

Texture Mapping

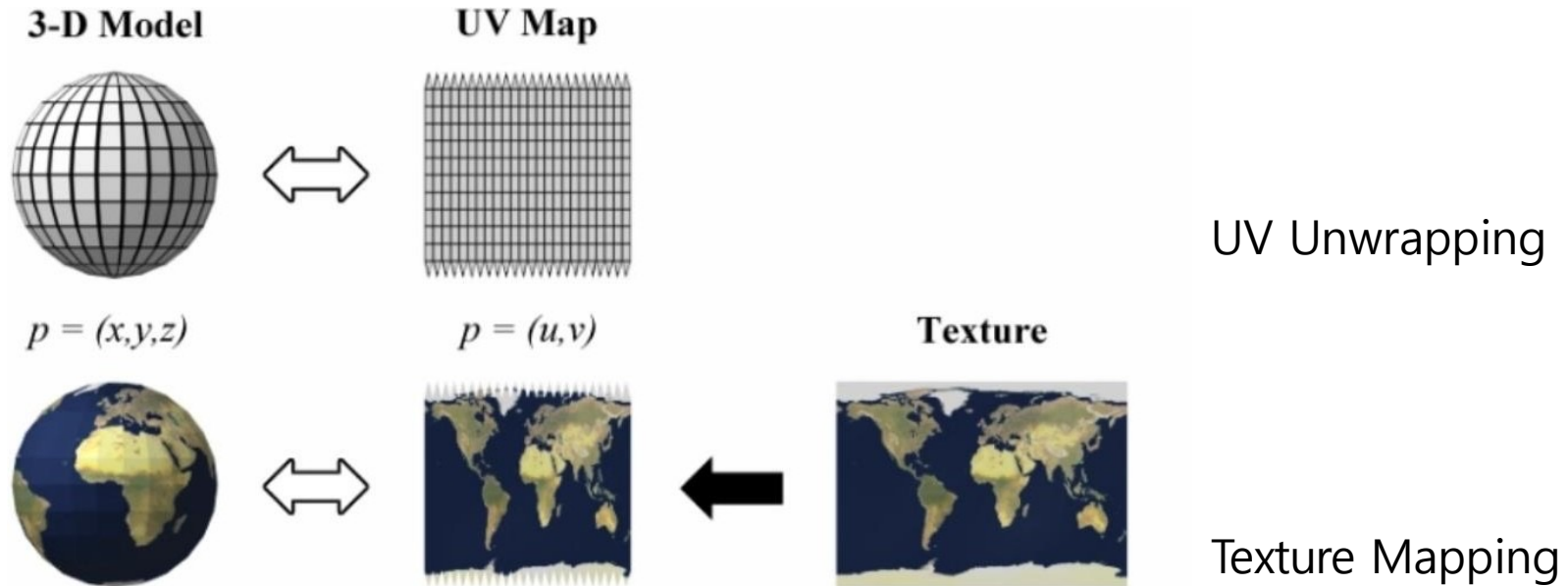
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- Texture Mapping
 - A way of adding surface details
 - Map a texture to the surface Map
 - Use UV Coordinate system
 - Two steps for Texture Mapping
 - UV Unwrap
 - UV Mapping



