

◇ CSCI 2500 — Computer Organization ◇
Fall 2019 Quiz 1 (September 11, 2019)

Name: _____

RCS ID: _____

Section: _____

RIN#: _____

Zone/Row#/Seat#: _____



Please silence and put away all laptops, notes, books, phones, electronic devices, etc. This quiz is designed to take 50 minutes; therefore, for 50% extra time, the expected time is 1 hour and 15 minutes and 100% extra time is 1 hour and 40 minutes. Questions will not be answered except when there is a glaring mistake or ambiguity in the statement of a question. Please do your best to interpret and answer each question.

1. (10 POINTS) Suppose you are given the following code fragment:

```
void compute(int endpoint) {  
    int nums[6][6];  
    .  
    .  
    .  
}
```

Where is the memory allocated for `nums`? Clearly circle the **best** answer.

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| (a) The runtime stack | (d) The runtime text segment |
| (b) The runtime heap | (e) The runtime environment |
| (c) The runtime code segment | (f) Memory is not allocated for <code>nums</code> |
2. (25 POINTS) You are writing function `get_bio()` that asks the user to enter their first name, graduation year, and GPA and makes all these values available to the caller function without using the return value. You may assume that memory allocation for character arrays is performed by the caller function.

Part a: (6/25 points) You start `get_bio()` definition by writing the header. Which of the following options would be the best choice? Clearly circle the **best** answer.

- (a) `void get_bio(char &f_name, int &grad_year, float &GPA)`
- (b) `void get_bio(char *f_name, int grad_year, float *GPA)`
- (c) `void get_bio(char &f_name, int *grad_year, float *GPA)`
- (d) `void get_bio(char *f_name, int &grad_year, float &GPA)`
- (e) `void get_bio(char *f_name, unsigned int grad_year, float GPA)`
- (f) `void get_bio(char *f_name, int *grad_year, float *GPA)`
- (g) `void get_bio(char *f_name, unsigned int &grad_year, float &GPA)`
- (h) `void get_bio(char f_name, int grad_year, float GPA)`

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Part b: (10/25 points) In the box below, write an implementation for `get_bio()`. You don't need to provide any code outside of `get_bio()`.

Part c: (9/25 points) Finally, given the variables defined in the code fragment below, fill in the arguments for a call to `get_bio()`:

```
int main(void) {
    char *name = (char *)malloc(100 * sizeof(char));
    int year;
    float gpa;
    /* Fill in the arguments below: */
    get_bio(
        .
        .
        .
    );
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

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3. **(20 POINTS)** Given `unsigned int` variables `n` and `m`, write a fragment of C code to dynamically allocate the amount of memory needed to create a two-dimensional array containing $n \times m$ `double` values. Call this array `arr` and be sure to properly declare this variable. You don't need to initialize the `double` values in the array.

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4. **(15 POINTS) Part a: (5/15 points)** In the shell (i.e., a terminal), to determine the process exit code for the last process that was executed (which was your **snatchat** program), use the following command. Clearly circle the **best** answer.

(a) `echo $$`

(d) `echo $EXIT_CODE`

(b) `echo $-`

(e) `echo $!`

(c) `echo $?`

(f) `echo $snatchat`

Part b: (10/15 points) You run **snatchat** and try to analyze its behavior by using the shell command you selected in part (a).

On the first run, the shell command prints 0. What does it tell you about the program run?

On the second run, the shell command prints 1. What does it tell you about the program run?

5. (30 POINTS) The `vowels()` function below is supposed to take input string `s` and return a new string containing only the vowels in `s`. All other characters should be ignored. As an example, if `s` is “`SnApChAt RuLeS!!!`” then the function returns “`AAue`” (i.e., a string of four bytes). Unfortunately, there are four errors in the code below. Find and correct each error. You may assume that all header files and the `main()` functions are properly defined and just not shown here. Do not simply rewrite the function or change the coding style used.

```
char * vowels( char * s )
{
    int i, j, k, count;
    char * result;
    char * v = "aeiouAEIOU";

    for ( i = 0 ; i < strlen( s ) ; i++ )
        for ( j = 0 ; j < strlen( v ) ; j++ )
            if ( s[i] == v[j] )
                count++;

    result = malloc( count );
    for ( i = 0, k = 0 ; i < strlen( s ) ; i++ )
        for ( j = 0 ; j < strlen( v ) ; j++ )
            if ( s[i] == v[j] )
                result[k++] = s[i];
    result[k] = "\0";
    return result;
}
```