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Cinema Seat Reservation System

A graduation project dissertation by:

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GitHub link :
<https://github.com/ShinobiBoi/pl3>

1-Project Overview

1.1. Objective: To develop a functional and safe console application for cinema seat booking.

1.2. Goal: Implement robust logic to manage seating inventory, prevent double-booking, and generate persistent, unique reservation tickets.

1.3. Technology: F# , which ensures data safety through immutability and simplifies state management using Discriminated Unions for clear seat status representation.

2- System Architecture and Data Model

2.1. Data Representation

We define custom types for clarity and domain safety:

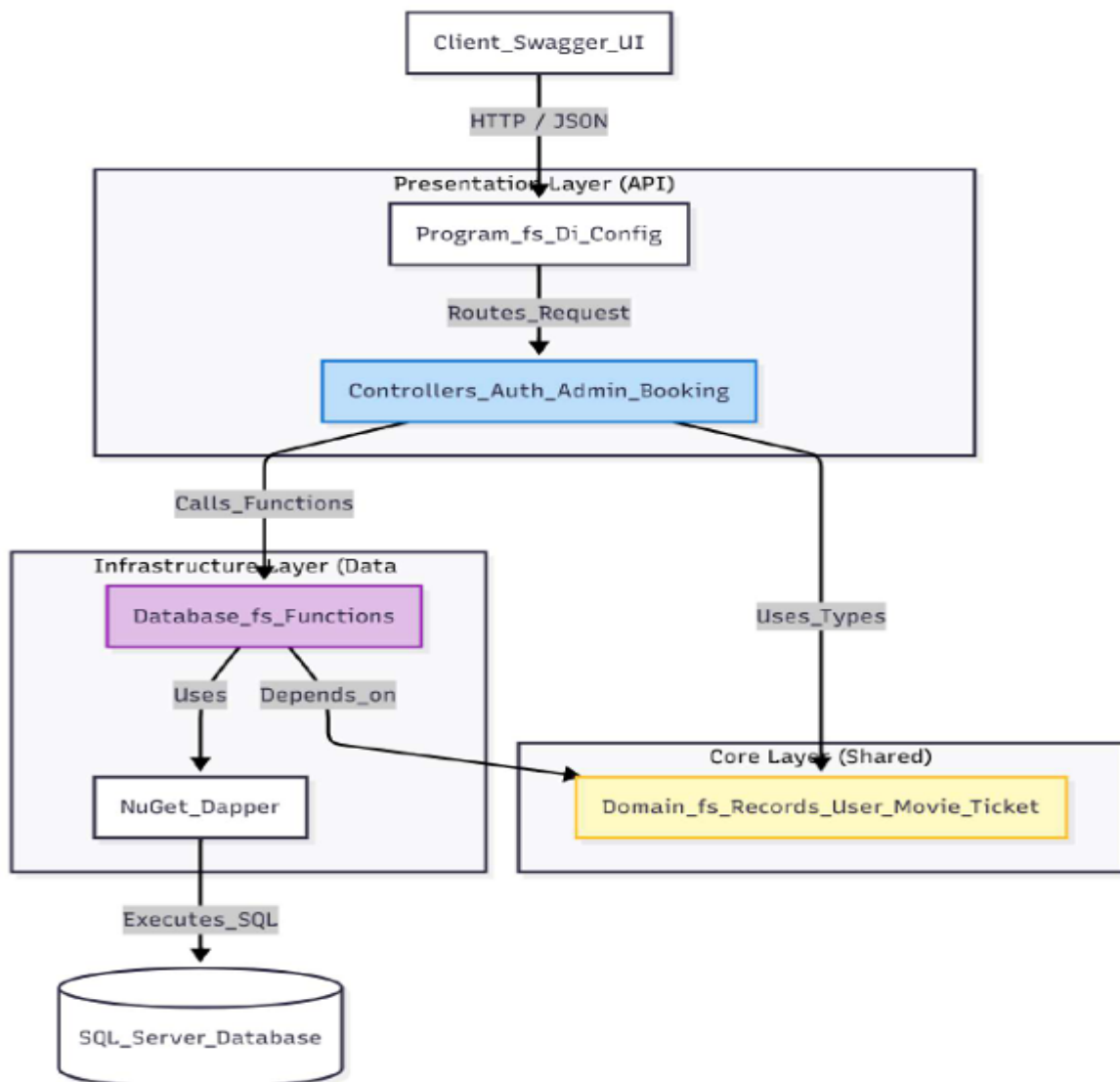
- A. **Seat Status** : This union explicitly defines the possible states for any single seat, ensuring impossible states are not represented.
- B. **Ticket Record**: A record type is used to store all essential information about a successful reservation.

