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### **Experiment 7**

**Aim**: To write meta data of your Ecommerce PWA in a Web app manifest file to enable add to homescreen feature.

#### Theory:

Regular Web App

A regular web app is a website that is designed to be accessible on all mobile devices such that the content gets fit as per the device screen. It is designed using a web technology stack (HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Ruby, etc.) and operates via a browser. They offer various native-device features and functionalities. However, it entirely depends on the browser the user is using. In other words, it might be possible that you can access a native-device feature on Chrome but not on Safari or Mozilla Firefox because the browsers are incompatible with that feature.

#### Progressive Web App

Progressive Web App (PWA) is a regular web app, but some extras enable it to deliver an excellent user experience. It is a perfect blend of desktop and mobile application experience to give both platforms to the end-users.

Difference between PWAs vs. Regular Web Apps:

A Progressive Web is different and better than a Regular Web app with features like:

#### 1. Native Experience

Though a PWA runs on web technologies (HTML, CSS, JavaScript) like a Regular web app, it gives user experience like a native mobile application. It can use most native device features, including push notifications, without relying on the browser or any other entity. It offers a seamless and integrated user experience that it is quite tough for one to differentiate between a PWA and a Native application by considering its look and feel.

#### 2. Ease of Access

Unlike other mobile apps, PWAs do not demand longer download time and make memory space available for installing the applications. The PWAs can be shared and installed by a link, which cuts down the number of steps to install and use. These applications can easily keep an app icon on the user's home screen, making the app easily accessible to the users and helps the brands remain in the users' minds, and improving the chances of interaction.

#### 3. Faster Services

PWAs can cache the data and serve the user with text stylesheets, images, and other web content even before the page loads completely. This lowers the waiting time for the end-users and helps the brands improve the user engagement and retention rate, which eventually adds value to their business.

#### 4. Engaging Approach

As already shared, the PWAs can employ push notifications and other native device features more efficiently. Their interaction does not depend on the browser user uses. This eventually improves the chances of notifying the user regarding your services, offers, and other options related to your brand and keeping them hooked to your brand. In simpler words, PWAs let you maintain the user engagement and retention rate.

# 5. Updated Real-Time Data Access

Another plus point of PWAs is that these apps get updated on their own. They do not demand the end-users to go to the App Store or other such platforms to download the update and wait until installed.

In this app type, the web app developers can push the live update from the server, which reaches the apps residing on the user's devices automatically. Therefore, it is easier for the mobile app developer to provide the best of the updated functionalities and services to the end-users without forcing them to update their app.

#### 6. Discoverable

PWAs reside in web browsers. This implies higher chances of optimizing them as per the Search Engine Optimization (SEO) criteria and improving the Google rankings like that in websites and other web apps.

#### 7. Lower Development Cost

Progressive web apps can be installed on the user device like a native device, but it does not demand submission on an App Store. This makes it far more cost-effective than native mobile applications while offering the same set of functionalities.

Pros and cons of the Progressive Web App The main features are:

Progressive — They work for every user, regardless of the browser chosen because they are built at the base with progressive improvement principles.

Responsive — They adapt to the various screen sizes: desktop, mobile, tablet, or dimensions that can later become available.

App-like — They behave with the user as if they were native apps, in terms of interaction and navigation.

Updated — Information is always up-to-date thanks to the data update process offered by service workers.

Secure — Exposed over HTTPS protocol to prevent the connection from displaying information or altering the contents.

Searchable — They are identified as "applications" and are indexed by search engines.

