

Assignment 3

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```
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

data(mtcars)

1.## Full Model Summary
full_model <- lm(mpg ~ cyl + hp + drat + wt, data = mtcars)
summary(full_model)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg ~ cyl + hp + drat + wt, data = mtcars)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.6171 -1.5663 -0.6058  1.2612  5.8161
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  34.49588    7.44101   4.636  8.1e-05 ***
## cyl          -0.76229    0.63502  -1.200  0.24040
## hp           -0.02089    0.01295  -1.613  0.11845
## drat          0.81771    1.38684   0.590  0.56034
## wt           -2.97331    0.81818  -3.634  0.00116 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.541 on 27 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.8451, Adjusted R-squared:  0.8222
## F-statistic: 36.84 on 4 and 27 DF, p-value: 1.438e-10

## SSE, SSR, SSTO
SSE <- sum(residuals(full_model)^2)
SSR <- sum((fitted(full_model) - mean(mtcars$mpg))^2)
```

```

SSTotal <- sum((mtcars$mpg - mean(mtcars$mpg))^2)

cat("Predictive model:\n")

## Predictive model:

print(full_model)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg ~ cyl + hp + drat + wt, data = mtcars)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)      cyl      hp      drat      wt
##   34.49588   -0.76229  -0.02089   0.81771  -2.97331

cat("\nSSE:", SSE, "\n")

##
## SSE: 174.3752

cat("SSR:", SSR, "\n")

## SSR: 951.672

cat("SSTotal:", SSTotal, "\n")

## SSTotal: 1126.047

## Reduced Model Summary
reduced_model <- lm(mpg ~ cyl + hp, data = mtcars)
summary(reduced_model)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg ~ cyl + hp, data = mtcars)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -4.4948 -2.4901 -0.1828  1.9777  7.2934
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  36.90833    2.19080   16.847 < 2e-16 ***
## cyl         -2.26469    0.57589   -3.933  0.00048 ***
## hp          -0.01912    0.01500   -1.275  0.21253
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.173 on 29 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.7407, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7228
## F-statistic: 41.42 on 2 and 29 DF, p-value: 3.162e-09

```

2. ## SSR(X3,X4|X1,X2)

```
SSR_X3X4_given_X1X2 <- sum(residuals(reduced_model)^2) - sum(residuals(full_model)^2)
```

partial R-square

```
R2_full <- summary(full_model)$r.squared
```

```
R2_reduced <- summary(reduced_model)$r.squared
```

```
R2_partial <- (R2_full - R2_reduced) / (1 - R2_reduced)
```

```
cat("SSR(X3, X4|X1, X2):", SSR_X3X4_given_X1X2, "\n")
```

```
## SSR(X3, X4|X1, X2): 117.5993
```

```
cat("Partial R-square (R2_34|12):", R2_partial, "\n")
```

```
## Partial R-square (R2_34|12): 0.4027725
```

3. # partial F-test

```
f_test <- anova(reduced_model, full_model)
```

```
print(f_test)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
```

```
##
```

```
## Model 1: mpg ~ cyl + hp
```

```
## Model 2: mpg ~ cyl + hp + drat + wt
```

```
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq    F    Pr(>F)
```

```
## 1      29 291.98
```

```
## 2      27 174.38  2      117.6  9.1045 0.0009504 ***
```

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

F-statistic and p-value

```
f_statistic <- f_test$F[2]
```

```
p_value <- f_test$`Pr(>F)`[2]
```

```
cat("F-statistic:", f_statistic, "\n")
```

```
## F-statistic: 9.104451
```

```
cat("p-value:", p_value, "\n")
```

```
## p-value: 0.0009503584
```

Conclusion

```
alpha <- 0.05 # Assuming a 5% significance level
```

```
if (p_value < alpha) {
```

```
  cat("Conclusion: Reject H0. There is significant evidence that at least one  
of  $\beta_3$  or  $\beta_4$  is not zero.\n")
```

```
} else {
```

```
cat("Conclusion: Fail to reject H0. There is not enough evidence to conclude that either  $\beta_3$  or  $\beta_4$  is different from zero.\n")
}
```

```
## Conclusion: Reject H0. There is significant evidence that at least one of  $\beta_3$  or  $\beta_4$  is not zero. Thus  $\beta_3$ ,  $\beta_4$  (drat, wt) are significant in predicting mpg of the cars.
```