



DEPLOYMENT & MIGRATION



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AGENDA

1 Business requirement& Architecture

2 App and its deployment

3 Database Migration

4 Demo



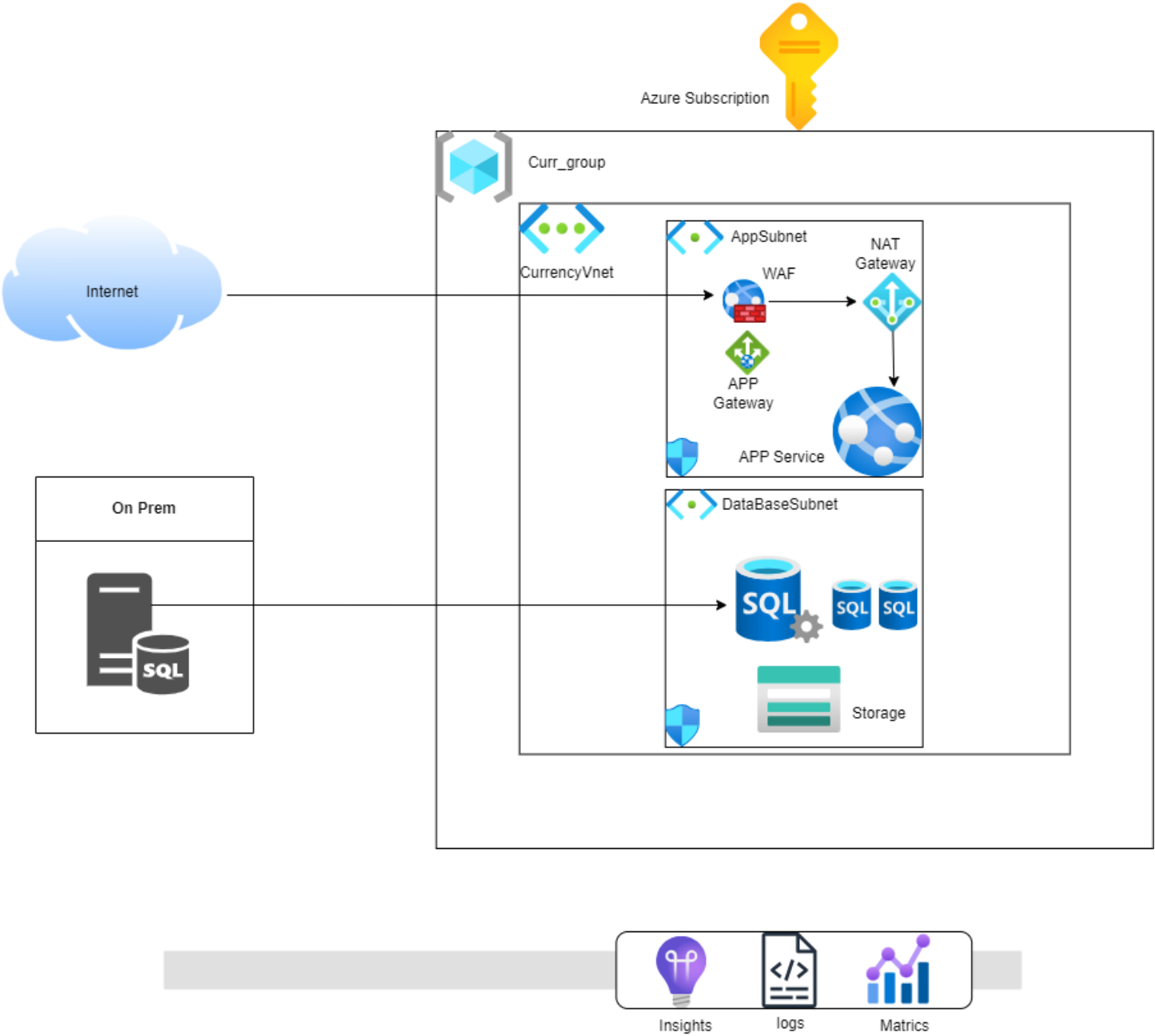
1-BUSINESS REQUIREMENT

1-DEPLOY AND HOST THE WEB APPLICATION ON AZURE TO IMPROVE PERFORMANCE AND REDUCE MAINTENANCE COSTS.