#### Code:

```
link
   rel="stylesheet"
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Material+Symbols+Outlined:opsz,
wght,FILL,GRAD@20..48,100..700,0..1,-50..200"
  />
 </head>
 <body>
  <header>
   <div class="logo container">
    <a href="#"
     ><img
       class="myntra home"
       src="images/myntra logo.webp"
       alt="Myntra Home"
    /></a>
   </div>
   <nav class="nav bar">
    <a href="#">Men</a>
    <a href="#">Women</a>
    <a href="#">Kids</a>
    <a href="#">Home & Living</a>
    <a href="#">Beauty</a>
    <a href="#">Studio <sup>New</sup></a>
   </nav>
   <div class="search bar">
    <span class="material-symbols-outlined search icon">search</span>
    <input
     class="search input"
     placeholder="Search for products, brands and more"
    />
   </div>
   <div class="action bar">
    <div class="action container">
     <span class="material-symbols-outlined action icon">person</span>
```

```
<span class="action name">Profile</span>
  </div>
  <div class="action container">
   <span class="material-symbols-outlined action icon">favorite</span>
   <span class="action name">Wishlist</span>
  </div>
  <a class="action container" href="pages/bag.html">
   <span class="material-symbols-outlined action icon"</pre>
    >shopping bag</span
   <span class="action name">Bag</span>
   <span class="bag-item-count">0</span>
  </a>>
 </div>
</header>
<main>
 <div class="items-container"></div>
</main>
<footer>
 <div class="footer container">
  <div class="footer column">
   <h3>ONLINE SHOPPING</h3>
   <a href="#">Men</a>
   <a href="#">Women</a>
   <a href="#">Kids</a>
   <a href="#">Home & Living</a>
   <a href="#">Beauty</a>
   <a href="#">Gift Card</a>
   <a href="#">Myntra Insider</a>
```

```
</div>
  <div class="footer_column">
   <h3>ONLINE SHOPPING</h3>
   <a href="#">Men</a>
   <a href="#">Women</a>
   <a href="#">Kids</a>
   <a href="#">Home & Living</a>
   <a href="#">Beauty</a>
   <a href="#">Gift Card</a>
   <a href="#">Myntra Insider</a>
  </div>
  <div class="footer column">
   <h3>ONLINE SHOPPING</h3>
   <a href="#">Men</a>
   <a href="#">Women</a>
   <a href="#">Kids</a>
   <a href="#">Home & Living</a>
   <a href="#">Beauty</a>
   <a href="#">Gift Card</a>
   <a href="#">Myntra Insider</a>
  </div>
 </div>
 <hr />
 <div class="copyright">© 2023 www.myntra.com. All rights reserved.</div>
</footer>
<script src="data/items.js"></script>
<script src="scripts/index.js"></script>
```

```
</body>
</html>
index.js
let bagItems;
// localStorage.clear();
onLoad();
function onLoad() {
 let bagItemsStr = localStorage.getItem('bagItems');
 bagItems = bagItemsStr ? JSON.parse(bagItemsStr) : [];
 displayItemsOnHomePage();
 displayBagIcon();
function addToBag(itemId) {
 bagItems.push(itemId);
 localStorage.setItem('bagItems', JSON.stringify(bagItems));
 displayBagIcon();
function displayBagIcon() {
 let bagItemCountElement = document.querySelector('.bag-item-count');
 if (bagItems.length > 0) {
  console.log('I am here');
  bagItemCountElement.style.visibility = 'visible';
  bagItemCountElement.innerText = bagItems.length;
 } else {
  bagItemCountElement.style.visibility = 'hidden';
```

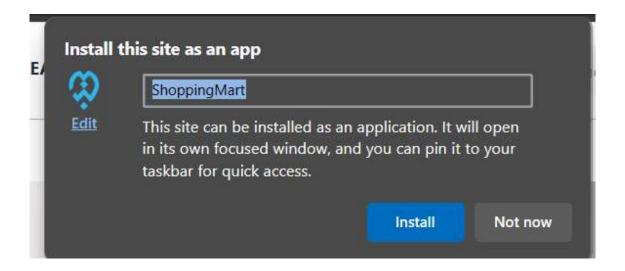
```
}
```

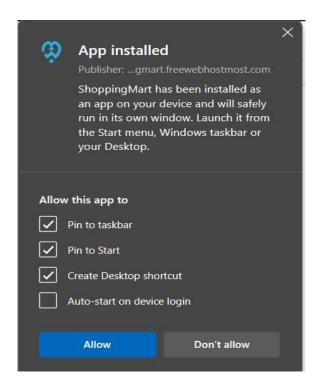
```
function displayItemsOnHomePage() {
 let itemsContainerElement = document.querySelector('.items-container');
 if (!itemsContainerElement) {
  return;
 let innerHtml = ";
 items.forEach(item => {
  innerHtml += `
  <div class="item-container">
   <img class="item-image" src="${item.image}" alt="item image">
   <div class="rating">
      $\{\text{item.rating.stars}\ \frac{1}{2} \| \$\{\text{item.rating.count}\}
   </div>
   <div class="company-name">${item.company}</div>
   <div class="item-name">${item.item name}</div>
   <div class="price">
      <span class="current-price">Rs ${item.current price}</span>
      <span class="original-price">Rs ${item.original price}</span>
      <span class="discount">(${item.discount percentage}% OFF)</span>
   </div>
   <button class="btn-add-bag" onclick="addToBag(${item.id})">Add to
Bag</button>
  </div>`
 });
 itemsContainerElement.innerHTML = innerHtml;
```

Open folder in VS code and click go live at bottom right corner Open your hosted site on Microsoft Edge



# Click on 3 dots click on Apps select install app option



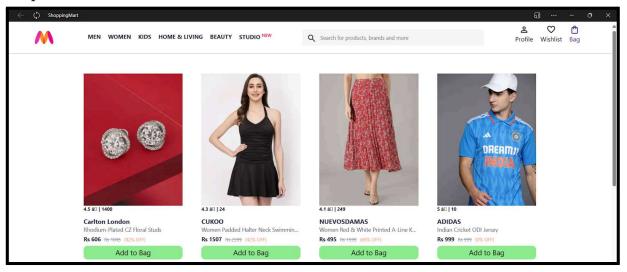


Desktop App Created Successfully



Open Desktop App:

# Output:



# **Conclusion:**

In this experiment, we have successfully created a basic progressive web app of our web page and installed it in our desktop successfully