

Why this AZ med?

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How to use

Need answers?

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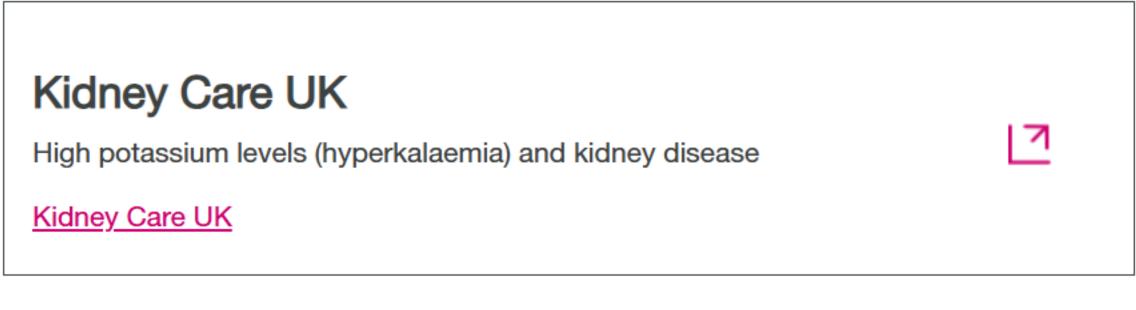
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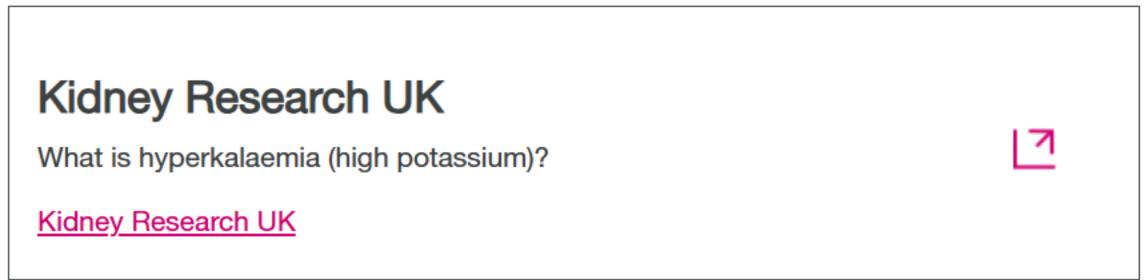
Protecting your

