Lab 5 Assessment Solution

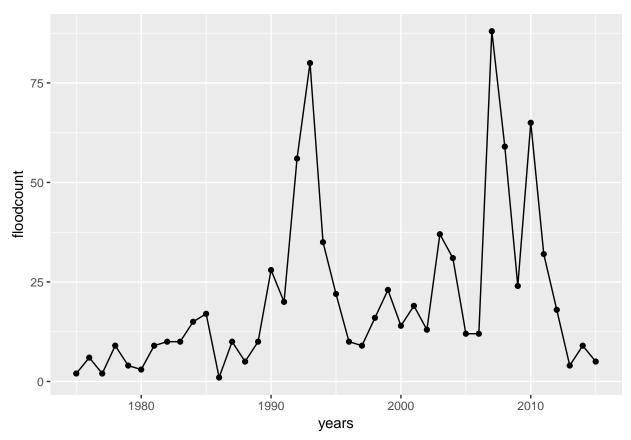
Tom Palmer 26th October 2017

```
# -----
# MATH550/SCC461 Statistical Programming Using R
# Lab 5 Assessment Solution
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
     filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
     intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(stringr)
library(lubridate)
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
     date
setwd("H:\\all\\teaching\\Math550 Stats in Practice\\R\\MATH550\\R_course\\Lab5\\Coursework")
# 1. Setting up the data
# load the data into R
# -----
storm <- read.csv("Australia_severe_storms_1975-2015.csv",</pre>
             stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
# ------
# ------
# parse timestamp, convert 'State' to categorical
storm <- mutate(storm,</pre>
            Database = factor(Database),
            Date.Time = dmy_hm(Date.Time),
```

```
State = factor(State)
)
sapply(storm, class)
## $Event.ID
## [1] "integer"
##
## $Database
## [1] "factor"
##
## $ID
## [1] "integer"
##
## $Date.Time
## [1] "POSIXct" "POSIXt"
##
## $Nearest.town
## [1] "character"
##
## $State
## [1] "factor"
##
## $Latitude
## [1] "numeric"
##
## $Longitude
## [1] "numeric"
##
## $Comments
## [1] "character"
##
## $X
## [1] "character"
##
## $X.1
## [1] "character"
##
## $X.2
## [1] "character"
## $X.3
## [1] "character"
##
## $X.4
## [1] "character"
# Combine the comments from columns ( Comments, X, X.1, X.2,
\# X.3, X.4 ) into a single column containing comments. Call the
# column All.comments
storm$All.comments <- paste(storm$Comments, storm$X, storm$X.1,</pre>
                  storm$X.2, storm$X.3, storm$X.4, sep=" ")
# Select the following columns to keep for further analysis, Event.ID,
```

```
# Database, Date. Time, State, All. comments and make sure all
# variables of the appropriate type.
storm <- select(storm, Event.ID, Database, Date.Time, State, All.comments)</pre>
# run the following command
print(sapply(storm, class))
## $Event.ID
## [1] "integer"
## $Database
## [1] "factor"
## $Date.Time
## [1] "POSIXct" "POSIXt"
##
## $State
## [1] "factor"
## $All.comments
## [1] "character"
# -----
# 2. Extracts flash floods
# Create an indicator variable which states whether or not a storm
# event has resulted in a flash flood.
# Hint: Make sure you sort out all terms relating to flash floods.
# Expression for flash floods
# Alternative regular expressions for "flash floods":
\# expr \leftarrow " \setminus b[fF] lash flood(s/ing)? \setminus b" \# 840
\# expr \leftarrow " \setminus b[fF] lash [Ff] lood(s/ing)? \setminus b" \# 849
\# expr \leftarrow "\b[fF](a)?l(a|o)a?sh [fF]lood(s|ing)?\b" \# 852
\# expr \leftarrow " \setminus b[fF](a)?l[a-z]* \setminus s[fF]l[a-z]* \setminus b" \# 853
expr \leftarrow "\b[fF]([a-z])?1[a-z]*\b[fF]([a-z])?1[a-z]*\b"
storm$is_flash <- str_detect(storm$All.comments, expr) # 854
# Print number of flash flood events
print(sum(storm$is_flash))
## [1] 854
# Print a plot of the number of flash floods per year from 1975-2015.
# Hint: Create a vector to contain the number of flash floods per year.
# Year of event
storm$year <- year(storm$Date.Time)</pre>
# Sequence of years from 1975 to 2015
yearsdat <- data.frame(years=1975:2015, floodcount=NA)</pre>
for(i in 1:nrow(yearsdat)) {
 yearsdat$floodcount[i] = sum(storm$is_flash[storm$year == yearsdat$years[i]])
```

```
# Plot of flash floods
ggplot(yearsdat, aes(x=years, y=floodcount)) + geom_point() + geom_line()
```



```
# filter(storm, All.comments!="") %>% View()
# Extract out the speed as a number and
# indicator for whether or not the speed is in km/h
expr_digits_speed \leftarrow "(\b)?([0-9]?[0-9]?[0-9])(\b)?"
storm$speed <- as.numeric(str_extract(storm$wind_speed, expr_digits_speed))</pre>
expr_km \leftarrow (km/h(r)?)"
storm$is km <- str detect(storm$wind speed, expr km)</pre>
# filter(storm, wind_speed != "") %>% View()
dim(storm)
## [1] 14457
                 10
# Select only rows with windspeeds
windspeeds <- filter(storm, is_km==TRUE | is_km==FALSE)</pre>
dim(windspeeds)
## [1] 1222
              10
# Convert km/h windspeeds to knots (1 knot = 1.852 km/h) and round to the
# nearest integer
windspeeds$speed[windspeeds$is_km==TRUE] <-</pre>
     round(windspeeds$speed[windspeeds$is_km==TRUE]/1.852, 0)
# check values of State
table(windspeeds$State)
##
       NSW NT QLD SA TAS VIC WA
##
     1 175 106 272 332 13 130 193
levels(windspeeds$State) # 1 empty one
             "NSW" "NT" "QLD" "SA" "TAS" "VIC" "WA"
## [1] ""
windspeeds <- filter(windspeeds, State != "")</pre>
dim(windspeeds)
## [1] 1221
# Print a boxplot of windspeeds by state
p1 <- ggplot(windspeeds, aes(x=State, y=speed)) + geom_boxplot()</pre>
р1
```