Texture Mapping

- Example

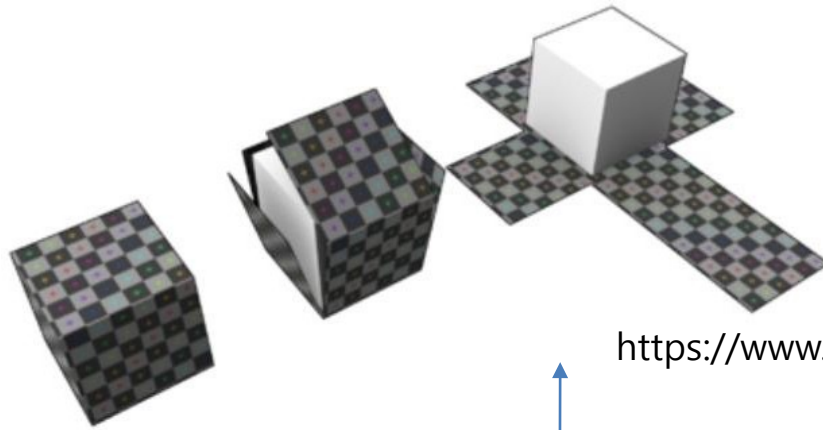


https://ko.wikipedia.org/wiki/UV_%EB%A7%A4%ED%95%91

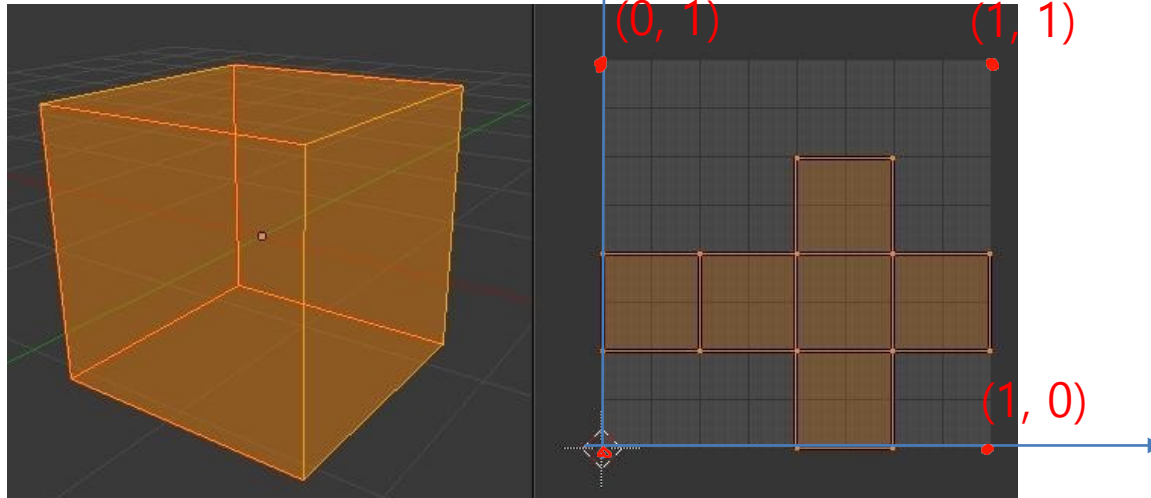
Texture Mapping

- UV Unwrap

- The process of Spreading 3D objects on 2D UV coordinates.
- To make an UV map of the object.