2-MIGRATE DATABASES DB1 AND DB2 TO AZURE TO LEVERAGE THE CLOUD'S SCALABILITY AND RELIABILITY.

3-MINIMIZE ADMINISTRATIVE EFFORT AND COSTS BY UTILIZING AZURE'S MANAGED SERVICES AND AUTOMATION CAPABILITIES.

SUGGESTED ARCHITECTURE



2

APP AND IT'S DEPLOYMENT



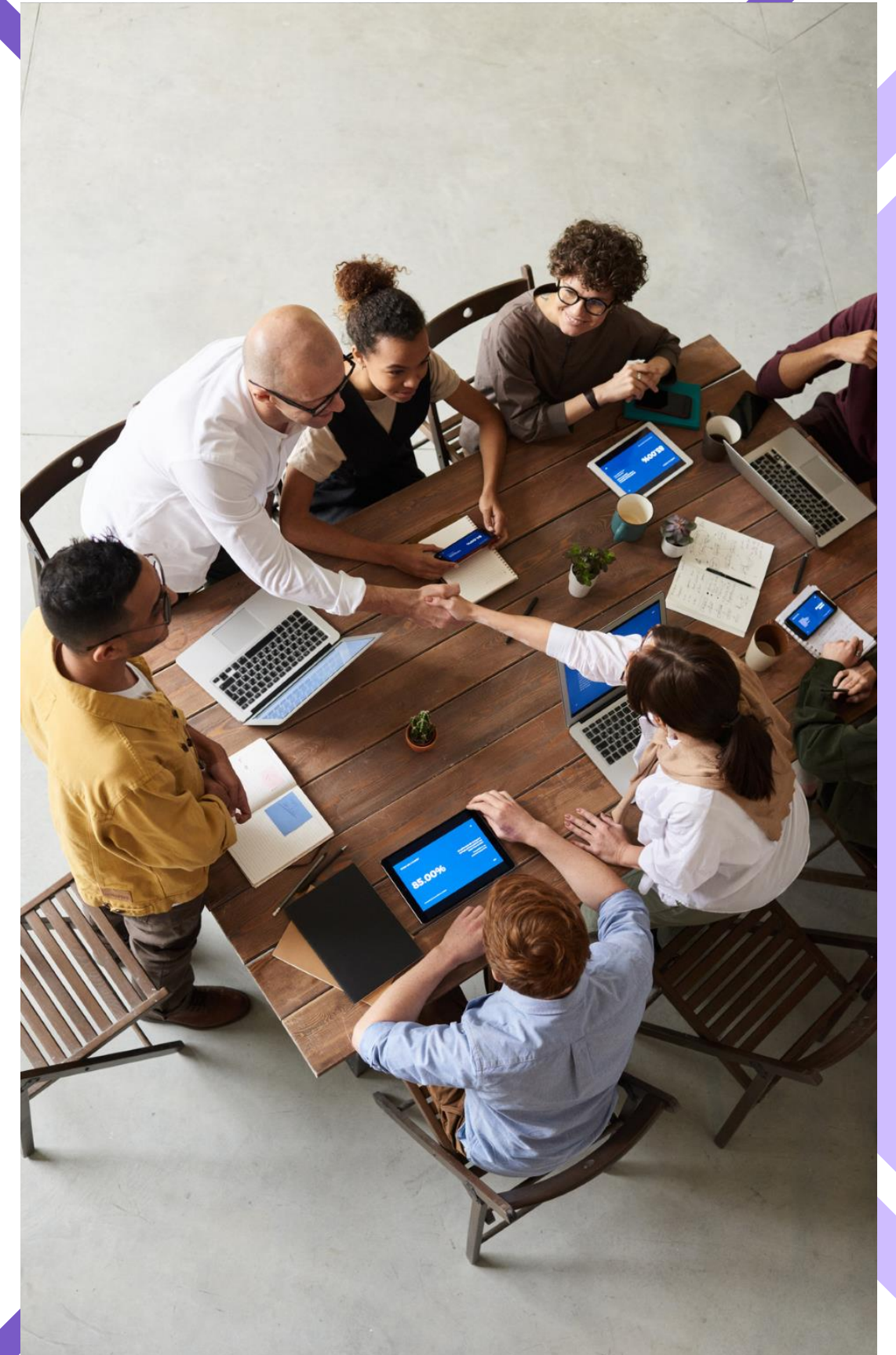
DISCUSSION

1. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CURRENCY

CONVERTER WEBAPP

2. OUR SOLUTION AND WHY WE CHOOSE IT?

3. How is the deployment done?



REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CURRENCY CONVERTER WEB APP

