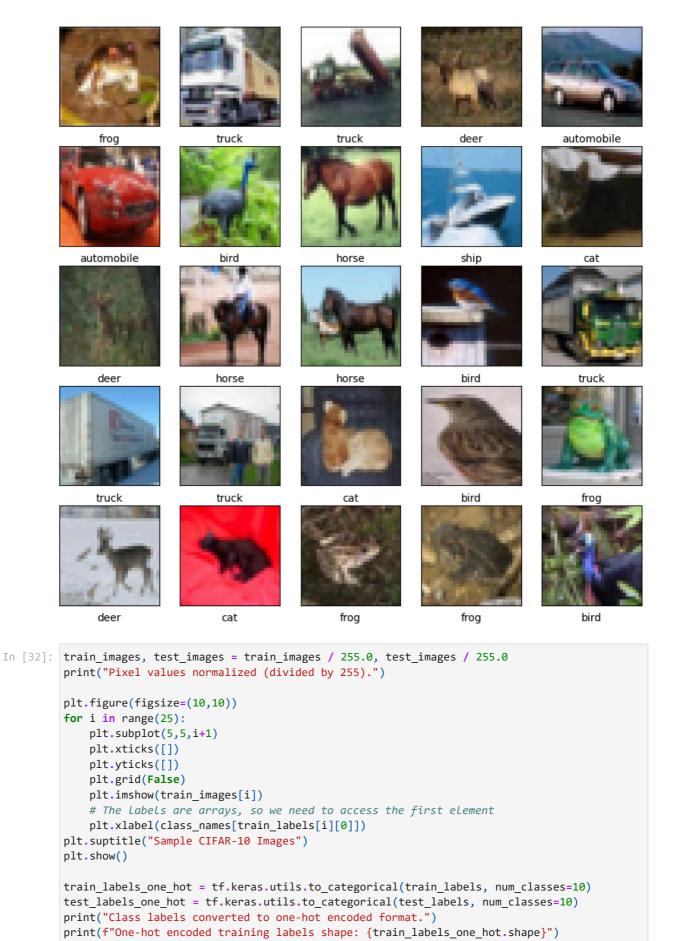
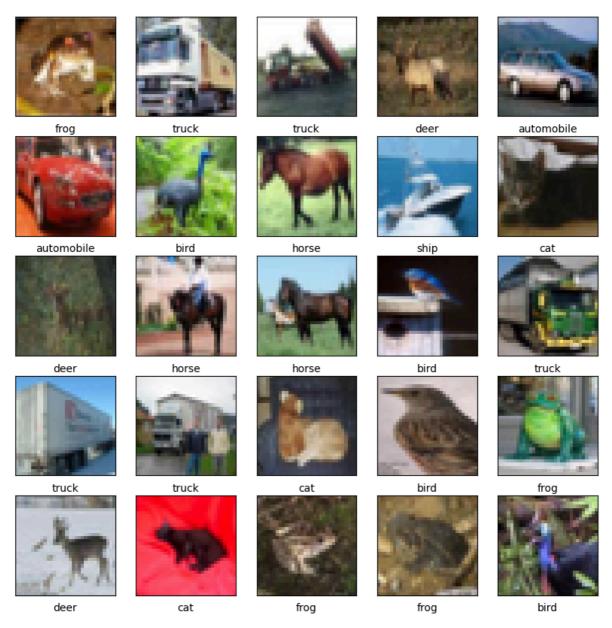
```
In [30]: import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow.keras import datasets, layers, models
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         (train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = datasets.cifar10.load_data()
         class_names = ['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird', 'cat', 'deer',
                         'dog', 'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck']
         print(f"Training images shape: {train_images.shape}")
         print(f"Training labels shape: {train_labels.shape}")
         print(f"Test images shape: {test_images.shape}")
         print(f"Test labels shape: {test_labels.shape}")
         print("Dataset loaded successfully!")
       Training images shape: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
       Training labels shape: (50000, 1)
       Test images shape: (10000, 32, 32, 3)
       Test labels shape: (10000, 1)
       Dataset loaded successfully!
In [31]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
         for i in range(25):
             plt.subplot(5,5,i+1)
             plt.xticks([])
             plt.yticks([])
             plt.grid(False)
             plt.imshow(train_images[i])
             # The labels are arrays, so we need to access the first element
             plt.xlabel(class_names[train_labels[i][0]])
         plt.suptitle("Sample CIFAR-10 Images")
         plt.show()
```

## Sample CIFAR-10 Images



Pixel values normalized (divided by 255).

