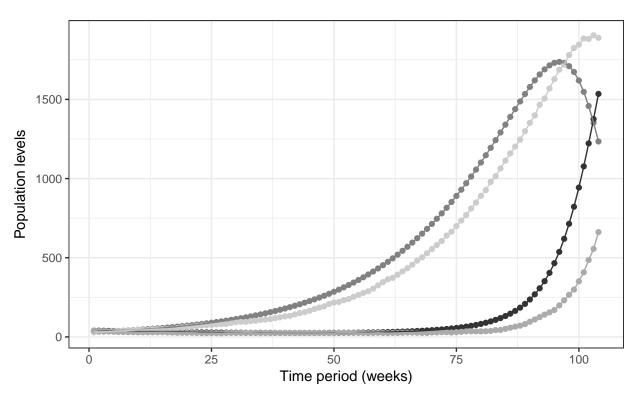
Lab 3 - coursework solutions

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```
# Lotka-Volterra
#install.packages("tidyverse")
#library(tidyverse)
#install.packages(ggplot2)
\#install.packages(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
#
# 1.
# Set the parameters
alpha \leftarrow 0.05
beta <- 0.0001
gamma <- 0.02
# Set the initial conditions
R <- 30
F <- 40
weeks <- 104
# Run the deterministic model.
for (t in 1:(weeks - 1)) {
   R[t+1] \leftarrow R[t] + alpha*R[t] - beta*R[t]*F[t]
   F[t+1] \leftarrow F[t] + beta*R[t]*F[t] - gamma*F[t]
print(c(R[t+1], F[t+1]))
## [1] 1234.468 1534.849
#
# 2.
#
```

```
# Set the initial conditions
SR <- 30
SF <- 40
weeks <- 104
# Set the random seed
# This is done so the answer should be the same each time
# as the same random numbers are used.
set.seed(60854)
# Simulate the data
# Note that rabbits eaten (=EAT) = foxes born
for (t in 1:(weeks - 1)) {
 EAT <- rbinom(1, (SR[t]*SF[t]), beta)</pre>
  SR[t+1] \leftarrow SR[t] + rbinom(1, SR[t], alpha) - EAT
  SF[t+1] \leftarrow SF[t] + EAT - rbinom(1, SF[t], gamma)
print(c(SR[t+1], SF[t+1]))
## [1] 1889 662
# alternative solution
set.seed(60854)
SR2 <- 30
SF2 <- 40
for (t in 1:(weeks - 1)) {
  EAT2 <- rbinom(1, (SR2[t]*SF2[t]), beta)</pre>
  SF2[t+1] \leftarrow SF2[t] + EAT2 - rbinom(1, SF2[t], gamma)
  SR2[t+1] \leftarrow SR2[t] + rbinom(1, SR2[t], alpha) - EAT2
print(c(SR2[t+1], SF2[t+1]))
## [1] 878 1719
# alternative solution - but less good
set.seed(60854)
SR3 <- 30
SF3 <- 40
for (t in 1:(weeks - 1)) {
  SR3[t+1] \leftarrow SR3[t] + rbinom(1, SR3[t], alpha) - rbinom(1, (SR3[t]*SF3[t]), beta)
  SF3[t+1] <- SF3[t] + rbinom(1, (SR3[t]*SF3[t]), beta) - rbinom(1, SF3[t], gamma)
print(c(SR3[t+1], SF3[t+1]))
## [1] 1003 1209
#
# 3.
#
# Create long data frame
LV <- data.frame(time=rep(1:104,4),
                 group=c(rep("Rabbits", 104), rep("Foxes", 104),
                         rep("Sto_Rabbits", 104), rep("Sto_Foxes", 104)),
                 size=c(R, F, SR, SF))
```

Group → Foxes → Rabbits → Sto_Foxes → Sto_Rabbits



```
# Save plot to file.
ggsave(foxes_rabbits_plot, file="foxes_rabbits_YYYYYYYY.png", width=5, height=4)
```