2.2. Seating Layout

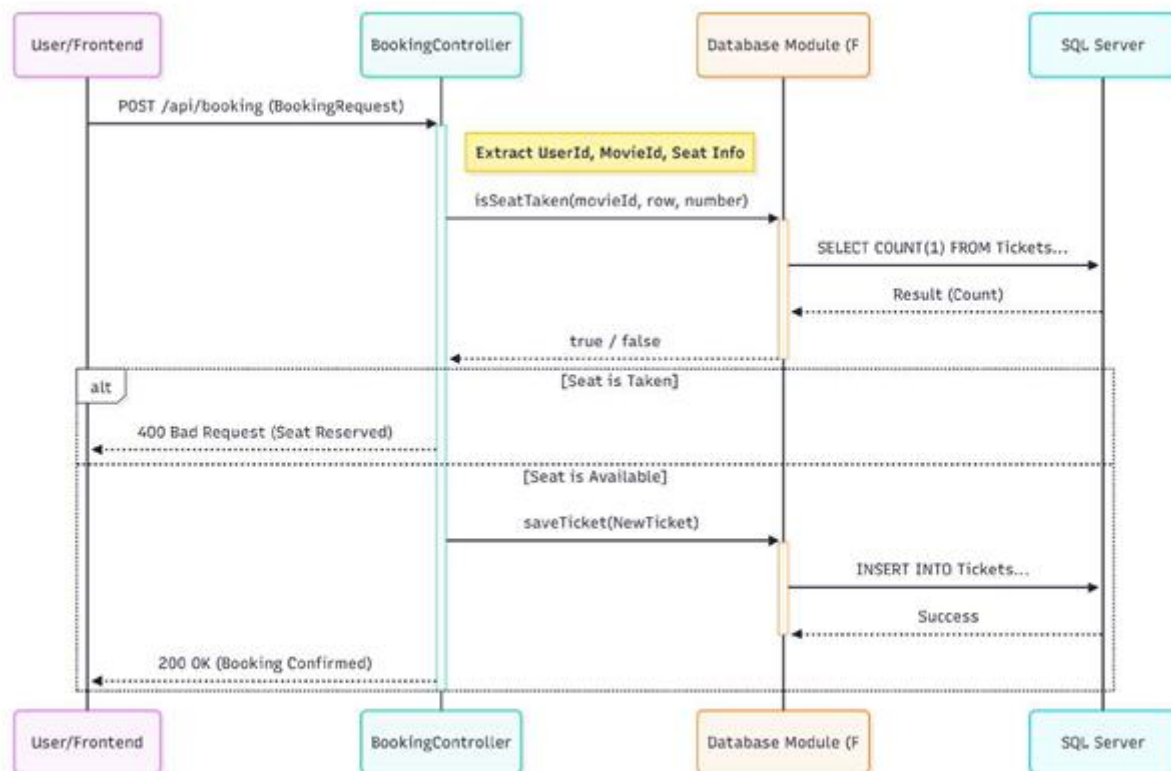
The cinema will be modeled as an immutable 2D Array where each element holds a Seat Status value.