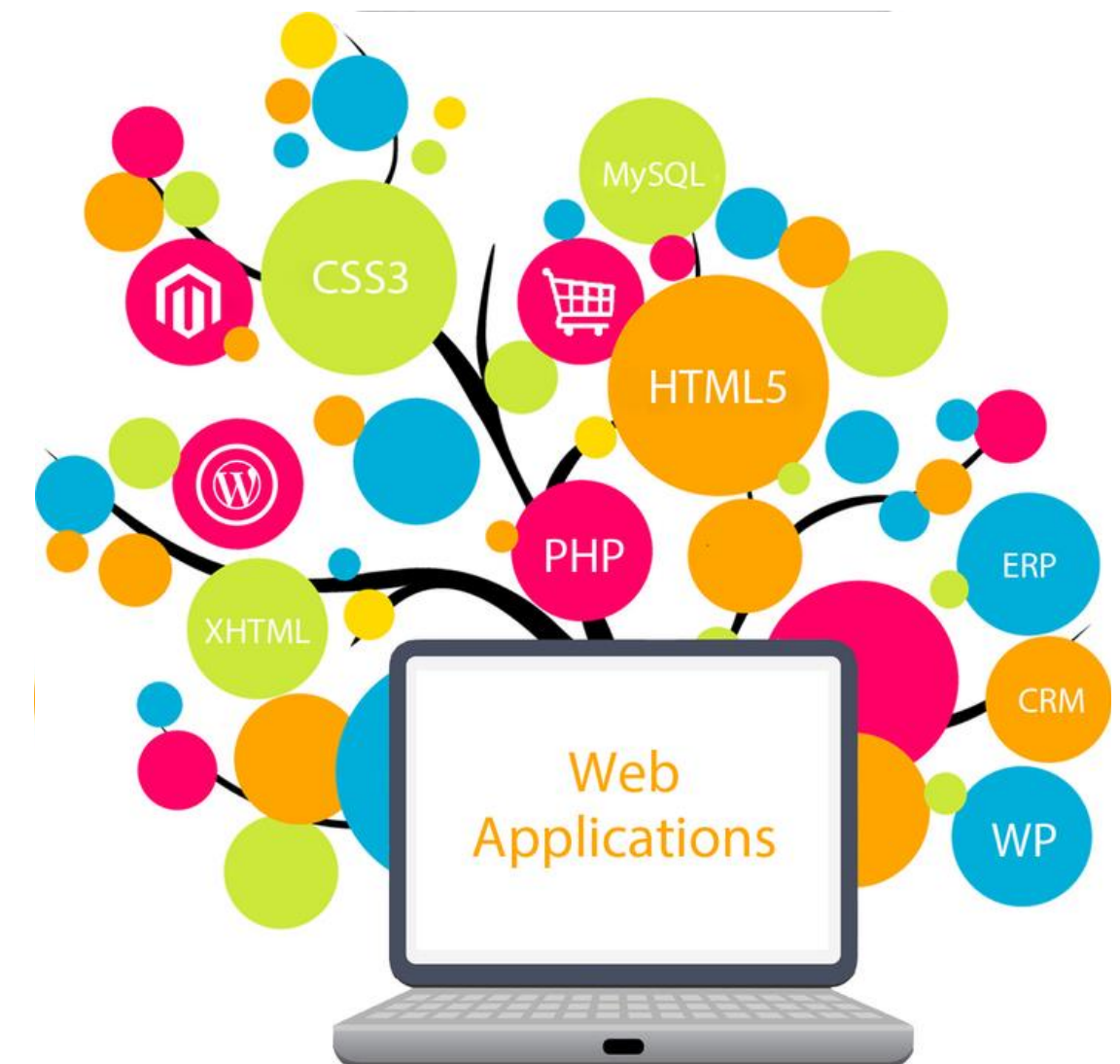
-A WEB-BASED CURRENCY CONVERTER THAT RELIES ON AN API TO
FETCH REAL-TIME CURRENCY RATES.

1-SCALABILITY

2-AVAILABILITY

3-SECURITY

4-TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT



WHAT AND WHY WE CHOSE THIS OPTION

AZURE APP SERVICE: HOSTING PLATFORM

HERE'S WHY:

- PAAS BENEFITS
- COST EFFICIENCY
- MINIMAL MAINTENANCE REQUIRED AND HIGH PERFORMANCE WITH BUILT-IN SUPPORT FOR APIS.
- BUILT-IN SECURITY AND MONITORING



WHAT AND WHY WE CHOSE THIS OPTION

NAT GW: SECURING OUTBOUND TRAFFIC

HERE'S WHY:

- OUTBOUND SECURITY
- PUBLIC IP PROTECTION
- SCALABILITY



WHAT AND WHY WE CHOSE THIS OPTION

**APPLICATION GATEWAY: MANAGING AND
SECURING INBOUND TRAFFIC**

HERE'S WHY:

- INBOUND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT
- SSL TERMINATION
- WEB APPLICATION FIREWALL (WAF)
- SCALABILITY



WHAT AND WHY WE CHOSE THIS OPTION

**NETWORK SECURITY GROUPS (NSGS):
CONTROLLING NETWORK TRAFFIC**

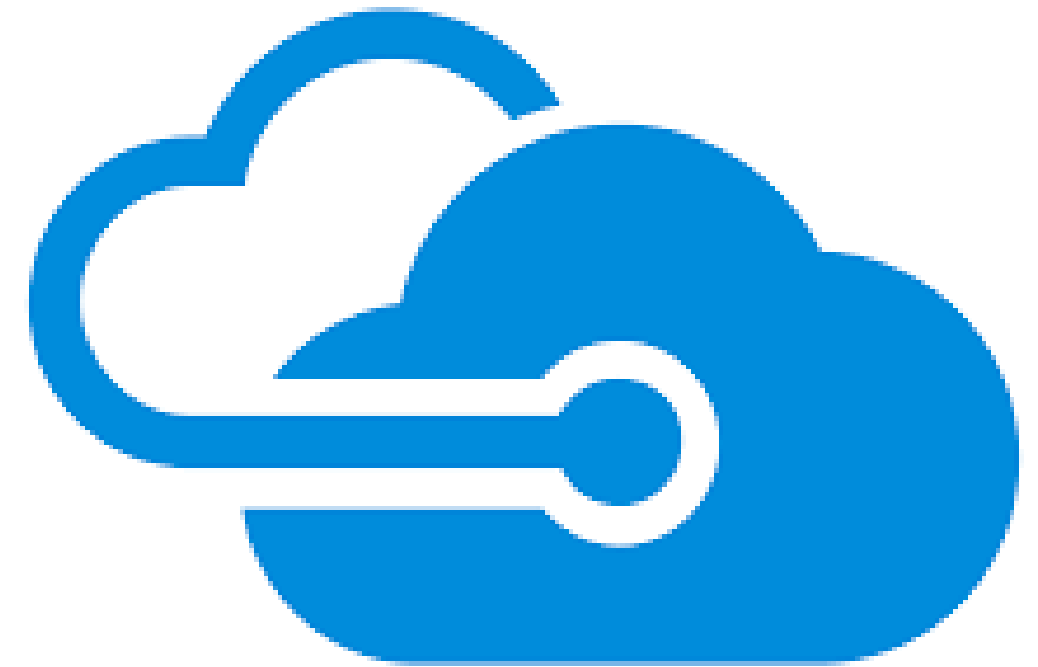
HERE'S WHY:

- GRANULAR TRAFFIC CONTROL
- LAYERED SECURITY
- COST EFFICIENCY



HOW IS THE DEPLOYMENT DONE?

