Let G=(V,E) be a (uni) directed sequence graph. Each vertex  $v\in V$  is a sequence of length |v|. v[k] is the k-th residue on the vertex with  $0\leq k<|v|$ . To find the optimal alignment between query P and the graph, classical algorithms compute score  $\hat{H}_{ivk}$ , where i is the position on P and k is the position on vertex v. In this note, we will use the diagonal formulation: we let  $H_{v,s,i-k}=k$  if  $\hat{H}_{ivk}=s$ . Given  $H_{vsd}$ , the position on the query sequence i equals  $H_{vsd}-d$ .

Algorithm 1 computes the optimal alignment score between a query sequence P and the graph G. The pseudocode probably has the initial condition wrong and it does not consider edge cases, but the basic idea is there. The most difficult part to implement the algorithm in its current form is the data structure for  $H_{vsd}$ . Dynamically allocating from the heap may be slow. Perhaps we can manually allocate  $H_{vsd}$  from a large memory block.

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Algorithm 1: Global graph wavefront alignment
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Input: Target sequence graph G = (V, E), query sequence P and scoring: b for mismatch, q for linear
         gap; n_0 \in V and n_1 are the start and end segments, respectively.
Output: Best alignment score
Function GwfAlignFor (G, P, b, q, r):
    \operatorname{push}(D,(v_0,0))
    s \leftarrow 0
    while true do
        D \leftarrow \text{GWFExtend}(H, s, D)
        if H_{v_1,s,|P|-|v_1|} = |v_1| then
         ∟ return s
        s \leftarrow s + 1
        GWFNEXT(H, s, D, b, q)
Function GwfExtend(H, s, D):
    A \leftarrow D
    B \leftarrow []
    while |A| \neq 0 do
        (v,d) \leftarrow \text{pop}(A)
        k \leftarrow H_{vsd}
        i \leftarrow k + d
        if k < |v| and i < |P| then
            while i < |P| and k < |v| and P[i] = v[k] do
                i \leftarrow i+1
              k \leftarrow k+1
            H_{vsd} \leftarrow k
            if k = |v| then
             | \operatorname{push}(A,(v,d))|
            else
             | push(B, (v, d - 1)); push(B, (v, d)); push(B, (v, d + 1))
        else if k = |v| and i < |P| then
            count \leftarrow 0
            for (v, w) in E do
                if P[i+1] = w[0] then
                    \operatorname{push}(A,(w,i+1))
                   \_count \leftarrow count + 1
                else
                 \lfloor \operatorname{push}(B,(w,i));\operatorname{push}(B,(w,i+1))
            if deg(v) = 0 or count < deg(v) then
             push(B, (v, d+1))
    Remove duplicated entries in B
 \_ return B
Function GwfNext(H, s, D, b, q):
    for (v,d) in D do
        if H_{vsd} > 0 then
          L H_{vsd} \leftarrow \max\{H_{v,s-b,d} + 1, H_{v,s-q,d-1}, H_{v,s-q,d+1} + 1\} 
        else
            H_{vsd} \leftarrow H_{v,s-q,d-1}
            for (u, v) in E do
             H_{vsd} \leftarrow \max\{H_{vsd}, H_{u,s-b,i-|u|+1} - |u|, H_{u,s-q,i-|u|} - |u|\}
```