## Sample CIFAR-10 Images



Class labels converted to one-hot encoded format. One-hot encoded training labels shape: (50000, 10)

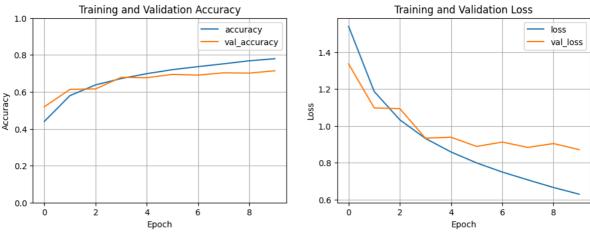
```
In [33]: model = models.Sequential()

# First Convolutional Block
model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
# Second Convolutional Block
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
# Third Convolutional Block
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
# Flatten and Dense Layers
model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
print("CNN model architecture:")
model.summary()
```

	Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	
	conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 30, 30, 32)	======================================	
	<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 15, 15, 32)	0	
	conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	18496	
	<pre>max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 6, 6, 64)	0	
	conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 64)	36928	
	flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 1024)	0	
	dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 64)	65600	
	dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 10)	650	
Total params: 122,570  Trainable params: 122,570  Non-trainable params: 0				
In [34]:	<pre>In [34]: model.compile(optimizer='adam',</pre>			
	Epoch 1/10 1563/1563 [=============	======================================	/step - loss: 1.5402 - accuracy: 0.4399	
	- val_loss: 1.3366 - val_acc Epoch 2/10			
		_	/step - loss: 1.1868 - accuracy: 0.5797	
	1563/1563 [====================================	_	/step - loss: 1.0330 - accuracy: 0.6376	
	- val_loss: 0.9335 - val_acc	_	/step - loss: 0.9318 - accuracy: 0.6719	
	- val_loss: 0.9384 - val_acc	_	/step - loss: 0.8584 - accuracy: 0.6984	
	- val_loss: 0.8885 - val_acc	-	/step - loss: 0.7990 - accuracy: 0.7201	
	Epoch 7/10 1563/1563 [====================================	_	/step - loss: 0.7495 - accuracy: 0.7366	
	-	_	/step - loss: 0.7068 - accuracy: 0.7518	
	-	_	/step - loss: 0.6656 - accuracy: 0.7682	
			/sten = loss: 0 6292 = accuracy: 0 7795	

- val\_loss: 0.8711 - val\_accuracy: 0.7141

```
In [35]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='accuracy')
         plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label = 'val accuracy')
         plt.xlabel('Epoch')
         plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
         plt.ylim([0, 1])
         plt.legend()
         plt.grid(True)
         plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
         plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='loss')
         plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='val_loss')
         plt.xlabel('Epoch')
         plt.ylabel('Loss')
         plt.legend()
         plt.grid(True)
         plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
         plt.show()
         test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels_one_hot, verbose=2)
         print(f"\nTest Loss: {test_loss}")
         print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_acc}")
```



313/313 - 5s - loss: 0.8711 - accuracy: 0.7141 - 5s/epoch - 16ms/step

Test Loss: 0.8710973858833313 Test Accuracy: 0.7141000032424927

```
In [36]: sample_indices = np.random.choice(len(test_images), 10, replace=False)
    sample_images = test_images[sample_indices]
    sample_true_labels = test_labels[sample_indices]

predictions = model.predict(sample_images)
```

1/1 [======] - Os 499ms/step

```
In [37]: plt.figure(figsize=(15, 8))
for i in range(len(sample_images)):
    plt.subplot(2, 5, i + 1)
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
    plt.grid(False)
    plt.imshow(sample_images[i], cmap='gray')

    predicted_label_index = np.argmax(predictions[i])
    true_label_index = sample_true_labels[i][0]

    color = 'green' if predicted_label_index == true_label_index else 'red'
    plt.xlabel(f"Pred: {class_names[predicted_label_index]}\nTrue: {class_names[true_label_index]}
```

```
plt.suptitle("Sample Predictions (Green: Correct, Red: Incorrect)", fontsize=16)
plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0.03, 1, 0.95])
plt.show()
```

## Sample Predictions (Green: Correct, Red: Incorrect)



In [ ]: