

Practical No. 07

AIM - Practical of Logistics Regression.

Source Code - *(CSV → shorturl.at/fBIS0)

```
loan <- read.csv(file.choose(), header=TRUE, sep=",")
head(loan)
summary(loan)
str(loan)
loan$AGE <- as.factor(loan$AGE)
str(loan)
names(loan)

"Creating Model"
model1 <- glm(DEFAULTER~., family=binomial, data=loan)
summary(model1)

"Global Testing for the acceptance of the model"
null <- glm(DEFAULTER~1, family=binomial, data=loan)
anova(null, model1, test="Chisq")

"Predicting the Probabilities"
loan$predprob <- round(fitted(model1),2)
head(loan)

"Classification and Misclassification Analysis"
library(gmodels)
table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.5)
sens <- 95/(88+95)*100
sens
spc <- 478/(478+39)*100
spc

"Check Trade Off between sensitivity and specificity using different cut off values"
table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.1)
table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.2)
table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.3)
table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.4)
table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.5)

"Goodness of fit using receiver Operating Curve"
```

```

pred <- predict(model1, loan, type="response")
install.packages("ROCR")
library(ROCR)

rocrpred <- prediction(pred,loan$DEFAULTER)
rocrperf <- performance(rocrpred, "tpr", "fpr")

"To Check Proper Cut Off Point"
plot(rocrperf, colorize=TRUE, print.cutoffs.at=seq(0.1, by=0.1))

"To Check Coefficients"
coef(model1)
exp(coef(model1))

"As credit to debt ratio of person increases by 1 unit,"
"Odds of the event increases by 77%"
"Model validation same as Linear Regression"
"Variable selection same as Linear Regression"

```

OUTPUT -

```

> loan <- read.csv(file.choose(), header=TRUE, sep=",")
> head(loan)
  SN AGE EMPLOY ADDRESS DEBTINC CREDDEBT OTHDEBT DEFAULTER
1  1  3    17      12     9.3    11.36    5.01         1
2  2  1    10       6    17.3     1.36    4.00         0
3  3  2    15      14     5.5     0.86    2.17         0
4  4  3    15      14     2.9     2.66    0.82         0
5  5  1     2       0    17.3     1.79    3.06         1
6  6  3     5       5    10.2     0.39    2.16         0
> summary(loan)
      SN          AGE          EMPLOY          ADDRESS          DEBTINC          CREDDEBT
Min.   : 1.0    Min.   :1.000    Min.   : 0.000    Min.   : 0.000    Min.   : 0.40    Min.   : 0.010
1st Qu.:175.8  1st Qu.:1.000    1st Qu.: 3.000    1st Qu.: 3.000    1st Qu.: 5.00    1st Qu.: 0.370
Median :350.5  Median :2.000    Median : 7.000    Median : 7.000    Median : 8.60    Median : 0.855
Mean   :350.5  Mean   :1.903    Mean   : 8.389    Mean   : 8.279    Mean   :10.26    Mean   : 1.553
3rd Qu.:525.2  3rd Qu.:2.000    3rd Qu.:12.000   3rd Qu.:12.000   3rd Qu.:14.12    3rd Qu.: 1.905
Max.   :700.0  Max.   :3.000    Max.   :31.000   Max.   :34.000   Max.   :41.30    Max.   :20.560
      OTHDEBT          DEFAULTER
Min.   : 0.050    Min.   :0.0000
1st Qu.: 1.048    1st Qu.:0.0000
Median : 1.985    Median :0.0000
Mean   : 3.058    Mean   :0.2614
3rd Qu.: 3.928    3rd Qu.:1.0000
Max.   :27.030    Max.   :1.0000
> str(loan)
'data.frame':   700 obs. of  8 variables:

```

```

$ SN      : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
$ AGE     : int  3 1 2 3 1 3 2 3 1 2 ...
$ EMPLOY  : int  17 10 15 15 2 5 20 12 3 0 ...
$ ADDRESS : int  12 6 14 14 0 5 9 11 4 13 ...
$ DEBTINC : num  9.3 17.3 5.5 2.9 17.3 10.2 30.6 3.6 24.4 19.7 ...
$ CREDDEBT : num  11.36 1.36 0.86 2.66 1.79 ...
$ OTHDEBT : num  5.01 4 2.17 0.82 3.06 ...
$ DEFAULTER: int  1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 ...
> loan$AGE <- as.factor(loan$AGE)
> str(loan)
'data.frame':  700 obs. of  8 variables:
 $ SN      : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ AGE     : Factor w/ 3 levels "1","2","3": 3 1 2 3 1 3 2 3 1 2 ...
 $ EMPLOY  : int  17 10 15 15 2 5 20 12 3 0 ...
 $ ADDRESS : int  12 6 14 14 0 5 9 11 4 13 ...
 $ DEBTINC : num  9.3 17.3 5.5 2.9 17.3 10.2 30.6 3.6 24.4 19.7 ...
 $ CREDDEBT : num  11.36 1.36 0.86 2.66 1.79 ...
 $ OTHDEBT : num  5.01 4 2.17 0.82 3.06 ...
 $ DEFAULTER: int  1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 ...
> names(loan)
[1] "SN"      "AGE"      "EMPLOY"    "ADDRESS"  "DEBTINC"  "CREDDEBT" "OTHDEBT"  "DEFAULTER"
> "creating model"
[1] "creating model"
> model1 <- glm(DEFAULTER~., family=binomial, data=loan)
> summary(model1)

```

```

Call:
glm(formula = DEFAULTER ~ ., family = binomial, data = loan)

```

```

Deviance Residuals:
    Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-2.2903  -0.6562  -0.3092   0.2481   2.8942

```

```

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept) -0.9571221  0.3267254  -2.929 0.003396 **
SN           0.0004689  0.0005275   0.889 0.374064
AGE2         0.2523596  0.2667267   0.946 0.344080
AGE3         0.6089838  0.3612509   1.686 0.091841 .
EMPLOY       -0.2607294  0.0318825  -8.178 2.89e-16 ***
ADDRESS      -0.0995857  0.0223934  -4.447 8.70e-06 ***
DEBTINC       0.0857756  0.0221648   3.870 0.000109 ***
CREDDEBT      0.5618315  0.0885848   6.342 2.26e-10 ***
OTHDEBT       0.0212219  0.0570848   0.372 0.710071
---

```

```

Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

```

```

Null deviance: 804.36  on 699  degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 552.62  on 691  degrees of freedom
AIC: 570.62

```

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6

```
> "global testing for the acceptance of the model"
[1] "global testing for the acceptance of the model"
> null <- glm(DEFAULTER~1, family=binomial, data=loan)
> anova(null, model1, test="Chisq")
Analysis of Deviance Table
```

Model 1: DEFAULTER ~ 1

Model 2: DEFAULTER ~ SN + AGE + EMPLOY + ADDRESS + DEBTINC + CREDDEBT + OTHDEBT

	Resid. Df	Resid. Dev	Df	Deviance	Pr(>Chi)
1	699	804.36			
2	691	552.62	8	251.75	< 2.2e-16 ***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```
> "predicting the probabilities"
[1] "predicting the probabilities"
> loan$predprob <- round(fitted(model1),2)
> head(loan)
```

	SN	AGE	EMPLOY	ADDRESS	DEBTINC	CREDDEBT	OTHDEBT	DEFAULTER	predprob
1	1	3	17	12	9.3	11.36	5.01	1	0.79
2	2	1	10	6	17.3	1.36	4.00	0	0.14
3	3	2	15	14	5.5	0.86	2.17	0	0.01
4	4	3	15	14	2.9	2.66	0.82	0	0.02
5	5	1	2	0	17.3	1.79	3.06	1	0.75
6	6	3	5	5	10.2	0.39	2.16	0	0.27

```
> "classification and misclassification analysis "
[1] "classification and misclassification analysis "
> library(gmodels)
> table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.5)
```

	FALSE	TRUE
0	478	39
1	88	95

```
> sens <- 95/(88+95)*100
> sens
[1] 51.91257
> spc <- 478/(478+39)*100
```

```

> spc
[1] 92.45648
> "check the trade off between sensivity and specificity using different cut off values"
[1] "check the trade off between sensivity and specificity using different cut off values"
> table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.1)

  FALSE TRUE
0    250  267
1     13  170
> table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.2)

  FALSE TRUE
0    346  171
1     25  158
> table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.3)

  FALSE TRUE
0    407  110
1     43  140
> table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.4)