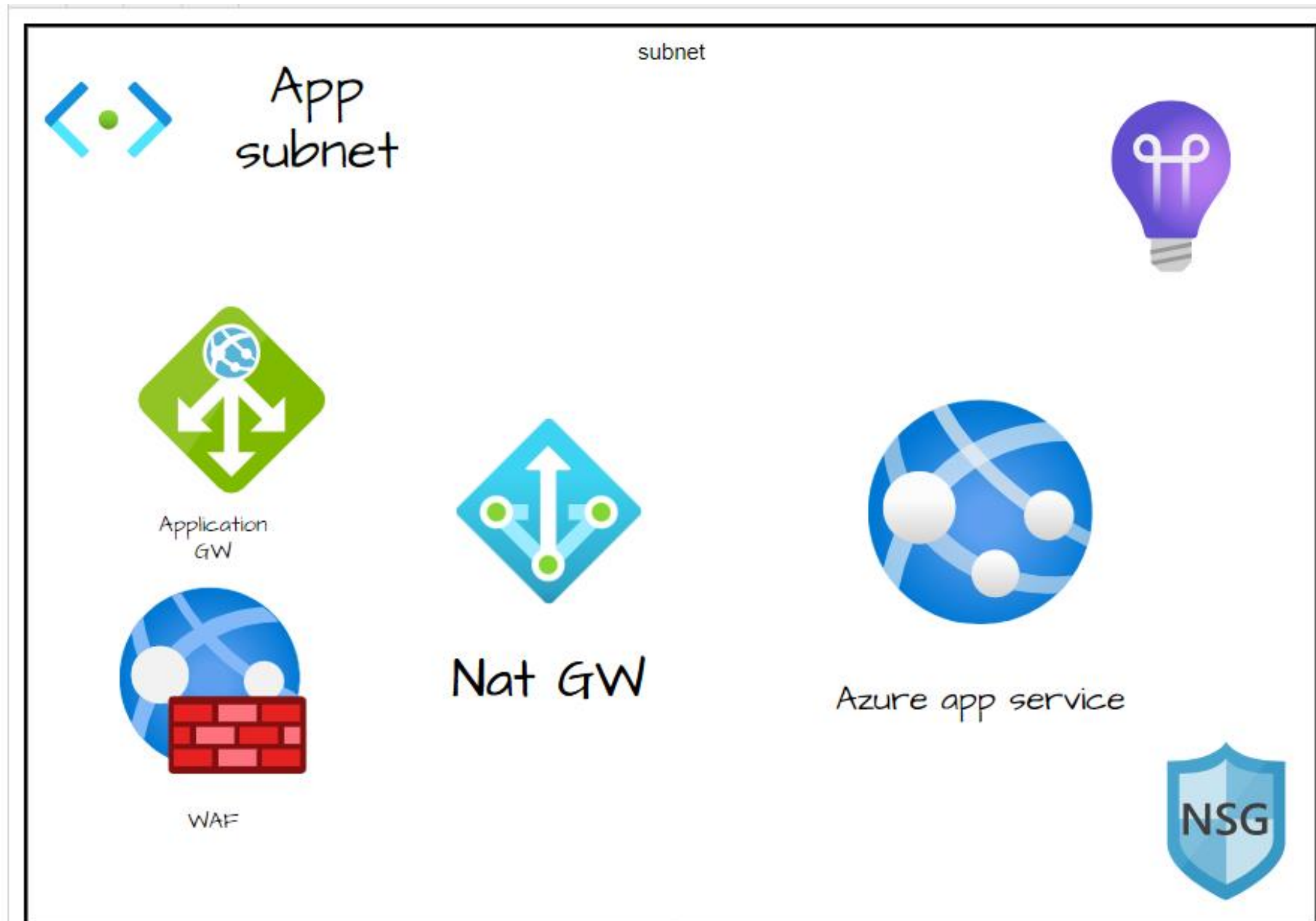
- VIRTUAL NETWORK
- SUBNET WITH NSG
- NAT GATEWAY
- APPLICATION GATWAY
- AZURE APP SERVICE



HOW IS THE DEPLOYMENT DONE?

