

Nano/Basics Guide

From Gentoo Wiki

< Nano (/wiki/Nano)

This guide covers basic operations in nano, and is meant to be very concise. For more information about nano check out: https://www.nano-editor.org (https://www.nano-editor.org).

Contents

- 1 Nano basics
 - 1.1 Opening and creating files
 - 1.2 Saving and exiting
 - 1.3 Cutting and pasting
 - 1.4 Searching for text
 - 1.5 More options
 - 1.6 Wrap up

Nano basics

Opening and creating files

For opening and creating files type:

root # nano filename

Nano is a modeless editor so you can start typing immediately to insert text. If you are editing a configuration file like /etc/fstab use the -w switch to disable wrapping on long lines as it might render the configuration file unparseable by whatever tools depend on it. For example:

root # nano -w /etc/fstab

A Warning

It is very, very important that you use the -w switch when opening a config file. Failure to do so may keep your system from booting or cause other bad things.

Saving and exiting

If you accidentally confirmed that you want to save the file but you actually don't, you can always cancel by pressing ctrl + c when you're prompted for a filename.

Cutting and pasting

To cut a single line, you use Ctrl + K (hold down Ctrl and then press K). The line disappears. To paste it, you simply move the cursor to where you want to paste it and punch Ctrl + U. The line reappears. To move multiple lines, simply cut them with several Ctrl + K in a row, then paste them with a

single Ctrl + v. The whole paragraph appears wherever you want it.

If you need a little more fine-grained control, then you have to mark the text. Move the cursor to the beginning of the text you want to cut. Hit ctrl + 6 (or Alt + A). Now move your cursor to the end of the text you want to cut: the marked text gets highlighted. If you need to cancel your text marking, simply hit ctrl + 6 again. Press $ctrl + \kappa$ to cut the marked text. Use $ctrl + \upsilon$ to paste it.

Searching for text

Searching for a string is easy as long as you think "WhereIs" instead of "Search". Simply hit ctrl + w, type in your search string, and press Enter. To search for the same string again, hit Alt + w.

In nano's help texts the $\tt Ctrl$ is represented by a caret (^), so $\tt Ctrl + w$ is shown as $\tt ^w$, and so on. The $\tt Alt$ key is represented by an $\tt M$ (from "Meta"), so $\tt Alt + w$ is shown as $\tt M-w$.

More options

If you're interested in tweaking nano, be sure to read /etc/nanorc.

Wrap up

Thanks to kiyose and quazion from #gentoo (irc://irc.gentoo.org/gentoo).

This page is based on a document formerly found on our main website gentoo.org (https://www.gentoo.org/).

The following people contributed to the original document: Sherman Boyd

They are listed here because wiki history does not allow for any external attribution. If you edit the wiki article, please do **not** add yourself here; your contributions are recorded on each article's associated history page.

Retrieved from "https://wiki.gentoo.org/index.php?title=Nano/Basics_Guide&oldid=810296 (https://wiki.gentoo.org/index.php?title=Nano/Basics_Guide&oldid=810296)"

- This page was last edited on 16 June 2019, at 04:05.
- Privacy policy (/wiki/Gentoo_Wiki:Privacy_policy)
- About Gentoo Wiki (/wiki/Gentoo Wiki:About)
- Disclaimers (/wiki/Gentoo_Wiki:General_disclaimer)

© 2001–2020 Gentoo Foundation, Inc.

Gentoo is a trademark of the Gentoo Foundation, Inc. The contents of this document, unless otherwise expressly stated, are licensed under the CC-BY-SA-3.0

(https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/) license. The Gentoo Name and Logo Usage Guidelines (https://www.gentoo.org/inside-gentoo/foundation/name-logo-guidelines.html) apply.