3. System Modeling and Design Diagrams

3.1. System Architecture Diagram



3.2. Sequence Diagram



4. Testing Framework Choice: xUnit.net

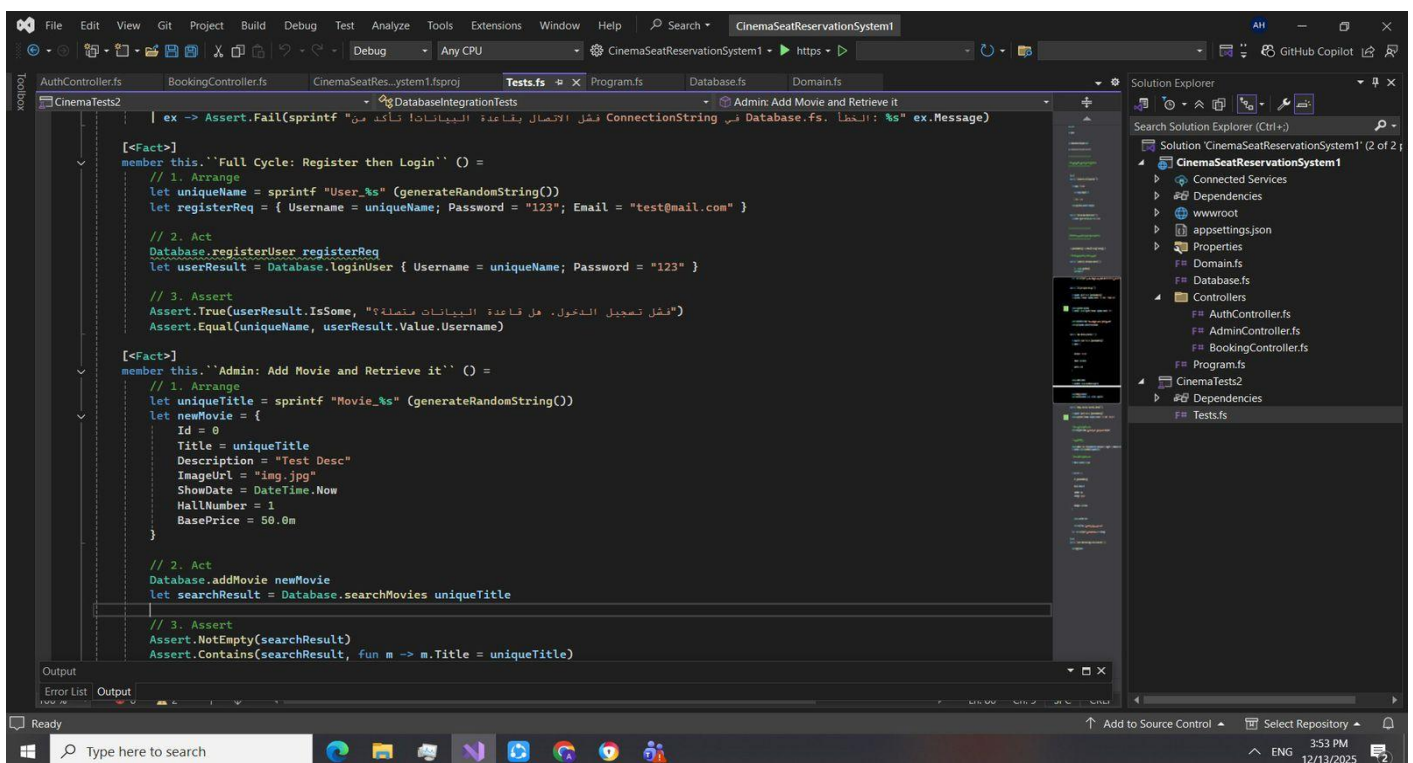
.NET Ecosystem Integration: xUnit is the industry-standard framework for .NET projects (C# and F#), ensuring seamless integration with the build environment.

Functional Focus: xUnit's design, emphasizing Fact and Theory, perfectly aligns with the F# functional paradigm, allowing easy testing of pure functions with predictable outputs.

Immutability Testing: It facilitates the verification of functions that return new immutable data structures, which is core to the F# design philosophy.

Extensibility: It supports powerful F# testing extensions like FsCheck for advanced property-based testing.