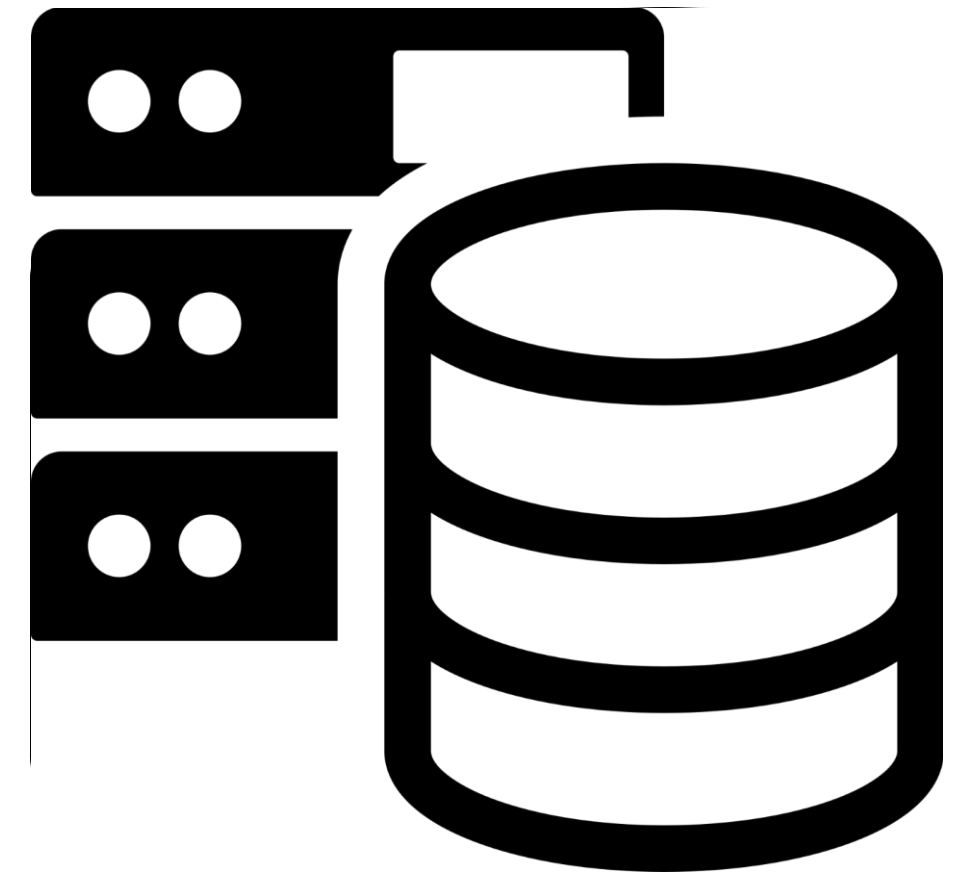
- USER REQUESTS: WHEN A USER ACCESSES THE APP, THEIR REQUEST GOES THROUGH THE APPLICATION GATEWAY.
- SSL Termination & WAF: The Application Gateway terminates the SSL connection, inspects traffic for security vulnerabilities using WAF, and then routes it to the app instances.
- App Processing: The web app handles the request and sends the response back via the Application Gateway.
- Outbound Protection: Any potential outbound traffic is securely routed through the NAT Gateway, preventing exposure of the app's internal IPs

SOLUTIONS ARCHITECTURE



3

DATABASE MIGRATION



DISCUSSION

1. WHY DO WE NEED TO MIGRATE DB?
2. What are the available solutions?
3. What is the selected solution? & Why?
4. How the deployment is done?



WHY MIGRATE THE DATABASE TO AZURE?

1.SCALABILITY

2.Reliability

3.Reduced Maintenance Costs

4.Cost Optimization

5.Compliance and Security

6.Integration with Existing Infrastructure



WHAT ARE THE AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS?