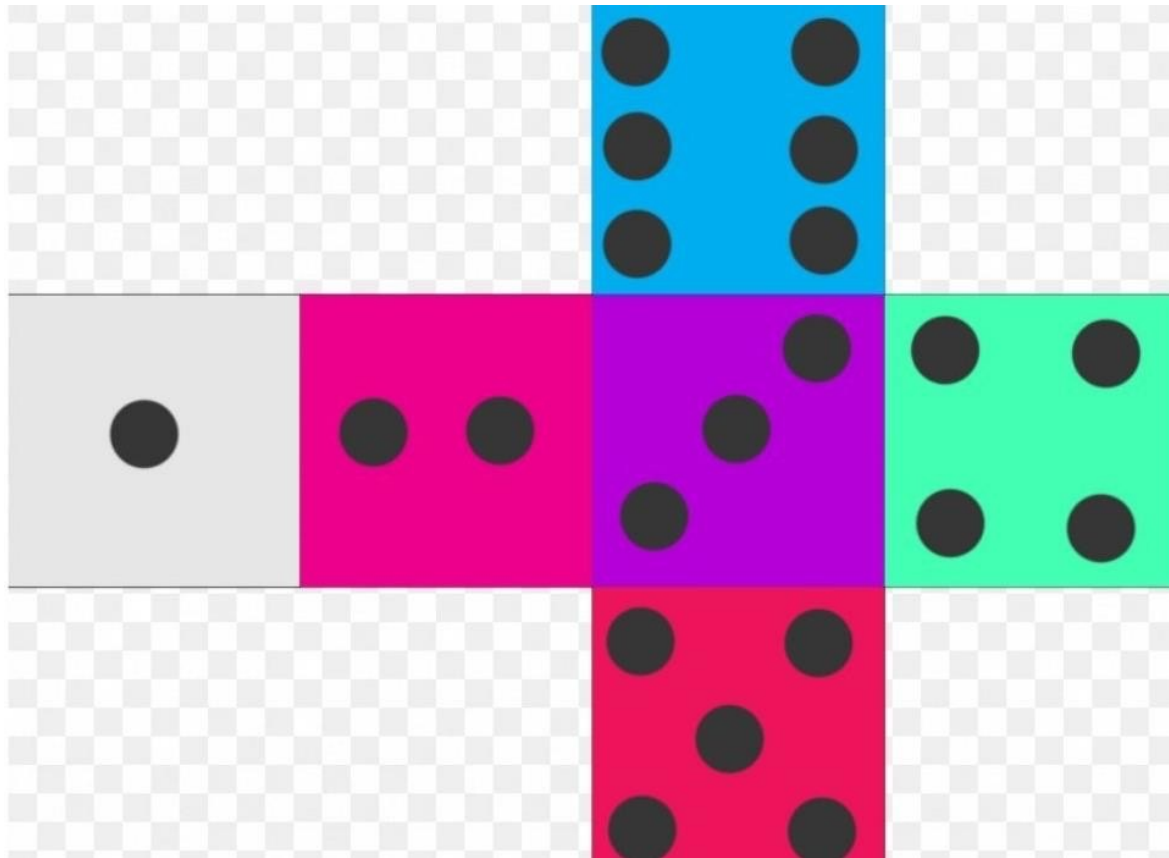


<https://www.pngwing.com/ko/free-png-ngxgy>



Texture Mapping

- UV Mapping
 - Mapping texture to UV map

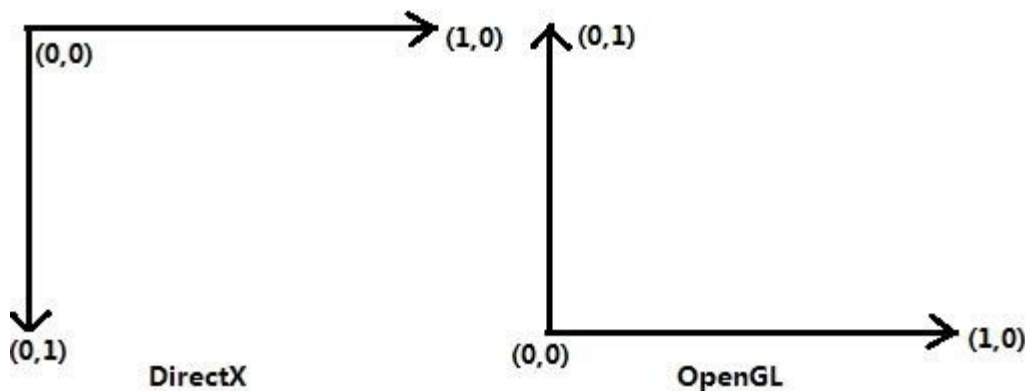


<https://www.subpng.com/png-grb3pv/>

- UV Coordinate System

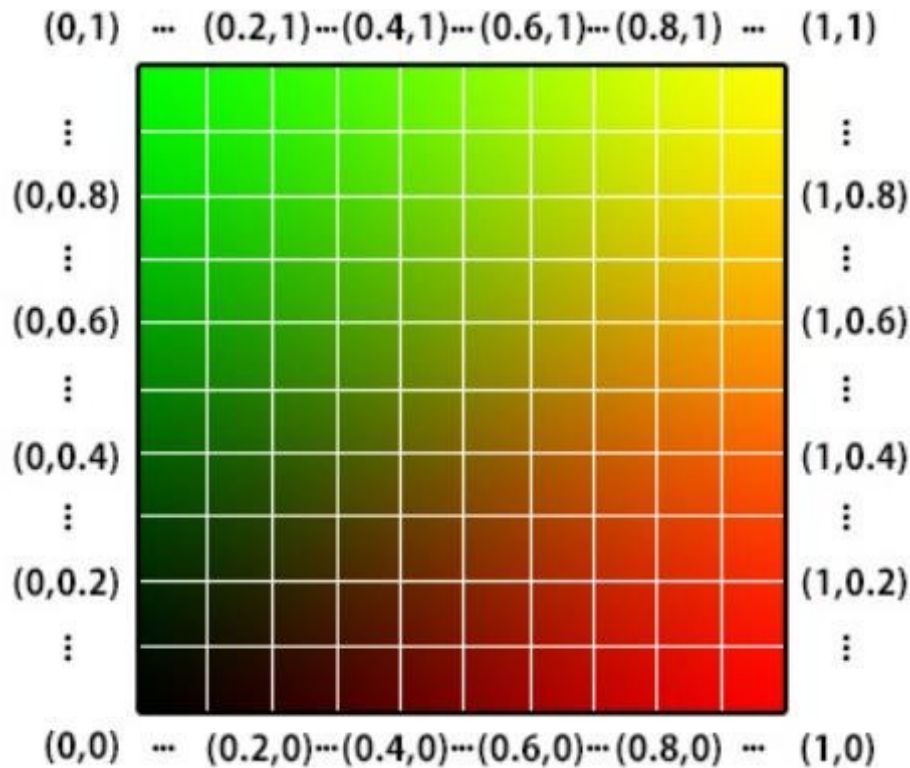
- 2D coordinate system used in computer graphics
- Similar to XY coordinates in mathematics. (x-axis: u, y-axis: v)
- A two-dimensional float value(float2) from (0,0) to (1,1).
- Two different ways of UV expression
 - Direct X and OpenGL

※ Unity follows the OpenGL method.



