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Course: Software Project Management [SOEN 6841]

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Key Concepts Learned
<p><b>Chapter 7: Project Monitoring &amp; Control</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>1. Definition of Project Monitoring &amp; Control</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Project monitoring tracks progress and performance against a baseline.</li><li>Project control corrects deviations to meet schedule, cost, and quality goals.</li></ul></li><li><b>2. Purpose of Monitoring &amp; Control</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Provides real-time project status and corrective measures.</li></ul></li><li><b>3. Monitoring vs. Control</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Monitoring collects data to measure progress.</li><li>Control ensures the project meets objectives by taking corrective action.</li></ul></li><li><b>4. Key Areas Controlled in a Project</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Quality, Scope, Risk, and Team Management to ensure standards, manage changes, and maintain motivation.</li></ul></li><li><b>5. Project Monitoring &amp; Control System Design</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Establishing baselines, tracking performance, comparing actual vs. planned results, and taking corrective actions.</li></ul></li><li><b>6. Corrective Action Strategies</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Adjusting workload, adding resources, compromising on time/cost/scope, or terminating the project if necessary.</li></ul></li><li><b>7. Tools for Monitoring &amp; Control</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Earned Value Analysis (EVA) &amp; S-Curve for tracking cost and time progress.</li></ul></li><li><b>8. Earned Value Management (EVM)</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Measures schedule and cost variance to assess project health.</li></ul></li><li><b>9. Resource Utilization &amp; Schedule Optimization</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Balancing workloads and reducing unnecessary slack in schedules.</li></ul></li></ol>

## Chapter 8: Project Closure

### 1. Definition of Project Closure

- The final phase of a project that ensures all activities are completed.
- Confirms that deliverables meet requirements before formally closing the project.

### 2. Key Activities in Project Closure

- **Finalizing Deliverables:** Ensuring all planned deliverables are completed.
- **Source Code Version Management:** Ensuring final source code is correctly versioned and archived.
- **Archiving Measured Project Data:** Filtering relevant data for future reference and compliance.
- **Lessons Learned Documentation:** Capturing insights and experiences for future projects.

### 3. Importance of Lessons Learned

- Helps avoid repeating past mistakes in future projects.
- Enhances project management efficiency by leveraging previous experiences.

## Application in Real Projects

### ▣ Construction Industry

- **Example:** In large-scale construction projects like **highway development or skyscraper construction**, **Earned Value Management (EVM)** is used to track cost and schedule variances. If a project is behind schedule, additional workers or overtime may be used as corrective actions.

### ▣ Software Development

- **Example:** Agile software projects use **Project Monitoring & Control** through **burndown charts and velocity tracking**. If a sprint falls behind due to unexpected bugs, scope adjustments or additional developers may be introduced.

## Peer Interactions

Collaborating with peers enriched my understanding of **Project Monitoring & Control** by exposing me to diverse tools and strategies. In a **software project**, discussions on **EVM vs. burndown charts** highlighted how different industries track progress. Similarly, a peer's experience with **resource leveling** in manufacturing helped me grasp the impact of workload balancing on project timelines. These exchanges enhanced my ability to **adapt monitoring techniques** across various project environments.

Challenges Faced
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<p>Ensuring <b>data accuracy</b>, interpreting <b>variance analysis</b>, and managing <b>scope changes</b> were key challenges in project monitoring. Coordinating with the team to implement tools like <b>EVM</b> and balancing corrective actions, such as <b>resource reallocation vs. timeline adjustments</b>, required careful decision-making. Overcoming these challenges strengthened my ability to <b>analyze performance</b>, <b>manage scope</b>, and <b>make informed project decisions</b>.</p>
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Personal Development Activities
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<p>To support my learning, I engaged in simple yet effective personal development activities. I regularly reviewed lecture notes and course materials to reinforce key concepts. I participated in group study sessions, where discussing topics like project planning and configuration management with peers helped solidify my understanding.</p>
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Goals for the Next Week
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<p>To <b>apply project monitoring techniques</b> effectively by tracking progress, identifying deviations, and implementing corrective actions where needed. I will focus on improving <b>team coordination</b>, <b>resource management</b>, and <b>variance analysis</b> to enhance project efficiency. Additionally, I aim to refine my understanding of <b>project control tools</b> and integrate them seamlessly into our workflow.</p>
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