SQL virtual machines

Best for migrations and applications requiring OS-level access



Managed instances

Best for most lift-and-shift migrations to the cloud



SQL Databases

Best for modern cloud applications



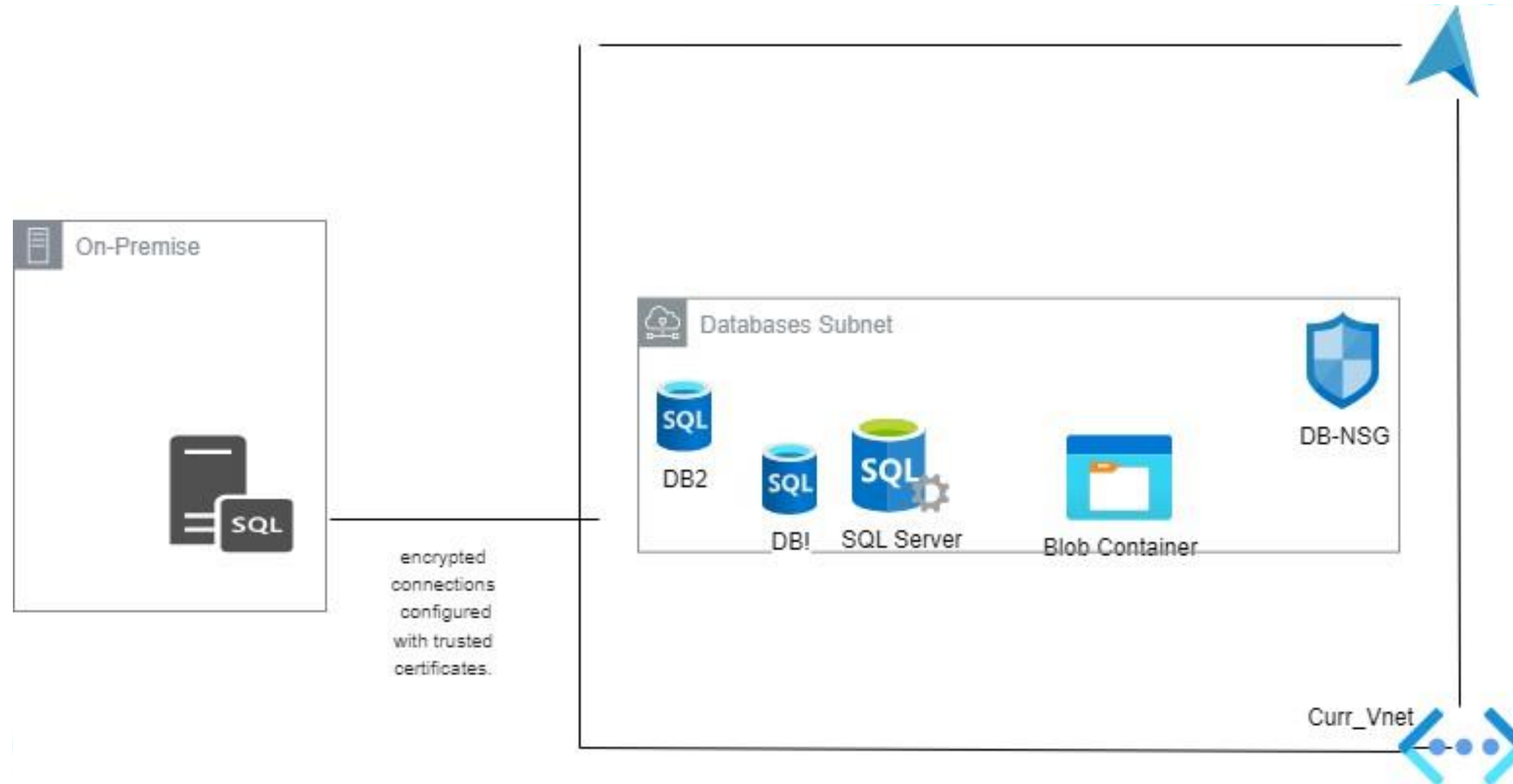
WHAT AND WHY WE CHOSE THIS OPTION

AZURE SQL DATABASE: IS THE
RECOMMENDED SOLUTION.

HERE'S WHY:

- PAAS BENEFITS
- COST EFFICIENCY
- BUILT-IN SECURITY AND COMPLIANCE
- INTEGRATION WITH BLOB STORAGE FOR
ARCHIVAL

SOLUTIONS ARCHITECTURE



HOW IS THE DEPLOYMENT DONE?

DATABASE MIGRATION VIA SSMS (SQL SERVER MANAGEMENT STUDIO):

THE PROCESS INCLUDED EXPORTING THE ON-PREMISES SQL DATABASES AND IMPORTING THEM DIRECTLY INTO AZURE SQL DATABASE.

BLOB STORAGE SETUP FOR ARCHIVING:

- BLOB CONTAINER IS USED TO AUTOMATICALLY MOVE OLD DATA FROM OUR DATABASES TO A CHEAPER STORAGE PLACE.
- THIS SOLUTION IS COST-EFFICIENT COSTS.
- OLD DATA IS ACCESSIBLE IF NEEDED.