Code Snippet:



```
[<Fact>]
member this.'Full Cycle: Register then Login' () =
    // 1. Arrange
    let uniqueName = sprintf "User_%s" (generateRandomString())
    let registerReq = { Username = uniqueName; Password = "123"; Email = "test@mail.com" }

    // 2. Act
    Database.registerUser registerReq
    let userResult = Database.loginUser { Username = uniqueName; Password = "123" }

    // 3. Assert
    Assert.True(userResult.IsSome, "هل قاعدة البيانات متصلة؟")
    Assert.Equal(uniqueName, userResult.Value.Username)

[<Fact>]
member this.'Admin: Add Movie and Retrieve it' () =
    // 1. Arrange
    let uniqueTitle = sprintf "Movie_%s" (generateRandomString())
    let newMovie = {
        Id = 0
        Title = uniqueTitle
        Description = "Test Desc"
        ImageUrl = "img.jpg"
        ShowDate = DateTime.Now
        HallNumber = 1
        BasePrice = 50.0m
    }

    // 2. Act
    Database.addMovie newMovie
    let searchResult = Database.searchMovies uniqueTitle

    // 3. Assert
    Assert.NotEmpty(searchResult)
    Assert.Contains(searchResult, fun m -> m.Title = uniqueTitle)
```

Test Cases(8) :-

First of all, Our Core Strategy : The Test Pyramid

1. Business Logic Tests (Unit Tests)

- Calculate Price for Platinum Ticket: Verifies that the ticket pricing function applies the correct multiplier (2.0x) for the 'Platinum' category, ensuring accurate financial calculations within the Core Layer.
- Ticket ID Format Should Be Correct: Confirms that the resulting ticket identifier string adheres to the defined structure (e.g., starts with MOVXX-RXX-SXX-), validating the data formatting rules.
- Seat Layout: Should Generate 8x8 Matrix Logic: Checks the integrity of the in-memory seat map creation, ensuring it initializes with the correct 8x8 dimensions and allows for the successful simulation of a seat status update (e.g., from "Free" to "Booked").

2. Database Integration Tests (Infrastructure Layer Tests)

- A_Connectivity: Check Database Connection: A critical test to confirm the application can successfully establish a connection to the underlying SQL Server database, ensuring the entire Infrastructure Layer is operational.
- Full Cycle: Register then Login: Validates the core Authentication Service by testing the end-to-end user registration and subsequent login using the newly created credentials, confirming data persistence and validation work correctly.

- Admin: Add Movie and Retrieve it: Tests the administrative data management workflow: adding a new movie record and then querying the database to confirm its persistent storage and correct retrieval.
- Booking: Create User, Create Movie, then Book: This is the flagship integration test. It executes the full transaction: creating all necessary entities (user, movie), saving a ticket, and finally querying the database to assert that the specific seat is correctly marked as 'taken', validating the entire booking flow.
- Search: Should Return Empty for Non-Existent Movie: A robust test to ensure the search functionality handles missing data gracefully, returning an empty collection when querying for a non-existent movie title.

5. Core Feature Implementation Details

User Authentication:

Goal: Restrict access to the booking and management functionalities.

Implementation: The AuthController module contains functions to validate user credentials against a hardcoded list (or a simple file store) and return a status (e.g., Authenticated or AccessDenied).

Display Seating Map: A function iterates over the 2D array and uses pattern matching on seatMatrix to render the grid.

Select Seats: User inputs (SeatRow, SeatNumber) are parsed and validated against array bounds to prevent exceptions.

Prevent Double Booking: The BookTicket function explicitly checks

6. Team Roles and Module Mapping

1. **Seat Layout Architect:** Defines the initial dimensions and state of the cinema grid
2. **Display Developer:** Translates the `seatMatrix[,]` array into a user-friendly console visualization.
2. **Booking Logic Developer:** Implements the core business rules for reservation (`BookTicket`) and manages the immutable state change.
4. **Ticket System Developer:** Handles the generation of unique IDs and formatting of the ticket data.
5. **File Storage Developer:** Manages the persistence of booked tickets to disk.
6. **UI Developer:** Implements the main menu, user input handling, and coordinates calls between the Auth and Booking modules.
7. **Tester:** Develops unit and integration tests using xUnit for all core functional units.
8. **Documentation Lead:** Compiles and maintains all project documentation and technical specifications.

GitHub Map

