RHSA2

Featured Concepts of RAID

 Parity method in raid regenerate the lost content from parity saved information's.

 Stripe is sharing data randomly to multiple disk. This won't have full data in a single disk. If we use 2 disks half of our data will be in each disks.

Featured Concepts of RAID

 Mirroring is used in RAID 1. Mirroring is making a copy of same data. In RAID 1 it will save the same content to the other disk too.

 Hot spare is just a spare drive in our server which can automatically replace the failed drives.

Types of RAID

- RAIDO = Striping
- RAID1 = Mirroring
- RAID5 = Single Disk Distributed Parity

RAID O (or) Striping

- High Performance.
- Zero Fault Tolerance.
- Write and Reading will be good performance.

RAID 1 (or) Mirroring

- Good Performance.
- Here Half of the Space will be lost in total capacity.
- Full Fault Tolerance.
- Rebuilt will be faster.
- Writing Performance will be slow.
- Reading will be good.
- Can be used for operating systems and database for small scale.

RAID 5 (or) Distributed Parity

- Excellent Performance
- Reading will be extremely very good in speed.
- Rebuild from Parity information from all drives.
- Full Fault Tolerance.
- 1 Disk Space will be under Parity.
- Can be used in file servers, web servers, very important backups.

Thank you