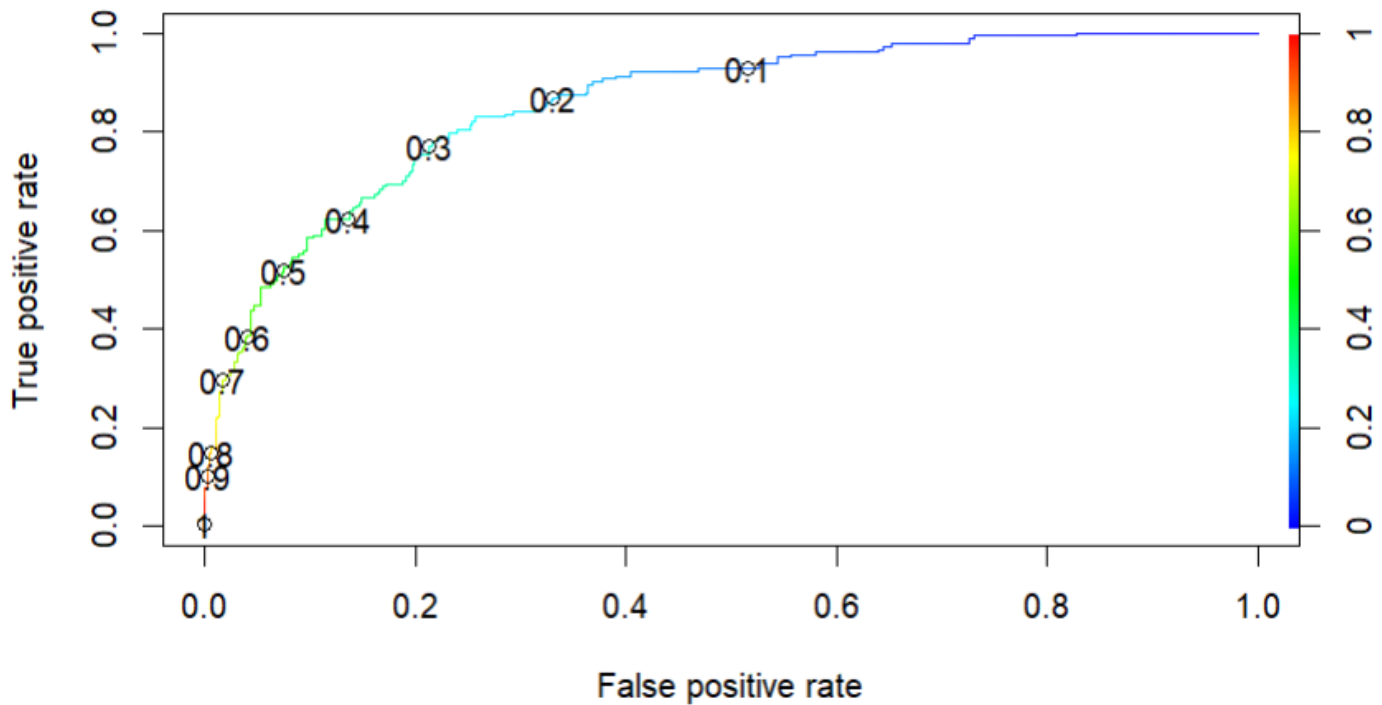
  FALSE TRUE
0    448   69
1     69  114
> table(loan$DEFAULTER, fitted(model1)>0.5)

  FALSE TRUE
0    478   39
1     88   95
> "goodness of fit using receiver Operational Curve "
[1] "goodness of fit using receiver Operational Curve "
> pred <- predict(model1, loan, type="response")
> install.packages("ROCR")

package 'ROCR' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked

The downloaded binary packages are in
  C:\Users\Kunal\AppData\Local\Temp\RtmpmKwA7v\downloaded_packages
> library(ROCR)
> rocrpred <- prediction(pred, loan$DEFAULTER)
> rocrperf <- performance(rocrpred, "tpr", "fpr")
> "to check proper cut off point"
[1] "to check proper cut off point"
> plot(rocrperf, colorize=TRUE, print.cutoffs.at=seq(0.1, by=0.1))

```



```
> "to check coefficients"
[1] "to check coefficients"
> coef(model1)
(Intercept)          SN          AGE2          AGE3          EMPLOY          ADDRESS
DEBTINC
-0.9571221261  0.0004689067  0.2523595660  0.6089837712 -0.2607293672 -0.0995856709
0.0857755990
      CREDDEBT      OTHDEBT
0.5618315081  0.0212219271
> exp(coef(model1))
(Intercept)          SN          AGE2          AGE3          EMPLOY          ADDRESS          DEBTINC
CREDDEBT      OTHDEBT
0.3839964  1.0004690  1.2870587  1.8385620  0.7704894  0.9052124  1.0895618
1.7538818  1.0214487
> "as credit to debit ratio of person incrases by 1 unit ,odds of the event increses by 77%"
[1] "as credit to debit ratio of person incrases by 1 unit ,odds of the event increses by 77%"
> "model validation same as linear regression"
[1] "model validation same as linear regression"
> "variable selection same as linear regresiiion"
[1] "variable selection same as linear regresiiion"
> |
```