Texture Mapping

- The OpenGL UV coordinates are expressed in colors as shown in the picture below.



$$(u, v, 0) = (r, g, 0)$$

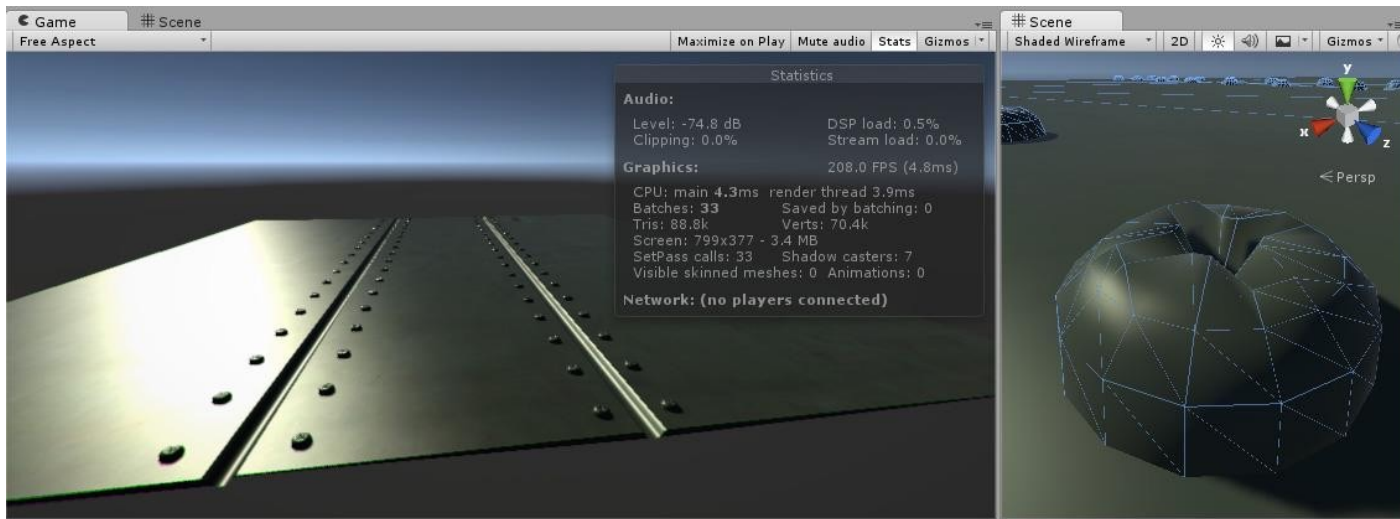
Ex) $R=0, G=1 \rightarrow (u, v) = (0, 1) = \text{Green}$

$R=1, G=0 \rightarrow (u, v) = (1, 0) = \text{Red}$

$R=1, G=1 \rightarrow (u, v) = (1, 1) = \text{Yellow}$

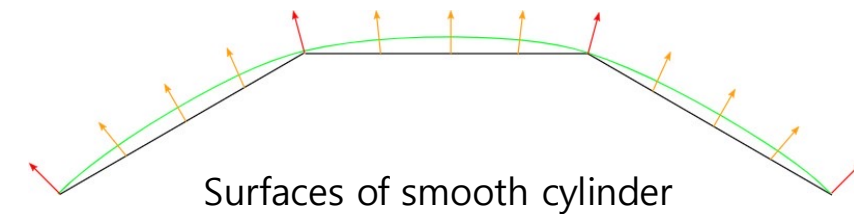
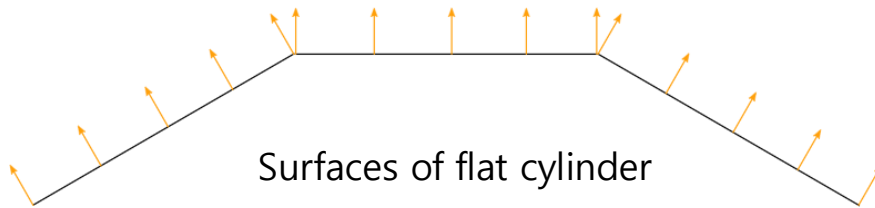
Normal Map

- A normal map is a special kind of texture that allows you to add surface detail to a model that catches the light as if it is represented by real geometry.
- With a normal map, the surface geometry can become much simpler, and the detail is represented as a texture that modulates how light reflects off the surface.

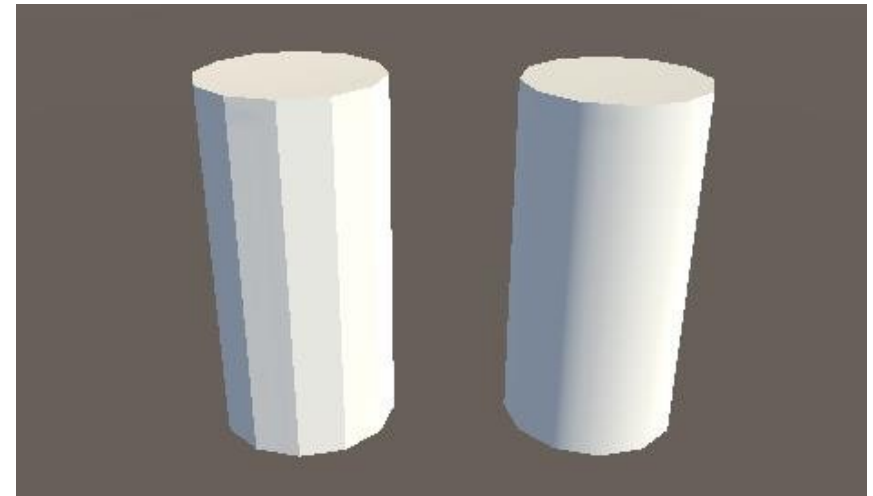


Normal Map

- A normal(surface normal) is a direction relative to the surface.



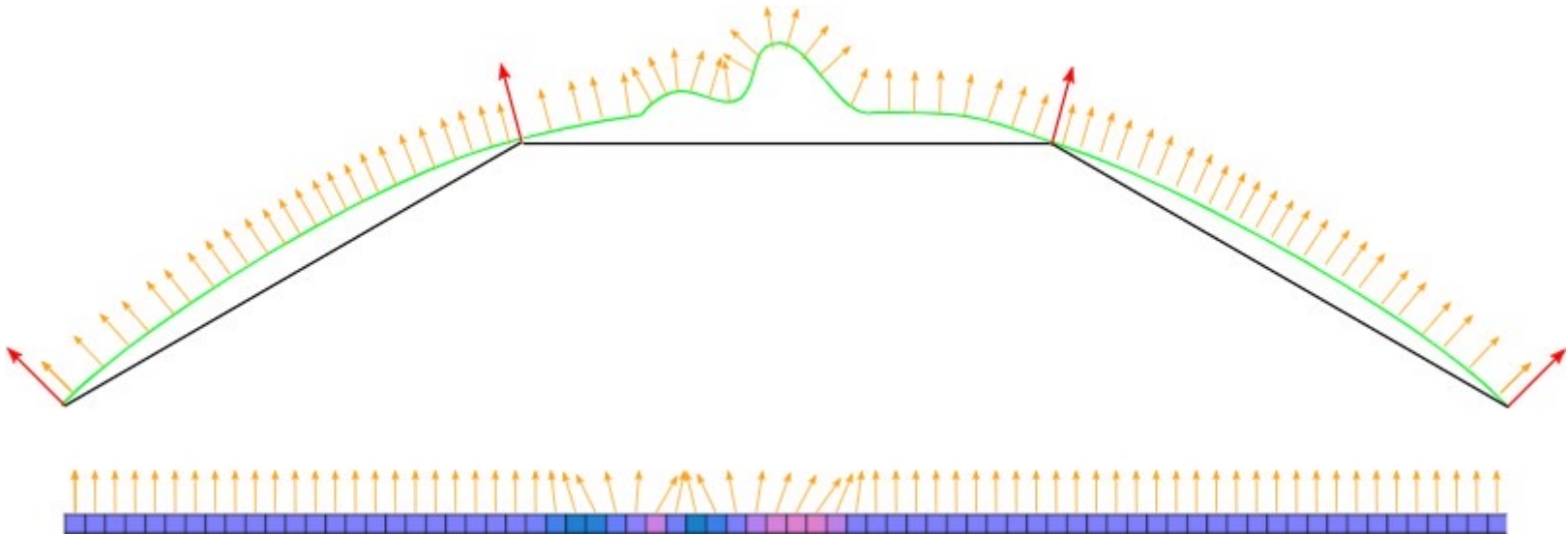
- Interpolated normal directions
- The stored normal direction
- Impression of a smooth curve



Two 12-sided cylinders (flat, smooth shading)

Normal Map

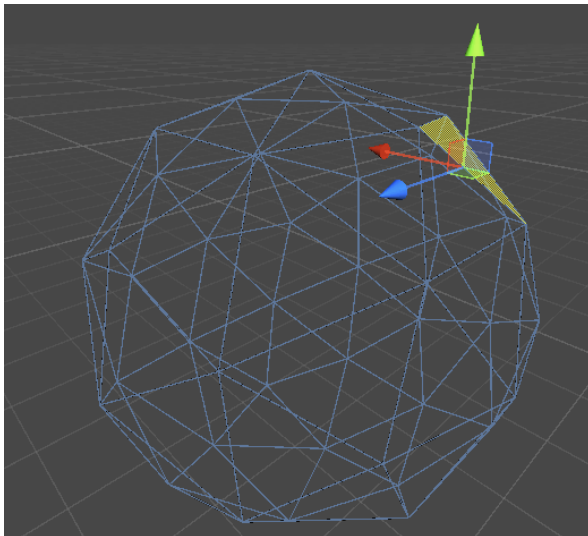
- Each pixel in the texture of the normal map (called a texel) represents a deviation in a surface normal direction away from the “true” surface normal of the flat (or smooth interpolated) polygon.



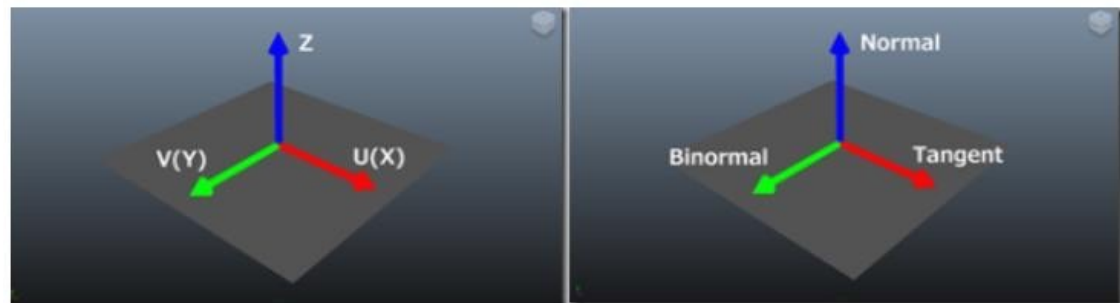
Normal mapping across three polygons viewed as a 2D diagram

Normal Map

- In tangent space which is a coordinate of mesh based on a polygon, the Z value represents the normal.



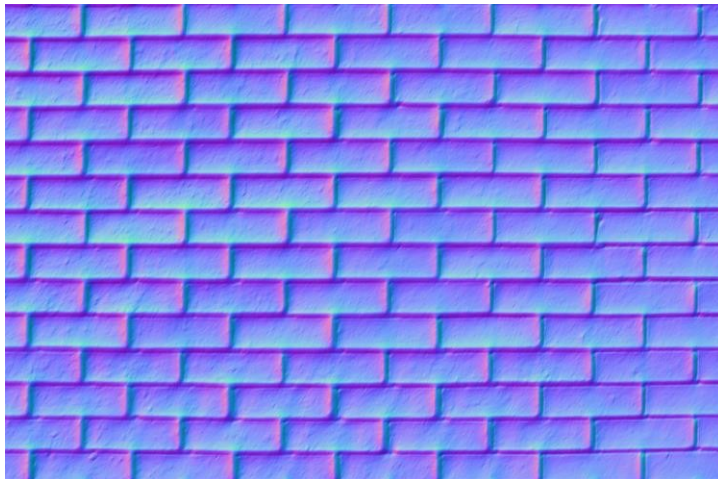
Tangent space



The direction in Tangent space

Normal Map

- The RGB value of each texel(pixel of texture) represents the X, Y & Z values of a direction vector in tangent space.
- The normal value in tangent space always indicates upper(Z), so it always has a high B value in RGB.



An example of a normal map



RGB value of blue