kidneys and heart

Learn more about hyperkalaemia and potassium level in the body

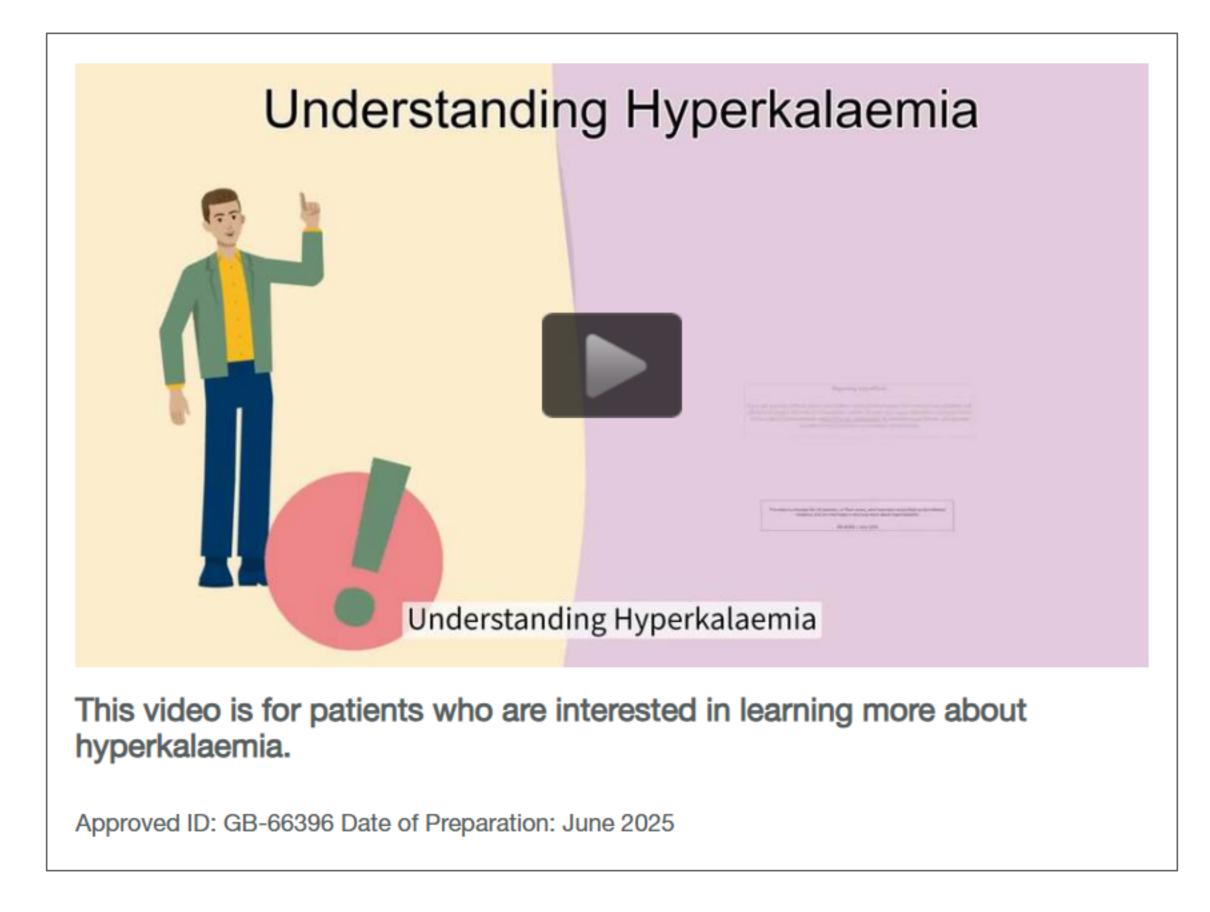
What is hyperkalaemia and how it relates to your heart and kidneys.











Approval ID: GB-66659 Date of preparation: June 2025



Lokelma

(sodium zirconium cyclosilicate)

- Adult (18 years+)
- Hyperkalaemia (high blood potassium)







(sodium zirconium cyclosilicate) Powder for oral suspension

- Adult (18 years+)
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What is hyperkalaemia and how it relates to your heart and kidneys.

Kidney Care UK

High potassium levels (hyperkalaemia) and kidney disease

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Kidney Care UK

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What is hyperkalaemia (high potassium)?

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Kidney Research UK

Pumping Marvellous

Heart Failure guide

Pumping Marvellous

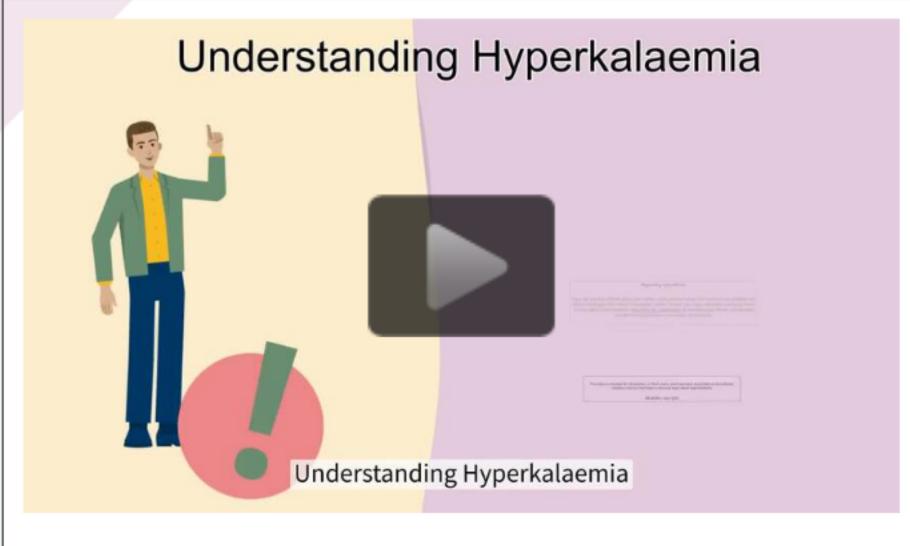
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National Kidney Federation

