

## SIGNAL CATCHING

Aim:

To write a C program to catch signals used in Linux.

- 1. The program is initialized for catching interrupt signal(SIGINT).
- 2. If Cntrl+C is pressed within 3 seconds then my handler is called
- 3. my handler routine displays the signal that was caught.
- 4. If no interrupt received then PART-II is executed.
- 5. In PART-II, Cntrl+C is ignored till 3 seconds then it goes to PART-III.
- 6. In PART-III, the default action takes place.

```
Program Code:
// signals.c. # include <stalib. h)
#include <signal.h>
#include <stdio.h>
                            /* function prototype */
void my_handler (int sig);
int main()
       struct sigaction my_action;
       /* Part I: Catch SIGINT */
      my_action.sa_handler = my_handler;
      my_action.sa_flags = SA_RESTART;
      sigaction (SIGINT, &my_action, NULL);
      printf ("Catching SIGINT\n");
      sleep (3);
      printf (" No SIGINT within 3 seconds\n");
      /* Part II: Ignore SIGINT */
      my_action.sa_handler = $IG_IGN;
      my action.sa flags = SA_RESTART;
      sigaction (SIGINT, &my_action, NULL);
      printf ("Ignoring SIGINT\n");
      sleep (3):
      printf (" Sleep is over\n");
```

/\* Part III: Default action for SIGINT \*/ my\_action.sa\_handler = SIG\_DFL;

```
my_action.sa_flags = SA_RESTART;
     sigaction (SIGINT, &my_action, NULL);
     sleep (3);
     printf ("No SIGINT within 3 seconds\n");
void my_handler (int sig)
 printf (" \t I got SIGINT, number %d\n", sig);
 exit(0);
Output:
     gcc sigcat.c
      ·/a.out
     Catching SIGINT
      No sigist within 3 sewords
      Ignoring SIGINT
      Sleep is over
       NO SIGINT WITHIN 3 seconds
       · la · out
        Catching SIGINT
                 I got sigint, number 2
```

## RESULT:

The program has been executed and the output has been veitied successfully.

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