
Client connecting to 10.0.0.8, TCP port 5001
TCP window size: 85.3 KByte (default)
  3] local 10.0.0.4 port 51906 connected with 10.0.0.8 port 5001
 ID] Interval
               Transfer Bandwidth
  3] 0.0- 1.0 sec 2.50 MBytes 21.0 Mbits/sec
  3] 1.0- 2.0 sec 2.25 MBytes 18.9 Mbits/sec
  3] 9.0-10.0 sec 1.88 MBytes 15.7 Mbits/sec
      0.0-10.4 sec 22.6 MBytes 18.2 Mbits/sec
```

You will get the results that close to these numbers. And remember to take the screenshot

### Task 4. Measurement (cont.)

The expected result from the topo2.png

```
mininet> h4 iperf -s -i 1 > ./out/result.txt &
mininet> h1 iperf -c 10.0.0.4 -i 1
Client connecting to 10.0.0.4, TCP port 5001
TCP window size: 85.3 KByte (default)
  3] local 10.0.0.1 port 41028 connected with 10.0.0.4 port 5001
 ID] Interval
               Transfer Bandwidth
  3] 0.0- 1.0 sec 1.88 MBytes 15.7 Mbits/sec
  3] 1.0- 2.0 sec 2.00 MBytes 16.8 Mbits/sec
  3] 9.0-10.0 sec 1.50 MBytes 12.6 Mbits/sec
  3] 0.0-10.7 sec 17.5 MBytes 13.7 Mbits/sec
```

You will get the results that close to these numbers. And remember to take the screenshot

### Task 5. Report

#### Your Report.pdf must include

- Measurement results
  - Screenshot the result of pingall command
  - Screenshot the result of iperf command

#### Description

- Describe how you finish this work in detail
- Describe the meaning of iPerf command you used
  - Explain what these argument (-c, -s, -i) mean?
  - If we want to perform iperf UDP test instead of TCP test, which argument should be added?

#### **Submission**

Submit your works to your GitHub repository

```
# In container folder: Lab2_Network_Topology/
# Add all files into staging area
$ git add .
# Commit your files
$ git commit -m "YOUR OWN COMMIT MESSAGE"
# Push your files to remote
$ git push origin master
```

- Go to our GitHub group to check your repository successfully updates
  - https://github.com/nctucn

### **Submission**

- Push your works to GitHub repository (nctucn)
  - Trace files (./src/out/)
    - Result.txt
  - Python code (./src/)
    - MyTopo.py
  - Report (./)
    - Report.pdf
- No need to submit to new E3

### **Grading Policy**

- Deadline Dec, 01 2019. 23:59
- Python program 70 %
- Report 30 %

### Grading Policy (cont.)

Late Policy (follow syllabus)

(Your score)  $\times$  0.8<sup>D</sup>,

where D is the number of days over due

- Cheating Policy (follow syllabus)
  - Academic integrity
  - Homework must be your own cheaters share the score
  - Both the cheaters and the students who aided the cheater will be held responsible for the cheating

### References

#### Mininet

- English
  - Mininet Walkthrough
  - Introduction to Mininet
  - Mininet Python API Reference Manual
  - A Beginner's Guide to Mininet

#### Chinese

- GitHub/OSE-Lab 熟悉如何使用 Mininet
- 菸酒生的記事本 Mininet 筆記
- <u>Hwchiu Learning Note 手把手打造仿 mininet 網路</u>
- 阿寬的實驗室 Mininet 指令介紹
- Mininet 學習指南

### References (cont.)

#### Others

- <u>iPerf User Documentation</u>
- Vim Tutorial Tutorialspoint
- 鳥哥的 Linux 私房菜 第九章、vim 程式編輯器