Living with Kidney disease – Diet and food

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National Kidney Federation



This video is for patients who are interested in learning more about hyperkalaemia.

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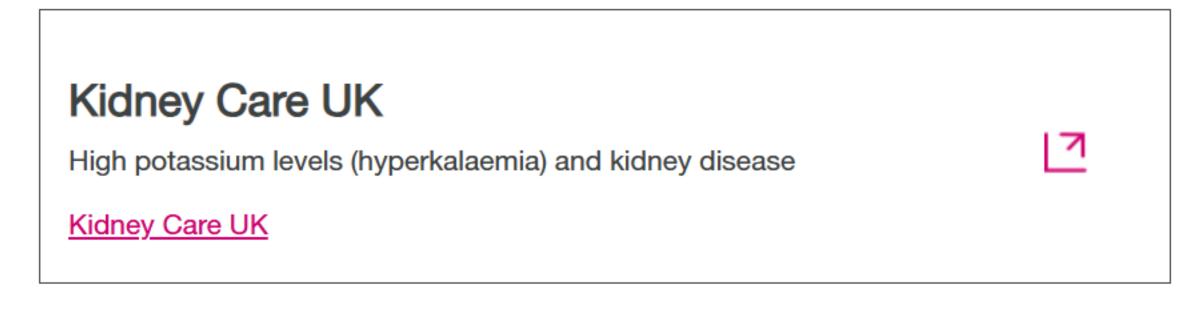
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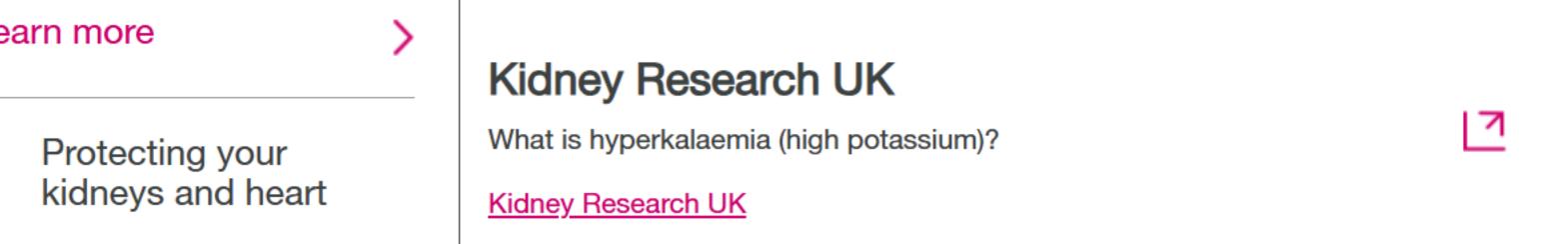
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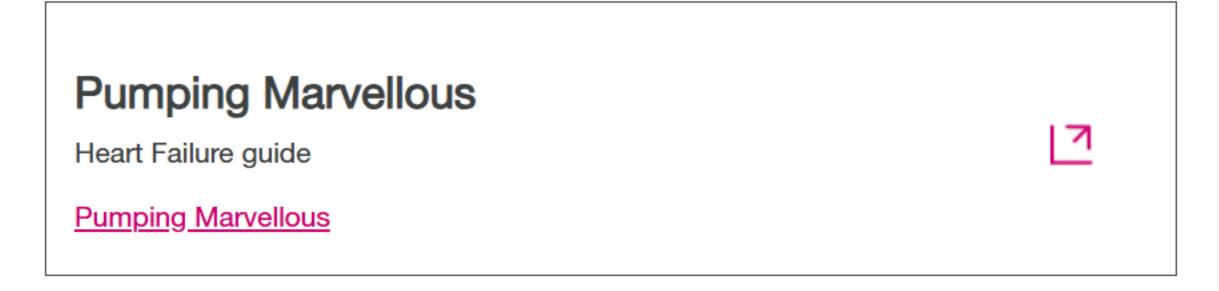
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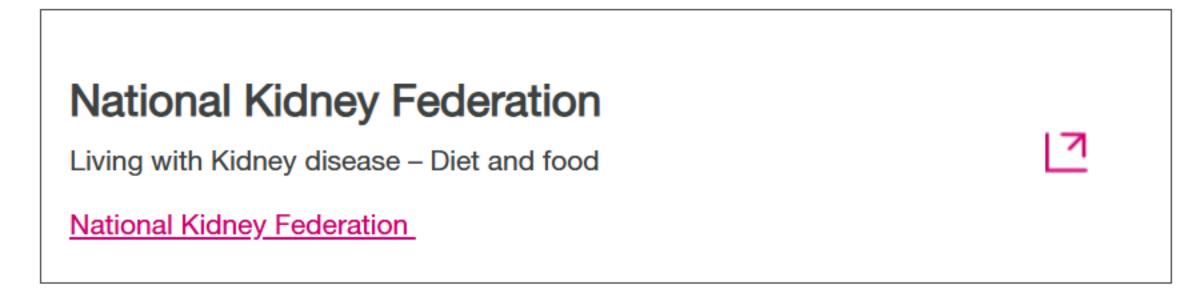
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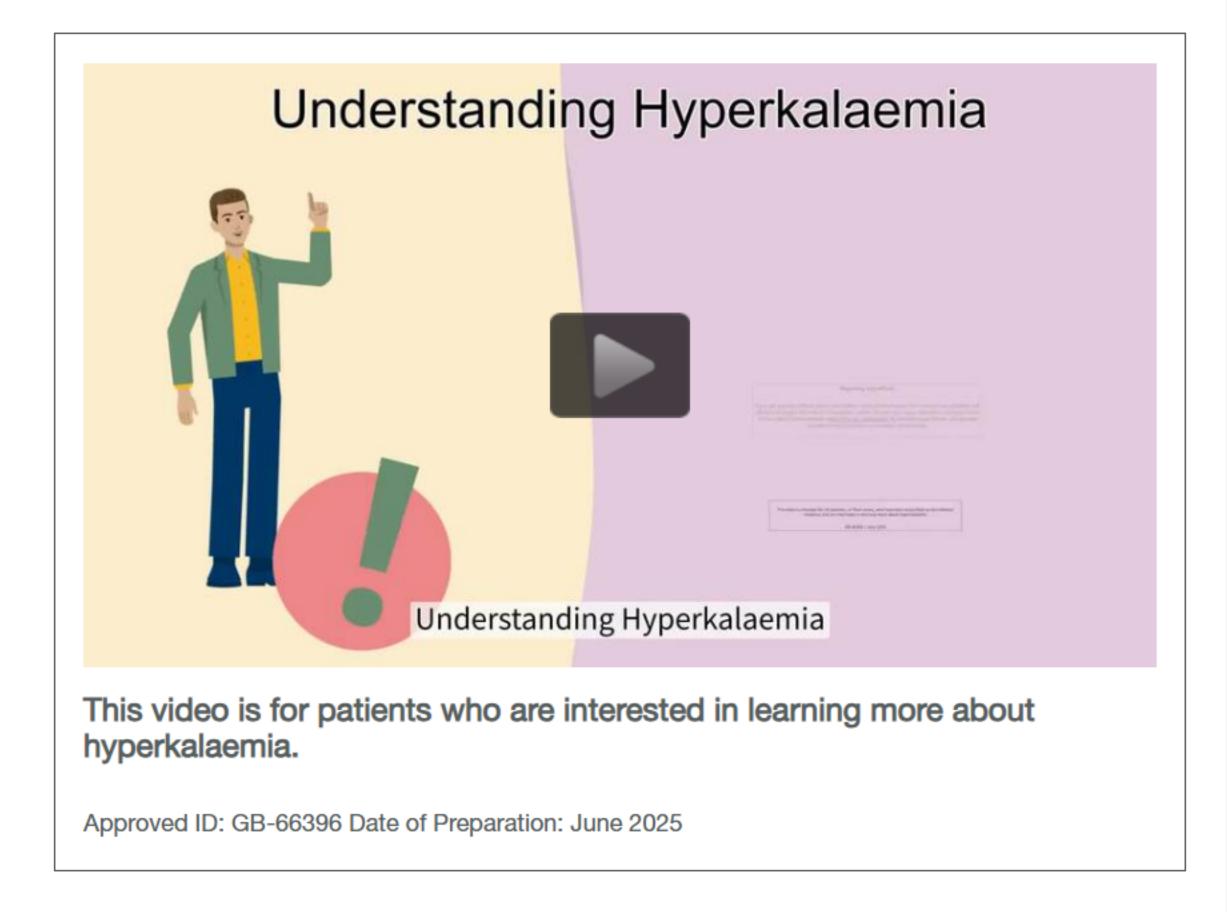
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Learn more



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High potassium levels (hyperkalaemia) and kidney disease

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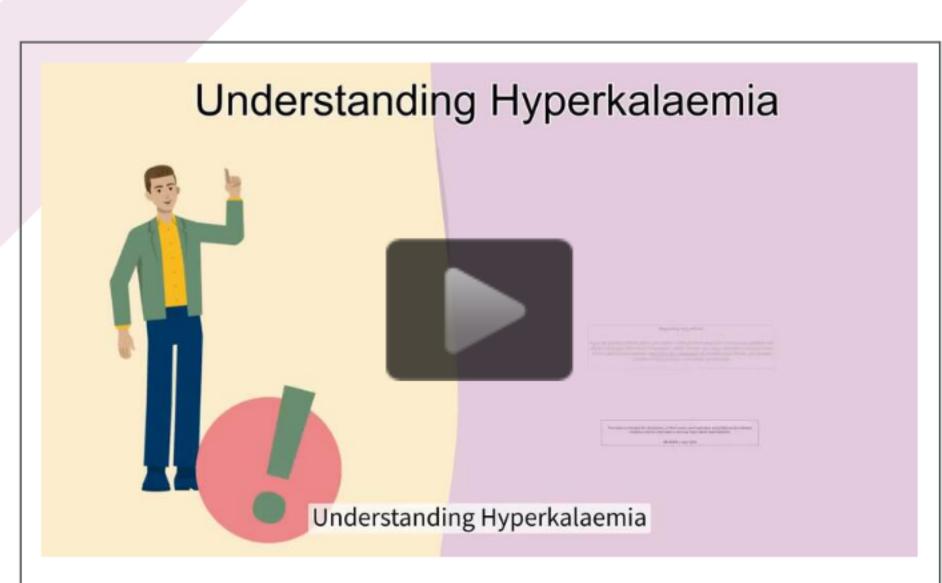
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Protecting your kidneys and heart

In this section:

Protecting your kidneys and heart - RAASi therapy

What is RAASi therapy?

Why have I been prescribed RAASi therapy?

How does RAASi therapy work?

What are the benefits of RAASi therapy?

What are the potential risks of RAASi therapy?

How your AZmed helps

Protecting your kidneys and heart – RAASi therapy

This page is for people living with heart or kidney diseases (known as cardiorenal diseases) who are taking medicines called RAASi (Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone System Inhibitor) therapy.

When you're living with a cardiorenal disease, there can be lots to think about. It is important for you to understand your condition and your medicines.

What is RAASi therapy?

'RAASi therapy' is a term used to describe a group of medicines. RAASi stands for 'Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone System Inhibitor'. RAASi medicines are used to help control blood pressure and protect your heart and kidneys. This is known as 'cardiorenal protection'.

There are different types of RAASi therapy:

- ACE inhibitors (angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors) medicines that end in 'pril', such as 'ramipril' and 'enalapril'
- ARB (angiotensin 2 receptor blockers) medicines that end in 'sartan', such as 'losartan' and 'candesartan'
- MRA (mineralocorticoid receptor antagonists) such as 'spironolactone',
 'finerenone' or 'eplerenone'
- ARN inhibitors (angiotensin receptor/neprilysin inhibitors) such as 'sacubitril/valsartan' also known as Entresto

Why have I been prescribed RAASi therapy?

RAASi therapy is usually prescribed for people who have one or more condition impacting their heart or kidneys. These include chronic kidney disease and heart failure. You may also be prescribed it for hypertension (high blood pressure).

Your heart and kidneys are really important organs. They work together in your body and are connected through a network of veins and arteries. Your heart sends a constant supply of blood around the body. Your kidneys filter the blood and help regulate blood pressure. Because they work so closely together, when one of these organs is affected by something, the other is likely to be impacted too.

How does RAASi therapy work?

RAASi medicines work on a system in the body called the 'Renin Angiotensin Aldosterone System' or RAAS. This system controls your blood pressure and electrolyte balance. Electrolytes are minerals like sodium and potassium. Diseases like chronic kidney disease and heart failure can make the RAAS overactive. When the RAAS is overactive, it can increase the levels of certain hormones in the body. This can cause inflammation, fibrosis (thickening or scarring of tissue) or hypertrophy (increase in size) of your heart or kidneys. This can make your chronic kidney disease and heart failure worse.

RAASi therapy works to control the RAAS system. They do this by blocking certain hormones. This helps to protect the heart and kidneys.

What are the benefits of RAASi therapy?

RAASi therapy can help control blood pressure and protect the heart and kidneys. Research has shown that RAASi therapy can improve health outcomes for people with chronic kidney disease and heart failure.

Your healthcare team will try to get as close as possible to your target dose of RAASi therapy. This is to help protect your heart and kidneys. They will talk to you about your treatment options. Together, you can decide on a plan that works best for you.

What are the potential risks of RAASi therapy?

RAASi therapy helps protect the heart and kidneys. But they can cause high levels of potassium. This happens because the kidneys are less able to filter potassium out of the body. So, RAASi can increase the risk of higher amounts of potassium in the blood known as 'hyperkalaemia'.

As RAASi helps to protect the heart and kidneys, your doctor will try to avoid lowering or stopping your RAASi therapy if you have higher levels of potassium in your blood.

How your AZmed helps

Lokelma helps by managing hyperkalaemia. This will help to make sure you can stay on your target dose of RAASi to protect your heart and kidneys.

See the 'Protect Your Kidneys and Heart booklet' in the Info to download section of this website to learn more.

Approval ID: GB-66659 Date of preparation: June 2025



Lokelma

(sodium zirconium cyclosilicate)

- Adult (18 years+)
- Hyperkalaemia (high blood potassium)



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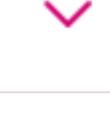


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- Hyperkalaemia (high blood potassium)



Protecting your kidneys and heart



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How does RAASi therapy work?

What are the benefits of RAASi therapy? What are the potential risks of RAASi therapy?

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See the 'Protect Your Kidneys and Heart booklet' in the

RAASi to protect your heart and kidneys.

Info to download section of this website to learn more.



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See the 'Protect Your Kidneys and Heart booklet' in the Info to download section of this website to learn more.







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Protecting your kidneys and heart –

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<u>How your AZmed helps</u>

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